

RULEMAKING OVERSIGHT & REPEAL SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING

Wednesday, March 27, 2013 10:30 a.m. – 12:30 p.m.

306 House Office Building

ACTION PACKET

Will Weatherford Speaker

John Tobia Chair

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

Summary:

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Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

Wednesday March 27, 2013 10:30 am

HB 7 Favorable		Yeas: 11 Nays: 0
CS/HB 23 Favorable		Yeas: 9 Nays: 2
CS/HB 127 Favorable		Yeas: 10 Nays: 1
CS/HB 667 Favorable With	Committee Substitute	Yeas: 11 Nays: O
Amendment 171619	Adopted Without Objection	
Amendment 509173	Withdrawn	
HB 1165 Temporarily Defer	red	
HB 1225 Favorable With Co	mmittee Substitute	Yeas: 12 Nays: 0
Amendment 630645	Adopted Without Objection	
Amendment 742551	Adopted Without Objection	
PCB RORS 13-01 Favorable		Yeas: 10 Nays: 0

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

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3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

Attendance:

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	Present	Absent	Excused
John Tobia (Chair)	X	<u></u>	
Bruce Antone	X		
Matt Gaetz	x		
Travis Hutson	x		
Dave Kerner	x		
MaryLynn Magar	X		
Jeanette Nuñez	x		
Lake Ray	X		
David Richardson	X		
David Santiago	X		
W. Gregory Steube	x		
Victor Torres, Jr.	· X		
Barbara Watson	x		·
Totals:	13	0	0

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

HB 7 : Water Management Districts

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Bruce Antone	х				
Matt Gaetz	Х				
Travis Hutson	X				
Dave Kerner			X		×
MaryLynn Magar	X				
Jeanette Nuñez	X				
Lake Ray	X				
David Richardson	X				
David Santiago	Х				
W. Gregory Steube			Х		
Victor Torres, Jr.	Х				
Barbara Watson	Х				
John Tobia (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 11	Total Nays: 0)		

Appearances:

Pitts, Brian - Waive In Support Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South S. Petersburg Florida 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

Minnis, Steven (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Suwannee River Water Management District 9225 CR 49 Live Oak FL 32060 Phone: (386)362-1001

Perdue, Tammy (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Associated Industries of Florida 516 N. Adams St. Tallahassee Florida 32301 Phone: 224-7173

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB CS/HB 23 : Public Meetings

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Bruce Antone	x				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Travis Hutson	X				
Dave Kerner			Х		
MaryLynn Magar	X				
Jeanette Nuñez	X				
Lake Ray	X				
David Richardson	X				
David Santiago	X				
W. Gregory Steube			X		
Victor Torres, Jr.	X				
Barbara Watson		Х			
John Tobia (Chair)		Х			
	Total Yeas: 9	Total Nays: 2	2		

Appearances:

Milsted, Charles (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support

AARP 200 West College Avenue Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850)577-5190

Pitts, Brian - Information Only Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South S. Petersburg Florida 33705 Phone: 727-897-9291

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

CS/HB 127 : Meetings of District School Boards

X Favorable

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Bruce Antone	X				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Travis Hutson	X				
Dave Kerner			X		
MaryLynn Magar	X				
Jeanette Nuñez	X				
Lake Ray	X				
David Richardson	X				
David Santiago	X				
W. Gregory Steube			Х		
Victor Torres, Jr.	X				
Barbara Watson	X				
John Tobia (Chair)		Х			
	Total Yeas: 10	Total Nays: 1	L		

Appearances:

Pitts, Brian - Information Only Trustee-Justice-2-Jesus 1119 Newton Avenue South

S. Petersburg Florida 33705

Phone: 727-897-9291

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

CS/HB 667 : Real Estate Brokers and Appraisers

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Bruce Antone	Х				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Travis Hutson	X				
Dave Kerner			Х		
MaryLynn Magar	X				
Jeanette Nuñez	X				
Lake Ray	X	· · ·			
David Richardson	X				
David Santiago	X				
W. Gregory Steube			x		
Victor Torres, Jr.	X				
Barbara Watson	X				
John Tobia (Chair)	Х	·····	•		
	Total Yeas: 11	Total Nays: Ó			

CS/HB 667 Amendments

Amendment 171619

X Adopted Without Objection

Amendment 509173

X Withdrawn

Appearances:

CS/HB 667 Sam Verghese (Lobbyist) (State Employee) - Waive In Support Dept. of Business & Professional Regulation 1940 N. Monroe Street Tallahassee FL Phone: 850-487-4827

Bill No. CS/HB 667 (2013)

Amendment No. 1

 COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION

 ADOPTED
 (Y/N)

 ADOPTED AS AMENDED
 (Y/N)

 ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION
 (Y/N)

 FAILED TO ADOPT
 (Y/N)

 WITHDRAWN
 (Y/N)

 OTHER
 (Y/N)

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Rulemaking Oversight & 1 2 Repeal Subcommittee 3 Representative Porter offered the following: 4 5 Amendment (with title amendment) 6 Remove lines 36-50 7 8 9 10 TITLE AMENDMENT Remove lines 3-7 and insert: 11 12 amending s. 475.215,

171619 - h0667-lines 36-50.doc.docx Published On: 3/26/2013 8:42:51 AM Page 1 of 1

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/HB 667 (2013)

Amendment No. 1

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee Representative Porter offered the following: Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 36-50

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 3-7 and insert:

12 amending s. 475.215,

509173 - h0667-lines 36-50.doc.docx Published On: 3/26/2013 5:23:05 PM Page 1 of 1

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

HB 1165 : Ratification of Rules Implementing Workers' Compensation Law

X Temporarily Deferred

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

HB 1225 : Administrative Procedures

X Favorable With Committee Substitute

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Bruce Antone	Х				
Matt Gaetz	X				
Travis Hutson	X				
Dave Kerner			х		4
MaryLynn Magar	X				
Jeanette Nuñez	X				
Lake Ray	X				
David Richardson	X				
David Santiago	X				
W. Gregory Steube	X				
Victor Torres, Jr.	X				
Barbara Watson	X				
John Tobia (Chair)	X				
	Total Yeas: 12	Total Nays: 0			

HB 1225 Amendments

Amendment 630645

X Adopted Without Objection

Amendment 742551

X Adopted Without Objection

Appearances:

Adams, Leticia (Lobbyist) - Waive In Support Florida Chamber of Commerce 136 S. Bronough St. Tallahassee FL 32301 Phone: (850) 521-1279

Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Rulemaking Oversight &

Repeal Subcommittee

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Representative Adkins offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 23-299 and insert:

Section 1. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (3) of section 57.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

57.111 Civil actions and administrative proceedings initiated by state agencies; attorneys' fees and costs.-

(3) As used in this section:

(d) The term "small business party" means:

13 1.a. A sole proprietor of an unincorporated business, 14 including a professional practice, whose principal office is in 15 this state, who is domiciled in this state, and whose business 16 or professional practice has, at the time the action is 17 initiated by a state agency, not more than 25 full-time 18 employees or a net worth of not more than \$2 million, including 19 both personal and business investments;

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1

b. A partnership or corporation, including a professional
practice, which has its principal office in this state and has
at the time the action is initiated by a state agency not more
than 25 full-time employees or a net worth of not more than \$2
million; or

c. An individual whose net worth did not exceed \$2 million at the time the action is initiated by a state agency when the action is brought against that individual's license to engage in the practice or operation of a business, profession, or trade; or

2. Any small business party as defined in subparagraph 1., without regard to the number of its employees or its net worth, in any action under s. 72.011 or in any administrative proceeding under that section to contest the legality of any assessment of tax imposed for the sale or use of services as provided in chapter 212, or interest thereon, or penalty therefor-; or

37 3. Any small business as defined in s. 288.703(6) in any
 38 administrative proceeding pursuant to chapter 120 and any appeal
 39 thereof.

(e) A proceeding is "substantially justified" if it had a
reasonable basis in law and fact at the time it was initiated by
a state agency. <u>A proceeding is not substantially justified when</u>
<u>the agency action involves identical or substantially similar</u>
<u>facts and circumstances and the specified law, rule or order on</u>
<u>which the party substantially affected by the agency action</u>
petitioned for a declaratory statement under s. 120.565 and:

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 47 1. The agency action contradicts a declaratory statement 48 issued under s. 120.565 to the substantially affected party; or 49 2. The agency denied the petition under s. 120.565 prior to 50 initiating the agency action against the substantially affected 51 party. 52 Section 2. Subsections (18) through (22) of section 53 120.52, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (19) 54 through (23), respectively, and a new subsection (18) is added 55 to that section, to read: 56 120.52 Definitions.-As used in this act: 57 "Small business" has the same meaning as provided in (18)58 s. 288.703. 59 Section 3. Section 120.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to 60 read: 61 120.55 Publication.-The Department of State shall: 62 (1)63 (a)1. Through a continuous revision and publication 64 system, compile and publish electronically, on an Internet website managed by the department, the "Florida Administrative 65 Code." The Florida Administrative Code shall contain all rules 66 67 adopted by each agency, citing the grant of rulemaking authority 68 and the specific law implemented pursuant to which each rule was 69 adopted, all history notes as authorized in s. 120.545(7), 70 complete indexes to all rules contained in the code, and any 71 other material required or authorized by law or deemed useful by 72 the department. The electronic code shall display each rule 73 chapter currently in effect in browse mode and allow full text search of the code and each rule chapter. The department may 74

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1

75 contract with a publishing firm for a printed publication; 76 however, the department shall retain responsibility for the code 77 as provided in this section. The electronic publication shall be 78 the official compilation of the administrative rules of this 79 state. The Department of State shall retain the copyright over 80 the Florida Administrative Code.

2. Rules general in form but applicable to only one school
district, community college district, or county, or a part
thereof, or state university rules relating to internal
personnel or business and finance shall not be published in the
Florida Administrative Code. Exclusion from publication in the
Florida Administrative Code shall not affect the validity or
effectiveness of such rules.

3. At the beginning of the section of the code dealing with an agency that files copies of its rules with the department, the department shall publish the address and telephone number of the executive offices of each agency, the manner by which the agency indexes its rules, a listing of all rules of that agency excluded from publication in the code, and a statement as to where those rules may be inspected.

95 4. Forms shall not be published in the Florida 96 Administrative Code; but any form which an agency uses in its 97 dealings with the public, along with any accompanying instructions, shall be filed with the committee before it is 98 99 used. Any form or instruction which meets the definition of "rule" provided in s. 120.52 shall be incorporated by reference 100 101 into the appropriate rule. The reference shall specifically 102 state that the form is being incorporated by reference and shall

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 103 include the number, title, and effective date of the form and an 104 explanation of how the form may be obtained. Each form created 105 by an agency which is incorporated by reference in a rule notice 106 of which is given under s. 120.54(3)(a) after December 31, 2007, 107 must clearly display the number, title, and effective date of 108 the form and the number of the rule in which the form is 109 incorporated.

The department shall allow adopted rules and material 110 5. 111 incorporated by reference to be filed in electronic form as prescribed by department rule. When a rule is filed for adoption 112 113 with incorporated material in electronic form, the department's 114 publication of the Florida Administrative Code on its Internet 115 website must contain a hyperlink from the incorporating 116 reference in the rule directly to that material. The department may not allow hyperlinks from rules in the Florida 117 118 Administrative Code to any material other than that filed with 119 and maintained by the department, but may allow hyperlinks to 120 incorporated material maintained by the department from the 121 adopting agency's website or other sites.

(b) Electronically publish on an Internet website managed by the department a continuous revision and publication entitled the "Florida Administrative Register," which shall serve as the official publication and must contain:

All notices required by ss. <u>120.54(2)</u> and <u>120.54(3)(a)</u>,
 showing the text of all rules proposed for consideration.

128 2. All notices of public meetings, hearings, and workshops
129 conducted in accordance with s. 120.525, including a statement
130 of the manner in which a copy of the agenda may be obtained.

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 131 A notice of each request for authorization to amend or 3. 132 repeal an existing uniform rule or for the adoption of new uniform rules. .133 4. 134 Notice of petitions for declaratory statements or 135 administrative determinations. 5. 136 A summary of each objection to any rule filed by the 137 Administrative Procedures Committee. 138 6. A listing of rules filed for adoption in the previous 7 calendar days. 139 140 7. A listing of all rules filed for adoption pending 141 legislative ratification under s. 120.541(3) until notice is 142 received of ratification or withdrawal of such rule. 143 8. Any other material required or authorized by law or 144 deemed useful by the department. 145 146 The department may contract with a publishing firm for a printed 147 publication of the Florida Administrative Register and make copies available on an annual subscription basis. 148 (c) Prescribe by rule the style and form required for 149 150 rules, notices, and other materials submitted for filing. 151 (d) Charge each agency using the Florida Administrative 152 Register a space rate to cover the costs related to the Florida 153 Administrative Register and the Florida Administrative Code. 154 (e) Maintain a permanent record of all notices published 155 in the Florida Administrative Register. 156 The Florida Administrative Register Internet website (2)must allow users to: 157 742551 - h1225-lines 23.doc.docx Published On: 3/26/2013 5:16:52 PM Page 6 of 30

Amendment No. 1

Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

(a) Search for notices by type, publication date, rulenumber, word, subject, and agency.

(b) Search a database that makes available all noticespublished on the website for a period of at least 5 years.

(c) Subscribe to an automated e-mail notification of selected notices to be sent out before or concurrently with publication of the electronic Florida Administrative Register. Such notification must include in the text of the e-mail a summary of the content of each notice.

(d) View agency forms and other materials submitted to the
department in electronic form and incorporated by reference in
proposed rules.

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(e) Comment on proposed rules.

(3) Publication of material required by paragraph (1)(b)
on the Florida Administrative Register Internet website does not
preclude publication of such material on an agency's website or
by other means.

(4) Each agency shall provide copies of its rules upon
request, with citations to the grant of rulemaking authority and
the specific law implemented for each rule.

(5) Each agency that provides an e-mail alert service to
inform licensees or other registered recipients of important
notices, shall use such service to notify recipients of each
notice required under ss. 120.54(2) and 120.54(3)(a), including
but not limited to notice of rule development, notice of
proposed rules, and notice of filing rules for adoption, and
provide internet links to the appropriate rule page on the

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 185 <u>Secretary of State website, or internet links to an agency</u> 186 <u>website that contains the proposed rule or final rule.</u>

187 (6) Any publication of a proposed rule promulgated by an 188 agency, whether published in the Florida Administrative Register 189 or elsewhere, shall include, along with the rule, the name of 190 the person or persons originating such rule, the name of the 191 agency head who approved the rule, and the date upon which the 192 rule was approved.

193 (<u>67</u>) Access to the Florida Administrative Register
194 Internet website and its contents, including the e-mail
195 notification service, shall be free for the public.

(78)(a) All fees and moneys collected by the Department of
State under this chapter shall be deposited in the Records
Management Trust Fund for the purpose of paying for costs
incurred by the department in carrying out this chapter.

(b) The unencumbered balance in the Records Management
Trust Fund for fees collected pursuant to this chapter may not
exceed \$300,000 at the beginning of each fiscal year, and any
excess shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.

204 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) 205 of subsection (2), and subsection (4) of section 120.56, Florida 206 Statutes, are amended to read:

207

120.56 Challenges to rules.-

208 (1) GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR CHALLENGING THE VALIDITY OF A
 209 RULE OR A PROPOSED RULE.—

(b) The petition <u>challenging the validity of a proposed or</u>
 adopted rule or an agency statement defined as a rule under this

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

212 section seeking an administrative determination must state with 213 particularity:

the provisions alleged to be invalid and a statement 1. 215 with sufficient explanation of the facts establishing a prima 216 facie case of or grounds for the alleged invalidity; and

217 2. **f**Facts sufficient to show that the petitioner person 218 challenging a rule is substantially affected by the challenged 219 adopted rule or agency statement defined as a rule it, or that 220 the person challenging a proposed rule would be substantially 221 affected by the proposed ruleit.

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Amendment No. 1

CHALLENGING PROPOSED RULES; SPECIAL PROVISIONS .-(2)

· 223 A substantially affected person may seek an (a) 224 administrative determination of the invalidity of a proposed 225 rule by filing a petition seeking such a determination with the 226 division within 21 days after the date of publication of the 227 notice required by s. 120.54(3)(a); within 10 days after the 228 final public hearing is held on the proposed rule as provided by 229 s. 120.54(3)(e)2.; within 20 days after the statement of 230 estimated regulatory costs or revised statement of estimated 231 regulatory costs, if applicable, has been prepared and made 232 available as provided in s. 120.541(1)(d); or within 20 days 233 after the date of publication of the notice required by s. 234 120.54(3)(d). The petition must state with particularity the 235 objections to the proposed rule and the reasons that the 236 proposed rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority. The petitioner has the burden of presenting a prima 237 238 facie case demonstrating the invalidity of the proposed 239 rulegoing forward. The agency then has the burden to prove by a

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Amendment No. 1

Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

240 preponderance of the evidence that the proposed rule is not an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority as to the 241 242 objections raised. A person who is substantially affected by a 243 change in the proposed rule may seek a determination of the 244 validity of such change. A person who is not substantially 245 affected by the proposed rule as initially noticed, but who is 246 substantially affected by the rule as a result of a change, may challenge any provision of the resulting rule and is not limited 247 248 to challenging the change to the proposed rule.

249 (4) CHALLENGING AGENCY STATEMENTS DEFINED AS <u>UNADOPTED</u>
 250 RULES; SPECIAL PROVISIONS.—

251 (a) Any person substantially affected by an agency 252 statement that is an unadopted rule may seek an administrative 253 determination that the statement violates s. 120.54(1)(a). The 254 petition shall include the text of the statement or a 255 description of the statement and shall state with particularity 256 facts sufficient to show that the statement constitutes an 257 unadopted rule under s. 120.52 and that the agency has not 258 adopted the statement by the rulemaking procedure provided by s. 259 120.54.

260 (b) The administrative law judge may extend the hearing 261 date beyond 30 days after assignment of the case for good cause. 262 Upon notification to the administrative law judge provided 263 before the final hearing that the agency has published a notice of rulemaking under s. 120.54(3), such notice shall 264 265 automatically operate as a stay of proceedings pending adoption 266 of the statement as a rule. The administrative law judge may 267 vacate the stay for good cause shown. A stay of proceedings

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Amendment No. 1

Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

268 pending rulemaking shall remain in effect so long as the agency 269 is proceeding expeditiously and in good faith to adopt the 270 statement as a rule. If a hearing is held and the petitioner 271 proves the allegations of the petition, the agency shall have 272 the burden of proving

(c) The petitioner has the burden of presenting a prima
facie case demonstrating the agency statement constitutes an
unadopted rule. The agency then has the burden to prove by a
preponderance of the evidence that the statement does not meet
the definition of an unadopted rule, the statement was adopted
as a rule in compliance with s. 120.54, or that rulemaking is
not feasible or not practicable under s. 120.54(1)(a).

(ed) The administrative law judge may determine whether
all or part of a statement violates s. 120.54(1)(a). The
decision of the administrative law judge shall constitute a
final order. The division shall transmit a copy of the final
order to the Department of State and the committee. The
Department of State shall publish notice of the final order in
the first available issue of the Florida Administrative Weekly.

(de) If an administrative law judge enters a final order that all or part of an <u>unadopted rule agency statement</u> violates s. 120.54(1)(a), the agency must immediately discontinue all reliance upon the <u>unadopted rule statement</u> or any substantially similar statement as a basis for agency action.

(ef) If proposed rules addressing the challenged <u>unadopted</u> rule statement are determined to be an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority as defined in s. 120.52(8)(b)-(f), the agency must immediately discontinue reliance on the

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 unadopted rule statement and any substantially similar statement 296 297 until rules addressing the subject are properly adopted, and the administrative law judge shall enter a final order to that 298 299 effect. 300 All proceedings to determine a violation of s. (£q) 301 120.54(1)(a) shall be brought pursuant to this subsection. A 302 proceeding pursuant to this subsection may be consolidated with 303 a proceeding under subsection (3) or under any other section of this chapter. This paragraph does not prevent a party whose 304 substantial interests have been determined by an agency action 305 306 from bringing a proceeding pursuant to s. 120.57(1)(e). 307 Section 5. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 308 120.569, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 309 120.569 Decisions which affect substantial interests.-310 (2)311 (1)Unless the time period is waived or extended with the 312 consent of all parties, the final order in a proceeding which 313 affects substantial interests must be in writing and include 314 findings of fact, if any, and conclusions of law separately 315 stated, and it must be rendered within 90 days: 316 1. After the hearing is concluded, if conducted by the 317 agency; 318 2. After a recommended order is submitted to the agency 319 and mailed to all parties, if the hearing is conducted by an 320 administrative law judge, provided that, at the election of the 321 agency, the time for rendering the final order may be extended 322 until 10 days after entry of final judgment on any appeal from a final order under s. 120.57(1)(e)5.; or 323

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

324 3. After the agency has received the written and oral 325 material it has authorized to be submitted, if there has been no 326 hearing.

327 Section 6. Paragraphs (e) and (h) of subsection (1) and 328 subsection (2) of section 120.57, Florida Statutes, are amended 329 to read:

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Amendment No. 1

120.57 Additional procedures for particular cases.-

331 (1) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO HEARINGS INVOLVING
 332 DISPUTED ISSUES OF MATERIAL FACT.—

(e)1. An agency or an administrative law judge may not 333 334 base agency action that determines the substantial interests of a party on an unadopted rule or a rule that is an invalid 335 exercise of delegated legislative authority. The administrative 336 337 law judge shall determine whether an agency statement 338 constitutes an unadopted rule. This subparagraph does not 339 preclude application of valid adopted rules and applicable 340 provisions of law to the facts.

341 In a matter initiated by agency action proposing to 2. determine the substantive interests of a party, the party's 342 343 timely petition for hearing may challenge the proposed agency 344 action as based on a rule that is an invalid exercise of 345 delegated legislative authority or based on an unadopted rule. 346 For challenges brought under this subsection: 347 a. The challenge shall be pled as a defense with the 348 particularity required in s. 120.56(1)(b); 349 b. Paragraph 120.56(3)(a) applies to a challenge alleging a

350

rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority;

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1

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c. Paragraph 120.56(4)(c) applies to a challenge alleging an unadopted rule.

353 d. The agency shall have 15 days from the date of receiving 354 a challenge under this paragraph to serve the challenging party 355 a notice that the agency will continue to rely upon the rule or 356 the alleged unadopted rule as a basis for the action determining 357 the party's substantive interests. Failure to timely serve the 358 notice shall constitute a binding stipulation that the agency 359 shall not rely upon the rule or unadopted rule further in the 360 proceeding. The agency shall include a copy of this notice with the referral of the matter to the division under s. 361 362 120.569(2)(a).

e. Nothing in this subparagraph precludes the consolidation
 of any proceeding under s. 120.56 with any proceeding under this
 paragraph.

366 3. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., if an agency 367 demonstrates that the statute being implemented directs it to 368 adopt rules, that the agency has not had time to adopt those 369 rules because the requirement was so recently enacted, and that 370 the agency has initiated rulemaking and is proceeding 371 expeditiously and in good faith to adopt the required rules, 372 then the agency's action may be based upon those unadopted rules 373 if, subject to de nove review by the administrative law judge determines rulemaking is neither feasible nor practicable and 374 375 the unadopted rules would not constitute an invalid exercise of 376 delegated legislative authority if adopted as rules. The agency 377 action An unadopted rule shall not be presumed valid or invalid. The agency must demonstrate that the unadopted rule: 378

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Amendment No. 1 379 Is within the powers, functions, and duties delegated a. 380 by the Legislature or, if the agency is operating pursuant to 381 authority vested in the agency by derived from the State Constitution, is within that authority; 382 383 b. Does not enlarge, modify, or contravene the specific 384 provisions of law implemented; 385 с. Is not vague, establishes adequate standards for agency 386 decisions, or does not vest unbridled discretion in the agency; d. 387 Is not arbitrary or capricious. A rule is arbitrary if 388 it is not supported by logic or the necessary facts; a rule is 389 capricious if it is adopted without thought or reason or is 390 irrational; 391 Is not being applied to the substantially affected e. 392 party without due notice; and 393 f. Does not impose excessive regulatory costs on the 394 regulated person, county, or city. 395 4. The administrative law judge shall determine under 396 subparagraph 2. whether a rule is an invalid exercise of 397 delegated legislative authority or an agency statement 398 constitutes an unadopted rule and shall determine whether an 399 unadopted rule meets the requirements of subparagraph 3. The 400 determination shall be rendered as a separate final order no earlier than the date the administrative law judge serves the 401 402 recommended order. 403 35. The recommended and final orders in any proceeding 404 shall be governed by the provisions of paragraphs (k) and (l), 405 except that the administrative law judge's determination 406 regarding an unadopted rule under subparagraph 4 1. or

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Amendment No. 1

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407 subparagraph 2. shall be included as a conclusion of law that 408 the agency shall not reject not be rejected by the agency unless 409 the agency first determines from a review of the complete 410 record, and states with particularity in the order, that such 411 determination is clearly erroneous or does not comply with essential requirements of law. In any proceeding for review 412 413 under s. 120.68, if the court finds that the agency's rejection of the determination regarding the unadopted rule does not 414 415 comport with the provisions of this subparagraph, the agency 416 action shall be set aside and the court shall award to the 417 prevailing party the reasonable costs and a reasonable attorney's fee for the initial proceeding and the proceeding for 418 419 review.

420 (h) Any party to a proceeding in which an administrative 421 law judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings has final 422 order authority may move for a summary final order when there is 423 no genuine issue as to any material fact. A summary final order 424 shall be rendered if the administrative law judge determines 425 from the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and 426 admissions on file, together with affidavits, if any, that no 427 genuine issue as to any material fact exists and that the moving 428 party is entitled as a matter of law to the entry of a final 429 order. A summary final order shall consist of findings of fact, if any, conclusions of law, a disposition or penalty, if 430 431 applicable, and any other information required by law to be 432 contained in the final order. This paragraph shall not apply to proceedings authorized by paragraph (e). 433

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

434 (2) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO HEARINGS NOT
435 INVOLVING DISPUTED ISSUES OF MATERIAL FACT.-In any case to which
436 subsection (1) does not apply:

437

(a) The agency shall:

Amendment No. 1

438 1. Give reasonable notice to affected persons of the 439 action of the agency, whether proposed or already taken, or of 440 its decision to refuse action, together with a summary of the 441 factual, legal, and policy grounds therefor.

442 2. Give parties or their counsel the option, at a 443 convenient time and place, to present to the agency or hearing 444 officer written or oral evidence in opposition to the action of 445 the agency or to its refusal to act, or a written statement 446 challenging the grounds upon which the agency has chosen to 447 justify its action or inaction.

148 3. If the objections of the parties are overruled, provide449 a written explanation within 7 days.

An agency may not base agency action that determines 450 (b) 451 the substantial interests of a party on an unadopted rule or a rule that is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative 452 authority. No later than the date provided by the agency under 453 454 subparagraph (a)2. for presenting material in opposition to the 455 agency's proposed action or refusal to act, the party may file a 456 petition under s. 120.56 challenging the rule, portion of rule, 457 or the unadopted rule on which the agency bases its proposed 458 action or refusal to act. The filing of a challenge under s. 459 120.56 pursuant to this paragraph shall stay all proceedings on 460 the agency's proposed action or refusal to act until entry of 461 the final order by the administrative law judge, which shall

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	Amendment No. 1
462	provide additional notice that the stay of the pending agency
463	action is terminated and any further stay pending appeal of the
•464	final order must be sought from the appellate court.
465	(c) The record shall only consist of:
466	1. The notice and summary of grounds.
467	2. Evidence received.
468	3. All written statements submitted.
469	4. Any decision overruling objections.
470	5. All matters placed on the record after an ex parte
.471	communication.
472	6. The official transcript.
473	7. Any decision, opinion, order, or report by the
474	presiding officer.
475	Section 7. Section 120.573, Florida Statutes, is amended
476	to read:
477	120.573 Mediation of disputes
478	(1) Each announcement of an agency action that affects
479	substantial interests shall advise whether mediation of the
480	administrative dispute for the type of agency action announced
481	is available and that choosing mediation does not affect the
482	right to an administrative hearing. If the agency and all
483	parties to the administrative action agree to mediation, in
484	writing, within 10 days after the time period stated in the
485	announcement for election of an administrative remedy under ss.
486	120.569 and 120.57, the time limitations imposed by ss. 120.569
487	and 120.57 shall be tolled to allow the agency and parties to
488	mediate the administrative dispute. The mediation shall be
489	concluded within 60 days of such agreement unless otherwise

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490 agreed by the parties. The mediation agreement shall include 491 provisions for mediator selection, the allocation of costs and 492 fees associated with mediation, and the mediating parties' 493 understanding regarding the confidentiality of discussions and 494 documents introduced during mediation. If mediation results in 495 settlement of the administrative dispute, the agency shall enter 496 a final order incorporating the agreement of the parties. If 497 mediation terminates without settlement of the dispute, the 498 agency shall notify the parties in writing that the 499 administrative hearing processes under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 500 are resumed.

501 (2) Any party to a proceeding conducted pursuant to a
502 petition seeking an administrative determination of the
503 invalidity of an existing rule, proposed rule, or unadopted
504 agency statement under s. 120.56 or a proceeding conducted
505 pursuant to a petition seeking a declaratory statement under s.
506 120.565 may request mediation of the dispute under this section.

507 Section 8. Section 120.595, Florida Statutes, is amended 508 to read:

120.595 Attorney's fees.-

509

510 (1) CHALLENGES TO AGENCY ACTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 511 120.57(1).-

(a) The provisions of this subsection are supplemental to,
and do not abrogate, other provisions allowing the award of fees
or costs in administrative proceedings.

(b) The final order in a proceeding pursuant to s.
516 120.57(1) shall award reasonable costs and a-reasonable
517 attorney's fees to the prevailing party if the administrative

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

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Amendment No. 1 518 law judge determines only where the nonprevailing adverse party 519 has been determined by the administrative law judge to have 520 participated in the proceeding for an improper purpose. 521 1.(c) Other than as provided below in paragraph (1)(d), 522 \pm in proceedings pursuant to s. 120.57(1), and upon motion, the 523 administrative law judge shall determine whether any party 524 participated in the proceeding for an improper purpose as 525 defined by this subsection. In making such determination, the administrative law judge shall consider whether tThe 526 527 nonprevailing adverse party shall be presumed to have 528 participated in the pending proceeding for an improper purpose 529 if: a. Such party was an adverse party has participated in two 530 or more other such proceedings involving the same prevailing 531 532 party and the same subject; project as an adverse party and 533 b. iIn those which such two or more proceedings the 534 nonprevailing adverse party did not establish either the factual or legal merits of its position; , and shall consider 535 536 c. *Whether the factual or legal position asserted in the 537 pending instant proceeding would have been cognizable in the previous proceedings; and. In such event, it shall be rebuttably 538 539 presumed that the nonprevailing adverse party participated in 540 the pending proceeding for an improper purpose 541 d. The nonprevailing adverse party has not rebutted the 542 presumption of participating in the pending proceeding for an 543 improper purpose. 544 2. (d) In any proceeding in which the administrative law 545 judge determines that If a party is determined to have 742551 - h1225-lines 23.doc.docx

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 546 participated in the proceeding for an improper purpose, the 547 recommended order shall <u>include such findings of fact and</u> 548 <u>conclusions of law to establish the conclusion so designate</u> and 549 shall determine the award of costs and attorney's fees. 550 (ec) For the purpose of this subsection:

1. "Improper purpose" means participation in a proceeding pursuant to s. 120.57(1) primarily to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or for frivolous purpose or to needlessly increase the cost of litigation, licensing, or securing the approval of an activity.

556 2. "Costs" has the same meaning as the costs allowed in 557 civil actions in this state as provided in chapter 57.

558 3. "Nonprevailing adverse party" means a party that has 559 failed to have substantially changed the outcome of the proposed 560 or final agency action which is the subject of a proceeding. In 561 the event that a proceeding results in any substantial 562 modification or condition intended to resolve the matters raised 563 in a party's petition, it shall be determined that the party 564 having raised the issue addressed is not a nonprevailing adverse 565 party. The recommended order shall state whether the change is 566 substantial for purposes of this subsection. In no event shall 567 the term "nonprevailing party" or "prevailing party" be deemed 568 to include any party that has intervened in a previously existing proceeding to support the position of an agency. 569

570 (d) For challenges brought under s. 120.57(1)(e), if the 571 appellate court or the administrative law judge declares a rule 572 or portion of a rule to be invalid or that the agency statement 573 is an unadopted rule which does not meet the requirements of s.

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 120.57(1)(e)4., a judgment or order shall be rendered against 574 575 the agency for reasonable costs and reasonable attorney's fees, 576 unless the agency demonstrates that special circumstances exist 577 which would make the award unjust. Reasonable costs and 578 reasonable attorney fees shall be awarded only for the period 579 beginning 15 days following the receipt of the petition for hearing challenging the rule or unadopted rule. If the agency 580 581 prevails in the proceedings, the appellate court or 582 administrative law judge shall award reasonable costs and 583 reasonable attorney fees against a party if the appellate court 584 or administrative law judge determines that a party participated 585 in the proceedings for an improper purpose as defined by 586 paragraph (1)(c). An award of attorney fees as provided by this 587 subsection shall not exceed \$50,000.

588 (2)CHALLENGES TO PROPOSED AGENCY RULES PURSUANT TO 589 SECTION 120.56(2).-If the appellate court or administrative law 590 judge declares a proposed rule or portion of a proposed rule 591 invalid pursuant to s. 120.56(2), a judgment or order shall be 592 rendered against the agency for reasonable costs and reasonable 593 attorney's fees, unless the agency demonstrates that its actions 594 were substantially justified or special circumstances exist 595 which would make the award unjust. An agency's actions are 596 "substantially justified" if there was a reasonable basis in law 597 and fact at the time the actions were taken by the agency. If the agency prevails in the proceedings, the appellate court or 598 599 administrative law judge shall award reasonable costs and reasonable attorney's fees against a party if the appellate 600 601 court or administrative law judge determines that a party

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participated in the proceedings for an improper purpose as
defined by paragraph (1) (ec). No An award of attorney's fees as
provided by this subsection shall not exceed \$50,000.

CHALLENGES TO EXISTING AGENCY RULES PURSUANT TO 605 (3)606 SECTION 120.56(3) AND (5).-If the appellate court or 607 administrative law judge declares a rule or portion of a rule 608 invalid pursuant to s. 120.56(3) or (5), a judgment or order 609 shall be rendered against the agency for reasonable costs and 610 reasonable attorney's fees, unless the agency demonstrates that 611 its actions were substantially justified or special 612 circumstances exist which would make the award unjust. An agency's actions are "substantially justified" if there was a 613 614 reasonable basis in law and fact at the time the actions were 615 taken by the agency. If the agency prevails in the proceedings, 516 the appellate court or administrative law judge shall award 617 reasonable costs and reasonable attorney's fees against a party 618 if the appellate court or administrative law judge determines 619 that a party participated in the proceedings for an improper 620 purpose as defined by paragraph (1)(ec). No-An award of 621 attorney's fees as provided by this subsection shall exceed 622 \$50,000.

623 (4) CHALLENGES TO AGENCY ACTION UNADOPTED RULES PURSUANT
624 TO SECTION 120.56(4).-

(a) If the appellate court or administrative law judge
determines that all or part of an agency statement unadopted
<u>rule</u> violates s. 120.54(1)(a), or that the agency must
immediately discontinue reliance on the statement unadopted rule
and any substantially similar statement pursuant to s.

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630 120.56(4)(e), a judgment or order shall be entered against the 631 agency for reasonable costs and reasonable attorney's fees, 632 unless the agency demonstrates that the statement is required by 633 the Federal Government to implement or retain a delegated or 634 approved program or to meet a condition to receipt of federal 635 funds.

636 (b) Upon notification to the administrative law judge 637 provided before the final hearing that the agency has published a notice of rulemaking under s. 120.54(3)(a), such notice shall 638 automatically operate as a stay of proceedings pending 639 640 rulemaking. The administrative law judge may vacate the stay for 641 good cause shown. A stay of proceedings under this paragraph 642 remains in effect so long as the agency is proceeding 643 expeditiously and in good faith to adopt the statement as a 644 rule. The administrative law judge shall award reasonable costs 645 and reasonable attorney's fees incurred accrued by the 646 petitioner before prior to the date the notice was published, 647 unless the agency proves to the administrative law judge that it 648 did not know and should not have known that the statement was an 649 unadopted rule. Attorneys' fees and costs under this paragraph 650 and paragraph (a) shall be awarded only upon a finding that the 651 agency received notice that the statement may constitute an 652 unadopted rule at least 30 days before a petition under s. 653 120.56(4) was filed and that the agency failed to publish the 654 required notice of rulemaking pursuant to s. 120.54(3) that 655 addresses the statement within that 30-day period. Notice to the 656 agency may be satisfied by its receipt of a copy of the s. 657 120.56(4) petition, a notice or other paper containing

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substantially the same information, or a petition filed pursuant
to s. 120.54(7). An award of attorney's fees as provided by this
paragraph may not exceed \$50,000.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 284, an
award shall be paid from the budget entity of the secretary,
executive director, or equivalent administrative officer of the
agency, and the agency <u>is shall</u> not be entitled to payment of an
award or reimbursement for payment of an award under any
provision of law.

667 (d) If the agency prevails in the proceedings, the 668 appellate court or administrative law judge shall award 669 reasonable costs and attorney's fees against a party if the 670 appellate court or administrative law judge determines that the 671 party participated in the proceedings for an improper purpose as 572 defined in paragraph (1) (ec) or that the party or the party's 673 attorney knew or should have known that a claim was not 674 supported by the material facts necessary to establish the claim 675 or would not be supported by the application of then-existing 676 law to those material facts.

677 APPEALS.-When there is an appeal, the court in its (5) discretion may award reasonable attorney's fees and reasonable 678 679 costs to the prevailing party if the court finds that the appeal 680 was frivolous, meritless, or an abuse of the appellate process, or that the agency action which precipitated the appeal was a 681 682 gross abuse of the agency's discretion. Upon review of agency 683 action that precipitates an appeal, if the court finds that the 684 agency improperly rejected or modified findings of fact in a 685 recommended order, the court shall award reasonable attorney's

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Amendment No. 1 fees and reasonable costs to a prevailing appellant for the 686 687 administrative proceeding and the appellate proceeding. NOTICE OF INVALIDITY. A party failing to serve a 688 (6)Notice of Invalidity under this subsection shall not be entitled 689 690 to an award of reasonable costs and attorney fees under this 691 section except as provided in paragraph (d). 692 (a) Prior to filing a petition challenging the validity of a proposed rule under s. 120.56(2), an adopted rule under s. 693 694 120.56(3), or an agency statement defined as an unadopted rule under s. 120.56(4), the substantially affected person shall 695 696 serve the agency head with notice of the proposed challenge. The 697 notice shall identify the proposed or adopted rule or the 698 unadopted rule the person proposes to challenge and a brief explanation of the basis for that challenge. The notice shall be 699 700 received by the agency head no later than 5 days prior to the 701 filing of a petition under s. 120.56(2), and no later than 30 702 days prior to the filing of a petition under s. 120.56(3) or s. 703 120.56(4). 704 (b) Reasonable costs and reasonable attorney fees shall be 705 awarded only for the period beginning after the date the agency 706 head receives the Notice of Invalidity under paragraph (a). 707 (c) Within the time limits specified in paragraph (a), if 708 the agency provides the substantially affected person with 709 written notice that the agency will not adopt the proposed rule 710 or will not rely upon the adopted rule or the agency statement defined as an unadopted rule until after the agency has complied 711 712 with the requirements of s. 120.54 to amend the proposed rule or 713 the adopted rule or adopt the unadopted rule, such written

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714 notice shall constitute a special circumstance under this 715 section.

716

717

(d) This subsection does not apply to defenses raised and challenges authorized by s. 120.57(1)(e) or s. 120.57(2)(b).

718 <u>(7)</u> OTHER SECTIONS NOT AFFECTED.—Other provisions, 719 including ss. 57.105 and 57.111, authorize the award of 720 attorney's fees and costs in administrative proceedings. Nothing 721 in this section shall affect the availability of attorney's fees 722 and costs as provided in those sections.

723Section 9.Subsections (1), (2), and (9) of section724120.68, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

725

120.68 Judicial review.-

(1) (a) A party who is adversely affected by final agency
 727 action is entitled to judicial review.

(b) A preliminary, procedural, or intermediate order of the agency or of an administrative law judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings, or a final order under s. <u>120.57(1)(e)4.</u>, is immediately reviewable if review of the final agency decision would not provide an adequate remedy.

(2) (a) Judicial review shall be sought in the appellate
district where the agency maintains its headquarters or where a
party resides or as otherwise provided by law.

(b) All proceedings shall be instituted by filing a notice of appeal or petition for review in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure within 30 days after the <u>date that</u> rendition of the order being appealed was filed with the agency clerk. Such time is hereby extended for any party ten days from receipt by such party of the notice of the order if such notice

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742 <u>is received after the 25th day from the filing of the order</u>. If 743 the appeal is of an order rendered in a proceeding initiated 744 under s. 120.56, <u>or a final order under s. 120.57(1)(e)4.</u>, the 745 agency whose rule is being challenged shall transmit a copy of 746 the notice of appeal to the committee.

747 When proceedings under this chapter are consolidated (bc) 748 for final hearing and the parties to the consolidated proceeding 749 seek review of final or interlocutory orders in more than one 750 district court of appeal, the courts of appeal are authorized to 751 transfer and consolidate the review proceedings. The court may 752 transfer such appellate proceedings on its own motion, upon 753 motion of a party to one of the appellate proceedings, or by 754 stipulation of the parties to the appellate proceedings. In 755 determining whether to transfer a proceeding, the court may 756 consider such factors as the interrelationship of the parties 757 and the proceedings, the desirability of avoiding inconsistent 7,58 results in related matters, judicial economy, and the burden on 759 the parties of reproducing the record for use in multiple 760 appellate courts.

761 No petition challenging an agency rule as an invalid (9) exercise of delegated legislative authority shall be instituted 762 763 pursuant to this section, except to review an order entered 764 pursuant to a proceeding under s. 120.56, under s. 120.57(1)(e)5., or under s. 120.57(2)(b), or an agency's 765 766 findings of immediate danger, necessity, and procedural fairness 767 prerequisite to the adoption of an emergency rule pursuant to s. 120.54(4), unless the sole issue presented by the petition is 768

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769	Amendment No. 1 the constitutionality of a rule and there are no disputed issues
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
770	of fact.
771	
772	
773	
774	
775	TITLE AMENDMENT
776	Between lines 2 and 3, insert:
777	s. 57.111, F.S.; providing an additional definition of small
778	business; describing when a proceeding is not substantially
779	justified for purposes of an award under the Florida Equal
780	Access to Justice Act; amending
781	
782	Remove lines 5-14 and insert:
/83	120.55, F.S.; providing for publication of notices of rule
784	development and of rules filed for adoption; providing
785	additional notice of rule development, proposals and adoptions;
786	amending s. 120.56, F.S.; providing that the petitioner
787	challenging a proposed rule or unadopted has the burden of
788	establishing a prima facie case; amending s. 120.569, F.S.;
789	providing for extension of time to render final agency action in
790	certain circumstances; amending s. 120.57, F.S.; conforming
791	proceedings opposing agency action based on an invalid rule or
792	unadopted rule to proceedings for challenging rules; requiring
793	notice whether the agency will rely on the challenged rule or
794	unadopted rule; providing for the administrative law judge to
795	make certain findings and enter final order on the validity of
796	the rule or the use of unadopted rule; providing for stay of

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Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment No. 1 797 proceedings not involving disputed issues of fact on timely 798 filing of rule challenge; amending s. 120.573, F.S.; authorizing 799 any party to request mediation of rule challenge and declaratory 800 statement proceedings; amending s. 120.595, F.S.; providing for 801 an award of attorney fees and costs in challenges brought under 802 s. 120.57(1)(e), F.S.; removing certain exceptions from 803 requirements that attorney fees and costs be rendered against 804 the agency in proceedings in which the petitioner prevails in a 805 rule challenge; requiring service of notice of invalidity to 806 agency prior to bringing rule challenge as condition precedent 807 for award of attorney fees and costs; amending s. 120.68, F.S.; 808 providing for appellate review of orders rendered in challenges 809 to rules or unadopted rules under s. 120.57, F.S.;

810

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Amendment No. 1a

1 2

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	Y/N)
Adopted W/O objection \sim	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3 Representative Gaetz offered the following:

4 5 Amendment to Amendment (1) by Representative Adkins (with title amendment) 6 7 Between lines 717 and 718 of the amendment, insert: 8 DETERMINATION OF RECOVERABLE FEES AND COSTS.-For the (7) purposes of this chapter, s. 57.105(5), and s. 57.111, in 9 10 addition to an award of attorney fees and costs, the prevailing party shall also recover attorney fees and costs incurred in 11 litigating entitlement to, and the determination or 12 13 quantification of, attorney fees and costs for the underlying matter. Attorney fees and costs awarded for litigating 14 15 entitlement to, and the determination or quantification of, 16 attorney fees and costs for the underlying matter shall not be 17 subject to the limitations on amounts set out in this chapter or 18 s. 57.111. 19 20 630645 - h1225-lines 717.doc.docx Published On: 3/26/2013 5:19:37 PM Page 1 of 2



Bill No. HB 1225 (2013)

Amendment	No.	1a
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	Amendment No. la				
21					
22					
23	TITLE AMENDMENT				
24	Remove line 807 of the amendment and insert:				
25	for award of attorney fees and costs; providing for award of				
26	additional attorney fees and costs for litigating entitlement to				
27	and amount of attorney fees and costs in administrative actions				
28	and that such awards of additional fees and costs are not				
29	subject to certain statutory limits; amending s. 120.68, F.S.;				
30					
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COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

PCB RORS 13-01 : AHCA Administrative Authority

X Favorable

ţ,

	Yea	Nay	No Vote	Absentee Yea	Absentee Nay
Bruce Antone	X				
Matt Gaetz	······································		Х		
Travis Hutson	X				
Dave Kerner			х		
MaryLynn Magar	Х				
Jeanette Nuñez	Х			•	
Lake Ray	Х				
David Richardson	X		-		
David Santiago	X				
W. Gregory Steube			х		
Victor Torres, Jr.	X				
Barbara Watson 🧳	Х				
John Tobia (Chair)	Х				
	Total Yeas: 10	Total Nays: 0)	- -	

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

COMMITTEE MEETING REPORT

Rulemaking Oversight & Repeal Subcommittee

3/27/2013 10:30:00AM

Location: 306 HOB

Presentation/Workshop/Other Business Appearances:

Anderson, Susan (Lobbyist) - Information Only Department of Elder Affairs, Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program 4040 Esplanade Way Ste 280 Tallahassee FL Phone: 850)414-2054

Manalo, Jon (Lobbyist) - Information Only Department of Elder Affairs 4040 Esplanade Way Tallahassee FL Phone: 850)414-2000

Committee meeting was reported out: Wednesday, March 27, 2013 2:43:52PM

PRESENTATION: DEPT. OF ELDER AFFAIRS DEVELOPMENT OF STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED REGULATORY COSTS (SERC)

Assisted Living Facilities (ALFs) are regulated under Part I of Chapter 429, F.S.

- Department of Elder Affairs (DOEA) has primary jurisdiction and rulemaking authority under Part I.
- Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) licenses ALFs and enforces the statutes.
- Under the statute, training is provided by Dept. of Children and Family Services (DCF).

DOEA will present and be prepared to answer questions from the Subcommittee concerning the data, methodology, and assumptions used to support its Statement of Estimated Regulatory Costs (SERC) in current rulemaking, and its conclusion that the proposed rule amendment(s) will not require ratification.

- DOEA currently is revising 25 rules and subparts in Chapter 58A-5, F.A.C., "Federal Aging Programs," primarily regulating ALFs.
- **DOEA's SERC emphasized the economic impact of changes to Rule 58A-5.0191**, F.A.C., "Administrator, Manager, and Staff Training Requirements," including:
 - > Increased core training for administrators and managers.
 - A new, additional testing requirement (requiring a minimum score of 75% to pass) for administrators and managers of ALFs that provide limited mental health services (LMH).
 - A new testing requirement (with the same 75% minimum score) for staff having direct contact with residents in LMH ALFs.
 - > DOEA estimates there are more than 1,000 licensed LMH ALFs in Florida.
- According to the SERC, DOEA estimates the increased training costs alone under Rule 58A-5.0191 over the first 5 years would increase regulatory costs by **\$947,423**.
- The SERC does not account for changes to other rules included in the same proceeding.
- Representatives of the ALF industry first informed Subcommittee staff about the potential impact on small and medium ALF of these changes in training requirements. Staff review of the proposed rule changes and the SERC raised concerns about factors DOEA apparently did not consider:
 - > Test development by department personnel.
 - > Publication and security of test instruments.
 - ➢ Test administration.
 - > Translation of materials for English as Second Language staff.
 - Annual training and testing costs for new administrators & managers entering the system.

- Licensee labor costs for:
 - Enhanced training of staff and administrators
 - Testing of staff
 - Retesting of staff and administrators
 - Turnover arising from failure to meet higher standards
 - Facility administration burdens and scheduling changes resulting from the compliance requirements (time off work for staff and managers)
 - Employer cost for remedial training of employees, including reading and test taking skills.
 - 0
- Department staff has reviewed these concerns and will address how they account for or discount the factors raised by staff.

If the rule does have a \$1 million impact over the first five years, it cannot go into effect without legislative ratification

PROPOSED CHANGES TO CHAPTER 58A-5, FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED REGULATORY COSTS FEBRUARY 2013

Section 120.541, Florida Statutes, sets forth the requirements that agencies must follow in preparing Statements of Estimated Regulatory Costs (SERC). Specifically, paragraphs 120.541(2)(a) through (f), Florida Statutes, provide that certain information must be addressed in any SERC.

(a) An economic analysis showing whether the rule directly or indirectly is likely: (1) to have an adverse impact on economic growth, private sector job creation or employment, or private sector investment in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate in the five-year period following rule adoption; (2) to have an adverse impact on business competitiveness, including the ability of persons doing business in the state to compete with persons doing business in other states or domestic markets, productivity, or innovation in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate in the five-year period following rule adoption; or (3) to increase regulatory costs, including any transactional costs, in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate in the five-year period following rule adoption; or (4) to increase regulatory costs, including any transactional costs, in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate in the five-year period following rule adoption; or (3) to increase regulatory costs, including any transactional costs, in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate in the five-year period following rule adoption; or (3) to increase regulatory costs, including any transactional costs, in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate in the five-year period following rule adoption?

After careful analysis of all available economic data, the Department has determined it is unlikely that the proposed rule changes will meet any of the above triggers. A full discussion of the estimated direct and indirect regulatory impact of the proposed rule changes follows.

(b) Provide a good faith estimate of the number of individuals and entities likely to be required to comply with this rule, together with a general description of the types of individuals likely to be affected by the rule.

As discussed below, the most recent data available to the Department indicates that there are presently, 2,442 Administrators and, at most, 601 Managers who will be impacted by the proposed increased continuing educational requirements contained in Chapter 58A-5, F.A.C. Further, there are, on average, 794 successful applicants for the core training competency examination annually who will be potentially impacted by the proposed increased core training curriculum requirements contained in Chapter 58A-5, F.A.C. In a more general sense, however, the proposed changes to Chapter 58A-5, F.A.C., affect all staff members of Standard Licensed and Specialty Licensed assisted living facilities in the state.

(c) Provide a good faith estimate of the cost to the agency, and to any other state and local government entities, of implementing and enforcing the proposed rule, and any anticipated effect on state or local revenues.

The changes proposed to Chapter 58A-5, F.A.C., do not impose costs related to implementation or enforcement of the rule on either the Department or any other state agency, and do not affect state or local revenues. Further, the proposed rule will not negatively impact the delivery of services by state agencies, and will not otherwise divert state resources.

(d) Provide a good faith estimate of the transactional costs likely to be incurred by individuals and entities, including local government entities, required to comply with the requirements of the rule. As used in this section, "transactional costs" are direct costs that are readily ascertainable based upon standard business practices, and include filing fees, the cost of obtaining a license, the cost of equipment required to be installed or used or procedures required to be employed in complying with the rule, additional operating costs incurred, the cost of monitoring and reporting, and any other costs necessary to comply with the rule. First, the Department has determined that the main economic impact of changes proposed to Chapter 58A-5, F.A.C., in this Notice of Proposed Rule and subsequent Notice of Change is likely generated through increased staff training and educational requirements, as proposed by the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee tasked with reviewing and implementing Phase I Recommendations of the Governor's Assisted Living Facility Workgroup.

Specifically, there are two notable staff training and educational increases proposed in Section 58A-5.0191, F.A.C.: (1) a proposed increase to the biennial continuing education requirement for Administrators and Managers of assisted living facilities from 12 to 18 hours; and (2) a proposed increase in the requisite core training curriculum hours from 26 to 40 hours.

Proposed Increase to Administrators' and Managers' Biennial Continuing Education Requirement

The Department has determined that, for the 3,043 licensed assisted living facilities in the state, there are presently 2,442 Administrators and, at most, 601 Managers (as of February, 2013). Providing a precise tally for the number of Managers who have been appointed by Administrators to supervise facilities pursuant to current Section 58A-5.019(b), F.A.C., is impossible because, presently, there is no statutory or rule prohibition preventing Administrators from serving as Managers of separate facilities. Testimony offered during the Negotiated Rulemaking sessions indicated that, in certain instances, this has created something of a "shell game" whereby Administrators of multiple facilities (up to a maximum of three) are able to effectively sidestep the requirement in current Section 58A-5.0191(b), F.A.C., to "appoint in writing a separate manager for each facility," by themselves serving as Managers for other facilities.

In partial response to this, amended language in proposed Section 58A-5.019(1)(d), F.A.C., provides that, "[a]n individual serving as a manager must satisfy the same qualifications, background screening, core training and competency test requirements, and continuing education requirements of an administrator pursuant to paragraph (1)(a) of this rule. In addition, a manager may not serve as a manager of more than a single facility, except as provided in paragraph (1)(c) of this rule, and may not simultaneously serve as an administrator of any other facility" (emphasis added).

In its Notice of Change, the Department has modified this requirement some in response to public input received on this issue, as proposed Section 58A-5.019(c), F.A.C., now provides that, "an administrator supervising a maximum of three assisted living facilities, each licensed for 16 or fewer beds and all within a 15 mile radius of each other, is only required to appoint one manager to assist in the operation and maintenance of those facilities."

Proposed Section 58A-5.0191(2)(d), F.A.C., provides a list of continuing education providers who may offer continuing education training in satisfaction of the above requirement. Although several providers on the list likely offer, or will offer, continuing education courses at a cost to Administrators and Managers that is significantly less than that which is offered by core trainers registered with the Department, the Department recognizes that pricing data obtained from core trainers presently offering continuing education courses is likely the best available data from which to analyze and estimate anticipated regulatory impacts created by the proposed rule changes.

Therefore, the Department has determined that this 12 hour continuing education training is presently being offered for anywhere from \$65 to \$150, and that the average price appears to be roughly \$120. Since the increase from 12 to 18 continuing education hours can be understood as a 50% increase, it is anticipated that the likely cost increase per Administrator/Manager would be \$60 biennially (or \$30 annually). This calculation makes no assumptions for possible efficiencies or cost reduction measures

which might foreseeably be employed or realized by continuing education providers as they restructure their training courses to satisfy the proposed requirements.

As stated above, assuming that there are 2,442 Administrators and, arguendo, 400 Managers presently supervising assisted living facilities in the state, assuming a \$30 annual increase as a result of the increased continuing education training requirement, (and assuming no efficiencies or cost reduction measures realized by training providers), the Department believes that the increase from 12 to 18 continuing education hours can be reasonably expected to result in an annualized private sector cost increase of \$85,260.

Proposed Increase to Core Training Curriculum

Proposed Section 58A-5.0191(2)(a), F.A.C., provides that Administrators and Managers must complete "an approved assisted living facility core training course consisting of a minimum of 40 hours of training" prior to registering for the core competency test. Under current Section 58A-5.0191(1)(a), F.A.C., such core training curriculum must "consist of a minimum of 26 hours." This proposed increase of 14 hours is less pronounced than the increase recommended by the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee, which had approved through consensus an increase from 26 to 56 hours. In its Notice of Change, the Department has proposed a July 1, 2014 effective date for the above increase in training hours in proposed Section 58A-5.0191(2)(b)3., F.A.C.

The Department does not collect or maintain data regarding the number of individuals who annually enroll in approved core training curriculum classes. However, based on data made available by the University of South Florida, the Department has determined that there are, on average over the last five years, 794 applicants who successfully pass the core competency test each year. Further, based on a review and indexing of available pricing figures, the Department has determined that the current 26 hour core training curriculum is being offered for anywhere from \$199 (an online training course) to \$450, and that the average price appears to be, roughly, \$350 (\$353).

Since the increase from 26 to 40 core training curriculum hours can be understood as roughly representing a 50% increase, based on the above pricing figures it is anticipated that the likely one-time cost increase per successful applicant would be \$175. As above, this calculation makes no assumptions for possible efficiencies or cost reduction measures which might foreseeably be employed or realized by core trainers as they restructure their training courses to satisfy the proposed requirements.

As stated above, assuming that there are 794 applicants who successfully pass the core competency test each year, assuming a \$175 annual increase as a result of the increased core training curriculum hours, (and assuming no efficiencies or cost reduction measures realized by training providers), the Department believes that the increase from 26 to 40 curriculum hours can be reasonably expected to result in an annualized private sector increase of \$138,950. Given the delayed implementation of this requirement, and assuming a rule adoption date of April 1, 2013, it is the Department's belief that there would be no direct or indirect private sector impact in the first year, and a \$104, 273 private sector impact in the second year.

The Department's full five-year projection of anticipated regulatory costs created as a result of the above increases in Administrator and Manager training and educational requirements is included as Appendix 1.

(e) Provide an analysis of the impact on small businesses as defined by Section 288.703, Florida Statutes, and an analysis of the impact on small counties and small cities as defined in Section 120.52,

Florida Statutes. The impact analysis for small businesses must include the basis for the agency's decision not to implement alternatives that would reduce adverse impacts on small businesses.

Section 288.703(6), F.S., defines "small business" as "an independently owned and operated business concern that employs 200 or fewer permanent full-time employees and that, together with its affiliates, has a net worth of not more than \$5 million or any firm based in this state which has a Small Business Administration 8(a) certification. As applicable to sole proprietorships, the \$5 million net worth requirement shall include both personal and business investments." It is the Department's belief that, although data indicates that the vast majority of state assisted living facilities qualify as "small businesses" pursuant to Part IV, Chapter 288, F.S., that the proposed rule changes do not disproportionately affect small businesses in the state. As discussed above, the proposed increased biennial continuing education requirement for existing Administrators and Managers of assisted living facilities should result in no more than a \$60 biennial increase. Moreover, the proposed increased core training curriculum requirement for all prospective Administrators and Managers should result in no more than a prohibitively substantial bar to entry into the profession.

There will be no impact on small counties or small cities as defined in Section 120.52, F.S.

(f) Provide any additional information that the agency determines may be useful.

As a general consideration, although the Department regulates core training providers and curricula pursuant to Chapter 58T-1, F.A.C., it has not been given legislative authority to regulate the training fees charged by approved core trainers for providing either core training or continuing education for Administrators and Managers of assisted living facilities. In this sense, the Department believes it is difficult to accurately or reliably forecast the fiscal impact of increased training and educational requirements proposed by the rule on the core training and continuing education market. Therefore, every effort has been made by the Department in this SERC to wholly rely on pricing data it has available to it, rather than to project or anticipate how the market will respond or adapt to these proposed increases.

However, the Department contends that it is reasonable to assume that, in coming years, there will be a continued natural migration of training providers towards increasing utilization of online training techniques. Presumably, this should result in some degree of market stabilization, and it appears reasonable to assume that there should be anticipated cost efficiencies realized as well. For instance, although the average fee charged for the 26 hour core training curriculum presently required by Section 58A-5.0191, F.A.C., is \$353, as indicated above, the Department has identified one core trainer who offers this training online for \$199.

In a possible effort to infuse a measure of competition into the core training market, and also to assist in this natural migration towards the utilization of online training, the Department intends to explore the possibility of expanding its listing of approved core training providers and courses to include available pricing information as well as an indication of whether, and which, providers offer online training options. Although the Department believes that such market competition should foreseeably result in cost savings to trainees, no such cost assumptions were employed by the Department in calculating these estimated regulatory costs.

(g) Provide a description of any regulatory alternatives submitted under paragraph 120.541(1)(a), Florida Statutes, and a statement adopting the alternative or a statement of the reasons for rejecting the alternative in favor of the proposed rule.

No lower cost regulatory alternative to the proposed rule has been submitted to the Department.

APPENDIX 1

Biennial Continuing Education Increase for ALF Administrators/Managers – 12 to 18 Hours

2,442 (Administrators) + 400 (Managers) X \$30 (Annual Increase) = \$85,260 annually

Core Competency Curriculum Training Increase – 26 to 40 Hours 794 (Average Successful Competency Exam Applicants) X \$175 (Annual Increase) = \$138,950

Five-Year Regulatory Cost Projection (Assuming April 1, 2013 Effective Date)

Year 1 (April 1, 2013 – March 31, 2014): \$85,260 Year 2 (April 1, 2014 – March 31, 2015): \$85,260 + \$104,273 (July 1, 2014 Implementation) Year 3 (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016): \$85,260 + \$138,950 Year 4 (April 1, 2016 – March 31, 2017): \$85,260 + \$138,950 Year 5 (April 1, 2017 – March 31, 2018): \$85,260 + \$138,950 **Grand Total:** \$947,423