A bill to be entitled An act relating to economic development; amending s. 210.20, F.S.; revising the payment and distribution of funds in the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund; providing specified purposes for the use of funds appropriated out of the trust fund; amending s. 210.201, F.S.; authorizing moneys transferred to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute to be used to secure financing to pay costs for specified purposes at certain facilities and other properties; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; providing an exemption from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions for electricity used by packinghouses; defining the term "packinghouse"; expanding exemptions from the sales and use tax on labor, parts, and equipment used in repairs of certain aircraft; exempting certain items used to manufacture, produce, or modify aircraft and gas turbine engines and parts from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions; revising a condition for an exemption for machinery and equipment; amending s. 220.14, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from taxation; amending s. 220.63, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from the franchise tax imposed on banks and savings associations; amending s. 288.1254, F.S.; revising eligibility criteria for certain tax credits authorized under the entertainment industry financial incentive program; amending s.

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288.9914, F.S.; revising limits on tax credits that may be claimed by qualified community development entities under the New Markets Development Program; amending s. 288.9915, F.S.; revising restrictions on a qualified community development entity making cash interest payments on certain long-term debt securities; creating s. 290.00729, F.S.; authorizing Charlotte County to apply to the Department of Economic Opportunity for designation of an enterprise zone; providing application requirements; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to designate an enterprise zone in Charlotte County; requiring that the Department of Economic Opportunity establish the initial effective date for the enterprise zone; creating s. 290.00731, F.S.; authorizing Citrus County to apply to the Department of Economic Opportunity for designation of an enterprise zone; providing an application deadline and requirements; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to designate an enterprise zone in Citrus County; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to establish the effective date of the enterprise zone; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 210.20, Florida Statutes, is amended and paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

- 210.20 Employees and assistants; distribution of funds.-
- (2) As collections are received by the division from such cigarette taxes, it shall pay the same into a trust fund in the State Treasury designated "Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund" which shall be paid and distributed as follows:
- Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing for 10 years thereafter, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 2.59 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer upon the State Treasury. These funds are hereby appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund, to be used for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. In fiscal years 1999-2000 and thereafter with the exception of fiscal year 2008-2009, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this subparagraph shall not be less than

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the amount that would have been paid to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute for fiscal year 1998-1999 had payments been made for the entire fiscal year rather than for a 6-month period thereof.

Beginning July 1, 2002, and continuing through June 30, 2004, the division shall, in addition to the distribution authorized in subparagraph 1., from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 0.2632 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer. Beginning July 1, 2004, and continuing through June 30, 2012 2020, the division shall, in addition to the distribution authorized in subparagraph 1., from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 1.47 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the

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PCB FTC 12-07 ORIGINAL 2012 112 Chief Financial Officer. Beginning July 1, 2012, and continuing 113 through June 30, 2020, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from 114 115 the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount 116 117 derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall 118 be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, 119 specifying an amount equal to 2.75 percent of the net 120 collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of 121 Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research 122 Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the 123 Chief Financial Officer. These funds are appropriated monthly 124 out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund, to be used for 125 lawful purposes, including the purpose of constructing, 126 furnishing, and equipping, financing, operating, and maintaining 127 a cancer research and clinical and related facilities; 128 furnishing, equipping, operating, and maintaining other 129 properties owned or leased by facility at the University of 130 South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and 131 Research Institute; and paying costs incurred in connection with purchasing, financing, operating, and maintaining such 132 133 equipment, facilities, and properties. In fiscal years 2004-2005 134 and thereafter, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer 135 Center and Research Institute authorized by this subparagraph 136 shall not be less than the amount that would have been paid to 137 the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute in 138 fiscal year 2001-2002, had this subparagraph been in effect. 139 Beginning July 1, 2012, and continuing through June

PCB FTC 12-07 ORIGINAL 2012 30, 2020, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 1 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be deposited into the Biomedical Research Trust Fund in the Department of Health. These funds are appropriated annually in an amount not to exceed \$3 million from the Biomedical Research Trust Fund for the Department of Health and the Sanford-Burnham Medical Research Institute to work in conjunction for the purpose of establishing activities and grant opportunities in relation to biomedical research.

Section 2. Section 210.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Institute facilities Cancer research facility at the University of South Florida; establishment; funding.—The Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute shall construct, furnish, and equip, and shall covenant to complete, the cancer research and clinical and related facilities of facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute funded with proceeds from the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund pursuant to s. 210.20. Moneys transferred to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute pursuant to s. 210.20 may shall be used to secure financing to pay costs

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PCB FTC 12-07 ORIGINAL 2012 related to constructing, furnishing, and equipping, operating, and maintaining the cancer research and clinical and related facilities; furnishing, equipping, operating, and maintaining other leased or owned properties; and paying costs incurred in connection with purchasing, financing, operating, and maintaining such equipment, facilities, and properties as provided in s. 210.20 facility. Such financing may include the issuance of tax-exempt bonds or other forms of indebtedness by a local authority, municipality, or county pursuant to parts II and III of chapter 159. Such bonds shall not constitute state bonds for purposes of s. 11, Art. VII of the State Constitution, but shall constitute bonds of a "local agency," as defined in s. 159.27(4). The cigarette tax dollars pledged to facilities this facility pursuant to s. 210.20 may be replaced annually by the Legislature from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

Section 3. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) and paragraphs (ee) and (rr) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (hhh) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (e) Gas or electricity used for certain agricultural purposes.—

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- 1. Butane gas, propane gas, natural gas, and all other forms of liquefied petroleum gases are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter if used in any tractor, vehicle, or other farm equipment which is used exclusively on a farm or for processing farm products on the farm and no part of which gas is used in any vehicle or equipment driven or operated on the public highways of this state. This restriction does not apply to the movement of farm vehicles or farm equipment between farms. The transporting of bees by water and the operating of equipment used in the apiary of a beekeeper is also deemed an exempt use.
- 2. Electricity used directly or indirectly for production, packing, or processing of agricultural products on the farm, or used directly or indirectly in a packinghouse, is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. As used in this subsection, the term "packinghouse" means any building or structure where fruits and vegetables are packed or otherwise prepared for market or shipment in fresh form for wholesale distribution. The exemption does not apply to electricity used in buildings or structures where agricultural products are sold at retail. This exemption applies only if the electricity used for the exempt purposes is separately metered. If the electricity is not separately metered, it is conclusively presumed that some portion of the electricity is used for a nonexempt purpose, and all of the electricity used for such purposes is taxable.
- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS.—Exemptions provided to any entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a

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representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and

(ee) Aircraft repair and maintenance labor charges.—There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter all labor charges for the repair and maintenance of qualified aircraft, aircraft of more than $2,000 \ 15,000$ pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, and rotary wing aircraft of more than 10,000 pounds maximum certified takeoff weight. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, charges for parts and equipment furnished in connection with such labor charges are taxable.

shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer

(rr) Equipment used in aircraft repair and maintenance.—
There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter replacement engines, parts, and equipment used in the repair or maintenance of qualified aircraft, aircraft of more than 2,000 15,000 pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, and rotary wing

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this subsection.

aircraft of more than 10,300 pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, when such parts or equipment are installed on such aircraft that is being repaired or maintained in this state.

(hhh) Items used in manufacturing and fabricating aircraft and gas turbine engines.—Chemicals, machinery, parts, and equipment used and consumed in the manufacture or fabrication of aircraft engines and gas turbine engines, including cores, electrical discharge machining supplies, brass electrodes, ceramic guides, reamers, grinding and deburring wheels, Norton vortex wheels, argon, nitrogen, helium, fluid abrasive cutters, solvents and soaps, boroscopes, penetrants, patterns, dies, and molds consumed in the production of castings are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

Section 4. Effective January 1, 2013, paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (b) Machinery and equipment used to increase productive output.—
- 1. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased for exclusive use by a new business in spaceport activities as defined by s. 212.02 or for use in new businesses that

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manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible personal property at fixed locations are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the department that such items are used in a new business in this state. Such purchases must be made before prior to the date the business first begins its productive operations, and delivery of the purchased item must be made within 12 months after that date.

- 2. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased for exclusive use by an expanding facility which is engaged in spaceport activities as defined by s. 212.02 or for use in expanding manufacturing facilities or plant units which manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible personal property at fixed locations in this state are exempt from any amount of tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the department that such items are used to increase the productive output of such expanded facility or business by not less than $\underline{5}$ $\underline{10}$ percent.
- 3.a. To receive an exemption provided by subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., a qualifying business entity shall apply to the department for a temporary tax exemption permit. The application shall state that a new business exemption or expanded business exemption is being sought. Upon a tentative affirmative determination by the department pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the department shall issue such permit.
 - b. The applicant shall maintain all necessary books and

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records to support the exemption. Upon completion of purchases of qualified machinery and equipment pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the temporary tax permit shall be delivered to the department or returned to the department by certified or registered mail.

- c. If, in a subsequent audit conducted by the department, it is determined that the machinery and equipment purchased as exempt under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. did not meet the criteria mandated by this paragraph or if commencement of production did not occur, the amount of taxes exempted at the time of purchase shall immediately be due and payable to the department by the business entity, together with the appropriate interest and penalty, computed from the date of purchase, in the manner prescribed by this chapter.
- d. If a qualifying business entity fails to apply for a temporary exemption permit or if the tentative determination by the department required to obtain a temporary exemption permit is negative, a qualifying business entity shall receive the exemption provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. through a refund of previously paid taxes. No refund may be made for such taxes unless the criteria mandated by subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. have been met and commencement of production has occurred.
- 4. The department shall adopt rules governing applications for, issuance of, and the form of temporary tax exemption permits; provisions for recapture of taxes; and the manner and form of refund applications, and may establish guidelines as to the requisites for an affirmative showing of increased

productive output, commencement of production, and qualification for exemption.

- 5. The exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. do not apply to machinery or equipment purchased or used by electric utility companies, communications companies, oil or gas exploration or production operations, publishing firms that do not export at least 50 percent of their finished product out of the state, any firm subject to regulation by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, or any firm that does not manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible personal property or that does not use such machinery and equipment in spaceport activities as required by this paragraph. The exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall apply to machinery and equipment purchased for use in phosphate or other solid minerals severance, mining, or processing operations.
- 6. For the purposes of the exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2., these terms have the following meanings:
- a. "Industrial machinery and equipment" means tangible personal property or other property that has a depreciable life of 3 years or more and that is used as an integral part in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, or production of tangible personal property for sale or is exclusively used in spaceport activities. A building and its structural components are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the building or structural component is so closely related to the industrial

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machinery and equipment that it houses or supports that the building or structural component can be expected to be replaced when the machinery and equipment are replaced. Heating and airconditioning systems are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the sole justification for their installation is to meet the requirements of the production process, even though the system may provide incidental comfort to employees or serve, to an insubstantial degree, nonproduction activities. The term includes parts and accessories only to the extent that the exemption thereof is consistent with the provisions of this paragraph.

b. "Productive output" means the number of units actually produced by a single plant, operation, or product line in a single continuous 12-month period, irrespective of sales. Increases in productive output shall be measured by the output for 12 continuous months selected by the expanding business after following the completion of the installation of such machinery or equipment over the output for the 12 continuous months immediately preceding such installation. However, in no case may such time period begin later than 2 years after following the completion of the installation of the new machinery and equipment. The units used to measure productive output shall be physically comparable between the two periods, irrespective of sales.

Section 5. Effective January 1, 2013, and applying to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, subsection (1) of section 220.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.14 Exemption.

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(1) In computing a taxpayer's liability for tax under this code, there shall be exempt from the tax \$50,000 \$25,000 of net income as defined in s. 220.12 or such lesser amount as will, without increasing the taxpayer's federal income tax liability, provide the state with an amount under this code which is equal to the maximum federal income tax credit which may be available from time to time under federal law.

Section 6. Effective January 1, 2013, and applying to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, subsection (3) of section 220.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 220.63 Franchise tax imposed on banks and savings associations.—
- (3) For purposes of this part, the franchise tax base shall be adjusted federal income, as defined in s. 220.13, apportioned to this state, plus nonbusiness income allocated to this state pursuant to s. 220.16, less the deduction allowed in subsection (5) and less \$50,000 \$25,000.
- Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 288.1254, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 288.1254 Entertainment industry financial incentive program.—
- (4) TAX CREDIT ELIGIBILITY; TAX CREDIT AWARDS; QUEUES; ELECTION AND DISTRIBUTION; CARRYFORWARD; CONSOLIDATED RETURNS; PARTNERSHIP AND NONCORPORATE DISTRIBUTIONS; MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS.—
 - (b) Tax credit eligibility.-
- 1. General production queue.—Ninety-four percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state

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fiscal year must be dedicated to the general production queue. The general production queue consists of all qualified productions other than those eligible for the commercial and music video queue or the independent and emerging media production queue. A qualified production that demonstrates a minimum of \$625,000 in qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures, up to a maximum of \$8 million. A qualified production that incurs qualified expenditures during multiple state fiscal years may combine those expenditures to satisfy the \$625,000 minimum threshold. If a qualified production claims a credit from this queue for principal-photography-related qualified production expenditures, at least 50 percent of the total principal photography shooting days spent in the production of that qualified production must be within this state or at least \$10 million must be spent on qualified production expenditures within this state.

- a. An off-season certified production that is a feature film, independent film, or television series or pilot is eligible for an additional 5-percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures. An off-season certified production that does not complete 75 percent of principal photography due to a disruption caused by a hurricane or tropical storm may not be disqualified from eligibility for the additional 5-percent credit as a result of the disruption.
- b. If more than 25 percent of the sum of total tax credits awarded to productions after July 1, 2010, and total tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in this

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state has been awarded for television series, then no television series or pilot shall be eligible for tax credits under this subparagraph.

- c. The calculations required by this sub-subparagraph shall use only credits available to be certified and awarded on or after July 1, 2011.
- (I) If the provisions of sub-subparagraph b. are not applicable and less than 25 percent of the sum of the total tax credits awarded to productions and the total tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in this state has been to high-impact television series, any qualified high-impact television series shall be allowed first position in this queue for tax credit awards not yet certified.
- (II) If less than 20 percent of the sum of the total tax credits awarded to productions and the total tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in this state has been to digital media projects, any digital media project with qualified expenditures of greater than \$4,500,000 shall be allowed first position in this queue for tax credit awards not yet certified.
- (III) For the purposes of determining position between a high-impact television series allowed first position and a digital media project allowed first position under this subsubparagraph, tax credits shall be awarded on a first-come, first-served basis.
- d. A qualified production that incurs at least 85 percent of its qualified expenditures within a region designated as an underutilized region at the time that the production is

certified is eligible for an additional 5-percent tax credit.

- e. Any qualified production that employs students enrolled full-time in a film and entertainment-related or digital mediarelated course of study at an institution of higher education in this state is eligible for an additional 15-percent tax credit on qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such students. The additional 15-percent tax credit shall also be applicable to persons hired within 12 months of graduating from a film and entertainment-related or digital media-related course of study at an institution of higher education in this state. The additional 15-percent tax credit shall apply to qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such recent graduates for 1 year from the date of hiring.
- f. A qualified production for which 50 percent or more of its principal photography occurs at a qualified production facility, or a qualified digital media project or the digital animation component of a qualified production for which 50 percent or more of the project's or component's qualified expenditures are related to a qualified digital media production facility, shall be eligible for an additional 5-percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures for production activity at that facility.
- g. No qualified production shall be eligible for tax credits provided under this paragraph totaling more than 30 percent of its actual qualified expenses.
- 2. Commercial and music video queue.—Three percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state

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fiscal year must be dedicated to the commercial and music video queue. A qualified production company that produces national or regional commercials or music videos may be eligible for a tax credit award if it demonstrates a minimum of \$100,000 in qualified expenditures per national or regional commercial or music video and exceeds a combined threshold of \$500,000 after combining actual qualified expenditures from qualified commercials and music videos during a single state fiscal year. After a qualified production company that produces commercials, music videos, or both reaches the threshold of \$500,000, it is eligible to apply for certification for a tax credit award. The maximum credit award shall be equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures up to a maximum of \$500,000. If there is a surplus at the end of a fiscal year after the Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified commercial and video projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and be available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.

3. Independent and emerging media production queue.—Three percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the independent and emerging media production queue. This queue is intended to encourage Florida independent film and emerging media production. Any qualified production, excluding commercials, infomercials, or music videos, that demonstrates at least \$100,000, but not more than \$625,000, in total qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of

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its actual qualified expenditures. If a surplus exists at the end of a fiscal year after the Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified independent and emerging media production projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and be available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.

- 4. Family-friendly productions.—A certified theatrical or direct-to-video motion picture production or video game determined by the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment, with the advice of the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council, to be family-friendly, based on the review of the script and the review of the final release version, is eligible for an additional tax credit equal to 5 percent of its actual qualified expenditures. Family-friendly productions are those that have cross-generational appeal; would be considered suitable for viewing by children age 5 or older; are appropriate in theme, content, and language for a broad family audience; embody a responsible resolution of issues; and do not exhibit or imply any act of smoking, sex, nudity, or vulgar or profane language.
- Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 288.9914, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 288.9914 Certification of qualified investments; investment issuance reporting.—
 - (3) REVIEW.—
- (c) The department may not approve a cumulative amount of qualified investments that may result in the claim of more than

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\$195 \$97.5 million in tax credits during the existence of the program or more than \$40 \$20 million in tax credits in a single state fiscal year. However, the potential for a taxpayer to carry forward an unused tax credit may not be considered in calculating the annual limit.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 288.9915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9915 Use of proceeds from qualified investments; recordkeeping.—

(1) A qualified community development entity may not make cash interest payments on a long-term debt security that is a qualified investment in excess of the entity's <u>cumulative</u> operating income <u>earned during the 7 for 6 years after following the</u> issuance of the security. <u>For purposes of calculating operating income, the interest expense on the security is disregarded.</u>

Section 10. Section 290.00729, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

290.00729 Enterprise zone designation for Charlotte
County.—Charlotte County may apply to the Department of Economic
Opportunity for designation of one enterprise zone encompassing
an area not to exceed 20 square miles within Charlotte County.
The application must be submitted by December 31, 2012, and must
comply with the requirements in s. 290.0055. Notwithstanding s.
290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones
designated and the number of enterprise zones within a
population category, the department may designate one enterprise
zone under this section. The department shall establish the

PCB FTC 12-07 ORIGINAL 2012 588 initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated under 589 this section. 590 Section 11. Section 290.00731, Florida Statutes, is 591 created to read: 592 290.00731 Enterprise zone designation for Citrus County.-593 Citrus County may apply to the department for designation of one 594 enterprise zone for an area within Citrus County. The 595 application must be submitted by December 31, 2012, and must 596 comply with the requirements of s. 290.0055. Notwithstanding s. 597 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones 598 designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, the department may designate one enterprise 599 600 zone under this section. The department shall establish the 601 initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated under 602 this section. 603 Section 12. (1) The executive director of the Department 604 of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to 605 adopt emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4), 606 Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing this act. 607 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law, such emergency 608 rules shall remain in effect for 6 months after the date adopted 609 and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt 610 permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules. 611 Section 13. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 612 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2012.