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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; creating s. 15.0455, F.S.; designating the Florida Agricultural Museum in Flagler County as the official state agricultural museum; providing for future repeal; amending s. 369.20, F.S.; requiring the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to enter into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection relating to the uniform application of pesticides to the waters of the state; revising exemptions from water pollution permits; amending s. 373.1391, F.S.; requiring that the agricultural use of land present at the time of fee simple acquisition be given priority regarding the management of the land; amending s. 403.088, F.S.; requiring a permit for applying pesticide to the waters of the state; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to enter into agreements with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission relating to the uniform application of pesticides to the waters of the state; providing a temporary deviation from the acute toxicity provisions provided by rule for pesticide application under certain circumstances; amending s. 403.9336, F.S.; revising a reference to the Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes; amending s. 403.9337, F.S.; providing for amendment of the model ordinance by the Department of Environmental

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Protection; revising the criteria for a local government's adoption of additional or more stringent standards; amending s. 487.163, F.S.; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to enter into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection relating to the uniform application of pesticides to the waters of the state; amending s. 493.6102, F.S.; specifying that provisions regulating security officers do not apply to certain law enforcement, correctional, and probation officers performing off-duty activities; amending s. 493.6105, F.S.; revising the application requirements and procedures for certain private investigative, private security, recovery agent, and firearm licenses; specifying application requirements for firearms instructor licenses; amending s. 493.6106, F.S.; revising citizenship requirements and documentation for certain private investigative, private security, and recovery agent licenses; prohibiting the licensure of applicants for a statewide firearm license or firearms instructor license who are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms; requiring that private investigative, security, and recovery agencies notify the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services of changes to their branch office locations; amending s. 493.6107, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; revising requirements for criminal history checks of license applicants whose

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fingerprints are not legible; requiring the investigation of the mental and emotional fitness of applicants for firearms instructor licenses; amending s. 493.6111, F.S.; requiring a security officer school or recovery agent school to obtain the department's approval for use of a fictitious name; specifying that a licensee may not conduct business under more than one fictitious name; amending s. 493.6113, F.S.; revising application renewal procedures and requirements; amending s. 493.6115, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 493.6118, F.S.; authorizing disciplinary action against statewide firearm licensees and firearms instructor licensees who are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms; amending s. 493.6121, F.S.; deleting provisions for the department's access to certain criminal history records provided to licensed gun dealers, manufacturers, and exporters; amending s. 493.6202, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6203, F.S.; prohibiting bodyquard services from being credited toward certain license requirements; revising the training requirements for private investigator intern license applicants; requiring the automatic suspension of an intern's license under certain circumstances; providing an exception; amending s. 493.6302, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6303, F.S.; revising the training

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requirements for security officer license applicants; amending s. 493.6304, F.S.; revising application requirements and procedures for security officer school licenses; amending s. 493.6401, F.S.; revising terminology for recovery agent schools and training facilities; amending s. 493.6402, F.S.; revising terminology for recovery agent schools and training facilities; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6406, F.S.; revising terminology; requiring recovery agent school and instructor licenses; providing license application requirements and procedures; amending s. 500.033, F.S.; revising the membership of the Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Advisory Council; amending ss. 501.605 and 501.607, F.S.; revising application requirements for commercial telephone seller and salesperson licenses; amending s. 501.913, F.S.; specifying the sample size required for antifreeze registration application; amending s. 525.01, F.S.; revising requirements for petroleum fuel affidavits; amending s. 525.09, F.S.; imposing an inspection fee on certain alternative fuels containing alcohol; amending s. 526.50, F.S.; defining terms applicable to regulation of the sale of brake fluid; amending s. 526.51, F.S.; revising application requirements for brake fluid permits; amending s. 526.52, F.S.; revising requirements for printed statements on brake fluid containers; amending s. 526.53, F.S.; revising requirements and procedures for

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brake fluid stop-sale orders; authorizing businesses to dispose of unregistered brake fluid under certain circumstances; amending s. 527.0201, F.S.; revising requirements for liquefied petroleum gas qualifying examinations; increasing continuing education requirements for certain liquefied petroleum gas qualifiers; amending s. 527.12, F.S.; providing for the issuance of certain stop orders; amending ss. 559.805 and 559.928, F.S.; deleting social security numbers as a listing requirement on registration affidavits for independent agents of sellers of business opportunities; amending s. 570.0725, F.S.; revising provisions for public information about food banks and similar food recovery programs; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending ss. 570.53 and 570.54, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 570.55, F.S.; revising requirements for identifying sellers or handlers of tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables; amending s. 570.902, F.S.; conforming terminology to the repeal by the act of provisions establishing the Florida Agricultural Museum; amending s. 570.903, F.S.; revising provisions for directsupport organizations for certain agricultural programs to conform to the repeal by the act of provisions establishing the Florida Agricultural Museum; deleting provisions for a direct-support organization for the Florida State Collection of Arthropods; amending s. 573.118, F.S.; requiring the department to maintain records of marketing orders;

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requiring an audit at the request of an advisory council; requiring that the advisory council receive a copy of the audit within a specified time; amending s. 581.011, F.S.; deleting terminology relating to the Florida State Collection of Arthropods; revising the term "nursery" for purposes of plant industry regulations; amending s. 581.211, F.S.; increasing the maximum fine for violations of plant industry regulations; amending s. 583.13, F.S.; deleting a prohibition on the sale of poultry without displaying the poultry grade; amending s. 585.61, F.S.; designating the animal disease diagnostic laboratory complex in Osceola County; amending s. 590.125, F.S.; revising terminology for open burning authorizations; specifying purposes of certified prescribed burning; requiring the authorization of the Division of Forestry for certified pile burning; providing pile burning requirements; limiting the liability of property owners or agents engaged in pile burning; providing for the certification of pile burners; providing penalties for violations by certified pile burners; requiring rules; authorizing the division to adopt rules regulating certified pile burning; revising notice requirements for wildfire hazard reduction treatments; providing for approval of local government open burning authorization programs; providing program requirements; authorizing the division to close local government programs under certain circumstances; providing penalties for

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violations of local government open burning requirements; amending s. 590.14, F.S.; authorizing fines for violations of any division rule; providing penalties for certain violations; providing legislative intent; amending s. 599.004, F.S.; revising standards that a winery must meet to qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery; amending s. 604.15, F.S.; revising the term "agricultural products" to make tropical foliage exempt from regulation under provisions relating to dealers in agricultural products; defining the term "responsible position"; amending s. 604.19, F.S.; revising requirements for late fees on agricultural products dealer applications; amending s. 604.25, F.S.; revising conditions under which the department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke agricultural products dealer licenses; deleting a provision prohibiting certain persons from holding a responsible position with a licensee; amending s. 616.242, F.S.; authorizing the issuance of stop-operation orders for amusement rides under certain circumstances; amending s. 624.4095, F.S.; prohibiting certain gross written premiums for federal multiple-peril crop insurance from being included in certain insurer calculations; amending s. 686.201, F.S.; exempting contracts to which a seller of travel is a party from provisions governing certain contracts involving commissions; amending s. 790.06, F.S.; authorizing a concealed firearm license applicant to submit fingerprints

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administered by the Division of Licensing; providing that a provision limiting the scope of a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm does not prohibit or restrict a person having such a license from transporting or storing a lawful firearm in a vehicle under certain circumstances; providing that a provision limiting the scope of a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm does not modify certain exceptions to prohibited acts with respect to a person's right to keep and bear arms in motor vehicles for self-defense and other lawful purposes; repealing ss. 570.071 and 570.901, F.S., relating to the Florida Agricultural Exposition and the Florida Agricultural Museum; creating s. 828.126, F.S.; providing a definition for the term "sexual activities" as it involves animals; prohibiting persons from engaging in sexual activities with animals; providing penalties; providing that such prohibition does not apply to normal and ordinary animal husbandry practices, conformation judging practices, or accepted veterinary medical practices; requiring that the department and representatives of the state pest control industry prepare a report for the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairpersons of specified legislative committees by a certain date; requiring that the report include recommendations for changes in the law to provide for disciplinary action against licensees of the pest control industry under certain circumstances;

providing that the report may also address additional issues of concern to members of the industry; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Section 15.0455, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 241 15.0455 Official state agricultural museum.—
  - (1) The Florida Agricultural Museum in Flagler County is designated as the official state agricultural museum.
  - (2) This section is repealed July 1, 2020, unless reviewed and reenacted by the Legislature before that date.
  - Section 2. Subsections (4) and (9) of section 369.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
    - 369.20 Florida Aquatic Weed Control Act.-
  - (4) The commission shall also promote, develop, and support research activities directed toward the more effective and efficient control of aquatic plants. In the furtherance of this purpose, the commission may is authorized to:
  - (a) Accept donations and grants of funds and services from both public and private sources;
  - (b) Contract or enter into agreements with public or private agencies or corporations for research and development of aquatic plant control methods or for the performance of aquatic plant control activities. The commission may enter into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection to ensure the uniform regulation of pesticides applied to the waters of the state, including provision for coordinating agency

staff and resources, through the implementation of permitting, compliance, and enforcement activities under ss. 403.088 and 403.0885;

- (c) Construct, acquire, operate, and maintain facilities and equipment; and
- (d) Enter upon, or authorize the entry upon, private property for purposes of making surveys and examinations and to engage in aquatic plant control activities; and such entry shall not be deemed a trespass.
- (9) A permit issued pursuant to this section for The application of herbicides to waters of in the state for the control of aquatic plants, algae, or invasive exotic plants is exempt from the requirement to obtain a water pollution operation permit except as provided in ss. pursuant to s. 403.088 and 403.0885.

Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 373.1391, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.1391 Management of real property.

(1)

(d) For any fee simple acquisition of a parcel which is or will be leased back for agricultural purposes, or for any acquisition of a less-than-fee interest in lands that is or will be used for agricultural purposes, the district governing board shall first consider having a soil and water conservation district created pursuant to chapter 582 manage and monitor such interest. Priority shall be given to the agricultural use present at the time of fee simple acquisition of the parcel.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 403.088, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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403.088 Water pollution operation permits; conditions.-

- (1) No person, Without the written authorization of the department, a person may not shall discharge any waste into the waters of within the state any waste which, by itself or in combination with the wastes of other sources, reduces the quality of the receiving waters below the classification established for such waters them. However, this section does shall not be deemed to prohibit the application of pesticides to such waters in the state for the control of insects, aquatic weeds, or algae, or other pests if provided the application is performed in accordance with this section:
- (a) Upon execution of the agreement provided in s. 487.163(3), the department may develop a permit or other authorization as required by 33 U.S.C. s. 1342 for the application of pesticides. A person must obtain such permit or other authorization before applying pesticides to the waters of the state.
- (b) In consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation

  Commission, the department shall also develop a general permit under s. 403.0885(2) for the application of pesticides.
- (c) The department shall also enter into agreements with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to a program approved by the Department of Health, in the case of insect or other pest control, and with or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, in the case of aquatic weed, other aquatic pests, or algae control. The department is directed to enter into interagency agreements to establish the procedures for program approval. Such agreements must shall provide for

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public health, welfare, and safety, as well as environmental factors, and must ensure the uniform regulation of pesticides applied to waters of the state, including provisions for the coordination of agency staff and resources, through the implementation of permitting, compliance, and enforcement activities under this section and s. 403.0885. Pesticides that are Approved programs must provide that only chemicals approved for a the particular use by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may be employed and that they be applied in accordance with registered label instructions, state standards for such application, including any permit or other authorization required by this subsection, and the provisions of the Florida Pesticide Law, part I of chapter 487, are allowed a temporary deviation from the acute toxicity provisions of the department's water quality rule, not to exceed the time necessary to control the target pests, only if the application does not reduce the quality of the receiving waters below the classification for such waters and is not likely to adversely affect any threatened or endangered species.

Section 5. Section 403.9336, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.9336 Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that the implementation of the Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes (2008), which was developed by the department in conjunction with the Florida Consumer Fertilizer Task Force, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the University of Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, will assist in protecting the

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quality of Florida's surface water and groundwater resources. The Legislature further finds that local conditions, including variations in the types and quality of water bodies, sitespecific soils and geology, and urban or rural densities and characteristics, may necessitate the implementation of additional or more stringent fertilizer management practices at the local government level.

Section 6. Section 403.9337, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.9337 Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes.—

(1) The department may amend its Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes (2009).

However, any amendment of the model ordinance after July 1,

2010, must be adopted by order of the department. Before adopting an amendment to the model ordinance, the department must hold at least one public workshop to discuss and receive comments on the proposed amendment. The department, at a minimum, must notify interested stakeholders of the public workshop, including representatives of the nursery and landscape industry, the pest control industry, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the University of Florida's Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, environmental groups, and county and local governments. Such an order amending the model ordinance is subject to challenge under chapter 120.

(2)(1) All county and municipal governments are encouraged to adopt and enforce the model ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on urban landscapes or an equivalent requirement as a mechanism for protecting local surface and groundwater

quality.

- (3)(2) Each county and municipal government located within the watershed of a water body or water segment that is listed as impaired by nutrients pursuant to s. 403.067, <u>must shall</u>, at a minimum, adopt the <u>most recent version of the</u> department's Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes.
- <u>(4)</u> A local government may adopt additional or more stringent standards than the model ordinance if, before adoption, one of the following criteria are met:
- is facing existing or possible requirements for achieving the total maximum daily load established under state or federal law; demonstrated, as part of a comprehensive program to address nonpoint sources of nutrient pollution which is science-based, and economically and technically feasible, that additional or more stringent standards than the model ordinance are necessary in order to adequately address urban fertilizer contributions to nonpoint source nutrient loading to a water body.
- (b) The local government <u>has verified harm to human health</u> or harm to the environment which warrants additional consumer fertilizer requirements; or
- (c) The local government will improve water quality or prevent future impacts of consumer fertilizers on the environment.
- (5) If the local government proposes more stringent standards, it must document documents that it has requested and considered all relevant scientific information, including input from the department, the institute, the Department of

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Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the University of Florida's Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, if provided, on the need for additional or more stringent provisions to address fertilizer use as a contributor to water quality degradation. All documentation must become part of the public record before adoption of the additional or more stringent criteria.

- (6) (3) Any county or municipal government that adopted its own fertilizer use ordinance before January 1, 2009, is exempt from this section. Ordinances adopted or amended on or after January 1, 2009, must substantively conform to the most recent version of the model fertilizer ordinance and are subject to subsections (2)-(5) (1) and (2), as applicable.
- (8) (4) This section does not apply to the use of fertilizer:
  - (a) On farm operations as defined in s. 823.14; or
- (b) On lands classified as agricultural lands pursuant to s. 193.461; or-
- (c) On any lands used for scientific research, including, but not limited to, research on the effects of fertilizer use on urban stormwater, water quality, agronomics, or horticulture.
- Section 7. Subsection (3) is added to section 487.163, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 487.163 Information; interagency cooperation.
- (3) The department shall enter into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection to ensure the uniform regulation of pesticides applied to waters of the state, including provisions for the coordination of agency staff and resources, through the implementation of permitting, compliance,

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and enforcement activities under ss. 403.088 and 403.0885.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 493.6102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6102 Inapplicability of this chapter.—This chapter shall not apply to:

(1) An Any individual who is an "officer" as defined in s. 943.10(14), or is a law enforcement officer of the United States Government, while such local, state, or federal officer is engaged in her or his official duties, or when performing offduty as a security officer provided such activity is activities approved by her or his superiors.

Section 9. Section 493.6105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6105 Initial application for license.-

- (1) Each individual, partner, or principal officer in a corporation, shall file with the department a complete application accompanied by an application fee not to exceed \$60, except that the applicant for a Class "D" or Class "G" license is shall not be required to submit an application fee. The application fee is shall not be refundable.
- (a) The application submitted by any individual, partner, or corporate officer <u>must</u> shall be approved by the department <u>before the</u> prior to that individual, partner, or corporate officer assumes assuming his or her duties.
- (b) Individuals who invest in the ownership of a licensed agency, but do not participate in, direct, or control the operations of the agency <u>are shall</u> not <del>be</del> required to file an application.
  - (2) Each application must shall be signed and verified by

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the individual under oath <u>as provided in s. 92.525</u> and shall be notarized.

- (3) The application  $\underline{\text{must}}$  shall contain the following information concerning the individual signing  $\underline{\text{the application}}$  same:
  - (a) Name and any aliases.
  - (b) Age and date of birth.
  - (c) Place of birth.
- (d) Social security number or alien registration number, whichever is applicable.
- (e) <u>Current</u> Present residence address and his or her residence addresses within the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (f) Occupations held presently and within the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (f)(g) A statement of all <u>criminal</u> convictions, <u>findings of guilt</u>, and pleas of <u>guilty or nolo contendere</u>, <u>regardless of adjudication of guilt</u>.
- (g) One passport-type color photograph taken within the 6 months immediately preceding submission of the application.
- (h) A statement whether he or she has ever been adjudicated incompetent under chapter 744.
- (i) A statement whether he or she has ever been committed to a mental institution under chapter 394.
- (j) A full set of fingerprints on a card provided by the department and a fingerprint fee to be established by rule of the department based upon costs determined by state and federal agency charges and department processing costs. An applicant who has, within the immediately preceding 6 months, submitted a

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fingerprint card and fee for licensing purposes under this chapter shall not be required to submit another fingerprint card or fee.

- (k) A personal inquiry waiver which allows the department to conduct necessary investigations to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.
- (1) Such further facts as may be required by the department to show that the individual signing the application is of good moral character and qualified by experience and training to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.
- (4) In addition to the application requirements outlined in subsection (3), the applicant for a Class "C," Class "CC," Class "E," Class "EE," or Class "G" license shall submit two color photographs taken within the 6 months immediately preceding the submission of the application, which meet specifications prescribed by rule of the department. All other applicants shall submit one photograph taken within the 6 months immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (4) (5) In addition to the application requirements outlined under subsection (3), the applicant for a Class "C," Class "E," Class "M," Class "MA," Class "MB," or Class "MR" license shall include a statement on a form provided by the department of the experience which he or she believes will qualify him or her for such license.
- (5)(6) In addition to the requirements outlined in subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "G" license shall satisfy minimum training criteria for firearms established by rule of the department, which training criteria shall include, but is not limited to, 28 hours of range and classroom training

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taught and administered by a Class "K" licensee; however, no more than 8 hours of such training shall consist of range training. If the applicant can show proof that he or she is an active law enforcement officer currently certified under the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission or has completed the training required for that certification within the last 12 months, or if the applicant submits one of the certificates specified in paragraph  $\underline{(6)(a)}$   $\underline{(7)(a)}$ , the department may waive the foregoing firearms training requirement.

- (6) (7) In addition to the requirements under subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "K" license shall:
  - (a) Submit one of the following certificates:
- 1. The Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission Firearms Instructor's Certificate and confirmation by the commission that the applicant is authorized to provide firearms instruction.
- 2. The National Rifle Association  $\underline{\text{Law Enforcement}}$  Police Firearms Instructor's Certificate.
- 3. The National Rifle Association Security Firearms
  Instructor's Certificate.
- 3.4. A firearms instructor's <u>training</u> certificate <u>issued by</u> any branch of the United States Armed Forces, <u>from</u> a federal <u>law</u> enforcement academy or agency, <u>state</u>, <u>county</u>, or <u>municipal</u> police academy in this state recognized as such by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission or by the Department of Education.
- (b) Pay the fee for and pass an examination administered by the department which shall be based upon, but is not necessarily

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limited to, a firearms instruction manual provided by the department.

- (7) (8) In addition to the application requirements for individuals, partners, or officers outlined under subsection (3), the application for an agency license shall contain the following information:
- (a) The proposed name under which the agency intends to operate.
- (b) The street address, mailing address, and telephone numbers of the principal location at which business is to be conducted in this state.
- (c) The street address, mailing address, and telephone numbers of all branch offices within this state.
- (d) The names and titles of all partners or, in the case of a corporation, the names and titles of its principal officers.
- (8)(9) Upon submission of a complete application, a Class "CC," Class "C," Class "D," Class "EE," Class "E," Class "M," Class "MB," or Class "MR" applicant may commence employment or appropriate duties for a licensed agency or branch office. However, the Class "C" or Class "E" applicant must work under the direction and control of a sponsoring licensee while his or her application is being processed. If the department denies application for licensure, the employment of the applicant must be terminated immediately, unless he or she performs only unregulated duties.
- Section 10. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 493.6106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

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493.6106 License requirements; posting.-

- (1) Each individual licensed by the department must:
- (f) Be a citizen or <u>permanent</u> legal resident alien of the United States or have <u>appropriate</u> <del>been granted</del> authorization <u>issued</u> to seek employment in this country by the United States <del>Bureau of</del> Citizenship and Immigration Services of the United States Department of Homeland Security.
- 1. An applicant for a Class "C," Class "CC," Class "D,"

  Class "DI," Class "E," Class "EE," Class "M," Class "MA," Class

  "MB," Class "MR," or Class "RI" license who is not a United

  States citizen must submit proof of current employment

  authorization issued by the Citizenship and Immigration Services

  or proof that she or he is deemed a permanent legal resident

  alien by the Citizenship and Immigration Services.
- 2. An applicant for a Class "G" or Class "K" license who is not a United States citizen must submit proof that she or he is deemed a permanent legal resident alien by the Citizenship and Immigration Services, together with additional documentation establishing that she or he has resided in the state of residence shown on the application for at least 90 consecutive days before the date that the application is submitted.
- 3. An applicant for an agency or school license who is not a United States citizen or permanent legal resident alien must submit documentation issued by the Citizenship and Immigration Services stating that she or he is lawfully in the United States and is authorized to own and operate the type of agency or school for which she or he is applying. An employment authorization card issued by the Citizenship and Immigration Services is not sufficient documentation.

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- (g) Not be prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law if the individual is applying for a Class "G" license or a Class "K" license.
- (2) Each agency shall have a minimum of one physical location within this state from which the normal business of the agency is conducted, and this location shall be considered the primary office for that agency in this state.
- (a) If an agency or branch office desires to change the physical location of the business, as it appears on the agency license, the department must be notified within 10 days of the change, and, except upon renewal, the fee prescribed in s. 493.6107 must be submitted for each license requiring revision. Each license requiring revision must be returned with such notification.

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 493.6107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6107 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "G" or Class "M" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 493.6108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.—

(1) Except as otherwise provided, prior to the issuance of

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a license under this chapter, the department shall make an investigation of the applicant for a license. The investigation shall include:

- (a)1. An examination of fingerprint records and police records. When a criminal history analysis of any applicant under this chapter is performed by means of fingerprint card identification, the time limitations prescribed by s. 120.60(1) shall be tolled during the time the applicant's fingerprint card is under review by the Department of Law Enforcement or the United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 2. If a legible set of fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Law Enforcement or the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after two attempts, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may determine the applicant's eligibility based upon a criminal history record check under the applicant's name conducted by the Department of Law Enforcement if the and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. A set of fingerprints are taken by a law enforcement agency or the department and the applicant submits a written statement signed by the fingerprint technician or a licensed physician stating that there is a physical condition that precludes obtaining a legible set of fingerprints or that the fingerprints taken are the best that can be obtained is sufficient to meet this requirement.
- (3) The department shall also investigate the mental history and current mental and emotional fitness of any Class "G" or Class "K" applicant, and may deny a Class "G" or Class "K" license to anyone who has a history of mental illness or

drug or alcohol abuse.

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Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 493.6111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6111 License; contents; identification card.-

(4) Notwithstanding the existence of a valid Florida corporate registration, an <del>no</del> agency or school licensee may not conduct activities regulated under this chapter under any fictitious name without prior written authorization from the department to use that name in the conduct of activities regulated under this chapter. The department may not authorize the use of a name which is so similar to that of a public officer or agency, or of that used by another licensee, that the public may be confused or misled thereby. The authorization for the use of a fictitious name shall require, as a condition precedent to the use of such name, the filing of a certificate of engaging in business under a fictitious name under s. 865.09. A No licensee may not shall be permitted to conduct business under more than one fictitious name except as separately licensed nor shall the license be valid to protect any licensee who is engaged in the business under any name other than that specified in the license. An agency desiring to change its licensed name shall notify the department and, except upon renewal, pay a fee not to exceed \$30 for each license requiring revision including those of all licensed employees except Class "D" or Class "G" licensees. Upon the return of such licenses to the department, revised licenses shall be provided.

Section 14. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 493.6113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 493.6113 Renewal application for licensure.—

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- (2) At least No less than 90 days before prior to the expiration date of the license, the department shall mail a written notice to the last known mailing residence address of the licensee for individual licensees and to the last known agency address for agencies.
- (3) Each licensee shall be responsible for renewing his or her license on or before its expiration by filing with the department an application for renewal accompanied by payment of the prescribed license fee.
- (a) Each <u>Class "B"</u> <u>Class "A," Class "B," or Class "R"</u> licensee shall additionally submit on a form prescribed by the department a certification of insurance which evidences that the licensee maintains coverage as required under s. 493.6110.
- Section 15. Subsection (8), paragraph (d) of subsection (12), and subsection (16) of section 493.6115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 493.6115 Weapons and firearms.-
- (8) A Class "G" applicant must satisfy the minimum training criteria as set forth in s.  $493.6105_{-}(5)_{-}(6)$  and as established by rule of the department.
- (12) The department may issue a temporary Class "G" license, on a case-by-case basis, if:
- (d) The applicant has received approval from the department subsequent to its conduct of a criminal history record check as authorized in s.  $\underline{493.6108(1)(a)1}$ .  $\underline{493.6121(6)}$ .
- (16) If the criminal history record check program referenced in s.  $\underline{493.6108(1)(a)1}$ .  $\underline{493.6121(6)}$  is inoperable, the department may issue a temporary "G" license on a case-by-case basis, provided that the applicant has met all statutory

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requirements for the issuance of a temporary "G" license as specified in subsection (12), excepting the criminal history record check stipulated there; provided, that the department requires that the licensed employer of the applicant conduct a criminal history record check of the applicant pursuant to standards set forth in rule by the department, and provide to the department an affidavit containing such information and statements as required by the department, including a statement that the criminal history record check did not indicate the existence of any criminal history that would prohibit licensure. Failure to properly conduct such a check, or knowingly providing incorrect or misleading information or statements in the affidavit shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action against the licensed agency, including revocation of license.

Section 16. Paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section 493.6118, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (v), and a new paragraph (u) is added to that subsection to read:

493.6118 Grounds for disciplinary action.-

- (1) The following constitute grounds for which disciplinary action specified in subsection (2) may be taken by the department against any licensee, agency, or applicant regulated by this chapter, or any unlicensed person engaged in activities regulated under this chapter.
- (u) For a Class "G" or a Class "K" applicant or licensee, being prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law.

Section 17. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 493.6121, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7), respectively, and present subsection (6) of that section is

amended, to read:

493.6121 Enforcement; investigation.-

(6) The department shall be provided access to the program that is operated by the Department of Law Enforcement, pursuant to s. 790.065, for providing criminal history record information to licensed gun dealers, manufacturers, and exporters. The department may make inquiries, and shall receive responses in the same fashion as provided under s. 790.065. The department shall be responsible for payment to the Department of Law Enforcement of the same fees as charged to others afforded access to the program.

Section 18. Subsection (3) of section 493.6202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6202 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "G," Class "C," Class "CC," Class "M," or Class "MA" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 19. Subsections (2), (4), and (6) of section 493.6203, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6203 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:

(2) An applicant for a Class "MA" license shall have 2

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years of lawfully gained, verifiable, full-time experience, or training in:

- (a) Private investigative work or related fields of work that provided equivalent experience or training;
  - (b) Work as a Class "CC" licensed intern;
  - (c) Any combination of paragraphs (a) and (b);
- (d) Experience described in paragraph (a) for 1 year and experience described in paragraph (e) for 1 year;
  - (e) No more than 1 year using:
- 1. College coursework related to criminal justice, criminology, or law enforcement administration; or
- 2. Successfully completed law enforcement-related training received from any federal, state, county, or municipal agency; or
- (f) Experience described in paragraph (a) for 1 year and work in a managerial or supervisory capacity for 1 year.

## However, experience in performing bodyguard services is not creditable toward the requirements of this subsection.

- (4) An applicant for a Class "C" license shall have 2 years of lawfully gained, verifiable, full-time experience, or training in one, or a combination of more than one, of the following:
- (a) Private investigative work or related fields of work that provided equivalent experience or training.
- (b) College coursework related to criminal justice, criminology, or law enforcement administration, or successful completion of any law enforcement-related training received from any federal, state, county, or municipal agency, except that no

more than 1 year may be used from this category.

(c) Work as a Class "CC" licensed intern.

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However, experience in performing bodyguard services is not creditable toward the requirements of this subsection.

- (6)(a) A Class "CC" licensee shall serve an internship under the direction and control of a designated sponsor, who is a Class "C," Class "MA," or Class "M" licensee.
- (b) Effective January 1, 2011 September 1, 2008, before submission of an application to the department, the an applicant for a Class "CC" license must have completed a minimum of 40  $\frac{1}{4}$ <del>least 24</del> hours of professional training a 40-hour course pertaining to general investigative techniques and this chapter, which course is offered by a state university or by a school, community college, college, or university under the purview of the Department of Education, and the applicant must pass an examination. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24hour course and one 16-hour course. The certificate evidencing satisfactory completion of the 40 at least 24 hours of professional training a 40-hour course must be submitted with the application for a Class "CC" license. The remaining 16 hours must be completed and an examination passed within 180 days. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted within the specified timeframe, the individual's license is automatically suspended or his or her authority to work as a Class "CC" pursuant to s. 493.6105(9) is rescinded until such time as proof of certificate of completion is provided to the department. The training course specified in this paragraph may be provided by face-to-face presentation,

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online technology, or a home study course in accordance with rules and procedures of the Department of Education. The administrator of the examination must verify the identity of each applicant taking the examination.

- 1. Upon an applicant's successful completion of each part of the approved <u>training</u> course and passage of any required examination, the school, community college, college, or university shall issue a certificate of completion to the applicant. The certificates must be on a form established by rule of the department.
- 2. The department shall establish by rule the general content of the <u>professional</u> training <del>course</del> and the examination criteria.
- 3. If the license of an applicant for relicensure <u>is</u> has been invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must complete the required training and pass any required examination.
- (c) An individual who submits an application for a Class
  "CC" license on or after September 1, 2008, through December 31,
  2010, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof
  of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the
  date the application is submitted. If documentation of
  completion of the required training is not submitted by that
  date, the individual's license is automatically suspended until
  proof of the required training is submitted to the department.
  An individual licensed on or before August 31, 2008, is not
  required to complete additional training hours in order to renew
  an active license beyond the required total amount of training,
  and within the timeframe, in effect at the time he or she was
  licensed.

Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 493.6302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6302 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "D," Class "G," Class "M," or Class "MB" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 21. Subsection (4) of section 493.6303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 493.6303 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:
- (4) (a) Effective January 1, 2011, an applicant for a Class "D" license must submit proof of successful completion of complete a minimum of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour course. The department shall by rule establish the general content and number of hours of each subject area to be taught.
- (b) An individual who submits an application for a Class "D" license on or after January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2010, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the

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date the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted by that date, the individual's license is automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department.

This section does not require a person licensed before January 1, 2007, to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license beyond the required total amount of training within the timeframe prescribed by law at the time he or she was licensed. An applicant may fulfill the training requirement prescribed in paragraph (a) by submitting proof of:

1. Successful completion of the total number of required hours of training before initial application for a Class "D" license; or

2. Successful completion of 24 hours of training before initial application for a Class "D" license and successful completion of the remaining 16 hours of training within 180 days after the date that the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted within the specified timeframe, the individual's license is automatically suspended until such time as proof of the required training is provided to the department.

(c) An individual However, any person whose license is suspended or has been revoked, suspended pursuant to paragraph (b) subparagraph 2., or is expired for at least 1 year, or longer is considered, upon reapplication for a license, an initial applicant and must submit proof of successful completion of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department as provided prescribed in paragraph (a) before a license is will be issued. Any person

Statutes, is amended to read:

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whose license was issued before January 1, 2007, and whose license has been expired for less than 1 year must, upon reapplication for a license, submit documentation of completion of the total number of hours of training prescribed by law at the time her or his initial license was issued before another license will be issued. This subsection does not require an individual licensed before January 1, 2007, to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license, beyond the required total amount of training within the timeframe prescribed by law at the time she or he was licensed. Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 493.6304, Florida

- 493.6304 Security officer school or training facility.-
- (2) The application shall be signed and <u>verified by the applicant under oath as provided in s. 92.525</u> notarized and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) The name and address of the school or training facility and, if the applicant is an individual, her or his name, address, and social security or alien registration number.
- (b) The street address of the place at which the training is to be conducted.
- (c) A copy of the training curriculum and final examination to be administered.
- Section 23. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 493.6401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 493.6401 Classes of licenses.
- (7) Any person who operates a <u>recovery agent repossessor</u> school or training facility or who conducts an Internet-based training course or a correspondence training course must have a

Class "RS" license.

(8) Any individual who teaches or instructs at a Class "RS" recovery agent repossessor school or training facility shall have a Class "RI" license.

Section 24. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 493.6402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6402 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule biennial license fees which shall not exceed the following:
- (f) Class "RS" license—<u>recovery agent</u> repossessor school or training facility: \$60.
- (g) Class "RI" license—<u>recovery agent repossessor</u> school or training facility instructor: \$60.
- (3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order, or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "E," Class "EE," or Class "MR" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied, or if an application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 25. Section 493.6406, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 493.6406 <u>Recovery agent</u> <u>Repossession services</u> school or training facility.—
- (1) Any school, training facility, or instructor who offers the training outlined in s. 493.6403(2) for <u>Class "E" or Class "EE"</u> applicants shall, before licensure of such school, training facility, or instructor, file with the department an application

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accompanied by an application fee in an amount to be determined by rule, not to exceed \$60. The fee shall not be refundable. This training may be offered as face-to-face training, Internet-based training, or correspondence training.

- (2) The application shall be signed and <u>verified by the applicant under oath as provided in s. 92.525</u> notarized and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) The name and address of the school or training facility and, if the applicant is an individual, his or her name, address, and social security or alien registration number.
- (b) The street address of the place at which the training is to be conducted or the street address of the Class "RS" school offering Internet-based or correspondence training.
- (c) A copy of the training curriculum and final examination to be administered.
- (3) The department shall adopt rules establishing the criteria for approval of schools, training facilities, and instructors.

Section 26. Section 500.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

500.033 Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Advisory Council.—

(1) There is created the Florida Food Safety and Food
Defense Advisory Council for the purpose of serving as a forum
for presenting, investigating, and evaluating issues of current
importance to the assurance of a safe and secure food supply to
the citizens of Florida. The Florida Food Safety and Food
Defense Advisory Council shall consist of, but not be limited
to: the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee; the

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State Surgeon General or his or her designee; the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation or his or her designee; the person responsible for domestic security with the Department of Law Enforcement; members representing the production, processing, distribution, and sale of foods; members representing small farmers; consumers or members of citizens groups; representatives of food industry groups; scientists or other experts in aspects of food safety from state universities; representatives from local, state, and federal agencies that are charged with responsibilities for food safety or food defense; the chairs of the Agriculture Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives or their designees; and the chairs of the committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives with jurisdictional oversight of home defense issues or their designees. The Commissioner of Agriculture shall appoint the remaining members. The council shall make periodic reports to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services concerning findings and recommendations in the area of food safety and food defense.

(2) The council shall consider the development of appropriate advice or recommendations on food safety or food defense issues. In the discharge of their duties, the council members may receive for review confidential data exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1); however, it is unlawful for any member of the council to use the data for his or her advantage or reveal the data to the general public.

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 501.605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.605 Licensure of commercial telephone sellers.

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- (2) An applicant for a license as a commercial telephone seller must submit to the department, in such form as it prescribes, a written application for the license. The application must set forth the following information:
- (a) The true name, date of birth, driver's license number, social security number, and home address of the applicant, including each name under which he or she intends to do business.

The application shall be accompanied by a copy of any: Script, outline, or presentation the applicant will require or suggest a salesperson to use when soliciting, or, if no such document is used, a statement to that effect; sales information or literature to be provided by the applicant to a salesperson; and sales information or literature to be provided by the applicant to a purchaser in connection with any solicitation.

Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 501.607, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.607 Licensure of salespersons.—

- (1) An applicant for a license as a salesperson must submit to the department, in such form as it prescribes, a written application for a license. The application must set forth the following information:
- (a) The true name, date of birth, driver's license number, social security number, and home address of the applicant.

Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 501.913, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.913 Registration.-

(2) The completed application shall be accompanied by:

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- (a) Specimens or facsimiles of the label for each brand of antifreeze;
  - (b) An application fee of \$200 for each brand; and
- (c) A properly labeled sample of <u>at least 1 gallon</u>, but not more than 2 gallons, of each brand of antifreeze.

Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 525.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

525.01 Gasoline and oil to be inspected.-

- (2) All petroleum fuels <u>are</u> shall be subject to inspection and analysis by the department. Before selling or offering for sale in this state any petroleum fuel, all manufacturers, <u>terminal suppliers</u>, wholesalers, and <u>importers as defined in s.</u> 206.01 <del>jobbers</del> shall file with the department:
- (a) An affidavit <u>stating</u> that they desire to do business in this state, and the name and address of the manufacturer of the petroleum fuel.
- (b) An affidavit stating that the petroleum fuel is in conformity with the standards prescribed by department rule.

Section 31. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 525.09, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

525.09 Inspection fee.-

(1) For the purpose of defraying the expenses incident to inspecting, testing, and analyzing petroleum fuels in this state, there shall be paid to the department a charge of one-eighth cent per gallon on all gasoline, alternative fuel containing alcohol as defined in s. 525.01(1)(c)1. or 2., kerosene (except when used as aviation turbine fuel), and #1 fuel oil for sale or use in this state. This inspection fee shall be imposed in the same manner as the motor fuel tax

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pursuant to s. 206.41. Payment shall be made on or before the 25th day of each month.

- (3) All remittances to the department for the inspection tax herein provided shall be accompanied by a detailed report under oath showing the number of gallons of gasoline, alternative fuel containing alcohol as defined in s.

  525.01(1)(c)1. and 2., kerosene, or fuel oil sold and delivered in each county.
- Section 32. Section 526.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 526.50 Definition of terms.—As used in this part:
  - (1) "Brake fluid" means the fluid intended for use as the liquid medium through which force is transmitted in the hydraulic brake system of a vehicle operated upon the highways.
  - (2) "Brand" means the product name appearing on the label of a container of brake fluid.
  - (3) "Container" means any receptacle in which brake fluid is immediately contained when sold, but does not mean a carton or wrapping in which a number of such receptacles are shipped or stored or a tank car or truck.
  - $\underline{(4)}$  "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
  - (5) "Formula" means the name of the chemical mixture or composition of the brake fluid product.
  - (6) "Labeling" includes all written, printed or graphic representations, in any form whatsoever, imprinted upon or affixed to any container of brake fluid.
- 1130 (7) "Permit year" means a period of 12 months commencing
  1131 July 1 and ending on the next succeeding June 30.

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- (8) "Registrant" means any manufacturer, packer, distributor, seller, or other person who has registered a brake fluid with the department.
- (9) "Sell" includes give, distribute, barter, exchange, trade, keep for sale, offer for sale or expose for sale, in any of their variant forms.
- (4) "Labeling" includes all written, printed or graphic representations, in any form whatsoever, imprinted upon or affixed to any container of brake fluid.
- (5) "Container" means any receptacle in which brake fluid is immediately contained when sold, but does not mean a carton or wrapping in which a number of such receptacles are shipped or stored or a tank car or truck.
- (6) "Permit year" means a period of 12 months commencing July 1 and ending on the next succeeding June 30.
- (7) "Registrant" means any manufacturer, packer, distributor, seller, or other person who has registered a brake fluid with the department.
- Section 33. Section 526.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 526.51 Registration; renewal and fees; departmental expenses; cancellation or refusal to issue or renew.—
- (1) (a) Application for registration of each brand of brake fluid shall be made on forms to be supplied by the department. The applicant shall give his or her name and address and the brand name of the brake fluid, state that he or she owns the brand name and has complete control over the product sold thereunder in Florida, and provide the name and address of the resident agent in Florida. If the applicant does not own the

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brand name but wishes to register the product with the department, a notarized affidavit that gives the applicant full authorization to register the brand name and that is signed by the owner of the brand name must accompany the application for registration. The affidavit must include all affected brand names, the owner's company or corporate name and address, the applicant's company or corporate name and address, and a statement from the owner authorizing the applicant to register the product with the department. The owner of the brand name shall maintain complete control over each product sold under that brand name in this state. All first-time brand-formula combination new product applications must be accompanied by a certified report from an independent testing laboratory, setting forth the analysis of the brake fluid which shall show its quality to be not less than the specifications established by the department for brake fluids. A sample of not less than 24 fluid ounces of brake fluid shall be submitted, in a container or containers, with labels representing exactly how the containers of brake fluid will be labeled when sold, and the sample and container shall be analyzed and inspected by the Division of Standards in order that compliance with the department's specifications and labeling requirements may be verified. Upon approval of the application, the department shall register the brand name of the brake fluid and issue to the applicant a permit authorizing the registrant to sell the brake fluid in this state during the permit year specified in the permit.

(b) Each applicant shall pay a fee of \$100 with each application. A permit may be renewed by application to the

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department, accompanied by a renewal fee of \$50 on or before the last day of the permit year immediately preceding the permit year for which application is made for renewal of registration. To any fee not paid when due, there shall accrue a penalty of \$25, which shall be added to the renewal fee. Renewals will be accepted only on brake fluids that have no change in formula, composition, or brand name. Any change in formula, composition, or brand name of any brake fluid constitutes a new product that must be registered in accordance with this part.

- (2) All fees collected under the provisions of this section shall be credited to the General Inspection Trust Fund of the department and all expenses incurred in the enforcement of this part shall be paid from said fund.
- (3) The department may cancel, refuse to issue or refuse to renew any registration and permit after due notice and opportunity to be heard if it finds that the brake fluid is adulterated or misbranded or that the registrant has failed to comply with the provisions of this part or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 526.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

526.52 Specifications; adulteration and misbranding.-

- (3) Brake fluid is deemed to be misbranded:
- (a) If its container does not bear on its side or top a label on which is printed the name and place of business of the registrant of the product, the words "brake fluid," and a statement that the product therein equals or exceeds the minimum specification of the Society of Automotive Engineers for <a href="heavy-duty-type">heavy-duty-type</a> brake fluid or equals or exceeds Federal Motor Vehicle

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Safety Standard No. 116 adopted by the United States Department of Transportation, heavy-duty-type. By regulation the department may require that the duty-type classification appear on the label.

Section 35. Subsection (2) of section 526.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

526.53 Enforcement; inspection and analysis, stop-sale and disposition, regulations.—

- (2) (a) When any brake fluid is sold in violation of any of the provisions of this part, all such <u>affected</u> brake fluid of the same brand name on the same premises on which the violation occurred shall be placed under a stop-sale order by the department by serving the owner of the brand name, distributor, or other entity responsible for selling or distributing the product in the state with the stop-sale order. The department shall withdraw its stop-sale order upon the removal of the violation or upon voluntary destruction of the product, or other disposal approved by the department, under the supervision of the department.
- (b) In addition to being subject to the stop-sale procedures above, unregistered brake fluid shall be held by the department or its representative, at a place to be designated in the stop-sale order, until properly registered and released in writing by the department or its representative. If application is has not been made for registration of the such product within 30 days after issue of the stop-sale order, such product shall be disposed of by the department, or, with the department's consent, by the business, to any tax-supported institution or agency of the state if the brake fluid meets legal

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specifications or by other disposal authorized by rule of the department if it fails to meet legal specifications.

Section 36. Subsections (1) and (3) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5) of section 527.0201, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

527.0201 Qualifiers; master qualifiers; examinations.-

- (1) In addition to the requirements of s. 527.02, any person applying for a license to engage in the activities of a pipeline system operator, category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser, category IV liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle servicer, category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for industrial uses only, LP gas installer, specialty installer, requalifier requalification of cylinders, or fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks must prove competency by passing a written examination administered by the department or its agent with a grade of at least 75 percent in each area tested or above. Each applicant for examination shall submit a \$20 nonrefundable fee. The department shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be covered by each examination and the relative weight to be assigned in grading each area tested.
- (3) Qualifier cards issued to category I liquefied petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas installers shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance. All category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers holding a valid qualifier card upon the effective date of this act shall retain their qualifier status until July 1, 2003, and may sit for the master

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qualifier examination at any time during that time period. All such category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers may renew their qualification on or before July 1, 2003, upon application to the department, payment of a \$20 renewal fee, and documentation of the completion of a minimum of 16 12 hours of approved continuing education courses, as defined by department rule, during the previous 3-year period. Applications for renewal must be made 30 calendar days prior to expiration. Persons failing to renew prior to the expiration date must reapply and take a qualifier competency examination in order to reestablish category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier status. If a category I liquefied petroleum gas qualifier or liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier becomes a master qualifier at any time during the effective date of the qualifier card, the card shall remain in effect until expiration of the master qualifier certification.

- (5) In addition to all other licensing requirements, each category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer and liquefied petroleum gas installer must, at the time of application for licensure, identify to the department one master qualifier who is a full-time employee at the licensed location. This person shall be a manager, owner, or otherwise primarily responsible for overseeing the operations of the licensed location and must provide documentation to the department as provided by rule. The master qualifier requirement shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection (1).
  - (a) In order to apply for certification as a master

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qualifier, each applicant must be a category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier, must be employed by a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant for such license, must provide documentation of a minimum of 1 year's work experience in the gas industry, and must pass a master qualifier competency examination. Master qualifier examinations shall be based on Florida's laws, rules, and adopted codes governing liquefied petroleum gas safety, general industry safety standards, and administrative procedures. The examination must be successfully passed completed by the applicant with a grade of at least 75 percent or more. Each applicant for master qualifier status shall submit to the department a nonrefundable \$30 examination fee prior to the examination.

(c) Master qualifier status shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance of the certificate and may be renewed by submission to the department of documentation of completion of at least 16 12 hours of approved continuing education courses during the 3-year period; proof of employment with a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant; and a \$30 certificate renewal fee. The department shall define, by rule, approved courses of continuing education.

Section 37. Section 527.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

527.12 Cease and desist orders; stop-use orders; stop-operation orders; stop-sale orders; administrative fines.-

(1) Whenever the department <u>has</u> shall have reason to

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believe that any person is <u>violating</u> or has <u>violated</u> been <u>violating provisions of</u> this chapter or any rules adopted <u>under this chapter pursuant thereto</u>, <u>the department it may issue a cease and desist order</u>, or <u>do both may issue such cease and desist order and impose a civil penalty</u>.

(2) Whenever a person or liquefied petroleum gas system or storage facility, or any part or component thereof, fails to comply with this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter, the department may issue a stop-use order, stop-operation order, or stop-sale order.

Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 559.805, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.805 Filings with the department; disclosure of advertisement identification number.—

(1) Every seller of a business opportunity shall annually file with the department a copy of the disclosure statement required by s. 559.803 before prior to placing an advertisement or making any other representation designed to offer to, sell to, or solicit an offer to buy a business opportunity from a prospective purchaser in this state and shall update this filing by reporting any material change in the required information within 30 days after the material change occurs. An advertisement is not placed in the state merely because the publisher circulates, or there is circulated on his or her behalf in the state, any bona fide newspaper or other publication of general, regular, and paid circulation which has had more than two-thirds of its circulation during the past 12 months outside the state or because a radio or television

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program originating outside the state is received in the state. If the seller is required by s. 559.807 to provide a bond or establish a trust account or quaranteed letter of credit, he or she shall contemporaneously file with the department a copy of the bond, a copy of the formal notification by the depository that the trust account is established, or a copy of the guaranteed letter of credit. Every seller of a business opportunity shall file with the department a list of independent agents who will engage in the offer or sale of business opportunities on behalf of the seller in this state. This list must be kept current and shall include the following information: name, home and business address, telephone number, present employer, social security number, and birth date. A No person may not shall be allowed to offer or sell business opportunities unless the required information is has been provided to the department.

Section 39. Subsection (3) of section 559.928, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.928 Registration.-

(3) Each independent agent shall annually file an affidavit with the department <u>before</u> prior to engaging in business in this state. This affidavit must include the independent agent's full name, legal business or trade name, mailing address, business address, telephone number, social security number, and the name or names and addresses of each seller of travel represented by the independent agent. A letter evidencing proof of filing must be issued by the department and must be prominently displayed in the independent agent's primary place of business. Each independent agent must also submit an annual registration fee of

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\$50. All moneys collected pursuant to the imposition of the fee shall be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer into the General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the sole purpose of administrating this part. As used in this subsection, the term "independent agent" means a person who represents a seller of travel by soliciting persons on its behalf; who has a written contract with a seller of travel which is operating in compliance with this part and any rules adopted thereunder; who does not receive a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration directly from the purchaser for the seller of travel; who does not at any time have any unissued ticket stock or travel documents in his or her possession; and who does not have the ability to issue tickets, vacation certificates, or any other travel document. The term "independent agent" does not include an affiliate of the seller of travel, as that term is used in s. 559.935(3), or the employees of the seller of travel or of such affiliates.

Section 40. Subsection (7) of section 570.0725, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.0725 Food recovery; legislative intent; department functions.—

(7) For public information purposes, the department <u>may</u> shall develop <u>and provide</u> a public information <del>brochure</del> detailing the need <u>for food banks and similar</u> of food recovery programs, the benefit of <u>such food recovery</u> programs, the manner in which <u>such</u> organizations may become involved in <u>such food recovery</u> programs, <u>and</u> the protection afforded to such programs under s. 768.136, and the food recovery entities or food banks that exist in the state. This brochure must be updated annually.

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A food bank or similar food recovery organization seeking to be included on a list of such organizations must notify the department and provide the information required by rule of the department. Such organizations are responsible for updating the information and providing the updated information to the department. The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 41. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 570.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.53 Division of Marketing and Development; powers and duties.—The powers and duties of the Division of Marketing and Development include, but are not limited to:

(6)

- (e) Extending in every practicable way the distribution and sale of Florida agricultural products throughout the markets of the world as required of the department by  $\underline{s}$ .  $\underline{ss}$ . 570.07(7), (8), (10), and (11) and  $\underline{570.071}$  and chapters 571, 573, and 574.
- Section 42. Subsection (2) of section 570.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.54 Director; duties.-

(2) It shall be the duty of the director of this division to supervise, direct, and coordinate the activities authorized by ss. 570.07(4), (7), (8), (10), (11), (12), (17), (18), and (20), 570.071, 570.21, 534.47-534.53, and 604.15-604.34 and chapters 504, 571, 573, and 574 and to exercise other powers and authority as authorized by the department.

Section 43. Subsection (4) of section 570.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.55 Identification of sellers or handlers of tropical or

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subtropical fruit and vegetables; containers specified; penalties.—

(4) IDENTIFICATION OF HANDLER.—At the time of each transaction involving the handling or sale of 55 pounds or more of tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables in the primary channel of trade, the buyer or receiver of the tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables shall demand a bill of sale, invoice, sales memorandum, or other document listing the date of the transaction, the quantity of the tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables involved in the transaction, and the identification of the seller or handler as it appears on the driver's license of the seller or handler, including the driver's license number. If the seller or handler does not possess a driver's license, the buyer or receiver shall use any other acceptable means of identification, which may include, but is not limited to, i.e., voter's registration card and number, draft card, social security card, or other identification. However, no less than two identification documents shall be used. The identification of the seller or handler shall be recorded on the bill of sale, sales memorandum, invoice, or voucher, which shall be retained by the buyer or receiver for a period of not less than 1 year from the date of the transaction.

Section 44. Subsection (3) of section 570.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.902 Definitions; ss. 570.902 and 570.903.—For the purpose of ss. 570.902 and 570.903:

(3) "Museum" means the Florida Agricultural Museum which is designated as the museum for agriculture and rural history of the State of Florida.

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Section 45. Section 570.903, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.903 Direct-support organization.

- (1) When the Legislature authorizes the establishment of a direct-support organization to provide assistance for the museums, the Florida Agriculture in the Classroom Program, the Florida State Collection of Arthropods, the Friends of the Florida State Forests Program of the Division of Forestry, and the Forestry Arson Alert Program, and other programs of the department, the following provisions shall govern the creation, use, powers, and duties of the direct-support organization.
- (a) The department shall enter into a memorandum or letter of agreement with the direct-support organization, which shall specify the approval of the department, the powers and duties of the direct-support organization, and rules with which the direct-support organization shall comply.
- (b) The department may permit, without charge, appropriate use of property, facilities, and personnel of the department by a direct-support organization, subject to the provisions of ss. 570.902 and 570.903. The use shall be directly in keeping with the approved purposes of the direct-support organization and shall not be made at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with opportunities for the general public to use department facilities for established purposes.
- (c) The department shall prescribe by contract or by rule conditions with which a direct-support organization shall comply in order to use property, facilities, or personnel of the department or museum. Such rules shall provide for budget and audit review and oversight by the department.

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- (d) The department shall not permit the use of property, facilities, or personnel of the museum, department, or designated program by a direct-support organization which does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.
- (2) (a) The direct-support organization shall be empowered to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the museum or designated program.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 287.057, the direct-support organization may enter into contracts or agreements with or without competitive bidding for the restoration of objects, historical buildings, and other historical materials or for the purchase of objects, historical buildings, and other historical materials which are to be added to the collections of the museum, or benefit of the designated program. However, before the direct-support organization may enter into a contract or agreement without competitive bidding, the direct-support organization shall file a certification of conditions and circumstances with the internal auditor of the department justifying each contract or agreement.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 287.025(1)(e), the direct-support organization may enter into contracts to insure property of the museum or designated programs and may insure objects or collections on loan from others in satisfying

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security terms of the lender.

- (3) The direct-support organization shall provide for an annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.
- (4) Neither a designated program or a museum, nor a nonprofit corporation trustee or employee may:
- (a) Receive a commission, fee, or financial benefit in connection with the sale or exchange of <u>property</u> historical objects or properties to the direct-support organization, the museum, or the designated program; or
- (b) Be a business associate of any individual, firm, or organization involved in the sale or exchange of property to the direct-support organization, the museum, or the designated program.
- (5) All moneys received by the direct-support organization shall be deposited into an account of the direct-support organization and shall be used by the organization in a manner consistent with the goals of the museum or designated program.
- (6) The identity of a donor or prospective donor who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying such donor or prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (7) The Commissioner of Agriculture, or the commissioner's designee, may serve on the board of trustees and the executive committee of any direct-support organization established to benefit the museum or any designated program.
- (8) The department shall establish by rule archival procedures relating to museum artifacts and records. The rules shall provide procedures which protect the museum's artifacts

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and records equivalent to those procedures which have been established by the Department of State under chapters 257 and 267.

Section 46. Subsection (4) of section 573.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

573.118 Assessment; funds; audit; loans.-

(4) In the event of levying and collecting of assessments, for each fiscal year in which assessment funds are received by the department, the department shall maintain records of collections and expenditures for each marketing order separately within the state's accounting system. If requested by an advisory council, department staff shall cause to be made a thorough annual audit of the books and accounts by a certified public accountant, such audit to be completed within 60 days after the request is received end of the fiscal year. The advisory council department and all producers and handlers covered by the marketing order shall be provided a copy of the properly advised of the details of the annual official audit of the accounts as shown by the certified public accountant within 30 days after completion of the audit.

Section 47. Subsections (18) through (30) of section 581.011, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (17) through (29), respectively, and present subsections (17) and (20) of that section are amended to read:

581.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(17) "Museum" means the Florida State Collection of Arthropods.

(19) (20) "Nursery" means any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is grown, propagated, or held for sale or

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distribution, <u>including</u> except where aquatic plant species are tended for harvest in the natural environment.

Section 48. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 581.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

581.211 Penalties for violations.-

- (3)(a)1. In addition to any other provision of law, the department may, after notice and hearing, impose an administrative fine not exceeding \$10,000 \$5,000 for each violation of this chapter, upon any person, nurseryman, stock dealer, agent or plant broker. The fine, when paid, shall be deposited in the Plant Industry Trust Fund. In addition, the department may place the violator on probation for up to 1 year, with conditions.
- 2. The imposition of a fine or probation pursuant to this subsection may be in addition to or in lieu of the suspension or revocation of a certificate of registration or certificate of inspection.

Section 49. Section 583.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 583.13 Labeling and advertising requirements for dressed poultry; unlawful acts.—
- (1) It is unlawful for any dealer or broker to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale in the state any dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk unless the such poultry is packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which shall be plainly and legibly printed, in letters of not less than 1/4 inch high in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium,"

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"good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.

- (2) It is unlawful to sell unpackaged dressed or ready-to-cook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled by a placard immediately adjacent to the poultry or unless each bird is individually labeled to show the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement. The placard shall be no smaller than 7 inches by 7 inches in size, and the required labeling information shall be legibly and plainly printed on the placard in letters not smaller than 1 inch in height.
- (3) It is unlawful to sell packaged dressed or ready-to-cook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled to show the grade, the part name or whole-bird statement, the net weight of the poultry, and the name and address of the dealer. The size of the type on the label must be one-eighth inch or larger. A placard immediately adjacent to such poultry may be used to indicate the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement, but not the net weight of the poultry or the name and address of the dealer.
- (4) It is unlawful to use dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk in the preparation of food served to the public, or to hold such poultry for the purpose of such use, unless the poultry when received was packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which was plainly and legibly printed, in letters not less than 1/4 one-fourth inch high in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed

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in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.

(5) It is unlawful to offer dressed or ready-to-cook poultry for sale in any advertisement in a newspaper or circular, on radio or television, or in any other form of advertising without plainly designating in such advertisement the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry.

Section 50. Subsection (1) of section 585.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

585.61 Animal disease diagnostic laboratories. -

(1) There is hereby created and established an animal disease diagnostic laboratory in Osceola County and Suwannee County. The laboratory complex in Osceola County is designated as "The Bronson Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory."

Section 51. Section 590.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.125 Open burning authorized by the division.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Certified pile burner" means an individual who successfully completes the division's pile burning certification program and possesses a valid pile burner certification number.
- (a) "Prescribed burning" means the controlled application of fire in accordance with a written prescription for vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions while following appropriate precautionary measures that ensure that the fire is confined to a predetermined area to accomplish the planned fire

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or land-management objectives.

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- (b) "Certified prescribed burn manager" means an individual who successfully completes the <u>certified prescribed burning</u> <u>certification</u> program of the division and possesses a valid certification number.
- (c) "Prescription" means a written plan establishing the criteria necessary for starting, controlling, and extinguishing a prescribed burn.
  - (c) (d) "Extinguished" means: that no spreading flame
- 1. For wild land burning or certified prescribed burning, that no spreading flames exist. and no visible flame, smoke, or emissions
- <u>2.</u> For vegetative land-clearing debris burning <u>or pile</u> burning, that no visible flames exist.
- 3. For vegetative land-clearing debris burning or pile burning in an area designated as smoke sensitive by the division, that no visible flames, smoke, or emissions exist.
- (d) "Land-clearing operation" means the uprooting or clearing of vegetation in connection with the construction of buildings and rights-of-way, land development, and mineral operations. The term does not include the clearing of yard trash.
- (e) "Pile burning" means the burning of silvicultural, agricultural, or land-clearing and tree-cutting debris originating onsite, which is stacked together in a round or linear fashion, including, but not limited to, a windrow.
- (f) "Prescribed burning" means the controlled application of fire in accordance with a written prescription for vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions while following

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appropriate precautionary measures that ensure that the fire is confined to a predetermined area to accomplish the planned fire or land-management objectives.

- (g) "Prescription" means a written plan establishing the criteria necessary for starting, controlling, and extinguishing a prescribed burn.
- (h) "Yard trash" means vegetative matter resulting from landscaping and yard maintenance operations and other such routine property cleanup activities. The term includes materials such as leaves, shrub trimmings, grass clippings, brush, and palm fronds.
  - (2) NONCERTIFIED BURNING.-
- (a) Persons may be authorized to burn wild land or vegetative land-clearing debris in accordance with this subsection if:
- 1. There is specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee;
- 2. Authorization has been obtained from the division or its designated agent before starting the burn;
- 3. There are adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire;
- 4. The fire remains within the boundary of the authorized area;
- 5. Someone is present at the burn site until the fire is extinguished;
  - 6. The division does not cancel the authorization; and
- 7. The division determines that air quality and fire danger are favorable for safe burning.

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- (b) A person who burns wild land or vegetative landclearing debris in a manner that violates any requirement of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) CERTIFIED PRESCRIBED BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—
- (a) The application of prescribed burning is a land management tool that benefits the safety of the public, the environment, and the economy of the state. The Legislature finds that:
- 1. Prescribed burning reduces vegetative fuels within wild land areas. Reduction of the fuel load reduces the risk and severity of wildfire, thereby reducing the threat of loss of life and property, particularly in urban areas.
- 2. Most of Florida's natural communities require periodic fire for maintenance of their ecological integrity. Prescribed burning is essential to the perpetuation, restoration, and management of many plant and animal communities. Significant loss of the state's biological diversity will occur if fire is excluded from fire-dependent systems.
- 3. Forestland and rangeland constitute significant economic, biological, and aesthetic resources of statewide importance. Prescribed burning on forestland prepares sites for reforestation, removes undesirable competing vegetation, expedites nutrient cycling, and controls or eliminates certain forest pathogens. On rangeland, prescribed burning improves the quality and quantity of herbaceous vegetation necessary for livestock production.
  - 4. The state purchased hundreds of thousands of acres of

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land for parks, preserves, wildlife management areas, forests, and other public purposes. The use of prescribed burning for management of public lands is essential to maintain the specific resource values for which these lands were acquired.

- 5. A public education program is necessary to make citizens and visitors aware of the public safety, resource, and economic benefits of prescribed burning.
- 6. Proper training in the use of prescribed burning is necessary to ensure maximum benefits and protection for the public.
- 7. As Florida's population continues to grow, pressures from liability issues and nuisance complaints inhibit the use of prescribed burning. Therefore, the division is urged to maximize the opportunities for prescribed burning conducted during its daytime and nighttime authorization process.
- (b) Certified prescribed burning pertains only to broadcast burning for purposes of silviculture, wildlife management, ecological maintenance and restoration, hazardous fuels reduction, and range and pasture management. It must be conducted in accordance with this subsection and:
- 1. May be accomplished only when a certified prescribed burn manager is present on site with a copy of the prescription from ignition of the burn to its completion.
- 2. Requires that a written prescription be prepared before receiving authorization to burn from the division.
- 3. Requires that the specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee be obtained before requesting an authorization.
  - 4. Requires that an authorization to burn be obtained from

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the division before igniting the burn.

- 5. Requires that there be adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire.
- 6. Is considered to be in the public interest and does not constitute a public or private nuisance when conducted under applicable state air pollution statutes and rules.
- 7. Is considered to be a property right of the property owner if vegetative fuels are burned as required in this subsection.
- (c) Neither a property owner nor his or her agent is liable pursuant to s. 590.13 for damage or injury caused by the fire or resulting smoke or considered to be in violation of subsection (2) for burns conducted in accordance with this subsection unless gross negligence is proven.
- (d) Any certified burner who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (e) The division shall adopt rules for the use of prescribed burning and for certifying and decertifying certified prescribed burn managers based on their past experience, training, and record of compliance with this section.
- (4) CERTIFIED PILE BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—
- (a) Pile burning is a tool that benefits current and future generations in Florida by disposing of naturally occurring vegetative debris through burning rather than disposing of the debris in landfills.
  - (b) Certified pile burning pertains to the disposal of

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piled, naturally occurring debris from an agricultural, silvicultural, or temporary land-clearing operation. A land-clearing operation is temporary if it operates for 6 months or less. Certified pile burning must be conducted in accordance with this subsection, and:

- 1. A certified pile burner must ensure, before ignition, that the piles are properly placed and that the content of the piles is conducive to efficient burning.
- 2. A certified pile burner must ensure that the piles are properly extinguished no later than 1 hour after sunset. If the burn is conducted in an area designated by the division as smoke sensitive, a certified pile burner must ensure that the piles are properly extinguished at least 1 hour before sunset.
- 3. A written pile burn plan must be prepared before receiving authorization from the division to burn.
- 4. The specific consent of the landowner or his or her agent must be obtained before requesting authorization to burn.
- 5. An authorization to burn must be obtained from the division or its designated agent before igniting the burn.
- 6. There must be adequate firebreaks and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment at the burn site to control the fire.
- (c) If a burn is conducted in accordance with this subsection, the property owner and his or her agent are not liable under s. 590.13 for damage or injury caused by the fire or resulting smoke, and are not in violation of subsection (2), unless gross negligence is proven.
- (d) A certified pile burner who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as

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provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (e) The division shall adopt rules regulating certified pile burning. The rules shall include procedures and criteria for certifying and decertifying certified pile burn managers based on past experience, training, and record of compliance with this section.
- (5)(4) WILDFIRE HAZARD REDUCTION TREATMENT BY THE DIVISION.—The division may conduct fuel reduction initiatives, including, but not limited to, burning and mechanical and chemical treatment, on any area of wild land within the state which is reasonably determined to be in danger of wildfire in accordance with the following procedures:
- (a) Describe the areas that will receive fuels treatment to the affected local governmental entity.
- (b) Publish a treatment notice, including a description of the area to be treated, in a conspicuous manner in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the area of the treatment not less than 10 days before the treatment.
- (c) Prepare, and send the county tax collector shall include with the annual tax statement, a notice to be sent to all landowners in each area township designated by the division as a wildfire hazard area. The notice must describe particularly the area to be treated and the tentative date or dates of the treatment and must list the reasons for and the expected benefits from the wildfire hazard reduction.
- (d) Consider any landowner objections to the fuels treatment of his or her property. The landowner may apply to the director of the division for a review of alternative methods of fuel reduction on the property. If the director or his or her

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designee does not resolve the landowner objection, the director shall convene a panel made up of the local forestry unit manager, the fire chief of the jurisdiction, and the affected county or city manager, or any of their designees. If the panel's recommendation is not acceptable to the landowner, the landowner may request further consideration by the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee and shall thereafter be entitled to an administrative hearing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120.

- (6) DIVISION APPROVAL OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT OPEN BURNING AUTHORIZATION PROGRAMS.—
- (a) A county or municipality may exercise the division's authority, if delegated by the division under this subsection, to issue authorizations for the burning of yard trash or debris from land-clearing operations. A county's or municipality's existing or proposed open burning authorization program must:
- 1. Be approved by the division. The division shall not approve a program if it fails to meet the requirements of subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections.
- 2. Provide by ordinance or local law the requirements for obtaining and performing a burn authorization that comply with subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections.
- 3. Provide for the enforcement of the program's requirements.
- 1912 <u>4. Provide financial, personnel, and other resources needed</u>
  1913 to carry out the program.
  - (b) If the division determines that a county's or

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municipality's open burning authorization program does not comply with subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections, the division shall require the county or municipality to take necessary corrective actions within a reasonable period, not to exceed 90 days.

- 1. If the county or municipality fails to take the necessary corrective actions within the required period, the division shall resume administration of the open burning authorization program in the county or municipality and the county or municipality shall cease administration of its program.
- 2. Each county and municipality administering an open burning authorization program must cooperate with and assist the division in carrying out the division's powers, duties, and functions.
- 3. A person who violates the requirements of a county's or municipality's open burning authorization program, as provided by ordinance or local law enacted pursuant to this section, commits a violation of this chapter, punishable as provided in s. 590.14.
- (7) (5) DUTIES OF AGENCIES.—The Department of Education shall incorporate, where feasible and appropriate, the issues of fuels treatment, including prescribed burning, into its educational materials.
- Section 52. Section 590.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 590.14 Notice of violation; penalties.-
- (1) If a division employee determines that a person has violated chapter 589, or this chapter, or any rule adopted by

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the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division, the division employee he or she may issue a notice of violation indicating the statute violated. This notice will be filed with the division and a copy forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement entity for further action if necessary.

- (2) In addition to any penalties provided by law, any person who causes a wildfire or permits any authorized fire to escape the boundaries of the authorization or to burn past the time of the authorization is liable for the payment of all reasonable costs and expenses incurred in suppressing the fire or \$150, whichever is greater. All costs and expenses incurred by the division shall be payable to the division. When such costs and expenses are not paid within 30 days after demand, the division may take proper legal proceedings for the collection of the costs and expenses. Those costs incurred by an agency acting at the division's direction are recoverable by that agency.
- (3) The department may also impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$1,000 per violation of any section of chapter 589 or this chapter or violation of any rule adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division. The fine shall be based upon the degree of damage, the prior violation record of the person, and whether the person knowingly provided false information to obtain an authorization. The fines shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the division.
  - (4) A person may not:
- (a) Fail to comply with any rule or order adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon

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the division; or

- (b) Knowingly make any false statement or representation in any application, record, plan, or other document required by this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter.
- (5) A person who violates paragraph (4) (a) or paragraph (4) (b) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (6) It is the intent of the Legislature that a penalty imposed by a court under subsection (5) be of a severity that ensures immediate and continued compliance with this section.
- (7) (4) The penalties provided in this section shall extend to both the actual violator and the person or persons, firm, or corporation causing, directing, or permitting the violation.
- Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 599.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 599.004 Florida Farm Winery Program; registration; logo; fees.—
- (1) The Florida Farm Winery Program is established within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Under this program, a winery may qualify as a tourist attraction only if it is registered with and certified by the department as a Florida Farm Winery. A winery may not claim to be certified unless it has received written approval from the department.
- (a) To qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery, a winery shall meet the following standards:
- 1. Produce or sell less than 250,000 gallons of wine annually.
- 2. Maintain a minimum of 10 acres of owned or managed <u>land</u> vineyards in Florida which produces commodities used in the

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## production of wine.

- 3. Be open to the public for tours, tastings, and sales at least 30 hours each week.
- 4. Make annual application to the department for recognition as a Florida Farm Winery, on forms provided by the department.
- 5. Pay an annual application and registration fee of \$100. Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 604.15, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:
- 604.15 Dealers in agricultural products; definitions.—For the purpose of ss. 604.15-604.34, the following words and terms, when used, shall be construed to mean:
- (1) "Agricultural products" means the natural products of the farm, nursery, grove, orchard, vineyard, garden, and apiary (raw or manufactured); sod; tropical foliage; horticulture; hay; livestock; milk and milk products; poultry and poultry products; the fruit of the saw palmetto (meaning the fruit of the Serenoa repens); limes (meaning the fruit Citrus aurantifolia, variety Persian, Tahiti, Bearss, or Florida Key limes); and any other nonexempt agricultural products produced in the state, except tobacco, sugarcane, tropical foliage, timber and timber byproducts, forest products as defined in s. 591.17, and citrus other than limes.
- (11) "Responsible position" means a position within the business of a dealer in agricultural products that has the authority to negotiate or make the purchase of agricultural products on behalf of the dealer's business or has principal active management authority over the business decisions,

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actions, and activities of the dealer's business in this state.

Section 55. Section 604.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

604.19 License; fee; bond; certificate of deposit; penalty.-Unless the department refuses the application on one or more of the grounds provided in this section, it shall issue to an applicant, upon the payment of required fees and the execution and delivery of a bond or certificate of deposit as provided in this section, a state license entitling the applicant to conduct business as a dealer in agricultural products for a 1-year period to coincide with the effective period of the bond or certificate of deposit furnished by the applicant. During the 1-year period covered by a license, if the supporting surety bond or certificate of deposit is canceled for any reason, the license shall automatically expire on the date the surety bond or certificate of deposit terminates, unless an acceptable replacement is in effect before the date of termination so that continual coverage occurs for the remaining period of the license. A surety company shall give the department a 30-day written notice of cancellation by certified mail in order to cancel a bond. Cancellation of a bond or certificate of deposit does shall not relieve a surety company or financial institution of liability for purchases or sales occurring while the bond or certificate of deposit was in effect. The license fee, which must be paid for the principal place of business for a dealer in agricultural products, shall be based upon the amount of the dealer's surety bond or certificate of deposit furnished by each dealer under the provisions of s. 604.20 and may not exceed \$500. For each

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additional place in which the applicant desires to conduct business and which the applicant names in the application, the additional license fee must be paid but may not exceed \$100 annually. If a Should any dealer in agricultural products fails, refuses, or neglects fail, refuse, or neglect to apply and qualify for the renewal of a license on or before its the date of expiration date thereof, a penalty not to exceed \$100 shall apply to and be added to the original license fee for the principal place of business and to the license fee for each additional place of business named in the application and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license may be issued. The department by rule shall prescribe fee amounts sufficient to fund ss. 604.15-604.34.

Section 56. Section 604.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 604.25 <u>Denial of</u>, refusal to <u>renew</u> grant, or suspension or revocation of license.—
- (1) The department may deny, refuse to renew, decline to grant a license or may suspend or revoke a license already granted if the applicant or licensee has:
- (1) (a) Suffered a monetary judgment entered against the applicant or licensee upon which is execution has been returned unsatisfied;
- (2) (b) Made false charges for handling or services rendered;
- (3) (c) Failed to account promptly and properly or to make settlements with any producer;
- $\underline{\text{(4)}}$  Made any false statement or statements as to condition, quality, or quantity of goods received or held for

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sale when the true condition, quality, or quantity could have been ascertained by reasonable inspection;

- (5)(e) Made any false or misleading statement or statements as to market conditions or service rendered;
- (6)(f) Been guilty of a fraud in the attempt to procure, or the procurement of, a license;
- (7) (g) Directly or indirectly sold agricultural products received on consignment or on a net return basis for her or his own account, without prior authority from the producer consigning the same, or without notifying such producer;
- (8) (h) Failed to prevent a person from holding a position as the applicant's or licensee's owner, officer, director, general or managing partner, or employee Employed in a responsible position a person, or holding any other similarly situated position, if the person holds or has held a similar position with any entity that an officer of a corporation, who has failed to fully comply with an order of the department, has not satisfied a civil judgment held by the department, has pending any administrative or civil enforcement action by the department, or has pending any criminal charges pursuant to s. 604.30 at any time within 1 year after issuance;
- $\underline{(9)}$  (i) Violated any statute or rule relating to the purchase or sale of any agricultural product, whether or not such transaction is subject to the provisions of this chapter;
- $\underline{(10)}$  Failed to submit to the department an application, appropriate license fees, and an acceptable surety bond or certificate of deposit; or.
  - (11) (2) Failed If a licensee fails or refused refuses to

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comply in full with an order of the department or failed to satisfy a civil judgment owed to the department, her or his license may be suspended or revoked, in which case she or he shall not be eligible for license for a period of 1 year or until she or he has fully complied with the order of the department.

(3) No person, or officer of a corporation, whose license has been suspended or revoked for failure to comply with an order of the department may hold a responsible position with a licensee for a period of 1 year or until the order of the department has been fully complied with.

Section 57. Subsections (18) and (19) of section 616.242, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (19) and (20), respectively, and a new subsection (18) is added to that section to read:

616.242 Safety standards for amusement rides.-

(18) STOP-OPERATION ORDERS.—If an owner or amusement ride fails to comply with this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter, the department may issue a stop-operation order.

Section 58. Subsection (7) is added to section 624.4095, Florida Statutes, to read:

624.4095 Premiums written; restrictions.

(7) For purposes of this section and s. 624.407, with regard to required capital and surplus, gross written premiums for federal multiple-peril crop insurance which are ceded to the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and authorized reinsurers may not be included when calculating the insurer's gross writing ratio. The liabilities for the ceded reinsurance premiums shall be netted against the asset for amounts recoverable from

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reinsurers. Each insurer that writes other insurance products
together with federal multiple-peril crop insurance must
disclose in the notes to the annual and quarterly financial
statement, or file a supplement to the financial statement which
discloses, a breakout of the gross written premiums for federal
multiple-peril crop insurance.

Section 59. Subsection (4) of section 686.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

686.201 Sales representative contracts involving commissions; requirements; termination of agreement; civil remedies.—

(4) This section does not apply to persons licensed pursuant to chapter 475 who are performing services within the scope of their license or to contracts to which a seller of travel, as defined in s. 559.927, is a party.

Section 60. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and subsection (12) of section 790.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm.—

- (5) The applicant shall submit to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:
- (c) A full set of fingerprints of the applicant administered by a law enforcement agency or the Division of Licensing of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (12) (a) No license issued pursuant to this section shall authorize any person to carry a concealed weapon or firearm into any place of nuisance as defined in s. 823.05; any police, sheriff, or highway patrol station; any detention facility, prison, or jail; any courthouse; any courtroom, except that

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nothing in this section would preclude a judge from carrying a concealed weapon or determining who will carry a concealed weapon in his or her courtroom; any polling place; any meeting of the governing body of a county, public school district, municipality, or special district; any meeting of the Legislature or a committee thereof; any school, college, or professional athletic event not related to firearms; any school administration building; any portion of an establishment licensed to dispense alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises, which portion of the establishment is primarily devoted to such purpose; any elementary or secondary school facility; any career center; any college or university facility unless the licensee is a registered student, employee, or faculty member of such college or university and the weapon is a stun gun or nonlethal electric weapon or device designed solely for defensive purposes and the weapon does not fire a dart or projectile; inside the passenger terminal and sterile area of any airport, provided that no person shall be prohibited from carrying any legal firearm into the terminal, which firearm is encased for shipment for purposes of checking such firearm as baggage to be lawfully transported on any aircraft; or any place where the carrying of firearms is prohibited by federal law. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) Nothing shall prohibit or restrict a person licensed under this section from transporting or storing, for lawful purposes, a lawful firearm in a private vehicle wherever the vehicle is otherwise lawfully present.

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2205 (c) This subsection does not modify the terms or conditions 2206 of s. 790.251(7). 2207 Section 61. Sections 570.071 and 570.901, Florida Statutes, 2208 are repealed. 2209 Section 62. Section 828.126, Florida Statutes, is created 2210 to read: 2211 828.126 Sexual activities involving animals.-2212 (1) As used in this section, the term "sexual activities" 2213 means oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by, or union with, the 2214 sexual organ of an animal or the anal or vaginal penetration of 2215 an animal by any object. 2216 (2) A person may not knowingly: 2217 (a) Engage in a sexual activities with an animal; 2218 (b) Cause, aid, or abet another person to engage in sexual 2219 activities with an animal; 2220 (c) Permit any sexual activities with an animal to be conducted on any premises under his or her control; or 2221 (d) Organize, promote, conduct, advertise, aid, abet, 2222 2223 participate in as an observer, or perform any service in the 2224 furtherance of an act involving any sexual activities with an 2225 animal for a commercial or recreational purpose. 2226 (3) A person who violates this section commits a 2227 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 2228

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(4) This section does not apply to normal and ordinary

(5) For purposes of this section, the term "animal" means

animal husbandry practices, conformation judging practices, or

accepted veterinary medical practices.

any living or dead dumb creature.

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Section 63. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall meet with duly authorized representatives of established organizations representing the Florida pest control industry and prepare a report that shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairperson of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, and the chairperson of the House Committee on Agribusiness by January 1, 2011. The report shall include recommended amendments to chapter 482, Florida Statutes, which provide for disciplinary action to be taken against licensees who violate laws or rules pertaining to the pretreatment of soil to protect newly constructed homes, pest control at sensitive facilities such as schools and nursing homes, and also the fumigation of existing homes for protection against termite damage, thereby providing additional safeguards for consumers. The report may also address other issues of concern to the department and to members of the industry, such as changes to requirements for professional liability insurance coverage or the amount of bond required, duties and responsibilities of a certified operator, issuance of a centralized pest control service center license, and limited certification for commercial wildlife management personnel.

Section 64. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.