A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the regulation of firearms and 3 ammunition; amending s. 790.33, F.S.; clarifying and 4 reorganizing provisions that preempt to the state the 5 entire field of regulation of firearms; prohibiting the 6 knowing and willful violation of the Legislature's 7 occupation of the whole field of regulation of firearms 8 and ammunition by the enactment or causation of 9 enforcement of any local ordinance or administrative rule 10 or regulation; providing additional intent of the section; 11 eliminating provisions authorizing counties to adopt an ordinance requiring a waiting period between the purchase 12 and delivery of a handgun; providing a penalty for knowing 13 14 and willful violation of prohibitions; providing for 15 investigation of complaints of violations of the section 16 and prosecution of violators by the state attorney; 17 providing that public funds may not be used to defend the unlawful conduct of any person charged with a knowing and 18 19 willful violation of the section; providing for termination of employment or contract or removal from 20 21 office of a person acting in an official capacity who 22 knowingly and willfully violates any provision of the 23 section; providing for declaratory and injunctive relief 24 for specified persons or organizations; providing for 25 specified damages and interest; providing for seizure of 26 certain vehicles for specified nonpayment of damages; 27 providing exceptions to prohibitions of the section; 28 providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 790.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.33 Field of regulation of firearms and ammunition preempted.—

- PREEMPTION.—Except as expressly provided by the State Constitution or general law, the Legislature hereby declares that it is occupying the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition, including the purchase, sale, transfer, taxation, manufacture, ownership, possession, storage, and transportation thereof, to the exclusion of all existing and future county, city, town, or municipal ordinances or any administrative regulations or rules adopted by local or state government relating thereto. Any such existing ordinances, rules, or regulations are hereby declared null and void. This subsection shall not affect zoning ordinances which encompass firearms businesses along with other businesses. Zoning ordinances which are designed for the purpose of restricting or prohibiting the sale, purchase, transfer, or manufacture of firearms or ammunition as a method of regulating firearms or ammunition are in conflict with this subsection and are prohibited.
 - (2) LIMITED EXCEPTION; COUNTY WAITING-PERIOD ORDINANCES.-
- (a) Any county may have the option to adopt a waitingperiod ordinance requiring a waiting period of up to, but not to
 exceed, 3 working days between the purchase and delivery of a

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handgun. For purposes of this subsection, "purchase" means payment of deposit, payment in full, or notification of intent to purchase. Adoption of a waiting-period ordinance, by any county, shall require a majority vote of the county commission on votes on waiting-period ordinances. This exception is limited solely to individual counties and is limited to the provisions and restrictions contained in this subsection.

- (b) Ordinances authorized by this subsection shall apply to all sales of handguns to individuals by a retail establishment except those sales to individuals exempted in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "retail establishment" means a gun shop, sporting goods store, pawn shop, hardware store, department store, discount store, bait or tackle shop, or any other store or shop that offers handguns for walk-in retail sale but does not include gun collectors shows or exhibits, or gun shows.
- (c) Ordinances authorized by this subsection shall not require any reporting or notification to any source outside the retail establishment, but records of handgun sales must be available for inspection, during normal business hours, by any law enforcement agency as defined in s. 934.02.
- (d) The following shall be exempt from any waiting period:

 1. Individuals who are licensed to carry concealed

 firearms under the provisions of s. 790.06 or who are licensed
- to carry concealed firearms under any other provision of state
- 2. Individuals who already lawfully own another firearm and who show a sales receipt for another firearm; who are known

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to own another firearm through a prior purchase from the retail establishment; or who have another firearm for trade-in;

- 3. A law enforcement or correctional officer as defined in s. 943.10;
 - 4. A law enforcement agency as defined in s. 934.02;
- 5. Sales or transactions between dealers or between distributors or between dealers and distributors who have current federal firearms licenses; or
- 6. Any individual who has been threatened or whose family has been threatened with death or bodily injury, provided the individual may lawfully possess a firearm and provided such threat has been duly reported to local law enforcement.
 - (2) POLICY AND INTENT.

- (a) It is the intent of this section to provide uniform firearms laws in the state; to declare all ordinances and regulations null and void which have been enacted by any jurisdictions other than state and federal, which regulate firearms, ammunition, or components thereof; to prohibit the enactment of any future ordinances or regulations relating to firearms, ammunition, or components thereof unless specifically authorized by this section or general law; and to require local jurisdictions to enforce state firearms laws.
- (b) It is further the intent of this section to deter and prevent the violation of this section and the violation of rights protected under the constitution and laws of this state related to firearms, ammunition, or components thereof, by the abuse of official authority that occurs when enactments are knowingly passed in violation of state law or under color of

local or state authority.

- (3) PROHIBITIONS; PENALTIES.-
- (a) Any person, county, agency, municipality, district, or other entity that knowingly and willfully violates the Legislature's occupation of the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition, as declared in subsection (1), by enacting or causing to be enforced any local ordinance or administrative rule or regulation commits a noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 775.083.
- (b) The state attorney in the appropriate jurisdiction shall investigate complaints of noncriminal violations of this section and, where the state attorney determines that probable cause of a violation exists, may prosecute violators in the circuit court where the complaint arose.
- (c) If the court determines that the violation was knowing and willful, the court shall assess a fine of not less than \$5,000 and not more than \$100,000 against the elected or appointed local government official or officials or administrative agency head under whose jurisdiction the violation occurred. The elected or appointed local government official or officials or administrative agency head shall be personally liable for the payment of all fines, costs, and fees assessed by the court for the noncriminal violation.
- (d) Except as required by s. 16, Art. I of the State

 Constitution or the Sixth Amendment to the United States

 Constitution, public funds may not be used to defend the unlawful conduct of any person charged with a knowing and

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141 willful violation of this section.

(e) A knowing and willful violation of any provision of this section by a person acting in an official capacity for any entity enacting or causing to be enforced a local ordinance or administrative rule or regulation prohibited under paragraph (a) or otherwise under color of law shall be cause for immediate termination of employment or contract or removal from office by the Governor.

- (f) A person or an organization whose membership is adversely affected by any ordinance, regulation, measure, directive, rule, enactment, order, or policy promulgated or caused to be enforced in violation of this section may file suit against any county, agency, municipality, district, or other entity, and against any person in that person's individual or official capacity, in any court of this state having jurisdiction over any defendant to the suit for declaratory and injunctive relief and for all actual and consequential damages attributable to the violation. A court shall award the prevailing plaintiff in any such suit:
- 1. Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with the laws of this state, including a contingency fee multiplier, if applicable, of between 1.5 and 3; and
- 2. The greater of actual damages or an amount as determined by the court of not less than \$25,000 or more than \$100,000.

Damages under this subsection are not subject to the requirements or limitations on damages set forth in s. 768.28.

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Interest on the sums awarded pursuant to this subsection shall accrue at 15 percent per annum from the date on which suit was filed. Where applicable, payment may be secured by seizure of any vehicles used or operated for the benefit of any elected officeholder or official found to have violated this section if not paid within 72 hours after the order's filing.

(4) EXCEPTIONS.—This section does not prohibit:

- (a) Zoning ordinances that encompass firearms businesses along with other businesses, except that zoning ordinances that are designed for the purpose of restricting or prohibiting the sale, purchase, transfer, or manufacture of firearms or ammunition as a method of regulating firearms or ammunition are in conflict with this subsection and are prohibited;
- (b) A duly organized law enforcement agency from enacting and enforcing regulations pertaining to firearms, ammunition, or firearm accessories issued to or used by peace officers in the course of their official duties;
- (c) Except as provided in s. 790.251, any entity subject to the prohibitions of this section from regulating or prohibiting the carrying of firearms and ammunition by an employee of the entity during and in the course of the employee's official duties;
- (d) A court or administrative law judge from hearing and resolving any case or controversy or issuing any opinion or order on a matter within the jurisdiction of that court or judge; or
- (e) The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission from regulating the use of firearms or ammunition as a method of

197	taking wildlife and regulating the shooting ranges managed by
198	the commission.
199	(5) (b) SHORT TITLE.—As created by chapter 87-23, Laws of
200	Florida, this section shall be known and may be cited as the
201	"Joe Carlucci Uniform Firearms Act."
202	Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2011.