1 House Resolution

A resolution acknowledging the abuses experienced by children confined to the Arthur G. Dozier School for Boys and the Okeechobee School, expressing the Legislature's regret for such abuses, apologizing to the boys who were confined to the Dozier School and the Okeechobee School and their family members, and expressing a commitment to ensuring that children placed in the state's care are protected from abuse and violations of human decency.

WHEREAS, the Florida State Reform School, also called the Florida Industrial School for Boys and later known as Arthur G. Dozier School for Boys, referred to in this resolution as "Dozier School", was opened by the State of Florida in 1900 in Marianna to house children who had committed minor criminal offenses such as incorrigibility, truancy, and smoking, as well as more serious offenses such as theft and murder, and

WHEREAS, many of the children who were sent to Dozier School were sentenced without legal representation before the court, often without a known basis for being sent to the school or specific duration of confinement, and

WHEREAS, within the first 13 years of Dozier School's operation, 6 state-led investigations were conducted in response to reports of children being chained to walls in irons, severely

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beaten, and used for child labor, and

WHEREAS, throughout Dozier School's history, reports of abuse, suspicious deaths, and threats of closure plagued the school, and

WHEREAS, many former students of Dozier School have sworn under oath that they were beaten at a facility located on Dozier School grounds known as the "White House", and

WHEREAS, a psychologist employed at Dozier School testified under oath at a 1958 U.S. Senate Judiciary Hearing that boys at the school were beaten by an administrator, that the blows were severe and dealt with a great deal of force with a full arm swing over the head and down, that a leather strap approximately 10 inches long was used, and that the beatings were "brutality," and

WHEREAS, a former Dozier School employee stated in interviews with law enforcement that, in 1962, several employees of the school were removed from the facility based upon allegations that they made sexual advances towards boys at the facility, and

WHEREAS, a forensic investigation funded by the Florida Legislature and conducted from 2013 to 2016 by the University of South Florida found incomplete records regarding deaths and burials that occurred at Dozier School between 1900 and 1960, and that families were often notified after the child was buried or denied access to their remains at the time of burial, and

WHEREAS, the excavations conducted as part of the forensic investigation yielded 55 burial sites, 24 more sites than reported in official records, and

WHEREAS, given the lack of documentation and contradictions in the historical record, questions persist regarding the identity of persons buried at Dozier School and the circumstances surrounding their deaths, and

WHEREAS, in 1955, the State of Florida opened a new reform school in Okeechobee, called the Flroida School for Boys at Okeechobee School, referred to in this resolution as "Okeechobee School," to address overcrowding at Dozier School, and staff of Dozier School were transferred to the Okeechobee School where similar practices were implemented, and

WHEREAS, many former students of the Okeechobee School have sworn under oath that they were beaten at a facility on school grounds known as the "Adjustment Unit", and

WHEREAS, former Governor Claude Kirk toured Dozier School in 1968 and stated, "If one of your kids were kept in such circumstances, you'd be up there with rifles," and

WHEREAS, Dozier School was closed in 2011 after investigations by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and the Civil Rights Division of the United States Department of Justice, and

WHEREAS, more than 500 former students of Dozier School and the Okeechobee School have come forward with reports of

physical, mental, and sexual abuse by school staff during the 1940s, 1950s, and 1960s, and resulting trauma that has endured throughout their adult lives; NOW THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That the House of Representatives regrets that the treatment of boys who were sent to the Dozier School and the Okeechobee School was cruel, unjust, and a violation of human decency, and acknowledges this shameful part of the State's history.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the House of Representatives apologizes to the boys who were confined to the Dozier School and the Okeechobee School and their family members, for the wrongs committed against them by employees of the State of Florida.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the House of Representatives expresses its commitment to ensuring that children who have been placed in the State's care are protected from abuse and violations of fundamental human decency.