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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Health and Human Services Appropriations

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Agency for Health Care Administration; amending s. 395.701, F.S.; increasing the assessments imposed on hospital inpatient and outpatient services and deposited into the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund; amending s. 409.906, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Department of Elderly Affairs, to phase out certain specified programs and to transfer the Medicaid waiver recipients to other appropriate home and communitybased service programs; prohibiting certain programs from accepting new members after a specified date; requiring community-based providers to assist in the transition of enrollees and cease provision of certain waiver services by a specified date; amending s. 409.9082, F.S.; revising the use of funds from nursing home quality assessments and federal matching funds; amending s. 409.9083, F.S.; revising the use of funds from quality assessments on privately operated intermediate care facility providers for the developmentally disabled and federal matching funds; amending s. 409.911, F.S.; calculating the disproportionate share funds for provider service network hospitals; amending s. 409.9112, F.S.; continuing the prohibition against distributing moneys under the perinatal intensive care centers



disproportionate share program; amending s. 409.9113, F.S.; continuing authorizing for the distribution of moneys to teaching hospitals under the disproportionate share program; amending s. 409.9117, F.S.; continuing the prohibition against distributing moneys for the primary care disproportionate share program; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 395.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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395.701 Annual assessments on net operating revenues for inpatient and outpatient services to fund public medical assistance; administrative fines for failure to pay assessments when due; exemption.-

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(2)(a) There is imposed upon each hospital an assessment in an amount equal to $2\frac{1.5}{1.5}$ percent of the annual net operating revenue for inpatient services for each hospital, such revenue to be determined by the agency, based on the actual experience of the hospital as reported to the agency. Within 6 months after the end of each hospital fiscal year, the agency shall certify the amount of the assessment for each hospital. The assessment shall be payable to and collected by the agency in equal quarterly amounts, on or before the first day of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first full calendar quarter that occurs after the agency certifies the amount of the assessment for each hospital. All moneys collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Public Medical Assistance



Trust Fund.

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(b) There is imposed upon each hospital an assessment in an amount equal to $1.5 \pm percent$ of the annual net operating revenue for outpatient services for each hospital, such revenue to be determined by the agency, based on the actual experience of the hospital as reported to the agency. While prior year report worksheets may be reconciled to the hospital's audited financial statements, no additional audited financial components may be required for the purposes of determining the amount of the assessment imposed pursuant to this section other than those in effect on July 1, 2000. Within 6 months after the end of each hospital fiscal year, the agency shall certify the amount of the assessment for each hospital. The assessment shall be payable to and collected by the agency in equal quarterly amounts, on or before the first day of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first full calendar quarter that occurs after the agency certifies the amount of the assessment for each hospital. All moneys collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund.

Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (13) of section 409.906, Florida Statutes, to read:

409.906 Optional Medicaid services. - Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Optional services rendered by providers



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in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. If necessary to safequard the state's systems of providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled." Optional services may include:

- (13) HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES.
- (d) The agency, in consultation with the Department of Elderly Affairs, shall phase out the adult day health care and Channeling Services waiver programs and transfer existing waiver enrollees to other appropriate home and community-based service programs. Effective July 1, 2010, the adult day health care, and Channeling waiver programs shall cease to enroll new members. Existing enrollees in the adult day health care and Channeling Services programs shall receive counseling regarding available options and shall be offered an alternative home and communitybased services program based on eligibility and personal choice. Each enrollee in the waiver program shall continue to receive home and community-based services without interruption in the enrollee's program of choice. The providers of the adult day health care and Channeling Services waiver programs, in



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consultation with the Area Agencies on Aging, shall assist in the transition of enrollees. Provision of adult day health care and Channeling Services waiver services shall cease by December 31, 2010. The agency may seek federal waiver approval to administer this change.

Section 3. Subsections (4) and (6) of section 409.9082, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.9082 Quality assessment on nursing home facility providers; exemptions; purpose; federal approval required; remedies.-

- (4) The purpose of the nursing home facility quality assessment is to ensure continued quality of care. Collected assessment funds shall be used to obtain federal financial participation through the Medicaid program to make Medicaid payments for nursing home facility services up to the amount of nursing home facility Medicaid rates as calculated in accordance with the approved state Medicaid plan in effect on December 31, 2007. The quality assessment and federal matching funds shall be used exclusively for the following purposes and in the following order of priority:
- (a) To reimburse the Medicaid share of the quality assessment as a pass-through, Medicaid-allowable cost;
- (b) To increase to each nursing home facility's Medicaid rate, as needed, up to an amount that restores the rate reductions implemented January 1, 2008; January 1, 2009; and March 1, 2009; and July 1, 2009;
- (c) To increase to each nursing home facility's Medicaid rate, as needed, up to an amount that restores any rate reductions for the 2010-2011 2009-2010 fiscal year; and



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- (d) To increase each nursing home facility's Medicaid rate that accounts for the portion of the total assessment not included in paragraphs (a)-(c) which begins a phase-in to a pricing model for the operating cost component.
- (6) The quality assessment shall terminate and the agency shall discontinue the imposition, assessment, and collection of the nursing facility quality assessment if the agency does not obtain necessary federal approval for the nursing home facility quality assessment or the payment rates required by subsection (4). Upon termination, all collected assessment revenues, less any amounts expended by the agency, shall be returned on a pro rata basis to the nursing facilities that paid them.

Section 4. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 409.9083, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 409.9083 Quality assessment on privately operated intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled; exemptions; purpose; federal approval required; remedies.-
- (3) The purpose of the facility quality assessment is to ensure continued quality of care. Collected assessment funds shall be used to obtain federal financial participation through the Medicaid program to make Medicaid payments for ICF/DD services up to the amount of the Medicaid rates for such facilities as calculated in accordance with the approved state Medicaid plan in effect on April 1, 2008. The quality assessment and federal matching funds shall be used exclusively for the following purposes and in the following order of priority to:
- (a) Reimburse the Medicaid share of the quality assessment as a pass-through, Medicaid-allowable cost.
 - (b) Increase each privately operated ICF/DD Medicaid rate,



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as needed, by an amount that restores the rate reductions implemented on October 1, 2008.

- (c) Increase each ICF/DD Medicaid rate, as needed, by an amount that restores any rate reductions for the 2008-2009 fiscal year, and the 2009-2010 fiscal year, and the 2010-2011 fiscal year.
- (d) Increase payments to such facilities to fund covered services to Medicaid beneficiaries.
- (5)(a) The quality assessment shall terminate and the agency shall discontinue the imposition, assessment, and collection of the quality assessment if the agency does not obtain necessary federal approval for the facility quality assessment or the payment rates required by subsection (3).
- (b) Upon termination of the quality assessment, all collected assessment revenues, less any amounts expended by the agency, shall be returned on a pro rata basis to the facilities that paid such assessments.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.911 Disproportionate share program. - Subject to specific allocations established within the General Appropriations Act and any limitations established pursuant to chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this section, moneys to hospitals providing a disproportionate share of Medicaid or charity care services by making quarterly Medicaid payments as required. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients.



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- (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use the following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days and charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate share payment:
- (a) The average of the 2003, 2004, and 2005 audited disproportionate share data to determine each hospital's Medicaid days and charity care for the 2010-2011 2009-2010 state fiscal year.

Section 6. Section 409.9112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9112 Disproportionate share program for regional perinatal intensive care centers. - In addition to the payments made under s. 409.911, the agency shall design and implement a system for making disproportionate share payments to those hospitals that participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center program established pursuant to chapter 383. The system of payments must conform to federal requirements and distribute funds in each fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2010-2011 2009-2010 state fiscal year, the agency may not distribute moneys under the regional perinatal intensive care centers disproportionate share program.

(1) The following formula shall be used by the agency to calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center program:

TAE = HDSP/THDSP



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Where:

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TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive care center.

HDSP = the prior state fiscal year regional perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.

THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total regional perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share payments to all hospitals.

(2) The total additional payment for hospitals that participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

 $TAP = TAE \times TA$

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246 Where:

> TAP = total additional payment for a regional perinatal intensive care center.

TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive care center.

TA = total appropriation for the regional perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share program.

- (3) In order to receive payments under this section, a hospital must be participating in the regional perinatal intensive care center program pursuant to chapter 383 and must meet the following additional requirements:
- (a) Agree to conform to all departmental and agency requirements to ensure high quality in the provision of services, including criteria adopted by departmental and agency



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rule concerning staffing ratios, medical records, standards of care, equipment, space, and such other standards and criteria as the department and agency deem appropriate as specified by rule.

- (b) Agree to provide information to the department and agency, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the department and agency, concerning the care provided to all patients in neonatal intensive care centers and high-risk maternity care.
- (c) Agree to accept all patients for neonatal intensive care and high-risk maternity care, regardless of ability to pay, on a functional space-available basis.
- (d) Agree to develop arrangements with other maternity and neonatal care providers in the hospital's region for the appropriate receipt and transfer of patients in need of specialized maternity and neonatal intensive care services.
- (e) Agree to establish and provide a developmental evaluation and services program for certain high-risk neonates, as prescribed and defined by rule of the department.
- (f) Agree to sponsor a program of continuing education in perinatal care for health care professionals within the region of the hospital, as specified by rule.
- (q) Agree to provide backup and referral services to the county health departments and other low-income perinatal providers within the hospital's region, including the development of written agreements between these organizations and the hospital.
- (h) Agree to arrange for transportation for high-risk obstetrical patients and neonates in need of transfer from the community to the hospital or from the hospital to another more



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(4) Hospitals which fail to comply with any of the conditions in subsection (3) or the applicable rules of the department and agency may not receive any payments under this section until full compliance is achieved. A hospital which is not in compliance in two or more consecutive quarters may not receive its share of the funds. Any forfeited funds shall be distributed by the remaining participating regional perinatal intensive care center program hospitals.

Section 7. Section 409.9113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9113 Disproportionate share program for teaching hospitals.-In addition to the payments made under ss. 409.911 and 409.9112, the agency shall make disproportionate share payments to statutorily defined teaching hospitals for their increased costs associated with medical education programs and for tertiary health care services provided to the indigent. This system of payments must conform to federal requirements and distribute funds in each fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2010-2011 2009-2010 state fiscal year, the agency shall distribute the moneys provided in the General Appropriations Act to statutorily defined teaching hospitals and family practice teaching hospitals under the teaching hospital disproportionate share program. The funds provided for statutorily defined teaching hospitals shall be distributed in the same proportion as the



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state fiscal year 2003-2004 teaching hospital disproportionate share funds were distributed or as otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act. The funds provided for family practice teaching hospitals shall be distributed equally among family practice teaching hospitals.

- (1) On or before September 15 of each year, the agency shall calculate an allocation fraction to be used for distributing funds to state statutory teaching hospitals. Subsequent to the end of each quarter of the state fiscal year, the agency shall distribute to each statutory teaching hospital, as defined in s. 408.07, an amount determined by multiplying one-fourth of the funds appropriated for this purpose by the Legislature times such hospital's allocation fraction. The allocation fraction for each such hospital shall be determined by the sum of the following three primary factors, divided by three:
- (a) The number of nationally accredited graduate medical education programs offered by the hospital, including programs accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education and the combined Internal Medicine and Pediatrics programs acceptable to both the American Board of Internal Medicine and the American Board of Pediatrics at the beginning of the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of the total number of programs, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals.
- (b) The number of full-time equivalent trainees in the hospital, which comprises two components:



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- 1. The number of trainees enrolled in nationally accredited graduate medical education programs, as defined in paragraph (a). Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the given institution, over the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of the total number of full-time equivalent trainees enrolled in accredited graduate programs, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals.
- 2. The number of medical students enrolled in accredited colleges of medicine and engaged in clinical activities, including required clinical clerkships and clinical electives. Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the given institution, over the course of the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the given hospital represents of the total number of fulltime equivalent students enrolled in accredited colleges of medicine, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals.

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The primary factor for full-time equivalent trainees is computed as the sum of these two components, divided by two.

- 372 (c) A service index that comprises three components:
 - 1. The Agency for Health Care Administration Service Index, computed by applying the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the agency to services offered by the given



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hospital, as reported on Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency before the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the given hospital represents of the total Agency for Health Care Administration Service Index values, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals.

- 2. A volume-weighted service index, computed by applying the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the Agency for Health Care Administration to the volume of each service, expressed in terms of the standard units of measure reported on Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency before the date on which the allocation factor is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the given hospital represents of the total volume-weighted service index values, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals.
- 3. Total Medicaid payments to each hospital for direct inpatient and outpatient services during the fiscal year preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated. This includes payments made to each hospital for such services by Medicaid prepaid health plans, whether the plan was administered by the hospital or not. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that each hospital represents of the total of such Medicaid payments, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals.

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The primary factor for the service index is computed as the sum of these three components, divided by three.



(2) By October 1 of each year, the agency shall use the following formula to calculate the maximum additional disproportionate share payment for statutorily defined teaching hospitals:

 $TAP = THAF \times A$

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Where: 411

TAP = total additional payment.

THAF = teaching hospital allocation factor.

A = amount appropriated for a teaching hospital disproportionate share program.

Section 8. Section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share program.—For the 2010-2011 2009-2010 state fiscal year, the agency shall not distribute moneys under the primary care disproportionate share program.
- (1) If federal funds are available for disproportionate share programs in addition to those otherwise provided by law, there shall be created a primary care disproportionate share program.
- (2) The following formula shall be used by the agency to calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate in the primary care disproportionate share program:

TAE = HDSP/THDSP

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Where:

TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the primary care disproportionate share program.



HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.

THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care disproportionate share payments to all hospitals.

(3) The total additional payment for hospitals that participate in the primary care disproportionate share program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

 $TAP = TAE \times TA$

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Where:

TAP = total additional payment for a primary care hospital.

TAE = total amount earned by a primary care hospital.

TA = total appropriation for the primary care disproportionate share program.

- (4) In the establishment and funding of this program, the agency shall use the following criteria in addition to those specified in s. 409.911, and payments may not be made to a hospital unless the hospital agrees to:
- (a) Cooperate with a Medicaid prepaid health plan, if one exists in the community.
- (b) Ensure the availability of primary and specialty care physicians to Medicaid recipients who are not enrolled in a prepaid capitated arrangement and who are in need of access to such physicians.
- (c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a



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sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental entity, except that eligibility may be limited to persons who reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency and the hospital.

- (d) Contract with any federally qualified health center, if one exists within the agreed geopolitical boundaries, concerning the provision of primary care services, in order to guarantee delivery of services in a nonduplicative fashion, and to provide for referral arrangements, privileges, and admissions, as appropriate. The hospital shall agree to provide at an onsite or offsite facility primary care services within 24 hours to which all Medicaid recipients and persons eligible under this paragraph who do not require emergency room services are referred during normal daylight hours.
- (e) Cooperate with the agency, the county, and other entities to ensure the provision of certain public health services, case management, referral and acceptance of patients, and sharing of epidemiological data, as the agency and the hospital find mutually necessary and desirable to promote and protect the public health within the agreed geopolitical boundaries.
- (f) In cooperation with the county in which the hospital resides, develop a low-cost, outpatient, prepaid health care program to persons who are not eligible for the Medicaid program, and who reside within the area.
- (q) Provide inpatient services to residents within the area who are not eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, and who do not



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have private health insurance, regardless of ability to pay, on the basis of available space, except that hospitals may not be prevented from establishing bill collection programs based on ability to pay.

- (h) Work with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the Florida Health Care Purchasing Cooperative, and business health coalitions, as appropriate, to develop a feasibility study and plan to provide a low-cost comprehensive health insurance plan to persons who reside within the area and who do not have access to such a plan.
- (i) Work with public health officials and other experts to provide community health education and prevention activities designed to promote healthy lifestyles and appropriate use of health services.
- (j) Work with the local health council to develop a plan for promoting access to affordable health care services for all persons who reside within the area, including, but not limited to, public health services, primary care services, inpatient services, and affordable health insurance generally.

Any hospital that fails to comply with any of the provisions of this subsection, or any other contractual condition, may not receive payments under this section until full compliance is achieved.

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.