A bill to be entitled

An act relating to vulnerable children and adults; amending 382.002, F.S.; providing a definition; amending s. 382.025, F.S.; authorizing a certified homeless youth or a minor who has had the disabilities of nonage removed to obtain a birth certificate; amending s. 393.067, F.S.; prohibiting monitoring requirements that mandate pornographic materials be available in residential facilities that serve clients of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; amending s. 393.11, F.S.; requiring the court to order a person involuntarily admitted to residential services to be released to the agency for appropriate residential services; prohibiting the court from ordering that such person be released directly to a residential service provider; authorizing the agency to transfer a person from one residential setting to another; requiring the agency to notify the committing court and the person's counsel of the transfer within a specified time; amendming s. 393.125, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to issue a final order; amending s. 409.1671, F.S.; decreasing the limits of liability and requisite insurance coverage for lead community-based providers and subcontractors; providing immunity from liability for the Department of Children and Family Services for acts or omissions of a community-based provider or subcontractor, or the officers, agents, or employees thereof; amending s. 916.1093, F.S.; requiring a sufficient number of civil facilities to provide community-based training for defendants charged with sex

Page 1 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

offenses; amending s. 916.3025, F.S.; requiring that the court order a person involuntarily admitted to residential services after criminal charges have been dismissed to be released to the agency for appropriate residential services; creating a task force to develop input for the creation of certain guidelines and procedures for providers of residential services; providing for membership of the task force; requiring the task force to seek input from certain pertinent entities; requiring the agency to provide administrative support to the task force; requiring the task force; requiring the task force to submit its findings to the Legislature; providing an effective date.

42

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40

41

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

4445

46

47

43

Section 1. Subsections (3)-(16) of section 382.002, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4)-(17), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

48

382.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(3) "Certified homeless youth" means a minor who is a

4950

homeless child or youth, including an unaccompanied youth, as those terms are defined in 42 U.S.C. s 11434a and has been

5152

certified as homeless or unaccompanied by:

53

(a) A school district homeless liaison;

5455

(b) The director of an emergency shelter program funded by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development,

56

or the director's designee; or

57

58

(c) The director of a runaway or homeless youth basic center or transitional living program funded by the United

Page 2 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

States Department of Health and Human Services, or the director's designee.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 382.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.025 Certified copies of vital records; confidentiality; research.—

- (1) BIRTH RECORDS.—Except for birth records over 100 years old which are not under seal pursuant to court order, all birth records of this state shall be confidential and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- (a) Certified copies of the original birth certificate or a new or amended certificate, or affidavits thereof, are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and, upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255, shall be issued only as authorized by the department and in the form prescribed by the department, and only:
- 1. To the registrant, if of legal age, or if the registrant is a certified homeless youth or a minor who has had the disabilities of nonage removed under s. 743.01 or s. 743.015;
- 2. To the registrant's parent or guardian or other legal representative;
- 3. Upon receipt of the registrant's death certificate, to the registrant's spouse or to the registrant's child, grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to the legal representative of any of such persons;
- 4. To any person if the birth record is over 100 years old and not under seal pursuant to court order;
 - 5. To a law enforcement agency for official purposes;

Page 3 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

6. To any agency of the state or the United States for official purposes upon approval of the department; or

7. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 393.067, Florida

393.067 Facility licensure.

Statutes, is amended to read:

(1) The agency shall provide through its licensing authority and by rule license application procedures, provider qualifications, facility and client care standards, requirements for client records, requirements for staff qualifications and training, and requirements for monitoring foster care facilities, group home facilities, residential habilitation centers, and comprehensive transitional education programs that serve agency clients. However, monitoring requirements for foster care facilities, group home facilities, residential habilitation centers, and comprehensive transitional education programs may not mandate that pornographic materials be available in residential facilities that serve the clients of the agency.

Section 4. Present paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of section 393.11, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (f) and amended, and a new paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read:

393.11 Involuntary admission to residential services.-

- (8) ORDER.-
- (e) If an order of involuntary admission to residential services provided by the agency is entered by the court, the court shall order that the person be released to the agency for receipt of appropriate residential services and may not order

Page 4 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

the person to be released directly to a residential service provider.

(f) (e) Upon receiving the order, the agency shall, within 45 days, provide the court with a copy of the person's family or individual support plan and copies of all examinations and evaluations, outlining the treatment and rehabilitative programs. The agency shall document that the person has been placed in the most appropriate, least restrictive and costbeneficial residential setting. A copy of the family or individual support plan and other examinations and evaluations shall be served upon the person and the person's counsel at the same time the documents are filed with the court. The agency may transfer a person from one residential setting to another residential setting and must notify the court and the person's counsel of the transfer within 30 days after the transfer is completed.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 17 393.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18

- 393.125 Hearing rights.
- (1) REVIEW OF AGENCY DECISIONS.-
- (a) For Medicaid programs administered by the agency, any developmental services applicant or client, or his or her parent, guardian advocate, or authorized representative, may request a hearing in accordance with federal law and rules applicable to Medicaid cases and have the right to request an administrative hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. These hearings shall be provided by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to s. 409.285 and shall follow procedures consistent with federal law and rules applicable to

Page 5 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

Medicaid cases. At the conclusion of the hearing, the department shall submit its recommended order to the agency as provided in s. 120.57(1) (k) and the agency shall issue the final order as provided in s. 120.57(1) (l).

Section 6. Paragraphs (f), (h), (j), and (l) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 409.1671, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.1671 Foster care and related services; outsourcing.—
(1)

The Legislature finds that the state has (f)1.traditionally provided foster care services to children who have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has determined that foster care and related services need to be outsourced pursuant to this section and that the provision of such services is of paramount importance to the state. The purpose for such outsourcing is to increase the level of safety, security, and stability of children who are or become the responsibility of the state. One of the components necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such children is that private providers maintain liability insurance. As such, insurance needs to be available and remain available to nongovernmental foster care and related services providers without the resources of such providers being significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance. To ensure that these resources are not significantly reduced, specified limits of liability are necessary for eligible lead communitybased providers and subcontractors engaged in the provision of

Page 6 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

146

147

148

149

150151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

services previously performed by the Department of Children and Family Services.

- 2. The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the following minimum levels of insurance, children in outsourced foster care and related services will gain increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for in s. 768.28.
- (h) Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 applies, any eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (e), or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i), must, as a part of its contract, obtain general liability coverage for a minimum of \$500,000 \$1 million per occurrence or claim with a policy limit aggregate of \pm \$2 \\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. The eligible lead community-based provider must also require that staff who transport client children and families in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per claim person, \$300,000 per incident accident, on their personal automobiles. In lieu of personal motor vehicle insurance, the lead community-based provider's casualty, liability, or motor vehicle insurance carrier may provide nonowned automobile liability coverage. This insurance provides liability insurance for automobiles that the provider uses in connection with the provider's business but does not own, lease, rent, or borrow. This coverage includes automobiles owned by the employees of the provider or a member of the employee's household but only while the automobiles are used in connection with the provider's business. The nonowned

Page 7 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

175

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204 automobile coverage for the provider applies as excess coverage 205 over any other collectible insurance. The personal automobile 206 policy for the employee of the provider shall be primary 207 insurance, and the nonowned automobile coverage of the provider 208 acts as excess insurance to the primary insurance. The provider 209 shall provide a minimum limit of \$1 million per occurrence and 210 \$2 million in the aggregate for in nonowned automobile coverage. 211 In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead 212 community-based provider or employee, net economic damages shall 213 be limited to \$500,000 \$1 million per liability claim occurrence 214 and \$1 million in the aggregate, and \$100,000 per automobile 215 claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical 216 expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any 217 collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action for economic damages, the total amount recoverable by all 218 claimants shall be limited to no more than \$2 million against 219 the department, lead agencies, and all subcontractors involved 220 221 in the same incident or occurrence, when totaled together. In 222 any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-223 based provider, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 224 per claim occurrence and \$500,000 in the aggregate. In any tort 225 action for noneconomic damages, the total amount recoverable by 226 all claimants shall be limited to no more than \$1 million 227 against the department, lead agencies, and all subcontractors 228 involved in the same incident or occurrence, when totaled 229 together. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant 230 pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits 231 specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall 232

Page 8 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead community-based provider <u>is</u> shall not be liable in tort for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, agents, or employees of its subcontractors.

Any subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (e), which is a direct provider of foster care and related services to children and families, and its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i), must, as a part of its contract, obtain general liability insurance coverage for a minimum of \$500,000 \$1 million per occurrence or claim with a policy limit aggregate of \(\square\$ \) \$3 million \(\text{per incident} \) in general liability insurance coverage. The subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider must also require that staff who transport client children and families in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per claim person, \$300,000 per incident accident, on their personal automobiles. In lieu of personal motor vehicle insurance, the subcontractor's casualty, liability, or motor vehicle insurance carrier may provide nonowned automobile liability coverage. This insurance provides liability insurance for automobiles that the subcontractor uses in connection with the subcontractor's business but does not own, lease, rent, or borrow. This coverage includes automobiles owned by the employees of the subcontractor or a member of the employee's household but only while the automobiles are used in connection with the subcontractor's business. The nonowned automobile coverage for the subcontractor applies as excess coverage over

Page 9 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

any other collectible insurance. The personal automobile policy for the employee of the subcontractor shall be primary insurance, and the nonowned automobile coverage of the subcontractor acts as excess insurance to the primary insurance. The subcontractor shall provide a minimum limit of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate in nonowned automobile coverage. In any tort action brought against such subcontractor or employee, net economic damages shall be limited to \$500,000 \$1 million per liability claim occurrence, \$1 million in the aggregate, and \$100,000 per automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action for economic damages, the total amount recoverable by all claimants shall be limited to no more than \$2 million against the department, all subcontractors, and lead agencies involved in the same incident or occurrence, when totaled together. In any tort action brought against such subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim and \$500,000 per incident. In any tort action for noneconomic damages, the total amount recoverable by all claimants shall be limited to no more than \$1 million against the department, all subcontractors, and lead agencies involved in the same incident or occurrence, when totaled together. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76.

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

(1) The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that fixing a set amount of compensation actually has the effect of a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from the effective date of this paragraph to the date at which damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final judgment or settlement.

(2) (a) The department may contract for the delivery,

administration, or management of protective services, the services specified in subsection (1) relating to foster care, and other related services or programs, as appropriate. The department shall use diligent efforts to ensure that retain responsibility for the quality of contracted services and programs and shall ensure that services are of high quality and delivered in accordance with applicable federal and state statutes and regulations. However, the department is not liable in tort for the acts or omissions of an eligible lead communitybased provider or the officers, agents, or employees of the provider, nor is the department liable in tort for the acts or omissions of the subcontractors of eligible lead community-based providers or the officers, agents, or employees of its subcontractors. The department may not require an eligible lead community-based provider or its subcontractors to indemnify the department for the department's own acts or omissions, nor may the department require an eligible lead community-based provider or its subcontractors to include the department as an additional insured on any insurance policy. A lead community-based provider shall not require its subcontractors to add the lead community-

Page 11 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

based provider as an additional insured on any liability policy. The department must adopt written policies and procedures for monitoring the contract for delivery of services by lead community-based providers. These policies and procedures must, at a minimum, address the evaluation of fiscal accountability and program operations, including provider achievement of performance standards, provider monitoring of subcontractors, and timely follow-up of corrective actions for significant monitoring findings related to providers and subcontractors. These policies and procedures must also include provisions for reducing the duplication of the department's program monitoring activities both internally and with other agencies, to the extent possible. The department's written procedures must ensure that the written findings, conclusions, and recommendations from monitoring the contract for services of lead community-based providers are communicated to the director of the provider agency as expeditiously as possible.

Section 7. Present subsection (2) of section 916.1093, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (3), and a new subsection (2) is added to that section to read:

916.1093 Operation and administration; rules.-

(2) The agency shall ensure that there is a sufficient number of civil facilities to provide community-based training for defendants charged with sex offenses so that alternative placement options are available. If the agency determines that there are two or fewer facilities available to provide community-based training for defendants charged with sex offenses, the agency shall immediately procure additional facilities.

Page 12 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

331

332

333

334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 916.3025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

916.3025 Jurisdiction of committing court.

The committing court shall consider a petition to involuntarily admit a defendant whose charges have been dismissed to residential services provided by the agency and, when applicable, to continue secure placement of such person as provided in s. 916.303. If a defendant whose criminal charges have been dismissed is involuntarily committed to residential services provided by the agency, the committing court shall order that the defendant be released to the agency for receipt of appropriate residential services and may not order that the defendant be released directly to a residential service provider. The committing court shall retain jurisdiction over such person so long as he or she remains in secure placement or is on conditional release as provided in s. 916.304. However, upon request, the court may transfer continuing jurisdiction to the court in the circuit where the defendant resides. The defendant may not be released from an order for secure placement except by order of the court.

Section 9. Task force for the protection of persons with developmental disabilities.—The Legislature recognizes the rights of individuals who are developmentally disabled to lead full and rewarding lives. The Legislature also recognizes the state's obligation to protect vulnerable adults from sexual abuse.

(1) In recognition of the social, legal, and environmental complexities associated with this issue, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall establish a task force to gather input

Page 13 of 15

PCS for HB 7235

348

349

350

351

352

353

354

355

356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

364

365

366

367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377	for the creation of guidelines and procedures for providers of
378	residential services relating to sexual activity among the
379	residents of its facilities.
380	(2) The task force shall be composed of the following
381	members:
382	(a) The director of the Agency for Persons with
383	Disabilities or his or her designee.
384	(b) The director of the adult protective services program
385	within the Department of Children and Family Services.
386	(c) The executive director of The Arc of Florida.
387	(d) A family board member of The Arc of Florida appointed
388	by the executive director of The Arc of Florida.
389	(e) The chair of the Family Care Council Florida.
390	(f) A parent representative from the Family Care Council
391	Florida appointed by the chair of the Family Care Council
392	Florida.
393	(g) A representative from the Developmental Disabilities
394	Council.
395	(h) A representative from Disability Rights Florida.
396	(i) A representative from the Florida courts.
397	(j) A representative from the Florida Prosecuting
398	Attorneys Association.
399	(k) A representative from the Florida Public Defender
400	Association.
401	(1) A staff member of the University Centers for
402	Excellence in Developmental Disabilities at the University of
403	South Florida, the Florida Center for Inclusive Communities.
404	(m) A self-advocate.

Page 14 of 15

A representative from an intensive behavior

PCS for HB 7235

|--|

407

408

409

410 411

412

413

414

415

416

- (3) The task force shall seek input from self-advocates, family members, universities and colleges, and other pertinent entities.
- (4) The agency shall provide administrative support to the task force.
- (5) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation.
- (6) The task force shall submit a report of its findings to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1, 2011.
- Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.