

1 A bill to be entitled
 2 An act relating to Medicaid services; amending s. 409.904,
 3 F.S.; repealing the sunset of provisions authorizing the
 4 federal waiver for certain persons age 65 and older or who
 5 have a disability; repealing the sunset of provisions
 6 authorizing a specified medically needy program;
 7 eliminating the limit to services placed on the medically
 8 needy program for pregnant women and children younger than
 9 age 21; amending s. 409.906, F.S.; eliminating adult
 10 Medicaid optional coverage for chiropractic services;
 11 eliminating adult Medicaid optional coverage for hearing
 12 services; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; updating the formula
 13 used for calculating reimbursements to Medicaid providers
 14 for prescribed drugs; continuing the requirement that the
 15 Agency for Health Care Administration set certain
 16 institutional provider reimbursement rates in a manner
 17 that results in no automatic cost-based statewide
 18 expenditure increase; deleting an obsolete requirement to
 19 establish workgroups to evaluate alternate reimbursement
 20 and payment methods; eliminating the repeal date of the
 21 suspension of the use of cost data to set certain
 22 institutional provider reimbursement rates; amending s.
 23 409.9082, F.S.; revising the allowed aggregated amount of
 24 assessments for all nursing home facilities to conform
 25 with federal law; amending s. 409.911, F.S.; updating the
 26 audited data specified for use in calculating
 27 disproportionate share; amending s. 409.9112, F.S.;
 28 continuing the prohibition against distributing moneys

29 | under the perinatal intensive care centers
 30 | disproportionate share program; amending s. 409.9113,
 31 | F.S.; continuing authorization for the distribution of
 32 | moneys to certain teaching hospitals under the
 33 | disproportionate share program; amending s. 409.9117,
 34 | F.S.; continuing the prohibition against distributing
 35 | moneys under the primary care disproportionate share
 36 | program; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; allowing the agency to
 37 | continue to contract for electronic access to certain
 38 | pharmacology drug information; eliminating the requirement
 39 | to implement a wireless handheld clinical pharmacology
 40 | drug information database for practitioners; updating the
 41 | formula used for calculating reimbursement to Medicaid
 42 | providers for prescribed drugs; authorizing the agency to
 43 | seek federal approval and to issue a procurement in order
 44 | to implement a home delivery of pharmacy products program;
 45 | establishing the provisions for the procurement and the
 46 | program; eliminating the requirement for the expansion of
 47 | the mail-order-pharmacy diabetes-supply program;
 48 | eliminating certain provisions of the Medicaid
 49 | prescription drug management program; authorizing the
 50 | agency to contract with an organization to provide certain
 51 | benefits under a federal program in Palm Beach County;
 52 | providing an exemption from ch. 641, F.S., for the
 53 | organization; authorizing, subject to appropriation,
 54 | enrollment slots for the Program of All-inclusive Care for
 55 | the Elderly in Palm Beach County; providing an effective
 56 | date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.904, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.904 Optional payments for eligible persons.—The agency may make payments for medical assistance and related services on behalf of the following persons who are determined to be eligible subject to the income, assets, and categorical eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law. Payment on behalf of these Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations established by the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

(1) Effective January 1, 2006, and subject to federal waiver approval, a person who is age 65 or older or is determined to be disabled, whose income is at or below 88 percent of the federal poverty level, whose assets do not exceed established limitations, and who is not eligible for Medicare or, if eligible for Medicare, is also eligible for and receiving Medicaid-covered institutional care services, hospice services, or home and community-based services. The agency shall seek federal authorization through a waiver to provide this coverage. ~~This subsection expires June 30, 2011.~~

(2)(a) A family, a pregnant woman, a child under age 21, a person age 65 or over, or a blind or disabled person, who would be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903(1), (2), or (3), except that the income or assets of such family or person exceed established limitations. For a family or person in one of

85 | these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from
 86 | income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make
 87 | a determination of eligibility. A family or person eligible
 88 | under the coverage known as the "medically needy," is eligible
 89 | to receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with
 90 | the exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and
 91 | intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.
 92 | ~~This paragraph expires June 30, 2011.~~

93 | ~~(b) Effective July 1, 2011, a pregnant woman or a child~~
 94 | ~~younger than 21 years of age who would be eligible under any~~
 95 | ~~group listed in s. 409.903, except that the income or assets of~~
 96 | ~~such group exceed established limitations. For a person in one~~
 97 | ~~of these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from~~
 98 | ~~income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make~~
 99 | ~~a determination of eligibility. A person eligible under the~~
 100 | ~~coverage known as the "medically needy" is eligible to receive~~
 101 | ~~the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the~~
 102 | ~~exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and~~
 103 | ~~intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.~~

104 | Section 2. Subsections (7) and (12) of section 409.906,
 105 | Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

106 | 409.906 Optional Medicaid services.—Subject to specific
 107 | appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which
 108 | are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security
 109 | Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who
 110 | are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services
 111 | were provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be
 112 | provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with

113 state and federal law. Optional services rendered by providers
 114 in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or
 115 prohibited by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be
 116 construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees,
 117 reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or
 118 number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to
 119 comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or
 120 directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or
 121 chapter 216. If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of
 122 providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject
 123 to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor
 124 may direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend
 125 the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service
 126 known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally
 127 Disabled." Optional services may include:

128 (7) CHIROPRACTIC SERVICES.—Effective October 1, 2011, the
 129 agency may pay for manual manipulation of the spine and initial
 130 services, screening, and X rays provided to a recipient under
 131 the age of 21 by a licensed chiropractic physician.

132 (12) HEARING SERVICES.—Effective October 1, 2011, the
 133 agency may pay for hearing and related services, including
 134 hearing evaluations, hearing aid devices, dispensing of the
 135 hearing aid, and related repairs, if provided to a recipient
 136 under the age of 21 by a licensed hearing aid specialist,
 137 otolaryngologist, otologist, audiologist, or physician.

138 Section 3. Subsections (14) and (23) of section 409.908,
 139 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

140 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.—Subject to

141 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid
 142 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according
 143 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in
 144 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein.
 145 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement
 146 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive
 147 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency
 148 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or
 149 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based
 150 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost
 151 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate
 152 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester
 153 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and
 154 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected
 155 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost
 156 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost
 157 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on
 158 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the
 159 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions
 160 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.
 161 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent
 162 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates,
 163 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or
 164 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the
 165 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions
 166 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the
 167 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

168 (14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed

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169 | the least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's
 170 | usual and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable
 171 | fee established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee. The
 172 | Medicaid maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost shall ~~will~~ be
 173 | based on the lowest ~~lower~~ of: the average wholesale price (AWP)
 174 | minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus
 175 | 3.75 ~~4.75~~ percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state
 176 | maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC)
 177 | charge billed by the provider. Medicaid providers are required
 178 | to dispense generic drugs if available at lower cost and the
 179 | agency has not determined that the branded product is more cost-
 180 | effective, unless the prescriber has requested and received
 181 | approval to require the branded product. The agency is directed
 182 | to implement a variable dispensing fee for payments for
 183 | prescribed medicines while ensuring continued access for
 184 | Medicaid recipients. The variable dispensing fee may be based
 185 | upon, but not limited to, either or both the volume of
 186 | prescriptions dispensed by a specific pharmacy provider, the
 187 | volume of prescriptions dispensed to an individual recipient,
 188 | and dispensing of preferred-drug-list products. The agency may
 189 | increase the pharmacy dispensing fee authorized by statute and
 190 | in the annual General Appropriations Act by \$0.50 for the
 191 | dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-drug-list product and reduce
 192 | the pharmacy dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a
 193 | Medicaid product that is not included on the preferred drug
 194 | list. The agency may establish a supplemental pharmaceutical
 195 | dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unit-
 196 | dose packaged medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid

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197 program for the ingredient cost of those medications if the
 198 ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the
 199 supplemental dispensing fee. The agency is authorized to limit
 200 reimbursement for prescribed medicine in order to comply with
 201 any limitations or directions provided for in the General
 202 Appropriations Act, which may include implementing a prospective
 203 or concurrent utilization review program.

204 (23) (a) The agency shall establish rates at a level that
 205 ensures no increase in statewide expenditures resulting from a
 206 change in unit costs ~~for 2 fiscal years~~ effective July 1, 2011
 207 ~~2009~~. Reimbursement rates ~~for the 2 fiscal years~~ shall be as
 208 provided in the General Appropriations Act.

209 (b) This subsection applies to the following provider
 210 types:

- 211 1. Inpatient hospitals.
- 212 2. Outpatient hospitals.
- 213 3. Nursing homes.
- 214 4. County health departments.
- 215 5. Community intermediate care facilities for the
 216 developmentally disabled.
- 217 6. Prepaid health plans.

218
 219 The agency shall apply the effect of this subsection to the
 220 reimbursement rates for nursing home diversion programs.

221 ~~(c) The agency shall create a workgroup on hospital~~
 222 ~~reimbursement, a workgroup on nursing facility reimbursement,~~
 223 ~~and a workgroup on managed care plan payment. The workgroups~~
 224 ~~shall evaluate alternative reimbursement and payment~~

225 ~~methodologies for hospitals, nursing facilities, and managed~~
 226 ~~care plans, including prospective payment methodologies for~~
 227 ~~hospitals and nursing facilities. The nursing facility workgroup~~
 228 ~~shall also consider price-based methodologies for indirect care~~
 229 ~~and acuity adjustments for direct care. The agency shall submit~~
 230 ~~a report on the evaluated alternative reimbursement~~
 231 ~~methodologies to the relevant committees of the Senate and the~~
 232 ~~House of Representatives by November 1, 2009.~~

233 ~~(d) This subsection expires June 30, 2011.~~

234 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 409.9082, Florida
 235 Statutes, is amended to read:

236 409.9082 Quality assessment on nursing home facility
 237 providers; exemptions; purpose; federal approval required;
 238 remedies.—

239 (2) Effective April 1, 2009, there is imposed upon each
 240 nursing home facility a quality assessment. The aggregated
 241 amount of assessments for all nursing home facilities in a given
 242 year shall be an amount not exceeding the maximum percentage
 243 allowed under federal law ~~5.5 percent~~ of the total aggregate net
 244 patient service revenue of assessed facilities. The agency shall
 245 calculate the quality assessment rate annually on a per-
 246 resident-day basis, exclusive of those resident days funded by
 247 the Medicare program, as reported by the facilities. The per-
 248 resident-day assessment rate shall be uniform except as
 249 prescribed in subsection (3). Each facility shall report monthly
 250 to the agency its total number of resident days, exclusive of
 251 Medicare Part A resident days, and shall remit an amount equal
 252 to the assessment rate times the reported number of days. The

253 agency shall collect, and each facility shall pay, the quality
 254 assessment each month. The agency shall collect the assessment
 255 from nursing home facility providers by no later than the 15th
 256 of the next succeeding calendar month. The agency shall notify
 257 providers of the quality assessment and provide a standardized
 258 form to complete and submit with payments. The collection of the
 259 nursing home facility quality assessment shall commence no
 260 sooner than 5 days after the agency's initial payment of the
 261 Medicaid rates containing the elements prescribed in subsection
 262 (4). Nursing home facilities may not create a separate line-item
 263 charge for the purpose of passing through the assessment to
 264 residents.

265 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
 266 409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

267 409.911 Disproportionate share program.—Subject to
 268 specific allocations established within the General
 269 Appropriations Act and any limitations established pursuant to
 270 chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this
 271 section, moneys to hospitals providing a disproportionate share
 272 of Medicaid or charity care services by making quarterly
 273 Medicaid payments as required. Notwithstanding the provisions of
 274 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the
 275 cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a
 276 disproportionate share of low-income patients.

277 (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use
 278 the following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days
 279 and charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate
 280 share payment:

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281 (a) The average of the 2004, 2005, and 2006 ~~2003, 2004,~~
 282 ~~and 2005~~ audited disproportionate share data to determine each
 283 hospital's Medicaid days and charity care for the 2011-2012
 284 ~~2010-2011~~ state fiscal year.

285 Section 6. Section 409.9112, Florida Statutes, is amended
 286 to read:

287 409.9112 Disproportionate share program for regional
 288 perinatal intensive care centers.—In addition to the payments
 289 made under s. 409.911, the agency shall design and implement a
 290 system for making disproportionate share payments to those
 291 hospitals that participate in the regional perinatal intensive
 292 care center program established pursuant to chapter 383. The
 293 system of payments must conform to federal requirements and
 294 distribute funds in each fiscal year for which an appropriation
 295 is made by making quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding
 296 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the
 297 cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a
 298 disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2011-2012
 299 ~~2010-2011~~ state fiscal year, the agency may not distribute
 300 moneys under the regional perinatal intensive care centers
 301 disproportionate share program.

302 (1) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
 303 calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
 304 in the regional perinatal intensive care center program:

$$TAE = HDSP/THDSP$$

307 Where:

308 TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive

309 care center.

310 HDSP = the prior state fiscal year regional perinatal
 311 intensive care center disproportionate share payment to the
 312 individual hospital.

313 THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total regional
 314 perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share payments
 315 to all hospitals.

316

317 (2) The total additional payment for hospitals that
 318 participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center
 319 program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

320

321
$$TAP = TAE \times TA$$

322 Where:

323 TAP = total additional payment for a regional perinatal
 324 intensive care center.

325 TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive
 326 care center.

327 TA = total appropriation for the regional perinatal
 328 intensive care center disproportionate share program.

329

330 (3) In order to receive payments under this section, a
 331 hospital must be participating in the regional perinatal
 332 intensive care center program pursuant to chapter 383 and must
 333 meet the following additional requirements:

334 (a) Agree to conform to all departmental and agency
 335 requirements to ensure high quality in the provision of
 336 services, including criteria adopted by departmental and agency

337 rule concerning staffing ratios, medical records, standards of
 338 care, equipment, space, and such other standards and criteria as
 339 the department and agency deem appropriate as specified by rule.

340 (b) Agree to provide information to the department and
 341 agency, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the
 342 department and agency, concerning the care provided to all
 343 patients in neonatal intensive care centers and high-risk
 344 maternity care.

345 (c) Agree to accept all patients for neonatal intensive
 346 care and high-risk maternity care, regardless of ability to pay,
 347 on a functional space-available basis.

348 (d) Agree to develop arrangements with other maternity and
 349 neonatal care providers in the hospital's region for the
 350 appropriate receipt and transfer of patients in need of
 351 specialized maternity and neonatal intensive care services.

352 (e) Agree to establish and provide a developmental
 353 evaluation and services program for certain high-risk neonates,
 354 as prescribed and defined by rule of the department.

355 (f) Agree to sponsor a program of continuing education in
 356 perinatal care for health care professionals within the region
 357 of the hospital, as specified by rule.

358 (g) Agree to provide backup and referral services to the
 359 county health departments and other low-income perinatal
 360 providers within the hospital's region, including the
 361 development of written agreements between these organizations
 362 and the hospital.

363 (h) Agree to arrange for transportation for high-risk
 364 obstetrical patients and neonates in need of transfer from the

365 community to the hospital or from the hospital to another more
 366 appropriate facility.

367 (4) Hospitals which fail to comply with any of the
 368 conditions in subsection (3) or the applicable rules of the
 369 department and agency may not receive any payments under this
 370 section until full compliance is achieved. A hospital which is
 371 not in compliance in two or more consecutive quarters may not
 372 receive its share of the funds. Any forfeited funds shall be
 373 distributed by the remaining participating regional perinatal
 374 intensive care center program hospitals.

375 Section 7. Section 409.9113, Florida Statutes, is amended
 376 to read:

377 409.9113 Disproportionate share program for teaching
 378 hospitals.—In addition to the payments made under ss. 409.911
 379 and 409.9112, the agency shall make disproportionate share
 380 payments to statutorily defined teaching hospitals for their
 381 increased costs associated with medical education programs and
 382 for tertiary health care services provided to the indigent. This
 383 system of payments must conform to federal requirements and
 384 distribute funds in each fiscal year for which an appropriation
 385 is made by making quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding
 386 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the
 387 cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a
 388 disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2011-2012
 389 ~~2010-2011~~ state fiscal year, the agency shall distribute the
 390 moneys provided in the General Appropriations Act to statutorily
 391 defined teaching hospitals and family practice teaching
 392 hospitals under the teaching hospital disproportionate share

393 program. The funds provided for statutorily defined teaching
 394 hospitals shall be distributed in the same proportion as the
 395 state fiscal year 2003-2004 teaching hospital disproportionate
 396 share funds were distributed or as otherwise provided in the
 397 General Appropriations Act. The funds provided for family
 398 practice teaching hospitals shall be distributed equally among
 399 family practice teaching hospitals.

400 (1) On or before September 15 of each year, the agency
 401 shall calculate an allocation fraction to be used for
 402 distributing funds to state statutory teaching hospitals.
 403 Subsequent to the end of each quarter of the state fiscal year,
 404 the agency shall distribute to each statutory teaching hospital,
 405 as defined in s. 408.07, an amount determined by multiplying
 406 one-fourth of the funds appropriated for this purpose by the
 407 Legislature times such hospital's allocation fraction. The
 408 allocation fraction for each such hospital shall be determined
 409 by the sum of the following three primary factors, divided by
 410 three:

411 (a) The number of nationally accredited graduate medical
 412 education programs offered by the hospital, including programs
 413 accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical
 414 Education and the combined Internal Medicine and Pediatrics
 415 programs acceptable to both the American Board of Internal
 416 Medicine and the American Board of Pediatrics at the beginning
 417 of the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the
 418 allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this
 419 factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of the total
 420 number of programs, where the total is computed for all state

421 | statutory teaching hospitals.

422 | (b) The number of full-time equivalent trainees in the
423 | hospital, which comprises two components:

424 | 1. The number of trainees enrolled in nationally
425 | accredited graduate medical education programs, as defined in
426 | paragraph (a). Full-time equivalents are computed using the
427 | fraction of the year during which each trainee is primarily
428 | assigned to the given institution, over the state fiscal year
429 | preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is
430 | calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction
431 | that the hospital represents of the total number of full-time
432 | equivalent trainees enrolled in accredited graduate programs,
433 | where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching
434 | hospitals.

435 | 2. The number of medical students enrolled in accredited
436 | colleges of medicine and engaged in clinical activities,
437 | including required clinical clerkships and clinical electives.
438 | Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the
439 | year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the
440 | given institution, over the course of the state fiscal year
441 | preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is
442 | calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction
443 | that the given hospital represents of the total number of full-
444 | time equivalent students enrolled in accredited colleges of
445 | medicine, where the total is computed for all state statutory
446 | teaching hospitals.

447 |

448 | The primary factor for full-time equivalent trainees is computed

449 as the sum of these two components, divided by two.

450 (c) A service index that comprises three components:

451 1. The Agency for Health Care Administration Service
 452 Index, computed by applying the standard Service Inventory
 453 Scores established by the agency to services offered by the
 454 given hospital, as reported on Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal
 455 year reported to the agency before the date on which the
 456 allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this
 457 factor is the fraction that the given hospital represents of the
 458 total Agency for Health Care Administration Service Index
 459 values, where the total is computed for all state statutory
 460 teaching hospitals.

461 2. A volume-weighted service index, computed by applying
 462 the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the Agency
 463 for Health Care Administration to the volume of each service,
 464 expressed in terms of the standard units of measure reported on
 465 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency
 466 before the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.
 467 The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the
 468 given hospital represents of the total volume-weighted service
 469 index values, where the total is computed for all state
 470 statutory teaching hospitals.

471 3. Total Medicaid payments to each hospital for direct
 472 inpatient and outpatient services during the fiscal year
 473 preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.
 474 This includes payments made to each hospital for such services
 475 by Medicaid prepaid health plans, whether the plan was
 476 administered by the hospital or not. The numerical value of this

477 factor is the fraction that each hospital represents of the
 478 total of such Medicaid payments, where the total is computed for
 479 all state statutory teaching hospitals.

480
 481 The primary factor for the service index is computed as the sum
 482 of these three components, divided by three.

483 (2) By October 1 of each year, the agency shall use the
 484 following formula to calculate the maximum additional
 485 disproportionate share payment for statutorily defined teaching
 486 hospitals:

$$TAP = THAF \times A$$

487
 488 Where:

489 TAP = total additional payment.

490 THAF = teaching hospital allocation factor.

491 A = amount appropriated for a teaching hospital
 492 disproportionate share program.

493 Section 8. Section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended
 494 to read:

495 409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share program.—For
 496 the 2011-2012 ~~2010-2011~~ state fiscal year, the agency shall not
 497 distribute moneys under the primary care disproportionate share
 498 program.

499 (1) If federal funds are available for disproportionate
 500 share programs in addition to those otherwise provided by law,
 501 there shall be created a primary care disproportionate share
 502 program.

503 (2) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
 504 calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate

505 | in the primary care disproportionate share program:

506 |

507 |
$$TAE = HDSP/THDSP$$

508 | Where:

509 | TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in
510 | the primary care disproportionate share program.

511 | HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care
512 | disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.

513 | THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care
514 | disproportionate share payments to all hospitals.

515 |

516 | (3) The total additional payment for hospitals that
517 | participate in the primary care disproportionate share program
518 | shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

519 |

520 |
$$TAP = TAE \times TA$$

521 |

522 | Where:

523 | TAP = total additional payment for a primary care hospital.

524 | TAE = total amount earned by a primary care hospital.

525 | TA = total appropriation for the primary care
526 | disproportionate share program.

527 |

528 | (4) In the establishment and funding of this program, the
529 | agency shall use the following criteria in addition to those
530 | specified in s. 409.911, and payments may not be made to a
531 | hospital unless the hospital agrees to:

532 | (a) Cooperate with a Medicaid prepaid health plan, if one

533 exists in the community.

534 (b) Ensure the availability of primary and specialty care
 535 physicians to Medicaid recipients who are not enrolled in a
 536 prepaid capitated arrangement and who are in need of access to
 537 such physicians.

538 (c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of
 539 charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100
 540 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise
 541 covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a
 542 governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a
 543 sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent
 544 of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by
 545 Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental
 546 entity, except that eligibility may be limited to persons who
 547 reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency
 548 and the hospital.

549 (d) Contract with any federally qualified health center,
 550 if one exists within the agreed geopolitical boundaries,
 551 concerning the provision of primary care services, in order to
 552 guarantee delivery of services in a nonduplicative fashion, and
 553 to provide for referral arrangements, privileges, and
 554 admissions, as appropriate. The hospital shall agree to provide
 555 at an onsite or offsite facility primary care services within 24
 556 hours to which all Medicaid recipients and persons eligible
 557 under this paragraph who do not require emergency room services
 558 are referred during normal daylight hours.

559 (e) Cooperate with the agency, the county, and other
 560 entities to ensure the provision of certain public health

561 services, case management, referral and acceptance of patients,
 562 and sharing of epidemiological data, as the agency and the
 563 hospital find mutually necessary and desirable to promote and
 564 protect the public health within the agreed geopolitical
 565 boundaries.

566 (f) In cooperation with the county in which the hospital
 567 resides, develop a low-cost, outpatient, prepaid health care
 568 program to persons who are not eligible for the Medicaid
 569 program, and who reside within the area.

570 (g) Provide inpatient services to residents within the
 571 area who are not eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, and who do
 572 not have private health insurance, regardless of ability to pay,
 573 on the basis of available space, except that hospitals may not
 574 be prevented from establishing bill collection programs based on
 575 ability to pay.

576 (h) Work with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the
 577 Florida Health Care Purchasing Cooperative, and business health
 578 coalitions, as appropriate, to develop a feasibility study and
 579 plan to provide a low-cost comprehensive health insurance plan
 580 to persons who reside within the area and who do not have access
 581 to such a plan.

582 (i) Work with public health officials and other experts to
 583 provide community health education and prevention activities
 584 designed to promote healthy lifestyles and appropriate use of
 585 health services.

586 (j) Work with the local health council to develop a plan
 587 for promoting access to affordable health care services for all
 588 persons who reside within the area, including, but not limited

589 to, public health services, primary care services, inpatient
 590 services, and affordable health insurance generally.

591
 592 Any hospital that fails to comply with any of the provisions of
 593 this subsection, or any other contractual condition, may not
 594 receive payments under this section until full compliance is
 595 achieved.

596 Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (16) and paragraph
 597 (a) of subsection (39) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, are
 598 amended to read:

599 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The
 600 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients
 601 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery
 602 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are
 603 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a
 604 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct
 605 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the
 606 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to
 607 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined
 608 in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion
 609 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency
 610 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid
 611 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other
 612 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,
 613 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed
 614 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed
 615 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to
 616 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute

617 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the
 618 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The
 619 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the
 620 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify
 621 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a
 622 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a
 623 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to
 624 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice
 625 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency,
 626 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization.
 627 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy
 628 management, or disease management participation for certain
 629 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or
 630 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible
 631 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
 632 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for
 633 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform
 634 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions
 635 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is
 636 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as
 637 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through
 638 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-
 639 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services
 640 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without
 641 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based
 642 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider
 643 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance
 644 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the

645 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid
 646 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,
 647 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider
 648 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history,
 649 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer
 650 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,
 651 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers
 652 shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider
 653 network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing
 654 Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and
 655 other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-
 656 term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish
 657 rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in
 658 order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program
 659 as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers
 660 necessary to administer these policies.

661 (16)

662 (b) The responsibility of the agency under this subsection
 663 shall include the development of capabilities to identify actual
 664 and optimal practice patterns; patient and provider educational
 665 initiatives; methods for determining patient compliance with
 666 prescribed treatments; fraud, waste, and abuse prevention and
 667 detection programs; and beneficiary case management programs.

668 1. The practice pattern identification program shall
 669 evaluate practitioner prescribing patterns based on national and
 670 regional practice guidelines, comparing practitioners to their
 671 peer groups. The agency and its Drug Utilization Review Board
 672 shall consult with the Department of Health and a panel of

673 practicing health care professionals consisting of the
 674 following: the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
 675 President of the Senate shall each appoint three physicians
 676 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and the Governor
 677 shall appoint two pharmacists licensed under chapter 465 and one
 678 dentist licensed under chapter 466 who is an oral surgeon. Terms
 679 of the panel members shall expire at the discretion of the
 680 appointing official. The advisory panel shall be responsible for
 681 evaluating treatment guidelines and recommending ways to
 682 incorporate their use in the practice pattern identification
 683 program. Practitioners who are prescribing inappropriately or
 684 inefficiently, as determined by the agency, may have their
 685 prescribing of certain drugs subject to prior authorization or
 686 may be terminated from all participation in the Medicaid
 687 program.

688 2. The agency shall also develop educational interventions
 689 designed to promote the proper use of medications by providers
 690 and beneficiaries.

691 3. The agency shall implement a pharmacy fraud, waste, and
 692 abuse initiative that may include a surety bond or letter of
 693 credit requirement for participating pharmacies, enhanced
 694 provider auditing practices, the use of additional fraud and
 695 abuse software, recipient management programs for beneficiaries
 696 inappropriately using their benefits, and other steps that will
 697 eliminate provider and recipient fraud, waste, and abuse. The
 698 initiative shall address enforcement efforts to reduce the
 699 number and use of counterfeit prescriptions.

700 4. ~~By September 30, 2002,~~ The agency may ~~shall~~ contract

701 with an entity in the state to provide electronic access to
 702 Medicaid prescription refill data and information relating to
 703 the Medicaid Preferred Drug List to Medicaid providers ~~implement~~
 704 ~~a wireless handheld clinical pharmacology drug information~~
 705 ~~database for practitioners~~. The initiative shall be designed to
 706 enhance the agency's efforts to reduce fraud, abuse, and errors
 707 in the prescription drug benefit program and to otherwise
 708 further the intent of this paragraph.

709 5. By April 1, 2006, the agency shall contract with an
 710 entity to design a database of clinical utilization information
 711 or electronic medical records for Medicaid providers. This
 712 system must be web-based and allow providers to review on a
 713 real-time basis the utilization of Medicaid services, including,
 714 but not limited to, physician office visits, inpatient and
 715 outpatient hospitalizations, laboratory and pathology services,
 716 radiological and other imaging services, dental care, and
 717 patterns of dispensing prescription drugs in order to coordinate
 718 care and identify potential fraud and abuse.

719 6. The agency may apply for any federal waivers needed to
 720 administer this paragraph.

721 (39) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-
 722 drug spending-control program that includes the following
 723 components:

724 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a
 725 listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the
 726 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established
 727 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each
 728 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion

729 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list
 730 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The
 731 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the
 732 preferred drug list on an Internet website without following the
 733 rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are
 734 excluded from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also
 735 limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than
 736 a 34-day supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed
 737 package is greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is
 738 determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug in which case
 739 a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency is
 740 authorized to seek any federal waivers necessary to implement
 741 these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the
 742 federal Medicaid rebate program, or alternatively to negotiate
 743 state-only manufacturer rebates. The agency may adopt rules to
 744 implement this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to
 745 provide unlimited contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must
 746 establish procedures to ensure that:

747 a. There is a response to a request for prior consultation
 748 by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours
 749 after receipt of a request for prior consultation; and

750 b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
 751 an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
 752 within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

753 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed
 754 drugs shall be set at the lowest ~~lesser~~ of: the average
 755 wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler
 756 acquisition cost (WAC) plus 3.75 ~~4.75~~ percent, the federal upper

757 | limit (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the
 758 | usual and customary (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

759 | 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for
 760 | managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using
 761 | significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The
 762 | management process may include, but is not limited to,
 763 | comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims
 764 | analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical
 765 | necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and
 766 | drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private
 767 | organization to provide drug-program-management services. The
 768 | Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include
 769 | initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients,
 770 | patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day
 771 | period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The
 772 | agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit
 773 | management program if he or she meets the specifications of this
 774 | provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance
 775 | organization.

776 | 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network
 777 | based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations,
 778 | credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give
 779 | special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and
 780 | location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy
 781 | network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria
 782 | such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size,
 783 | patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease
 784 | management services, and other characteristics. The agency may

785 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment when it is
 786 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-
 787 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing
 788 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy
 789 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other
 790 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid
 791 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing
 792 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by
 793 the agency.

794 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that
 795 requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a
 796 counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions.
 797 The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-
 798 proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or
 799 prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The
 800 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or
 801 statewide.

802 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require
 803 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients
 804 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average
 805 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.
 806 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug
 807 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs
 808 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a
 809 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to
 810 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

811 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as
 812 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment

813 of such preferred drug list, it is authorized to negotiate
 814 supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to
 815 those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no
 816 less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as
 817 defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless
 818 the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds
 819 29 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates
 820 the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific
 821 products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate
 822 percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate
 823 percentage will guarantee a manufacturer that the Medicaid
 824 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a
 825 product for inclusion on the preferred drug list. However, a
 826 pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the
 827 preferred drug list by simply paying the minimum supplemental
 828 rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy
 829 of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and
 830 Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing
 831 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency is
 832 authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to
 833 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes
 834 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash
 835 rebates. Effective July 1, 2004, value-added programs as a
 836 substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency
 837 is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this
 838 initiative.

839 8. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall expand
 840 home delivery of pharmacy products. The agency is authorized to

841 amend the state plan and issue a procurement, as necessary, in
 842 order to implement this program. The procurements shall include
 843 agreements with a pharmacy or pharmacies located in the state to
 844 provide mail order delivery services at no cost to the
 845 recipients who elect to receive home delivery of pharmacy
 846 products. The procurement shall focus on serving recipients with
 847 chronic diseases for which pharmacy expenditures represent a
 848 significant portion of Medicaid pharmacy expenditures or which
 849 impact a significant portion of the Medicaid population. To
 850 ~~assist Medicaid patients in securing their prescriptions and~~
 851 ~~reduce program costs, the agency shall expand its current mail-~~
 852 ~~order pharmacy diabetes supply program to include all generic~~
 853 ~~and brand-name drugs used by Medicaid patients with diabetes.~~
 854 ~~Medicaid recipients in the current program may obtain~~
 855 ~~nondiabetes drugs on a voluntary basis. This initiative is~~
 856 ~~limited to the geographic area covered by the current contract.~~
 857 The agency may seek and implement any federal waivers necessary
 858 to implement this subparagraph.

859 9. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug
 860 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

861 10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug
 862 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that
 863 has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems
 864 to implement this program. The agency is authorized to seek
 865 federal waivers to implement this program.

866 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of
 867 Children and Family Services, may implement the Medicaid
 868 behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve

869 | the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices
 870 | based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to
 871 | medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed
 872 | drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid
 873 | behavioral drugs. The program may include the following
 874 | elements:

875 | (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best
 876 | practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as
 877 | antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating
 878 | bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate
 879 | them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and
 880 | compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators
 881 | that are based on national standards; and determine deviations
 882 | from best practice guidelines.

883 | (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
 884 | educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
 885 | and peer-to-peer consultation.

886 | (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in
 887 | their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers
 888 | and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug
 889 | therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral
 890 | health drugs.

891 | (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill
 892 | prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-
 893 | class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential
 894 | medication problems.

895 | (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and
 896 | deviation from best practice guidelines.

897 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to
 898 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers
 899 in the use of practice guidelines.

900 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

901 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

902 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model
 903 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill
 904 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high
 905 users of care.

906 11.a. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription
 907 drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor
 908 that has experience in operating prescription drug management
 909 systems in order to implement this system. Any management system
 910 that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must
 911 rely on cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to
 912 determine appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines
 913 to improve the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the
 914 Medicaid program. The agency may seek federal waivers to
 915 implement this program.

916 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve
 917 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best
 918 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication
 919 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and
 920 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription
 921 drugs. The program must:

922 (I) Provide for the ~~development and~~ adoption of best
 923 practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the
 924 Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines

925 into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them
 926 to indicators that are based on national standards and practice
 927 patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and
 928 nationally; and determine deviations from best practice
 929 guidelines.

930 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
 931 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
 932 and peer-to-peer consultation.

933 (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their
 934 use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to
 935 the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination
 936 drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of
 937 prescription drugs.

938 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill
 939 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs
 940 that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other
 941 potential medication problems.

942 ~~(V) Track spending trends for prescription drugs and
 943 deviation from best practice guidelines.~~

944 ~~(VI) Use educational and technological approaches to
 945 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers
 946 in the use of practice guidelines.~~

947 ~~(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.~~

948 ~~(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.~~

949 ~~(IX) Implement disease management programs in cooperation
 950 with physicians and pharmacists, along with a model quality-
 951 based medication component for individuals having chronic
 952 medical conditions.~~

953 12. The agency is authorized to contract for drug rebate
 954 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating
 955 rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes
 956 with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate
 957 collections.

958 13. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form
 959 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with
 960 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the
 961 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective
 962 prescribing practices.

963 14. The agency may require prior authorization for
 964 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may, but is not
 965 required to, prior-authorize the use of a product:

- 966 a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
- 967 b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
- 968 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse,
 969 or abuse.

970
 971 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide
 972 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence
 973 for the use of a drug. The agency may post prior authorization
 974 criteria and protocol and updates to the list of drugs that are
 975 subject to prior authorization on an Internet website without
 976 amending its rule or engaging in additional rulemaking.

977 15. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and
 978 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior
 979 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may
 980 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet

981 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use
 982 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved
 983 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may
 984 require the prescribing professional to provide information
 985 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use
 986 of a drug.

987 16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior
 988 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the
 989 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug
 990 list must be used within the previous 12 months prior to the
 991 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy
 992 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the
 993 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical
 994 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug
 995 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified
 996 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-
 997 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with
 998 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug
 999 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior
 1000 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the
 1001 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation
 1002 that the product is medically necessary because:

1003 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat
 1004 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical
 1005 alternative;

1006 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment
 1007 of the beneficiary's disease; or

1008 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of

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1009 | the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,
 1010 | or the number of doses have been ineffective.

1011 |
 1012 | The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best
 1013 | alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving
 1014 | the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific
 1015 | drugs in limited clinical situations.

1016 | 17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program
 1017 | for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients,
 1018 | which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the
 1019 | implementation and operation of the program. The return and
 1020 | reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a
 1021 | manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a
 1022 | pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not
 1023 | practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must
 1024 | provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be
 1025 | credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency
 1026 | shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of
 1027 | Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual
 1028 | basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more
 1029 | prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be
 1030 | reused. The agency's conclusion and recommendations shall be
 1031 | reported to the Legislature by December 1, 2005.

1032 | Section 10. Notwithstanding s. 430.707, Florida Statutes,
 1033 | and subject to federal approval of the application to be a site
 1034 | for the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly, the
 1035 | Agency for Health Care Administration shall contract with one
 1036 | private health care organization, the sole member of which is a

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1037 private, not-for-profit corporation that owns and manages health
 1038 care organizations which provide comprehensive long-term care
 1039 services, including nursing home, assisted living, independent
 1040 housing, home care, adult day care, and care management, with a
 1041 board-certified, trained geriatrician as the medical director.
 1042 This organization shall provide these services to frail and
 1043 elderly persons who reside in Palm Beach County. The
 1044 organization shall be exempt from the requirements of chapter
 1045 641, Florida Statutes. The agency, in consultation with the
 1046 Department of Elderly Affairs and subject to an appropriation,
 1047 shall approve up to 150 initial enrollees in the Program of All-
 1048 inclusive Care for the Elderly established by this organization
 1049 to serve elderly persons who reside in Palm Beach County.

1050 Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.