1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to tax exemptions for first responders 3 and surviving spouses; amending s. 196.011, F.S.; 4 specifying the information to be included in an 5 application for certain tax exemptions; creating s. 6 196.102, F.S.; providing definitions; providing an 7 exemption from ad valorem taxation for certain first 8 responders under specified conditions; providing an 9 exemption from ad valorem taxation for certain surviving spouses of first responders who have died; 10 specifying the documentation required to receive the 11 12 exemption; granting rulemaking authority; specifying procedures for receiving a tax exemption for 2017 13 14 specifying procedures for denials of tax exemptions; providing applicability; providing an effective date. 15 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 20 196.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 196.011 Annual application required for exemption. 22 (1)23 The form to apply for an exemption under s. 196.031, 24 s. 196.081, s. 196.091, s. 196.101, s. 196.102, s. 196.173, or 25 s. 196.202 must include a space for the applicant to list the

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social security number of the applicant and of the applicant's spouse, if any. If an applicant files a timely and otherwise complete application, and omits the required social security numbers, the application is incomplete. In that event, the property appraiser shall contact the applicant, who may refile a complete application by April 1. Failure to file a complete application by that date constitutes a waiver of the exemption privilege for that year, except as provided in subsection (7) or subsection (8).

Section 2. Section 196.102, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 196.102 Exemption for certain totally and permanently disabled first responders and their surviving spouses.—
- (1) As used in this section, and not applicable to the payment of benefits under s. 112.19 or s. 112.191, the term:
- (a) "Disabled" means a physical or cognitive impairment that constitutes or results in a substantial impediment to employment as a first responder. The term does not include a chronic condition or chronic disease, unless the injury sustained in the line of duty was the sole cause of the chronic condition or chronic disease.
- (b) "First responder" means a law enforcement officer or correctional officer as defined in s. 943.10, a firefighter as defined in s. 633.102, or an emergency medical technician or paramedic as defined in s. 401.23, who is a full-time paid

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51	employee, part-time paid employee, or unpaid volunteer.
52	(c) "Cardiac event" means a heart attack, stroke or
53	vascular rupture.
54	(d) "In the line of duty" means:
55	1. While engaging in activities within the course and
56	scope of employment as a first responder;
57	2. While performing an activity relating to fire
58	suppression and prevention;
59	3. While responding to a hazardous material emergency;
60	4. While performing rescue activity;
61	5. While providing emergency medical services;
62	6. While performing disaster relief activity;
63	7. While otherwise engaging in emergency response
64	activity; or
65	8. While engaging in a training exercise related to any of
66	the events or activities enumerated in this paragraph if the
67	training has been authorized by the employing entity.
68	(2) Any real estate that is owned and used as a homestead
69	by a person who is totally and permanently disabled as a result
70	of an injury or injuries sustained in the line of duty while
71	serving as a first responder is exempt from taxation if the
72	first responder is a permanent resident of this state on January
73	1 of the tax year for which the exemption is being claimed.
74	(3) The following documents, if provided to the property

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appraiser of the county where the property is located, serve as

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prima facie evidence that the first responder is entitled to the
exemption:

- (a) A certificate of total and permanent disability, in the form set forth in subsection (7), from two licensed physicians of this state who are professionally unrelated, attesting to the applicant's total and permanent disability.
- (b) A certificate from the organization that employed the first responder at the time that the injury or injuries occurred. The employer certificate must contain, at a minimum, the information identified in subsection (8). The employer certificate shall be supplemented with extant documentation of the incident or event that caused the injury, such as an accident or incident report. The first responder may deliver the original employer certificate to the property appraiser's office or the first responder's employer may directly transmit the employer certificate to the applicable property appraiser.

Total and permanent disability that results from a cardiac event does not qualify for the exemption provided in this section unless the cardiac event occurs no later than 24 hours after the first responder performed nonroutine stressful or strenuous physical activity in the line of duty and the first responder provides the employer with competent medical evidence showing that:

1. The nonroutine stressful or strenuous activity

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directly and proximately caused the cardiac event that gave rise to the first responder's total and permanent disability; and

- $\underline{\text{2. The cardiac event was not caused by preexisting vascular}}$ disease.
- (4) (a) Any real estate owned and used as a homestead by the surviving spouse of a first responder who died but who had been receiving a tax exemption under subsection (2), is exempt from taxation.
- (b) The tax exemption provided in paragraph (a) applies as long as the surviving spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead, permanently resides thereon as specified in s. 196.031, and does not remarry. If the surviving spouse sells the property, an exemption not to exceed the amount granted under the most recent ad valorem tax roll may be transferred to the new residence if it is used as the surviving spouse's primary residence and he or she does not remarry.
- (5) A first responder may apply for the exemption before producing the necessary documentation described in paragraphs (3) (a) or (b). Upon receipt of the documentation, the exemption shall be granted as of the date of the original application and the excess taxes paid shall be refunded. Any refund of excess taxes paid shall be limited to those paid during the 4-year period of limitation set forth in s. 197.182(1)(e).
- (6) The provisions of s. 196.011(9) waiving the requirement that an annual application be submitted to the

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L26	property appraiser and providing lien authority are applicable
L27	to applications submitted pursuant to this section.
L28	(7) The physician's certification shall read as follows:
L29	
L30	PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION OF
L31	TOTAL AND PERMANENT DISABILITY
L32	
L33	I, (name of physician), a physician licensed pursuant to
L34	chapter 458 or chapter 459, Florida Statutes, hereby certify
L35	that MrMrsMissMs(applicant name and social
L36	security number), is totally and permanently disabled, due to
L37	the following mental or physical condition(s):
L38	
L39	It is my professional belief that the above-named condition(s)
L40	render MrMrsMissMs(applicant name)totally
L41	and permanently disabled, and that the foregoing statements are
142	true, correct, and complete to the best of my knowledge and
L43	professional belief.
L44	
L45	Signature
L46	Address(print)
L47	Date
L48	Florida Board of Medicine or Osteopathic Medicine license number
L49	Issued on
L50	(8) An employer for whom the first responder worked at the

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151	time of the injury must provide a certificate that, at a
152	minimum, attests and includes:
153	(a) The title of the person signing the certificate.
154	(b) The name and address of the employing entity.
155	(c) A description of the incident that caused the injury
156	or injuries.
157	(d) A statement that the first responder's injury or
158	injuries were:
159	1. Directly and proximately caused by service in the line
160	of duty.
161	2. Without willful negligence on the part of the first
162	responder.
163	3. The sole cause of the first responder's total and
164	permanent disability.
165	(9) Any person who knowingly or willfully gives false
166	information for the purpose of claiming homestead exemption as
167	set forth in this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the
168	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or by fine of
169	not more than \$5,000, or both.
170	(10) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
171	deemed to be met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss.
172	120 536/1) and 120 5/ to administer the application process for

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the 2017 calendar year. This subsection is repealed on August

(11) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to

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administer this section.

- (12) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 196.011 and 196.102, the deadline for a first responder to file an application with the property appraiser for an exemption under s. 196.102 for the 2017 tax year is August 1, 2017. The property appraiser may grant an application for an exemption that is filed untimely if:
 - (a) The applicant is qualified for the exemption; and
- (b) The applicant produces sufficient evidence, as determined by the property appraiser, which demonstrates that the applicant was unable to apply for the exemption in a timely manner or otherwise demonstrates extenuating circumstances that warrant granting the exemption.
- (13) If the property appraiser denies an application under subsection (12), the deadline to serve notice setting forth the grounds for denial as provided in s. 196.011(6)(a) is extended to 30 days after the date on which the application for exemption is submitted. A denied applicant may file a petition with the value adjustment board as set forth in s. 194.011(3). The petition must be filed on or before the 25th day after the mailing by the property appraiser during the 2017 calendar year of the notice required under s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding s. 194.013, the eligible first responder is not required to pay a filing fee for such petition. Upon review of the petition, the value adjustment board shall grant the exemption if it

determines the applicant is qualified and has demonstrated the existence of extenuating circumstances warranting the exemption.

Section 3. This act operates prospectively to the 2017 tax roll and does not provide a basis for relief from an assessment of taxes not paid or create a right to a refund of taxes paid before January 1, 2017.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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