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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative; creating s. 1011.6202, F.S.; creating the Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative; providing a procedure for a school district to participate in the program; providing requirements for participating school districts and schools; exempting participating schools from certain laws and rules; requiring principals of participating schools to complete a specific professional development program; providing for the term of participation in the program; providing for renewal or revocation of authorization to participate in the program; providing for reporting and rulemaking; amending s. 1011.64, F.S.; providing that certain training may be included in school district minimum classroom expenditure requirements; amending s. 1011.69, F.S.; requiring participating district school boards to allocate a specified percentage of certain funds to participating schools; amending s. 1012.28, F.S.; providing additional authority and responsibilities of the principal of a participating school; amending s. 1012.986, F.S.; specifying the contents of a specific professional development program for certain school principals; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 1011.6202, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1011.6202 Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative.—The Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative is created within the Department of Education. The purpose of the pilot program is to provide the principal of a participating school with increased autonomy and authority to operate his or her school in a way that produces significant improvements in student achievement and school management while complying with constitutional requirements. The State Board of Education may, upon approval of a principal autonomy proposal, enter into a performance contract with up to six district school boards for participation in the program.

- district may submit to the state board for approval a principal autonomy proposal that exchanges statutory and rule exemptions for an agreement to meet performance goals established in the proposal. If approved by the state board, the school district shall be eligible to participate in the program for 3 years. At the end of the 3 years, the performance of all participating schools in the school district shall be evaluated.
 - (2) PRINCIPAL AUTONOMY PROPOSAL.—
 - (a) To participate in the program, a school district must:

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1. Identify three middle or high schools whose principals will have fiscal and administrative autonomy.

- 2. Describe the current financial and administrative management of each participating school; identify the areas in which each school principal will have increased fiscal and administrative autonomy, including the authority and responsibilities provided in s. 1012.28(8); and identify the areas in which each participating school will continue to follow district school board fiscal and administrative policies.
- 3. Explain the methods used to identify the educational strengths and needs of the participating school's students and identify how student achievement can be improved.
- 4. Establish performance goals for student achievement, as defined in s. 1008.34(1), and explain how the increased autonomy of principals will help participating schools improve student achievement and school management.
- 5. Provide each participating school's mission and a description of its student population.
- (b) The state board shall establish criteria, which must include the criteria listed in paragraph (a), for the approval of a principal autonomy proposal.
- (c) A school district must submit its principal autonomy proposal to the state board for approval by December 1 in order to begin participation in the subsequent school year. By February 28 of the school year in which the proposal is submitted, the state board shall notify the district school

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79 board in writing whether the proposal is approved.

(3) EXEMPTION FROM LAWS.—

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- (a) With the exception of those laws listed in paragraph (b), a participating school district is exempt from the provisions of chapters 1000-1013 and rules of the state board that implement those exempt provisions.
- (b) A participating school district shall comply with the provisions of chapters 1000-1013, and rules of the state board that implement those provisions, pertaining to the following:
- 1. Those laws relating to the election and compensation of district school board members, the election or appointment and compensation of district school superintendents, public meetings and public records requirements, financial disclosure, and conflicts of interest.
- 2. Those laws relating to the student assessment program and school grading system, including chapter 1008.
- 3. Those laws relating to the provision of services to students with disabilities.
- 4. Those laws relating to civil rights, including s. 1000.05, relating to discrimination.
- 5. Those laws relating to student health, safety, and welfare.
- 6. Section 1001.42(4)(f), relating to the uniform opening date for public schools.
- 7. Section 1003.03, governing maximum class size, except that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s. 1003.03 is

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105 the average at the school level for a participating school.

- 8. Sections 1012.22(1)(c) and 1012.27(2), relating to compensation and salary schedules.
- 9. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions for annual contracts for instructional personnel. This subparagraph does not apply to at-will employees.
- 10. Section 1012.335, relating to annual contracts for instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011. This subparagraph does not apply to at-will employees.
- 11. Section 1012.34, relating to personnel evaluation procedures and criteria.
- 12. Those laws pertaining to educational facilities, including chapter 1013, except that s. 1013.20, relating to covered walkways for relocatables, and s. 1013.21, relating to the use of relocatable facilities exceeding 20 years of age, are eligible for exemption.
- 13. Those laws pertaining to participating school districts, including this section and ss. 1011.64(2)(b), 1011.69(2), 1012.28(8), and 1012.986(1)(e).
- (4) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.—Each participating school district shall require that the principal of each participating school complete professional development provided through the William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders under s. 1012.986. The professional development must be completed before a school may participate in the Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative.

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(5) TERM OF PARTICIPATION.—The state board shall authorize
a school district to participate in the program for a period of
3 years commencing with approval of the principal autonomy
proposal. Authorization to participate in the program may be
renewed upon action of the state board. The state board may
revoke authorization to participate in the program if the school
district fails to meet the requirements of this section during
the 3-year period.

- (6) REPORTING.—Each participating school district shall submit an annual report to the state board. The state board shall annually report on the implementation of the Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative. Upon completion of the program's first 3-year term, the Commissioner of Education shall submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1 a full evaluation of the effectiveness of the program.
- (7) RULEMAKING.—The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1011.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1011.64 School district minimum classroom expenditure requirements.—
- (2) For the purpose of implementing the provisions of this section, the Legislature shall prescribe minimum academic performance standards and minimum classroom expenditure requirements for districts not meeting such minimum academic

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performance standards in the General Appropriations Act.

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- (b) School district minimum classroom expenditure requirements shall be calculated pursuant to subsection (3) $\underline{\text{and}}$ may include training pursuant to s. 1012.986(1)(e).
- Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 1011.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1011.69 Equity in School-Level Funding Act.-
- Beginning in the 2003-2004 fiscal year, district school boards shall allocate to schools within the district an average of 90 percent of the funds generated by all schools and guarantee that each school receives at least 80 percent, except schools participating in the Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative under s. 1011.6202 are guaranteed to receive at least 90 percent, of the funds generated by that school based upon the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act, including gross state and local funds, discretionary lottery funds, and funds from the school district's current operating discretionary millage levy. Total funding for each school shall be recalculated during the year to reflect the revised calculations under the Florida Education Finance Program by the state and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the school during the full-time equivalent student survey periods designated by the Commissioner of Education. If the district school board is providing programs or services to students funded by federal funds, any eligible students enrolled in the schools in the district shall be

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183 provided federal funds.

Section 4. Subsection (8) is added to section 1012.28,

Florida Statutes, to read:

1012.28 Public school personnel; duties of school principals.—

- (8) The principal of a participating school in a participating school district approved under s. 1011.6202 has the following additional authority and responsibilities:
- (a) In addition to the authority provided in subsection (6), the authority to select qualified instructional personnel for placement or to refuse to accept the placement or transfer of instructional personnel by the district school superintendent. Placement of instructional personnel at a participating school in a participating school district does not affect the employee's status as a school district employee.
- (b) The authority to deploy financial resources to school programs at the principal's discretion to help improve student achievement, as defined in s. 1008.34(1), and meet performance goals identified in the principal autonomy proposal submitted pursuant to s. 1011.6202.
- (c) To annually provide to the district school superintendent and the district school board a budget for the operation of the participating school that identifies how funds provided pursuant to s. 1011.69(2) are allocated. The school district shall include the budget in the annual report provided to the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1011.6202(6).

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Section 5. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of section 1012.986, Florida Statutes, to read:

1012.986 William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders.—

- (1) There is established the William Cecil Golden
 Professional Development Program for School Leaders to provide
 high standards and sustained support for principals as
 instructional leaders. The program shall consist of a
 collaborative network of state and national professional
 leadership organizations to respond to instructional leadership
 needs throughout the state. The network shall support the humanresource development needs of principals, principal leadership
 teams, and candidates for principal leadership positions using
 the framework of leadership standards adopted by the State Board
 of Education, the Southern Regional Education Board, and the
 National Staff Development Council. The goal of the network
 leadership program is to:
- (e) For principals of schools participating in the Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative under s. 1011.6202, provide training on the following:
- 1. Managing instructional personnel, including developing a high-performing instructional leadership team.
- 2. Public school budgeting, financial management, and human resources policies and procedures.
- 3. Best practices for the effective exercise of increased budgetary and staffing flexibility to improve student

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235 <u>achievement and operational efficiency.</u>
236 Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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