A bill to be entitled

An act relating to water and wastewater utilities; creating s. 367.0819, F.S.; providing for recovery through a surcharge of certain costs relating to water and wastewater system improvement projects; defining a "non-revenue producing project;" requiring utilities to submit surcharge tariffs reflecting the surcharge calculation for recovery of such costs to the Florida Public Service Commission for approval and to provide specified notice of such surcharge tariff filings; providing for the automatic approval of the surcharge tariff within a specified period after filing the surcharge tariff with the commission; requiring the surcharge notice be presented as a separate line item on the customer's bill; specifying a limitation for the surcharge amount; providing requirements for billing, reconciliation, and quarterly adjustment of the surcharge; specifying a limitation for recovery of project costs; providing project eligibility criteria; specifying water and wastewater treatment criteria; providing requirements for notice, maintenance, and availability of certain records; authorizing the commission to review specified projects; providing that surcharges are subject to refund under certain conditions; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 367.0819, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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367.0819 Recovery of costs for system improvement projects.—

- (1) (a) In order to promote utility investment in system improvement projects, the commission shall allow a utility to recover prudently incurred capital costs related to non-revenue producing projects to enhance water quality, fire protection reliability, and long-term system viability through a surcharge collected pursuant to this section. The costs of existing or new facilities to serve new customers are not recoverable through this surcharge.
- (b) For purposes of this section, a "non-revenue producing project" means a project that is not constructed or installed for the purpose of serving a new customer.
- (2) A utility seeking to establish a surcharge pursuant to this section must:
- (a) Submit, for commission approval, the proposed surcharge tariff establishing a formula for the calculation of rates reflecting the surcharge, which rates provide for recovery of depreciation and return on investment for each eligible project. The return on investment for each eligible project must be based on the utility's last authorized pre-tax rate of return. The surcharge must be calculated, applied, and recovered in accordance with the utility's last authorized rate structure. Until the surcharge is reset pursuant to subsection (4)(d), the total cumulative amount of the surcharge revenue recovered by the utility shall not exceed 8 percent of the utility's total annual retail water service revenues, and where applicable, 8 percent of the utility's total annual wastewater service

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revenues, for the preceding calendar year.

- (b) Provide notice by mail of the initial surcharge tariff filing to each customer in the affected service areas and publish notice of the surcharge filing in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected service areas.
- (c) Before implementing a surcharge under this section, the utility shall file a sworn affirmation as to the accuracy of the figures and calculations upon which surcharge or any adjustment thereto is based, stating that the change in rates will not cause the utility to exceed the range of its last authorized rate of return on equity. Whoever makes a false statement in the affirmation required hereunder, which statement he or she does not believe to be true in regard to any material matter, is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (d) If, within 15 months after the filing of a utility's annual report required by s. 367.121, the commission finds that the utility exceeded the range of its last authorized rate of return on equity after the implementation of the surcharge authorized by this section within the year for which the report was filed, the commission may order the utility to refund, with interest, the difference to the ratepayers and adjust rates accordingly. This provision shall not be construed to require a bond or corporate undertaking in order for the utility to implement the surcharge.
- (3) A surcharge tariff submitted by a utility in compliance with the requirements of subsection (2)(a) shall not be subject to s. 367.091 and shall be approved as a matter of right without

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- hearing within 60 days after filing the surcharge tariff with the commission.
- (4) A surcharge established pursuant to this section shall be:
- (a) Presented as a separate line item on the customer's bill and billed in accordance with the billing cycle in the utility's approved tariff. Any changes in the surcharge must be reflected on the first bill the customer receives following the change of the surcharge.
- (b) Revaluated, and if necessary, adjusted, on a quarterly basis to reflect the costs of eligible projects placed into service. The utility shall file the supporting data to increase or reduce the surcharge with the commission for each revaluation along with a sworn affirmation required by subsection (2)(c), and shall contemporaneously deliver copies of the supporting data and the sworn affirmation to the Office of Public Counsel. The surcharge adjustment shall not be subject to s. 367.091 and shall take effect without hearing 45 days after the supporting data and sworn affirmation are filed with the commission and delivered to the Office of Public Counsel.
- (c) Subject to an annual reconciliation of revenues and costs based on a reconciliation period of 12 months, such period to begin on the date the surcharge tariff is approved as a matter of right pursuant to subsection (3). Within 30 days of the end of each reconciliation period, the utility shall file with the commission, and deliver to the Office of Public Counsel, a reconciliation report which shall compare the actual surcharge revenues received and the actual eligible costs

incurred by the utility during the prior period along with the
sworn affirmation required by subsection (2)(c). A
reconciliation report filed in accordance with these
requirements shall be administratively approved by the
commission without hearing within 45 days of filing. The
difference between revenue and costs shall be recovered or
refunded, as appropriate, by the utility without hearing as an
automatic adjustment to the subsequent surcharge calculation.
Revenues in excess of system-improvement costs shall be refunded
with interest to customers pursuant to the commission's rule on
interest for water and wastewater utilities.

- (d) Reset at zero as of the effective date of new base rates that provide for prospective recovery of the costs that had previously been recovered under the surcharge. Thereafter, only the costs of new eligible projects that have not previously been included in the base rate of the utility shall be reflected in the surcharge.
- (5) Recovery of project costs pursuant to this section does not preclude such costs from being included in base rates in subsequent rate proceedings. However, a project cost recovered in base rates may not be recovered through a surcharge established pursuant to this section.
- (6) A project is eligible for recovery of costs through the surcharge if it is:
- (a) Completed and placed into service after the test year upon which base rates were last established by the commission for the utility; and
  - (b) For the construction of non-revenue producing

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improvement projects that are used for the production, treatment, transmission, storage, distribution, or provision of potable or recycled water to the public or for the collection, transportation, or disposal of wastewater for the public. Such projects may include, but are not limited to, water quality improvement projects designed to achieve primary or secondary water standards as determined by the Department of Environmental Protection, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or any other governmental entity having similar regulatory jurisdiction; wastewater quality improvement projects; main, service line, and valve replacement projects; main relining and rehabilitation projects; fire and flushing hydrant installation and replacement projects; main extension to eliminate dead ends; interconnection projects; water, wastewater, and reuse meter installation and replacement projects; wastewater collection, replacement, relining, and rehabilitation projects; and manhole replacement and rehabilitation projects.

- (7) Water and wastewater treatment includes production of any sodium solution, excluding sodium hypochlorite, used in conjunction with the treatment process, but does not include the onsite manufacturing of liquid chlorine or bleach.
- (8) Upon approval of the surcharge tariff, the utility shall maintain and make available for public inspection during normal business hours at each utility location or on the utility's website a detailed schedule for each completed project, including the plant account number and title, the category of the project, the project name and description, the cost of the project in the month of closing, and the month and

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year of closing. Notice of the availability of the schedules for public inspection shall be posted in each office of the utility.

(9) The commission may review the prudence of all projects subject to the surcharge in the utility's next base rate proceeding following the commission's initial approval of the surcharge pursuant to subsection (3). Revenues from such surcharges are subject to refund if the commission subsequently determines that the costs of a project were not prudently incurred or that the project is not used and useful in the public service, and any such refund shall be made pursuant to the commission's rule on refunds for water and wastewater utilities.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.