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A bill to be entitled An act relating to taxation; amending s. 196.1975, F.S.; requiring certain corporations that provide homes for the aged to file specified affidavits with their annual tax exemption applications; providing an exemption; authorizing the property appraiser to request specified additional documentation under certain conditions; amending s. 196.1978, F.S.; discounting property taxes for properties that offer affordable housing to specified low-income persons and families; providing requirements for such discount; amending s. 198.30, F.S.; removing a requirement for circuit judges to report certain information regarding a decedent's estate to the Department of Revenue; amending s. 192.001, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "inventory" to include specified construction and agricultural equipment under certain circumstances; amending s. 206.02, F.S.; deleting license application and renewal taxes for terminal supplier and motor fuel importer, exporter, blender, and wholesaler licenses; amending s. 206.021, F.S.; deleting license application and renewal taxes for private or common carrier of motor fuel licenses; amending s. 206.022, F.S.; deleting license application and renewal taxes for terminal operator

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licenses; amending ss. 206.03 and 206.045, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by this act; repealing ss. 206.405 and 206.406, F.S., relating to the receipt and deposit of funds received from the payment of certain motor fuel license taxes; amending s. 206.41, F.S.; deleting the fee deducted from quarterly motor fuel refund claims to qualified taxpayers; amending ss. 206.9943, 206.9952, and 206.9865, F.S.; deleting application and renewal fees for pollutant tax, natural gas fuel retailer, and aviation fuel tax licenses; amending 210.20, F.S.; deleting specified cigarette taxes from being deposited into a specified trust fund for biomedical research purposes; amending s. 212.031, F.S.; reducing the tax levied on the renting, leasing, letting, and granting of a license for the use of real property; providing applicability; amending s. 212.04, F.S.; authorizing refunds or credits of taxes paid on admissions subsequently resold to exempt entities; amending s. 212.0515, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to required notice by vending machine operators, awards for reporting certain violations, and penalties for certain violations; amending s. 212.0596, F.S.; deleting authority for the department to establish a waiver for certain registration fees;

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amending s. 212.08, F.S.; revising the sales and use tax exemption for certain farm trailers; exempting certain animal and aquaculture health products, fencing materials, and oxygen products from the sales and use tax; specifying the total amount of community contribution tax credits that may be granted for contributions made to eligible sponsors of specified projects; extending the expiration date of the community contribution tax credit program; providing sales tax exemptions for products used to absorb menstrual flow, diapers, and incontinence products; providing an annual sales tax holiday for purchases of certain clothing and footwear by eligible military veterans; authorizing certain dealers to opt out of participating in such tax exemption; providing requirements to opt out of participation; authorizing the department to adopt rules; providing a sales tax exemption for certain sales between related persons as described under specified federal laws and regulations; providing requirements for such exemption; providing definitions; amending s. 212.18, F.S.; deleting the application fees to obtain a certificate of registration as a sales tax dealer; amending s. 220.03, F.S.; extending the expiration date for the definitions of the terms "community

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contribution" and "project" in the income tax code; amending s. 220.183, F.S.; specifying the total amount of community contribution tax credits that may be granted for contributions made to eligible sponsors of specified projects; extending the expiration date of specified provisions relating to community contribution tax credits; amending s. 220.1845, F.S.; specifying the tax credits available for contaminated site rehabilitation in a specified year and annually thereafter; amending s. 220.196, F.S.; specifying the amount of research and development tax credits that may be granted to business enterprises in a specified year; amending s. 220.222, F.S.; deleting a provision that limits the time period for filing certain corporate income tax filings; amending s. 220.33, F.S.; specifying filing days for estimated payments for corporate income tax purposes; amending s. 320.10, F.S.; exempting certain marine boat trailers from license taxes; amending s. 336.021, F.S.; authorizing a county to reimpose a current local option fuel tax rate under certain circumstances; amending 336.025, F.S.; authorizing a county to reimpose a current local option fuel tax rate under certain circumstances; requiring the rescission of such rate on a specified date; amending s. 376.30781, F.S.; revising the total

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amount of tax credits that may be granted for the rehabilitation of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in a specified year and annually thereafter; amending s. 376.70, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to drycleaning facility registration fees; amending s. 376.71, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by this act; amending s. 376.75, F.S.; deleting the registration fee for a certain pollutant tax license to import perchloroethylene; amending ss. 443.131 and 443.141, F.S.; revising the date on which certain employer contributions are due; providing a definition; amending s. 443.163, F.S.; authorizing the tax collection service provider to waive penalties for late-filed returns under certain circumstances; amending s. 563.01, F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms "beer" and "malt beverage" for purposes of the Beverage Law; amending s. 624.5105, F.S.; specifying the total amount of community contribution tax credits that may be granted each fiscal year; extending the expiration date of specified provisions relating to community contribution tax credits; amending s. 733.2121, F.S.; requiring a personal representative to serve notice of creditors on the department only if the department is a creditor;

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126 providing sales tax exemptions for the retail sale of 127 certain clothing, school supplies, personal computers, 128 personal computer-related accessories, disaster 129 preparedness supplies, and educational textbooks and 130 instructional materials during specified periods; 131 providing exceptions; authorizing, and providing 132 requirements for, certain dealers to opt out of 133 participating in such tax exemption; authorizing the 134 department to adopt emergency rules; amending s. 206.998, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 135 by this act; providing repeal dates; providing for 136 137 retroactive application; providing applicability; providing appropriations; providing effective dates. 138 139 140 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 141 142 Section 1. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (4) of 143 section 196.1975, Florida Statutes, to read: 144 196.1975 Exemption for property used by nonprofit homes for the aged.—Nonprofit homes for the aged are exempt to the 145 146 extent that they meet the following criteria: 147 (4)Each not-for-profit corporation applying for an 148

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exemption under paragraph (a) must file with its annual application for exemption an affidavit approved by the

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Department of Revenue from each person who occupies a unit or

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apartment stating the person's income. The affidavit is prima facie evidence of the person's income. The corporation is not required to provide an affidavit from a resident who is a totally and permanently disabled veteran who meets the requirements of s. 196.081. If, at a later time, the property appraiser determines that additional documentation proving an affiant's income is necessary, the property appraiser may request such documentation. Section 2. Effective January 1, 2018, section 196.1978, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 196.1978 Affordable housing property exemption.-(1) Property used to provide affordable housing to eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603 and natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, lowincome, or moderate-income limits specified in s. 420.0004, which is owned entirely by a nonprofit entity that is a corporation not for profit, qualified as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and in compliance with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717, is considered property owned by an exempt entity and used for a charitable purpose, and those portions of the affordable housing property that provide housing

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income, very low income, low income, or moderate income under s.

to natural persons or families classified as extremely low

420.0004 are exempt from ad valorem taxation to the extent

authorized under s. 196.196. All property identified in this section must comply with the criteria provided under s. 196.195 for determining exempt status and applied by property appraisers on an annual basis. The Legislature intends that any property owned by a limited liability company which is disregarded as an entity for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Treasury Regulation 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii) be treated as owned by its sole member.

- (2) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 196.195 and 196.196, property in a multifamily project that meets the requirements of this paragraph is considered property used for a charitable purpose and shall receive a 50 percent discount from the amount of ad valorem tax otherwise owed beginning in the 16th year of the term of the recorded agreement on those portions of the affordable housing property that provide housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004. The multifamily project must:
- 1. Contain more than 70 units that are used to provide affordable housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004; and
- 2. Be subject to an agreement with the Florida Housing
 Finance Corporation recorded in the official records of the
 county in which the property is located to provide affordable

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201	housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-
202	low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in
203	s. 420.0004.
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- This discount terminates if the property no longer serves extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income persons pursuant to the recorded agreement.
- (b) To receive the discount under paragraph (a), a qualified applicant must submit an application to the county property appraiser by March 1.
 - (c) The property appraiser shall apply the discount by reducing the taxable value on those portions of the affordable housing property that provide housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004 before certifying the tax roll to the tax collector.
 - 1. The property appraiser shall first ascertain all other applicable exemptions, including exemptions provided pursuant to local option, and deduct all other exemptions from the assessed value.
 - 2. Fifty percent of the remaining value shall be subtracted to yield the discounted taxable value.
 - 3. The resulting taxable value shall be included in the certification for use by taxing authorities in setting millage.
 - 4. The property appraiser shall place the discounted

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226	amount on the tax roll when it is extended.
227	Section 3. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section
228	198.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
229	198.30 Circuit judge to report names of decedents, etc.—
230	Each circuit judge of this state shall, on or before the 10th
231	day of every month, notify the Agency for Health Care
232	Administration department of the names of all decedents; the
233	names and addresses of the respective personal representatives,
234	administrators, or curators appointed; the amount of the bonds,
235	if any, required by the court; and the probable value of the
236	estates, in all estates of decedents whose wills have been
237	probated or propounded for probate before the circuit judge or
238	upon which letters testamentary or upon whose estates letters of
239	administration or curatorship have been sought or granted,
240	during the preceding month; and such report shall contain any
241	other information which the circuit judge may have concerning
242	the estates of such decedents. In addition, a copy of this
243	report shall be provided to the Agency for Health Care
244	Administration. A circuit judge shall also furnish forthwith
245	such further information, from the records and files of the
246	circuit court in regard to such estates, as the department may
247	from time to time require.
248	Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (11) of section

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Definitions.—All definitions set out in chapters 1

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192.001

192.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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and 200 that are applicable to this chapter are included herein. In addition, the following definitions shall apply in the imposition of ad valorem taxes:

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- (11) "Personal property," for the purposes of ad valorem taxation, shall be divided into four categories as follows:
- (c)1. "Inventory" means only those chattels consisting of items commonly referred to as goods, wares, and merchandise (as well as inventory) which are held for sale or lease to customers in the ordinary course of business. Supplies and raw materials shall be considered to be inventory only to the extent that they are acquired for sale or lease to customers in the ordinary course of business or will physically become a part of merchandise intended for sale or lease to customers in the ordinary course of business. Partially finished products which when completed will be held for sale or lease to customers in the ordinary course of business shall be deemed items of inventory. All livestock shall be considered inventory. Items of inventory held for lease to customers in the ordinary course of business, rather than for sale, shall be deemed inventory only prior to the initial lease of such items. For the purposes of this section, fuels used in the production of electricity shall be considered inventory.
- 2. "Inventory" also means construction and agricultural equipment weighing 1,000 pounds or more that is returned to a dealership under a rent-to-purchase option and held for sale to

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customers in the ordinary course of business. This subparagraph may not be considered in determining whether property that is not construction and agricultural equipment weighing 1,000 pounds or more that is returned under a rent-to-purchase option is inventory under subparagraph 1.

- Section 5. Effective January 1, 2018, subsections (2), (3), and (4), and paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 206.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 206.02 Application for license; temporary license; terminal suppliers, importers, exporters, blenders, biodiesel manufacturers, and wholesalers.—
- (2) To procure a terminal supplier license, a person shall file with the department an application under oath, and in such form as the department may prescribe, setting forth:
- (a) The name under which the person will transact business within the state and that person's registration number under s. 4101 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) The location, with street number address, of his or her principal office or place of business and the location where records will be made available for inspection.
- (c) The name and complete residence address of the owner or the names and addresses of the partners, if such person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation organized under the laws of another state, territory, or

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country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or country where the corporation is organized and the date the corporation was registered with the Department of State as a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in the state.

- The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license tax.
- (3) To procure an importer, exporter, or blender of motor fuels license, a person shall file with the department an application under oath, and in such form as the department may prescribe, setting forth:
- (a) The name under which the person will transact business within the state.
- (b) The location, with street number address, of his or her principal office or place of business and the location where records will be made available for inspection.
- (c) The name and complete residence address of the owner or the names and addresses of the partners, if such person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation organized under the laws of another state, territory, or country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or country where the corporation is organized and the date the

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corporation was registered with the Department of State as a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in the state.

- The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license tax.
- (4) To procure a wholesaler of motor fuel license, a person shall file with the department an application under oath and in such form as the department may prescribe, setting forth:
- (a) The name under which the person will transact business within the state.
- (b) The location, with street number address, of his or her principal office or place of business within this state and the location where records will be made available for inspection.
- (c) The name and complete residence address of the owner or the names and addresses of the partners, if such person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation organized under the laws of another state, territory, or country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or country where the corporation is organized and the date the corporation was registered with the Department of State as a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in the

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The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license fee.

(8)

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter requiring a license tax and a bond or criminal background check, the department may issue a temporary license as an importer or exporter to a person who holds a valid Florida wholesaler license or to a person who is an unlicensed dealer. A license may be issued under this subsection only to a business that has a physical location in this state and holds a valid Florida sales and use tax certificate of registration or that holds a valid fuel license issued by another state.
- Section 6. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 206.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 206.021 Application for license; carriers.
- (3) The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license tax.

(5)

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter requiring a license tax and a bond or criminal background check,

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the department may issue a temporary license as a carrier to a person who holds a valid Florida wholesaler, importer, exporter, or blender license or to a person who is an unlicensed dealer. A license may be issued under this subsection only to a business that has a physical location in this state and holds a valid Florida sales and use tax certificate of registration or that holds a valid fuel license issued by another state.

Section 7. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (2) of section 206.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

206.022 Application for license; terminal operators.-

- (2) The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license tax.
- Section 8. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (1) of section 206.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 206.03 Licensing of terminal suppliers, importers, exporters, and wholesalers.—
- (1) The application in proper form having been accepted for filing, the filing fee paid, and the bond accepted and approved, except as provided in s. 206.05(1), the department shall issue to such person a license to transact business in the state, subject to cancellation of such license as provided by law.
- Section 9. Effective January 1, 2018, section 206.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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401 206.045 Licensing period; cost for license issuance. 402 Beginning January 1, 1998, The licensing period under this 403 chapter shall be a calendar year, or any part thereof. The cost of any such license issued pursuant to this chapter shall be 404 405 \$30. 406 Section 10. Effective January 1, 2018, sections 206.405 407 and 206.406, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 408 Section 11. Effective January 1, 2018, paragraph (c) of 409 subsection (5) of section 206.41, Florida Statutes, is amended 410 to read: 411 206.41 State taxes imposed on motor fuel.-412 (5) 413 (c)1. No refund may be authorized unless a sworn 414 application therefor containing such information as the 415 department may determine is filed with the department not later 416 than the last day of the month following the quarter for which 417 the refund is claimed. However, when a justified excuse for late filing is presented to the department and the last preceding 418 419 claim was filed on time, the deadline for filing may be extended 420 an additional month. No refund will be authorized unless the 421 amount due is for \$5 or more for any refund period and unless 422 application is made upon forms prescribed by the department. Claims made for refunds provided pursuant to subsection 423 424 (4) shall be paid quarterly. The department shall deduct a fee 425 of \$2 for each claim, which fee shall be deposited in the

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426	General Revenue Fund.
427	Section 12. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (3) of
428	section 206.9943, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
429	206.9943 Pollutant tax license.—
430	(3) The license must be renewed annually, and the fee for
431	original application or renewal is \$30.
432	Section 13. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (9) of
433	section 206.9952, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
434	206.9952 Application for license as a natural gas fuel
435	retailer.—
436	(9) The license application requires a license fee of \$5.
437	Each license shall be renewed annually by submitting a
438	reapplication and the license fee to the department. The license
439	fee shall be paid to the department for deposit into the General
440	Revenue Fund.
441	Section 14. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (3) of
442	section 206.9865, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
443	206.9865 Commercial air carriers; registration;
444	reporting.—
445	(3) The application must be renewed annually and the fee
446	for application or renewal is \$30.
447	Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
448	210.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
449	210.20 Employees and assistants; distribution of funds
450	(2) As collections are received by the division from such

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cigarette taxes, it shall pay the same into a trust fund in the State Treasury designated "Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund" which shall be paid and distributed as follows:

(c) Beginning July 1, 2013, and continuing through June 30, 2033, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 1 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be deposited into the Biomedical Research Trust Fund in the Department of Health. These funds are appropriated annually in an amount not to exceed \$3 million from the Biomedical Research Trust Fund for the Department of Health and the Sanford-Burnham Medical Research Institute to work in conjunction for the purpose of establishing activities and grant opportunities in relation to biomedical research.

Section 16. Effective January 1, 2018, paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 212.031, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read:

212.031 Tax on rental or license fee for use of real property.—

(1)

(c) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied at

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the rate of 5.5 in an amount equal to 6 percent, except for the period beginning January 1, 2018, and ending December 31, 2019, during which period the tax shall be levied at the rate of 4.5 percent, of and on the total rent or license fee charged for such real property by the person charging or collecting the rental or license fee. The total rent or license fee charged for such real property shall include payments for the granting of a privilege to use or occupy real property for any purpose and shall include base rent, percentage rents, or similar charges. Such charges shall be included in the total rent or license fee subject to tax under this section whether or not they can be attributed to the ability of the lessor's or licensor's property as used or operated to attract customers. Payments for intrinsically valuable personal property such as franchises, trademarks, service marks, logos, or patents are not subject to tax under this section. In the case of a contractual arrangement that provides for both payments taxable as total rent or license fee and payments not subject to tax, the tax shall be based on a reasonable allocation of such payments and shall not apply to that portion which is for the nontaxable payments.

(d) When the rental or license fee of any such real property is paid by way of property, goods, wares, merchandise, services, or other thing of value, the tax shall be at the rate of 5.5 6 percent, except for the period beginning January 1, 2018, and ending December 31, 2019, during which period the tax

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<u>shall be levied at the rate of 4.5 percent</u>, of the value of the property, goods, wares, merchandise, services, or other thing of value.

- (e) The tax rate in effect at the time that the tenant or person occupies, uses, or is entitled to occupy or use the real property is the tax rate applicable to the transaction taxable under this section, regardless of when a rent or license fee payment is due or paid. The applicable tax rate may not be avoided by delaying or accelerating rent or license fee payments.
- Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 212.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 513 212.04 Admissions tax; rate, procedure, enforcement.—
 514 (1)
 - (c) $\underline{1}$. The provisions of this chapter that authorize a tax-exempt sale for resale do not apply to sales of admissions. However, if a purchaser of an admission subsequently resells the admission for more than the amount paid, the purchaser shall collect tax on the full sales price and may take credit for the amount of tax previously paid. If the purchaser of the admission subsequently resells it for an amount equal to or less than the amount paid, the purchaser \underline{may} \underline{shall} not collect any additional tax \underline{or} , nor shall the purchaser be allowed to take credit for the amount of tax previously paid.
 - 2. If a purchaser subsequently resells an admission to an

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entity that has a valid sales tax exemption certificate from the department, excluding an annual resale certificate, the purchaser may seek from the vendor a refund or credit for the amount of tax paid. Upon an adequate showing of the ultimate exempt nature of the transaction, the vendor shall refund or credit the tax paid by the purchaser and may then seek a refund or credit of the tax from the department based on the ultimate exempt nature of the transaction. The refund or credit is allowable only if the vendor can show that the tax on the exempt transaction has been remitted to the department. If the tax has not yet been remitted to the department, the vendor may retain the exemption documentation in lieu of remitting tax to the department.

Section 18. Effective January 1, 2018, subsections (5) through (7) of section 212.0515, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (6), respectively, and current subsections (3), (4), and (7) of that section are amended to read:

212.0515 Sales from vending machines; sales to vending machine operators; special provisions; registration; penalties.

(3) (a) An operator of a vending machine may not operate or cause to be operated in this state any vending machine until the operator has registered with the department and, has obtained a separate registration certificate for each county in which such machines are located, and has affixed a notice to each vending

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machine selling food or beverages. The notice must be conspicuously displayed on the vending machine when it is being operated in this state and shall contain the following language in conspicuous type: NOTICE TO CUSTOMER: FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THIS NOTICE TO BE POSTED ON ALL FOOD AND BEVERAGE VENDING MACHINES. REPORT ANY MACHINE WITHOUT A NOTICE TO (TOLL-FREE NUMBER). YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR A CASH REWARD. DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER TO REPORT PROBLEMS WITH THE VENDING MACHINE SUCH AS LOST MONEY OR OUT-OF-DATE PRODUCTS.

- (b) The department shall establish a toll-free number to report any violations of this section. Upon a determination that a violation has occurred, the department shall pay the informant a reward of up to 10 percent of previously unpaid taxes recovered as a result of the information provided. A person who receives information concerning a violation of this section from an employee as specified in s. 213.30 is not eligible for a cash reward.
- (4) A penalty of \$250 per machine is imposed on an operator who fails to properly obtain and display the required notice on any machine. Penalties accrue interest as provided for delinquent taxes under this chapter and apply in addition to all other applicable taxes, interest, and penalties.
- (6)(7) The department may adopt rules necessary to administer the provisions of this section and may establish a schedule for phasing in the requirement that existing notices be

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replaced with revised notices displayed on vending machines.

Section 19. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (7) of section 212.0596, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.0596 Taxation of mail order sales.-

(7) The department may establish by rule procedures for collecting the use tax from unregistered persons who but for their mail order purchases would not be required to remit sales or use tax directly to the department. The procedures may provide for waiver of registration and registration fees, provisions for irregular remittance of tax, elimination of the collection allowance, and nonapplication of local option surtaxes.

Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraphs (a) and (p) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraphs (ooo) and (ppp) are added to subsection (7), and subsections (19) and (20) are added to that section, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (3) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN FARM EQUIPMENT.—
- (b) The tax may not be imposed on that portion of the

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sales price below \$25,000 \$20,000 for a trailer weighing 12,000 pounds or less and purchased by a farmer for exclusive use in agricultural production or to transport farm products from his or her farm to the place where the farmer transfers ownership of the farm products to another. This exemption is not forfeited by using a trailer to transport the farmer's farm equipment. The exemption provided under this paragraph does not apply to the lease or rental of a trailer.

(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-

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Items in agricultural use and certain nets.-There are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter nets designed and used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants, fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and weed killers used for application on crops or groves, including commercial nurseries and home vegetable gardens, used in dairy barns or on poultry farms for the purpose of protecting poultry or livestock, or used directly on poultry or livestock; animal health products that are administered to, applied to, or consumed by livestock or poultry to alleviate pain or cure or prevent sickness, disease, or suffering, including antiseptics, absorbent cotton, gauze for bandages, lotions, vaccines, vitamins, and worm remedies; aquaculture health products; portable containers or movable receptacles in which portable containers are placed, used for processing farm products; field and garden seeds, including flower seeds; nursery stock,

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seedlings, cuttings, or other propagative material purchased for growing stock; seeds, seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other similar materials used for shade, mulch, or protection from frost or insects on a farm; hog wire and nylon mesh netting used on a farm for protection from predatory or destructive animals; barbed wire fencing, including gates and materials used to construct or repair such fencing, used on a beef or dairy cattle farm; compressed or liquefied oxygen used in aquaculture production; stakes used by a farmer to support plants during agricultural production; generators used on poultry farms; and liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a structure in which started pullets or broilers are raised; however, such exemption is not allowed unless the purchaser or lessee signs a certificate stating that the item to be exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. Also exempt are cellophane wrappers, glue for tin and glass (apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window cartons, and baling wire and twine used for baling hay, when used by a farmer to contain, produce, or process an agricultural commodity.

- (p) Community contribution tax credit for donations.-
- 1. Authorization.—Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as

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651 provided in this paragraph:

- a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.
- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period, the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.
- c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any one year.
- d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of the Department of Economic Opportunity.
- e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$18.4 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, \$21.4 million in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, and \$21.4 million each fiscal year in the 2017-2018 fiscal year for projects that

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provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households and \$3.5 million each fiscal year for all other projects. As used in this paragraph, the term "person with special needs" has the same meaning as in s. 420.0004 and the terms "low-income person," "low-income household," "very-low-income person," and "very-low-income household" have the same meanings as in s. 420.9071.

- f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under one section of the person's choice.
 - 2. Eligibility requirements.-

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- a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:
 - (I) Cash or other liquid assets;
- (II) Real property, including 100 percent ownership of a real property holding company;
 - (III) Goods or inventory; or
- 694 (IV) Other physical resources identified by the Department 695 of Economic Opportunity.

For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "real property holding company" means a Florida entity, such as a Florida limited liability company, that is wholly owned by the person; is the sole owner of real property, as defined in s.

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192.001(12), located in the state; is disregarded as an entity for federal income tax purposes pursuant to 26 C.F.R. s. 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii); and at the time of contribution to an eligible sponsor, has no material assets other than the real property and any other property that qualifies as a community contribution.

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b. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in a project. As used in this subsubparagraph, the term "project" means activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to lowincome households or very-low-income households; designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs; designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and jobdevelopment opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to a project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an area which was in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065 as of May 1,

2015. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income households or very-low-income households on scattered sites or housing opportunities for persons with special needs. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible special needs, low-income, and very-low-income housing-related activities:

- (I) Project development impact and management fees for special needs, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for persons with special needs, low-income persons, and very-low-income persons;
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to special needs, low-income, or very-low-income projects; and
- (IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special district local governments if satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to a low-income person or very-low-income person for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.
- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," which includes:
 - (I) A community action program;

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751	(II) A nonprofit community-based development organization
752	whose mission is the provision of housing for persons with
753	specials needs, low-income households, or very-low-income
754	households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development
755	opportunities for low-income persons;
756	(III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;
757	(IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;
758	(V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.
759	163.356;
760	(VI) A historic preservation district agency or
761	organization;
762	(VII) A local workforce development board;
763	(VIII) A direct-support organization as provided in s.
764	1009.983;
765	(IX) An enterprise zone development agency created under
766	s. 290.0056;
767	(X) A community-based organization incorporated under
768	chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or
769	scientific pursuant to s. $501(c)(3)$ of the Internal Revenue Code
770	and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include
771	affordable housing, economic development, or community
772	development as the primary mission of the corporation;
773	(XI) Units of local government;
774	(XII) Units of state government; or
775	(XIII) Any other agency that the Department of Economic

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776 Opportunity designates by rule.

 A contributing person may not have a financial interest in the eligible sponsor.

- d. The project must be located in an area which was in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, or a Front Porch Florida Community, unless the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, but is physically located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income households or very-low-income households or housing opportunities for persons with special needs is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.
- e.(I) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of

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the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:

- (A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- (II) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for

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those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.

3. Application requirements.-

- a. An eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.
- b. A person seeking to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of

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the contribution. The sponsor shall verify, in writing, the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, and such verification must accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to the Department of Economic Opportunity for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.

- c. A person who has received notification from the Department of Economic Opportunity that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within a 12-month period.
 - 4. Administration.—

- a. The Department of Economic Opportunity may adopt rules necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of the Department of Economic Opportunity must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall transmit a copy of the decision to the department.
- c. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with

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available resources to ensure that resources are used in accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.

- d. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall, in consultation with the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.
- 5. Expiration.—This paragraph expires June 30, 2019 2018; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover period for such credit.
- entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this

subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

- January 1, 2018, products used to absorb menstrual flow are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. As used in this paragraph, the term "products used to absorb menstrual flow" means products used to absorb or contain menstrual flow, including, but not limited to, tampons, sanitary napkins, pantiliners, and menstrual cups.
- (ppp) Diapers and incontinence products.—Effective January 1, 2018, diapers, incontinence undergarments, incontinence pads, and incontinence liners for use by humans are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (19) SALES TAX HOLIDAY FOR VETERANS OF THE UNITED STATES

 ARMED FORCES.—
- (a) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected from a veteran, as defined in paragraph (b), during the period from 12:01 a.m. on November 11 through 11:59 p.m. on November 11, annually, on the retail sale, as defined in s. 212.02(14), of clothing with a sales price of \$60 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "clothing" means:

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926	1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on
927	or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry,
928	umbrellas, and handkerchiefs.
929	2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades,
930	and skates.
931	(b) Notwithstanding any action by the United States
932	Department of Veterans Affairs relating to dishonorable
933	discharges, the term "veteran" means a person who served in the
934	active military, naval, or air service who was honorably
935	discharged or released or who later received an upgraded
936	honorable discharge or release. To be eligible for the sales tax
937	holiday, a veteran must show proof of military status at the
938	time he or she purchases the eligible items. The veteran may
939	show proof of military status by presenting his or her:
940	1. DD Form 2, Uniformed Services Identification Card,
941	issued by the United States Department of Defense;
942	2. DD Form 2765, Uniformed Services Identification and
943	Privilege Card, issued by the United States Department of
944	<pre>Defense;</pre>
945	3. DD Form 214, displaying the term "Honorable," issued by
946	the United States Department of Defense;
947	4. Veteran identification card, issued to a veteran with a
948	100-percent disability by the Department of Veterans' Affairs
949	under s. 295.17;

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Veteran health identification card, issued by the

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United States Department of Veterans Affairs;	United	States	Department	of	Veterans	Affairs;
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- 6. Valid driver license or identification card, displaying the letter "V" or the term "Veteran," issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; or
- 7. Any other proof of veteran status issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (c) A retailer making tax-exempt sales under this subsection shall report to the Department of Revenue the amount of its gross sales on the retailer's sales and use tax return.
- (d) The tax exemptions provided in this subsection do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2).
- (e) The tax exemptions provided in this subsection apply at the option of a retailer if less than 5 percent of the retailer's gross sales of tangible personal property in the prior calendar year are comprised of clothing as defined in paragraph (a) with a sales price of \$60 or less per item. If a qualifying retailer chooses not to participate in the sales tax holiday, the retailer must notify the Department of Revenue in writing, by November 1, annually, of its election to collect sales tax during the holiday and must post a copy of that notice in a conspicuous location at its place of business.
 - (f) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to

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administer this subsection.

- (20) DODD-FRANK EXEMPTION.—Tangible personal property or services otherwise taxable under this chapter and sold by a vendor to a related person, as described in 26 U.S.C. s. 267(b), are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter, except for the taxes imposed by s. 212.031, if the purchaser can show that the following conditions have been met:
- (a)1. The vendor and the purchaser are referenced as a "covered company," as defined in 12 C.F.R. s. 243.2(f), or a "material entity," as defined in 12 C.F.R. s. 243.2(l), in a resolution plan that has been submitted to an agency of the United States to satisfy 12 U.S.C. s. 5365(d)(1) or any successor law; or
- 2. The vendor and the purchaser are separate legal entities pursuant to a divestiture directed pursuant to 12 U.S.C. s. 5365(d)(5) or any successor law; and
- (b) The sale would not have occurred between such related entities were it not for such resolution plan or divestiture;
- (c) The services sold by the vendor to the purchaser are performed by an employee of the vendor or by an independent contractor hired by the vendor, if the vendor paid the tax imposed under this chapter; and
- (d) In acquiring such property or services, the vendor did not claim an exemption from the tax imposed under this chapter or by another state.

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Section 21. Effective January 1, 2018, paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; rules.—

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A person desiring to engage in or conduct business in this state as a dealer, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in real property, and a person who sells or receives anything of value by way of admissions, must file with the department an application for a certificate of registration for each place of business. The application must include the names of the persons who have interests in such business and their residences, the address of the business, and other data reasonably required by the department. However, owners and operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines are required to obtain only one certificate of registration for each county in which such machines are located. The department, by rule, may authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to sell its merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the independent seller register as a dealer and remit the tax. The department may appoint the county

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tax collector as the department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The application must be submitted to the department before the person, firm, copartnership, or corporation may engage in such business, and it must be accompanied by a registration fee of \$5. However, a registration fee is not required to accompany an application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order sales. The department may waive the registration fee for applications submitted through the department's Internet registration process.

- (c)1. A person who engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration under this subsection and who fails or refuses to register commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Such acts are subject to injunctive proceedings as provided by law. A person who engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration and who fails or refuses to register is also subject to a \$100 initial registration fee in lieu of the \$5 registration fee required by paragraph (a). However, the department may waive the increase in the registration fee if it finds that the failure to register was due to reasonable cause and not to willful negligence, willful neglect, or fraud.
- 2.a. A person who willfully fails to register after the department provides notice of the duty to register as a dealer commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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b. The department shall provide written notice of the duty
to register to the person by personal service or by sending
notice by registered mail to the person's last known address.
The department may provide written notice by both methods
described in this sub-subparagraph.

Section 22. Paragraphs (d) and (t) of subsection (1) of section 220.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

220.03 Definitions.-

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- (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (d) "Community Contribution" means the grant by a business firm of any of the following items:
 - 1. Cash or other liquid assets.
- 2. Real property, which for purposes of this subparagraph includes 100 percent ownership of a real property holding company. The term "real property holding company" means a Florida entity, such as a Florida limited liability company, that:
 - a. Is wholly owned by the business firm.
- b. Is the sole owner of real property, as defined in s.192.001(12), located in the state.
- 1074 c. Is disregarded as an entity for federal income tax 1075 purposes pursuant to 26 C.F.R. s. 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii).

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- d. At the time of contribution to an eligible sponsor, has no material assets other than the real property and any other property that qualifies as a community contribution.
 - 3. Goods or inventory.

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1083 This paragraph expires June 30, 2019 2018.

"Project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor, as defined in s. 220.183(2)(c), which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004; designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in

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an area that was in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065 as of May 1, 2015. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate low-income or very-low-income housing on scattered sites or housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible project-related activities:

- 1. Project development, impact, and management fees for special needs, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- 2. Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- 3. Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to special needs, low-income, or very-low-income projects; and
- 4. Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special-district local governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.

This paragraph expires June 30, 2019 2018.

Section 23. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection

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L126	(5)	of	section	220.183,	Florida	Stati	ıtes,	are	amended	to	read:
L127		22	20.183	Community	contribu	ution	tax	credi	_t		

- (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM SPENDING.—
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section, s. 212.08(5)(p), and s. 624.5105 is \$18.4 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, \$21.4 million in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, and \$21.4 million each fiscal year in the 2017-2018 fiscal year for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 and homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million each fiscal year annually for all other projects.
- (5) EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except paragraph (1)(e), expire June 30, 2019 2018.
- Section 24. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit.-
 - (2) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.-
- (f) The total amount of the tax credits which may be granted under this section is $\frac{$20}{$700}$ \$21.6 million in the $\frac{2017-2018}{$700}$ fiscal year and $\frac{$10}{$700}$ \$5 million annually thereafter.
 - Section 25. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section

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1152 220.196 Research and development tax credit.-1153 (2)TAX CREDIT.-1154 The combined total amount of tax credits which may be 1155 granted to all business enterprises under this section during 1156 any calendar year is \$9 million, except that the total amount 1157 that may be awarded in the 2018 $\frac{2016}{2016}$ calendar year is \$20 $\frac{$23}{2016}$ 1158 million. Applications may be filed with the department on or 1159 after March 20 and before March 27 for qualified research 1160 expenses incurred within the preceding calendar year. If the

220.196, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Section 26. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 220.222, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

allowed under this paragraph, the credits shall be allocated on

total credits for all applicants exceed the maximum amount

220.222 Returns; time and place for filing.-

(2)

a prorated basis.

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(d) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2026, the 6-month time period in paragraphs (a) and (b) shall be 7 months for taxpayers with a taxable year ending June 30 and shall be 5 months for taxpayers with a taxable year ending December 31.

Section 27. Subsection (7) of section 220.33, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (8), and a new subsection (7) is added to that section to read:

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220.33 Payments of estimated tax.—A taxpayer required to file a declaration of estimated tax pursuant to s. 220.24 shall pay such estimated tax as follows:

determination of the department that authorizes estimated payments otherwise due on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday to be paid on the next succeeding day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, any estimated tax payment required under this section that would otherwise be due on the last Saturday or Sunday of June shall be paid on or before the last Friday of June.

Section 28. Subsection (13) of section 320.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.08 License taxes.—Except as otherwise provided herein, there are hereby levied and imposed annual license taxes for the operation of motor vehicles, mopeds, motorized bicycles as defined in s. 316.003(2), tri-vehicles as defined in s. 316.003, and mobile homes as defined in s. 320.01, which shall be paid to and collected by the department or its agent upon the registration or renewal of registration of the following:

(13) EXEMPT OR OFFICIAL LICENSE PLATES.—Any exempt or official license plate: \$4 flat, of which \$1 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund, except that the registration or renewal of registration of marine boat trailers exempt under 320.10(k) is not subject to any license tax.

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Section 29. Paragraphs (i) and (j) of subsection (1) of section 320.10, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (k) is added to that subsection, to read:

320.10 Exemptions.

- (1) The provisions of s. 320.08 do not apply to:
- (i) Any vehicle used by any of the various search and rescue units of the several counties for exclusive use as a search and rescue vehicle; or
- (j) Any motor vehicle used by a community transportation coordinator or a transportation operator as defined in part I of chapter 427, and which is used exclusively to transport transportation disadvantaged persons; or
- (k) Any marine boat trailer owned and operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is used exclusively in carrying on its customary nonprofit activities.

Section 30. Section 320.102, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

320.102 Certain marine boat trailers; exemption. — The registration or renewal of registration of any marine boat trailer owned and operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is used exclusively in carrying on their customary nonprofit activities, is exempt from paying the fees in ss. 320.03(5),

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1226 320.03(6), 320.03(9), 320.031(2), 320.04(1) (a), 320.04(1) (b), 1227 320.04(1)(c), 320.06(1)(b), 320.06(3)(b), 320.0801, 320.0802, 1228 320.0804, and 320.08046. 1229 Section 31. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 1230 subsection (5) of section 336.021, Florida Statutes, is amended 1231 to read: 1232 336.021 County transportation system; levy of ninth-cent fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel.-1233 (5) All impositions of the tax shall be levied before 1234 October 1 of each year to be effective January 1 of the 1235 1236 following year. However, levies of the tax which were in effect 1237 on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any year may 1238 be reimposed at the current authorized rate provided the tax is 1239 levied before July 1 and is to be effective September 1 of the 1240 year of expiration. All impositions shall be required to end on 1241 December 31 of a year. A decision to rescind the tax shall not 1242 take effect on any date other than December 31 and shall require 1243 a minimum of 60 days' notice to the department of such decision. 1244 Section 32. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 1245 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of 1246 subsection (5) of section 336.025, Florida Statutes, are amended 1247 to read: 336.025 County transportation system; levy of local option 1248 fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel.-1249

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(1)(a) In addition to other taxes allowed by law, there

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may be levied as provided in ss. 206.41(1)(e) and 206.87(1)(c) a 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent, 5-cent, or 6-cent local option fuel tax upon every gallon of motor fuel and diesel fuel sold in a county and taxed under the provisions of part I or part II of chapter 206.

- 1. All impositions and rate changes of the tax shall be levied before October 1 to be effective January 1 of the following year for a period not to exceed 30 years, and the applicable method of distribution shall be established pursuant to subsection (3) or subsection (4). However, levies of the tax which were in effect on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any year may be reimposed at the current authorized rate provided the tax is levied before July 1 and is effective September 1 of the year of expiration. Upon expiration, the tax may be relevied provided that a redetermination of the method of distribution is made as provided in this section.
- 2. County and municipal governments shall utilize moneys received pursuant to this paragraph only for transportation expenditures.
- 3. Any tax levied pursuant to this paragraph may be extended on a majority vote of the governing body of the county. A redetermination of the method of distribution shall be established pursuant to subsection (3) or subsection (4), if, after July 1, 1986, the tax is extended or the tax rate changed, for the period of extension or for the additional tax.

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(b) In addition to other taxes allowed by law, there may be levied as provided in s. 206.41(1)(e) a 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent, or 5-cent local option fuel tax upon every gallon of motor fuel sold in a county and taxed under the provisions of part I of chapter 206. The tax shall be levied by an ordinance adopted by a majority plus one vote of the membership of the governing body of the county or by referendum.

- 1. All impositions and rate changes of the tax shall be levied before October 1, to be effective January 1 of the following year. However, levies of the tax which were in effect on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any year may be reimposed at the current authorized rate provided that the tax is levied before July 1 and is effective September 1 of the year of expiration.
- 2. The county may, prior to levy of the tax, establish by interlocal agreement with one or more municipalities located therein, representing a majority of the population of the incorporated area within the county, a distribution formula for dividing the entire proceeds of the tax among county government and all eligible municipalities within the county. If no interlocal agreement is adopted before the effective date of the tax, tax revenues shall be distributed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (4). If no interlocal agreement exists, a new interlocal agreement may be established prior to June 1 of any year pursuant to this subparagraph. However, any interlocal

agreement agreed to under this subparagraph after the initial levy of the tax or change in the tax rate authorized in this section shall under no circumstances materially or adversely affect the rights of holders of outstanding bonds which are backed by taxes authorized by this paragraph, and the amounts distributed to the county government and each municipality shall not be reduced below the amount necessary for the payment of principal and interest and reserves for principal and interest as required under the covenants of any bond resolution outstanding on the date of establishment of the new interlocal agreement.

3. County and municipal governments shall use moneys received pursuant to this paragraph for transportation expenditures needed to meet the requirements of the capital improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan or for expenditures needed to meet immediate local transportation problems and for other transportation-related expenditures that are critical for building comprehensive roadway networks by local governments. For purposes of this paragraph, expenditures for the construction of new roads, the reconstruction or resurfacing of existing paved roads, or the paving of existing graded roads shall be deemed to increase capacity and such projects shall be included in the capital improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan. Expenditures for purposes of this paragraph shall not include routine maintenance of roads.

(5)(a) By October 1 of each year, the county shall notify the Department of Revenue of the rate of the taxes levied pursuant to paragraphs (1)(a) and (b), and of its decision to rescind or change the rate of a tax, if applicable, and shall provide the department with a certified copy of the interlocal agreement established under subparagraph (1)(b)2. or subparagraph (3)(a)1. with distribution proportions established by such agreement or pursuant to subsection (4), if applicable. A decision to rescind a tax may not take effect on any date other than December 31, regardless of when the tax was originally imposed, and requires a minimum of 60 days' notice to the Department of Revenue of such decision.

Section 33. Subsection (4) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; revocation authority.—

(4) The Department of Environmental Protection is responsible for allocating the tax credits provided for in s. 220.1845, which may not exceed a total of $\frac{$20}{$21.6}$ million in tax credits in the $\frac{2017-2018}{$2015-2016}$ fiscal year and $\frac{$10}{$5}$ million in tax credits annually thereafter.

Section 34. Effective January 1, 2018, subsection (2) of section 376.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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376.70 Tax on gross receipts of drycleaning facilities.-Each drycleaning facility or dry drop-off facility imposing a charge for the drycleaning or laundering of clothing or other fabrics is required to register with the Department of Revenue and become licensed for the purposes of this section. The owner or operator of the facility shall register the facility with the Department of Revenue. Drycleaning facilities or dry drop-off facilities operating at more than one location are only required to have a single registration. The fee for registration is \$30. The owner or operator of the facility shall pay the registration fee to the Department of Revenue. The department may waive the registration fee for applications submitted through the department's Internet registration process. Section 35. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 376.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 376.71 Registration fee and Gross receipts tax; exemption exemptions. - The registration fee and the gross receipts tax imposed under s. ss. 376.303(1)(d) does and 376.70 do not apply to uniform rental companies or linen supply companies. Section 36. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (2) of section 376.75, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 376.75 Tax on production or importation of

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perchloroethylene.-

(2) Any person producing in, importing into, or causing to be imported into, or selling in, this state perchloroethylene must register with the Department of Revenue and become licensed for the purposes of remitting the tax pursuant to, or providing information required by, this section. Such person must register as a seller of perchloroethylene, a user of perchloroethylene in drycleaning facilities, or a user of perchloroethylene for purposes other than drycleaning. Persons operating at more than one location are only required to have a single registration.

The fee for registration is \$30. Failure to timely register is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 37. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (1) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.131 Contributions.—

 (1) PAYMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.—Contributions accrue and are payable by each employer for each calendar quarter he or she is subject to this chapter for wages paid during each calendar quarter for employment. Contributions are due and payable by each employer to the tax collection service provider, in accordance with the rules adopted by the Department of Economic Opportunity or the state agency providing tax collection services. This subsection does not prohibit the tax collection service provider from allowing, at the request of the employer,

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employers of employees performing domestic services, as defined in s. 443.1216(6), to pay contributions or report wages at intervals other than quarterly when the nonquarterly payment or reporting assists the service provider and when nonquarterly payment and reporting is authorized under federal law. Employers of employees performing domestic services may report wages and pay contributions annually, with a due date of no later than January 31 unless the 31st is a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday in which event the due date will be the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday January 1 and a delinquency date of February 1. For purposes of this subsection, the term "holiday" has the same meaning as set forth in s. 110.117(1) and (2) and includes any day on which the United States Postal Service offices are closed. To qualify for this election, the employer must employ only employees performing domestic services, be eligible for a variation from the standard rate computed under subsection (3), apply to this program no later than December 1 of the preceding calendar year, and agree to provide the department or its tax collection service provider with any special reports that are requested, including copies of all federal employment tax forms. An employer who fails to timely furnish any wage information required by the department or its tax collection service provider loses the privilege to participate in this program, effective the calendar quarter immediately after the calendar quarter the failure occurred. The

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 employer may reapply for annual reporting when a complete calendar year elapses after the employer's disqualification if the employer timely furnished any requested wage information during the period in which annual reporting was denied. An employer may not deduct contributions, interests, penalties, fines, or fees required under this chapter from any part of the wages of his or her employees. A fractional part of a cent less than one-half cent shall be disregarded from the payment of contributions, but a fractional part of at least one-half cent shall be increased to 1 cent.

Section 38. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 443.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.-
- (1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT, ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.—
- (d) Payments for contributions.—For an annual administrative fee not to exceed \$5, a contributing employer may pay its quarterly contributions due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each year in equal installments if those contributions are paid as follows:
- 1. For contributions due for wages paid in the first quarter of each year, one-fourth of the contributions due must be paid on or before April 30, one-fourth must be paid on or before July 31, one-fourth must be paid on or before October 31,

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1451 and one-fourth must be paid on or before December 31.

- 2. In addition to the payments specified in subparagraph 1., for contributions due for wages paid in the second quarter of each year, one-third of the contributions due must be paid on or before July 31, one-third must be paid on or before October 31, and one-third must be paid on or before December 31.
- 3. In addition to the payments specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2., for contributions due for wages paid in the third quarter of each year, one-half of the contributions due must be paid on or before October 31, and one-half must be paid on or before December 31.
- 4. If any of the due dates listed in this paragraph fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the due date will be the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "holiday" has the same meaning as set forth in s. 110.117(1) and (2) and includes any day on which the United States Postal Service offices are closed.
- 5.4. The annual administrative fee assessed for electing to pay under the installment method shall be collected at the time the employer makes the first installment payment each year. The fee shall be segregated from the payment and deposited into the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Revenue.
- $\underline{6.5.}$ Interest does not accrue on any contribution that becomes due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each year if the employer pays the contribution in accordance with

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subparagraphs 1.-5. 1.-4. Interest and fees continue to accrue on prior delinquent contributions and commence accruing on all contributions due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each year which are not paid in accordance with subparagraphs 1.-4. 1.-3. Penalties may be assessed in accordance with this chapter. The contributions due for wages paid in the fourth quarter are not affected by this paragraph and are due and payable in accordance with this chapter.

Section 39. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 443.163, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.163 Electronic reporting and remitting of contributions and reimbursements.—

(1) An employer may file any report and remit any contributions or reimbursements required under this chapter by electronic means. The Department of Economic Opportunity or the state agency providing reemployment assistance tax collection services shall adopt rules prescribing the format and instructions necessary for electronically filing reports and remitting contributions and reimbursements to ensure a full collection of contributions and reimbursements due. The acceptable method of transfer, the method, form, and content of the electronic means, and the method, if any, by which the employer will be provided with an acknowledgment shall be prescribed by the department or its tax collection service provider. However, any employer who employed 10 or more

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employees in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for the current calendar year and remit the contributions and reimbursements due by electronic means approved by the tax collection service provider. A person who prepared and reported for 100 or more employers in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for each calendar quarter in the current calendar year, beginning with reports due for the second calendar quarter of 2003, by electronic means approved by the tax collection service provider.

- (2)(a) An employer who is required by law to file an Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by approved electronic means, but who files the report by a means other than approved electronic means, is liable for a penalty of \$50 for that report and \$1 for each employee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty provided by this chapter. However, the penalty does not apply if the tax collection service provider waives the electronic filing requirement in advance. An employer who fails to remit contributions or reimbursements by approved electronic means as required by law is liable for a penalty of \$50 for each remittance submitted by a means other than approved electronic means. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty provided by this chapter.
 - (b) A person who prepared and reported for 100 or more

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employers in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year, but who fails to file an Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) for each calendar quarter in the current calendar year by approved electronic means, is liable for a penalty of \$50 for that report and \$1 for each employee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty provided by this chapter. However, the penalty does not apply if the tax collection service provider waives the electronic filing requirement in advance.

- (3) The tax collection service provider may waive the requirement to file an Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by electronic means for employers that are unable to comply despite good faith efforts or due to circumstances beyond the employer's reasonable control.
- (a) As prescribed by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider, grounds for approving the waiver include, but are not limited to, circumstances in which the employer does not:
- 1. Currently file information or data electronically with any business or government agency; or
- 2. Have a compatible computer that meets or exceeds the standards prescribed by the department or its tax collection service provider.
- (b) The tax collection service provider shall accept other reasons for requesting a waiver from the requirement to submit the Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by electronic means,

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1551 including, but not limited to:

- 1. That the employer needs additional time to program his or her computer;
- 2. That complying with this requirement causes the employer financial hardship; or
- 3. That complying with this requirement conflicts with the employer's business procedures.
- (c) The department or the state agency providing reemployment assistance tax collection services may establish by rule the length of time a waiver is valid and may determine whether subsequent waivers will be authorized, based on this subsection.
- (4) As used in this section, the term "electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, electronic data interchange; electronic funds transfer; and use of the Internet, telephone, or other technology specified by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider.
- (5) The tax collection service provider may waive the penalty imposed by this section if a written request for waiver is filed that establishes that imposition of the penalty would be inequitable. Examples of inequity include, but are not limited to, situations in which the failure to electronically file was caused by:
- (a) Death or serious illness of the person responsible for preparing and filing the report;

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1576	(b) Destruction of the business records by fire or other
1577	casualty; or
1578	(c) Unscheduled and unavoidable computer down time.
1579	Section 40. Section 563.01, Florida Statutes, is amended
1580	to read:
1581	563.01 <u>Definitions</u> Definition .— The <u>terms</u>
1582	(1) "Beer" means a brewed beverage that meets the federal
1583	definition of beer in 27 C.F.R. s. 25.11 and contains less than
1584	6 percent alcohol by volume. and
1585	(2) "Malt beverage" means any mean all brewed beverage
1586	beverages containing malt.
1587	
1588	The terms "beer" and "malt beverage" have the same meaning when
1589	either term is used in the Beverage Law. The terms do not
1590	include alcoholic beverages that require a certificate of label
1591	approval by the Federal Government as wine or as distilled
1592	spirits.
1593	Section 41. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection
1594	(6) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1595	624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization;
1596	limitations; eligibility and application requirements;
1597	administration; definitions; expiration
1598	(1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS.—
1599	(c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted
1600	for all programs approved under this section and ss.

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212.08(5)(p) and 220.183 is \$18.4 million in the 2015-2016

fiscal year, \$21.4 million in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, and

\$21.4 million each fiscal year in the 2017-2018 fiscal year for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million each fiscal year annually for all other projects.

(6) EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except paragraph (1)(e), expire June 30, 2019 2018.

Section 42. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (3) of section 733.2121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

733.2121 Notice to creditors; filing of claims.-

- (3) (a) The personal representative shall promptly make a diligent search to determine the names and addresses of creditors of the decedent who are reasonably ascertainable, even if the claims are unmatured, contingent, or unliquidated, and shall promptly serve a copy of the notice on those creditors. Impracticable and extended searches are not required. Service is not required on any creditor who has filed a claim as provided in this part, whose claim has been paid in full, or whose claim is listed in a personal representative's timely filed proof of claim.
 - (b) The personal representative is not individually liable

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to any person for giving notice under this section, even if it is later determined that notice was not required. The service of notice to creditors in accordance with this section shall not be construed as admitting the validity or enforceability of a claim.

- (c) If the personal representative in good faith fails to give notice required by this section, the personal representative is not liable to any person for the failure. Liability, if any, for the failure is on the estate.
- (d) If a decedent at the time of death was 55 years of age or older, the personal representative shall promptly serve a copy of the notice to creditors and provide a copy of the death certificate on the Agency for Health Care Administration within 3 months after the first publication of the notice to creditors, unless the agency has already filed a statement of claim in the estate proceedings.
- (e) The personal representative shall only serve a notice of creditors on the Department of Revenue if the department is determined to be a creditor under paragraph (a) If the Department of Revenue has not previously been served with a copy of the notice to creditors, then service of the inventory on the Department of Revenue shall be the equivalent of service of a copy of the notice to creditors.
- Section 43. <u>Clothing, school supplies, personal computers,</u> and personal computer-related accessories; sales tax holiday.-

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1651	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1652	may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August
1653	4, 2017, through 11:59 p.m. on August 13, 2017, on the retail
1654	<pre>sale of:</pre>
1655	(a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags,
1656	backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding
1657	briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales
1658	price of \$100 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the
1659	term "clothing" means:
1660	1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on
1661	or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry,
1662	umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; and
1663	2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades,
1664	and skates.
1665	(b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less
1666	per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "school supplies"
1667	means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook
1668	filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction
1669	paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster
1670	paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers,
1671	computer disks, protractors, compasses, and calculators.
1672	(2) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1673	may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August
1674	4, 2017, through 11:59 p.m. on August 13, 2017, on the first
1675	\$1,000 of the sales price of personal computers or personal

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computer-related accessories purchased for noncommercial home or personal use. For purposes of this subsection, the term:

- (a) "Personal computers" includes electronic book readers, laptops, desktops, handhelds, tablets, and tower computers. The term does not include cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not primarily designed to process data.
- (b) "Personal computer-related accessories" includes keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors, other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and nonrecreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit. The term does not include furniture or systems, devices, software, or peripherals that are designed or intended primarily for recreational use.
- (c) "Monitors" does not include devices that include a television tuner.
- (3) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
- (4) The tax exemptions provided in this section apply at the option of a dealer if less than 5 percent of the dealer's

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1701	gross sales of tangible personal property in the prior calendar
1702	year are comprised of items that would be exempt under this
1703	section. If a qualifying dealer chooses not to participate in
1704	the tax holiday, the dealer must notify the Department of
1705	Revenue in writing, by August 1, 2017, of its election to
1706	collect sales tax during the holiday and must post a copy of
1707	that notice in a conspicuous location at its place of business.
1708	(5) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
1709	deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
1710	and 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
1711	(6) For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sum of \$241,200 in
1712	nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund
1713	to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of implementing
1714	this section.
1715	Section 44. Disaster preparedness supplies; sales tax
1716	holiday
1717	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1718	may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on May
1719	27, 2017, through 11:59 p.m. on June 4, 2017, on the retail sale
1720	of:
1721	(a) A portable self-powered light source selling for \$20
1722	or less.
1723	(b) A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or
1724	weatherband radio selling for \$50 or less.
1725	(a) A tarpaulin or other flevible waterproof sheeting

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1726	selling for \$50 or less.
1727	(d) A self-contained first-aid kit selling for \$30 or
1728	less.
1729	(e) A ground anchor system or tie-down kit selling for \$50
1730	or less.
1731	(f) A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$25 or less.
1732	(g) A package of AA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt, or 9-
1733	volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries, selling
1734	for \$30 or less.
1735	(h) A nonelectric food storage cooler selling for \$30 or
1736	less.
1737	(i) A portable generator used to provide light or
1738	communications or preserve food in the event of a power outage
1739	selling for \$750 or less.
1740	(j) Reusable ice selling for \$10 or less.
1741	(2) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
1742	deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
1743	and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
1744	(3) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not
1745	apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as
1746	defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public
1747	lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida
1748	Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2),
1749	Florida Statutes.

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For the 2016-17 fiscal year, the sum of \$290,580 in

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(4)

1751	nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund
1752	to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of implementing
1753	this section.
1754	(5) This section is effective upon this act becoming a
1755	law.
1756	Section 45. Educational textbooks and instructional
1757	materials; sales tax exemption.—
1758	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1759	may not be collected on the retail sale of textbooks that are
1760	required or recommended for use in a course offered by a public
1761	postsecondary educational institution as described in s.
1762	1000.04, Florida Statutes, or a nonpublic postsecondary
1763	educational institution that is eligible to participate in a
1764	tuition assistance program authorized by s. 1009.89, Florida
1765	Statutes, or s. 1009.891, Florida Statutes. As used in this
1766	section, the term "textbook" means any required or recommended
1767	manual of instruction or any instructional materials for a
1768	course in any field of study. As used in this section, the term
1769	"instructional materials" means any educational materials, in
1770	printed or digital format, that are required or recommended for
1771	use in a course in any field of study. To demonstrate that a
1772	sale is not subject to tax, the student must provide a physical
1773	or an electronic copy of the following to the vendor:
1774	(a) His or her student identification number; and
1775	(b) An applicable course syllabus or list of required and

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1776 recommended textbooks and instructional materials that meet the 1777 criteria in s. 1004.085(3), Florida Statutes. 1778 1779 The vendor must maintain proper documentation, as prescribed by 1780 department rule, to identify the complete transaction or portion 1781 of the transaction that involves the sale of textbooks that are 1782 not subject to tax. 1783 The tax exemptions provided in this section do not (2) 1784 apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public 1785 1786 lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida 1787 Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), 1788 Florida Statutes. 1789 (3) (a) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions 1790 are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 1791 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this 1792 section. (b) 1793 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency 1794 rules adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) are effective for 6 1795 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of 1796 procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of 1797 the emergency rules. 1798 This section is repealed June 30, 2018. (1) 1799 Section 46. The Department of Revenue may, and all

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conditions are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1801 ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, for the purpose of 1802 implementing the amendments made by this act to s. 212.08(19), 1803 Florida Statutes. 1804 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency 1805 rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6 1806 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of 1807 procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of 1808 the emergency rules. 1809 This section is repealed January 1, 2019. 1810 Section 47. Section 206.998, Florida Statutes, is amended 1811 to read: 1812 206.998 Applicability of specified sections of parts I and II.—The provisions of ss. 206.01, 206.02, 206.025, 206.026, 1813 206.027, 206.028, 206.03, 206.05, 206.055, 206.06, 206.07, 1814 1815 206.075, 206.09, 206.10, 206.11, 206.12, 206.13, 206.14, 206.15, 206.16, 206.17, 206.175, 206.18, 206.199, 206.20, 206.204, 1816 206.205, 206.21, 206.215, 206.22, 206.23, 206.24, 206.25, 1817 206.27, 206.28, 206.405, 206.406, 206.41, 206.413, 206.43, 1818 1819 206.44, 206.48, 206.485, 206.49, 206.56, 206.59, 206.606, 1820 206.608, and 206.61 of part I of this chapter and ss. 206.86, 1821 206.872, 206.874, 206.8745, 206.88, 206.90, and 206.93 of part 1822 II of this chapter shall, as far as lawful or practicable, be applicable to the tax levied and imposed and to the collection 1823 thereof as if fully set out in this part. However, any provision 1824 1825 of any such section does not apply if it conflicts with any

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1826 provision of this part. 1827 Section 48. For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sums of 1828 \$121,398 in recurring funds and \$11,730 in nonrecurring funds 1829 are appropriated from the Operating Trust Fund to the Department 1830 of Revenue to implement the amendments made by this act to s. 1831 212.08(19), Florida Statutes. 1832 Section 49. The amendments made by this act to s. 1833 212.08(5)(a), Florida Statutes, that exempt certain animal 1834 health products and aquaculture health products, are intended to 1835 be remedial in nature and apply retroactively, but do not 1836 provide a basis for an assessment of any tax or create a right 1837 to a refund or credit of any tax paid before the effective date 1838 of this act. 1839 Section 50. The amendments made by this act to s. 220.222, 1840 Florida Statutes, apply to taxable years beginning on or after 1841 January 1, 2016. 1842 Section 51. For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sum of 1843 \$149,818 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General 1844 Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue to implement the 1845 amendments made by this act to ss. 212.08(7) and 212.031, 1846 Florida Statutes. 1847 Section 52. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon 1848 1849 this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2017. 1850

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