A bill to be entitled An act relating to environmental protection; amending s. 403.44, F.S.; revising the greenhouse gas reportin requirement for major emitters; deleting a requiremen for the Department of Environmental Protection to tak certain actions related to the reporting requirement; amending s. 403.7032, F.S.; requiring all public entities and those entities occupying buildings	g t
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7 amending s. 403.7032, F.S.; requiring all public	
8 entities and those entities occupying buildings	
9 managed by the Department of Management Services to	
10 report recycling data to the county using the format	
11 designated by the Department of Environmental	
12 Protection; providing an exemption; encouraging	
13 certain private entities to report the disposal of	
14 recyclable materials; requiring the Department of	
15 Management Services to report on green and recycled	
16 products purchased through its procurement system;	
17 directing the Department of Environmental Protection	
18 to create the Recycling Business Assistance Center;	
19 providing requirements for the center; amending s.	
20 288.9015, F.S.; requiring Enterprise Florida, Inc., t	0
21 provide technical assistance to the Department of	
22 Environmental Protection in the creation of the	
23 Recycling Business Assistance Center; amending s.	
403.7046, F.S.; deleting a requirement that the	
25 Department of Environmental Protection appoint a	
26 technical advisory committee; clarifying reporting	
27 requirements; amending s. 403.705, F.S.; conforming a	
28 cross-reference; requiring that the department report	
29 biennially to the Legislature on the state's success	

Page 1 of 34

30 in meeting solid waste reduction goals; providing for 31 the creation of a voluntary recyclers certification 32 program; amending s. 403.706, F.S.; revising requirements for the implementation of recyclable 33 34 materials recycling programs by counties; providing 35 legislative intent; providing requirements for the 36 provision of recycling services; providing authority 37 for the Department of Environmental Protection to 38 require a plan under certain conditions; requiring a 39 report to the Legislature by the Department of 40 Environmental Protection if recycling benchmarks are 41 not met; requiring the department to adopt rules; 42 eliminating a requirement that counties develop composting goals; encouraging counties to develop 43 44 composting plans; providing for waivers; providing deadlines for the reporting of recycling data; 45 46 revising requirements for the enactment of ordinances 47 by local governments relating to programs for the separation of recyclable materials; amending s. 48 49 403.7061, F.S.; revising requirements for review of 50 new waste-to-energy facility capacity by the 51 Department of Environmental Protection; clarifying an 52 exemption; amending s. 403.707, F.S.; requiring liners for new construction and demolition debris landfills 53 54 under certain conditions; providing reporting 55 requirements for certain construction and demolition 56 debris; requiring the department to adopt rules; 57 providing rule requirements; providing an exemption; 58 amending s. 403.7095, F.S.; deleting application

Page 2 of 34

First Engrossed

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59	requirements for the solid waste management program;
60	deleting a requirement for the Department of
61	Environmental Protection to evaluate and prioritize
62	proposals for inclusion in its annual budget request;
63	amending s. 403.7145, F.S.; revising recycling
64	requirements for state buildings; providing for a
65	pilot project; requiring each public airport in the
66	state to collect beverage containers and recyclable
67	plastic and glass from the entities doing business at
68	the airport and to offer such materials for recycling;
69	amending s. 553.77, F.S.; authorizing the Florida
70	Building Commission to develop recommendations for
71	recycling and composting; amending s. 403.7049, F.S.;
72	conforming a cross-reference; repealing s. 288.1185,
73	F.S., relating to the Recycling Markets Advisory
74	Committee; providing an effective date.
75	
76	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
77	
78	Section 1. Section 403.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to
79	read:
80	403.44 Florida Climate Protection Act
81	(3) A major emitter shall be required to use The Climate
82	Registry for purposes of emission registration and reporting.
83	(4) The department shall establish the methodologies,
84	reporting periods, and reporting systems that shall be used when
85	major emitters report to The Climate Registry. The department
86	may require the use of quality-assured data from continuous
87	emissions monitoring systems.
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Page 3 of 34

88 (3) (3) (5) The department may adopt rules for a cap-and-trade 89 regulatory program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from major 90 emitters. When developing the rules, the department shall 91 consult with the Florida Energy and Climate Commission and the 92 Florida Public Service Commission and may consult with the Governor's Action Team for Energy and Climate Change. The 93 94 department shall not adopt rules until after January 1, 2010. 95 The rules shall not become effective until ratified by the 96 Legislature.

97 <u>(4)(6)</u> The rules of the cap-and-trade regulatory program 98 shall include, but are not limited to:

99 (a) A statewide limit or cap on the amount of greenhouse100 gases emitted by major emitters.

101 (b) Methods, requirements, and conditions for allocating102 the cap among major emitters.

103 (c) Methods, requirements, and conditions for emissions104 allowances and the process for issuing emissions allowances.

(d) The relationship between allowances and the specificamounts of greenhouse gas emissions they represent.

107 (e) The length of allowance periods and the time over which
108 entities must account for emissions and surrender allowances
109 equal to emissions.

(f) The timeline of allowances from the initiation of the program through to 2050.

(g) A process for the trade of allowances between major emitters, including a registry, tracking, or accounting system for such trades.

(h) Cost containment mechanisms to reduce price and cost risks associated with the electric generation market in this

Page 4 of 34

117 state. Cost containment mechanisms to be considered for 118 inclusion in the rules include, but are not limited to:

Allowing major emitters to borrow allowances from future
 time periods to meet their greenhouse gas emission limits.

121 2. Allowing major emitters to bank greenhouse gas emission
122 reductions in the current year to be used to meet emission
123 limits in future years.

124 3. Allowing major emitters to purchase emissions offsets 125 from other entities that produce verifiable reductions in 126 unregulated greenhouse gas emissions or that produce verifiable 127 reductions in greenhouse gas emissions through voluntary 128 practices that capture and store greenhouse gases that otherwise 129 would be released into the atmosphere. In considering this cost 130 containment mechanism, the department shall identify sectors and 131 activities outside of the capped sectors, including other state, 132 federal, or international activities, and the conditions under 133 which reductions there can be credited against emissions of 134 capped entities in place of allowances issued by the department. 135 The department shall also consider potential methods and their 136 effectiveness to avoid double-incentivizing such activities.

137 4. Providing a safety valve mechanism to ensure that the 138 market prices for allowances or offsets do not surpass a 139 predetermined level compatible with the affordability of 140 electric utility rates and the well-being of the state's economy. In considering this cost containment mechanism, the 141 142 department shall evaluate different price levels for the safety 143 valve and methods to change the price level over time to reflect 144 changing state, federal, and international markets, regulatory 145 environments, and technological advancements.

Page 5 of 34

146 147 In considering cost containment mechanisms for inclusion in the 148 rules, the department shall evaluate the anticipated overall 149 effect of each mechanism on the abatement of greenhouse gas 150 emissions and on electricity ratepayers and the benefits and 151 costs of each to the state's economy, and shall also consider 152 the interrelationships between the mechanisms under 153 consideration. 154 (i) A process to allow the department to exercise its 155 authority to discourage leakage of GHG emissions to neighboring 156 states attributable to the implementation of this program. 157 (j) Provisions for a trial period on the trading of 158 allowances before full implementation of a trading system. 159 (5) (7) In recommending and evaluating proposed features of the cap-and-trade system, the following factors shall be 160 161 considered: 162 (a) The overall cost-effectiveness of the cap-and-trade 163 system in combination with other policies and measures in 164 meeting statewide targets. 165 (b) Minimizing the administrative burden to the state of 166 implementing, monitoring, and enforcing the program. 167 (c) Minimizing the administrative burden on entities 168 covered under the cap. 169 (d) The impacts on electricity prices for consumers. 170 (e) The specific benefits to the state's economy for early 171 adoption of a cap-and-trade system for greenhouse gases in the 172 context of federal climate change legislation and the 173 development of new international compacts. 174 (f) The specific benefits to the state's economy associated

Page 6 of 34

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175 with the creation and sale of emissions offsets from economic 176 sectors outside of the emissions cap. (g) The potential effects on leakage if economic activity 177 178 relocates out of the state. 179 (h) The effectiveness of the combination of measures in 180 meeting identified targets. 181 (i) The implications for near-term periods of long-term 182 targets specified in the overall policy. 183 (j) The overall costs and benefits of a cap-and-trade 184 system to the state economy. 185 (k) How to moderate impacts on low-income consumers that 186 result from energy price increases. 187 (1) Consistency of the program with other state and possible federal efforts. 188 (m) The feasibility and cost-effectiveness of extending the 189 190 program scope as broadly as possible among emitting activities 191 and sinks in Florida. 192 (n) Evaluation of the conditions under which Florida should 193 consider linking its trading system to the systems of other 194 states or other countries and how that might be affected by the 195 potential inclusion in the rule of a safety valve. 196 (6) (8) Recognizing that the international, national, and 197 neighboring state policies and the science of climate change 198 will evolve, prior to submitting the proposed rules to the 199 Legislature for consideration, the department shall submit the 200 proposed rules to the Florida Energy and Climate Commission, 201 which shall review the proposed rules and submit a report to the 202 Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House 203 of Representatives, and the department. The report shall

Page 7 of 34

204 address: 205 (a) The overall cost-effectiveness of the proposed cap-and-206 trade system in combination with other policies and measures in 207 meeting statewide targets. 208 (b) The administrative burden to the state of implementing, 209 monitoring, and enforcing the program. 210 (c) The administrative burden on entities covered under the 211 cap. 212 (d) The impacts on electricity prices for consumers. 213 (e) The specific benefits to the state's economy for early 214 adoption of a cap-and-trade system for greenhouse gases in the 215 context of federal climate change legislation and the 216 development of new international compacts. 217 (f) The specific benefits to the state's economy associated with the creation and sale of emissions offsets from economic 218 219 sectors outside of the emissions cap. 220 (q) The potential effects on leakage if economic activity 221 relocates out of the state. 222 (h) The effectiveness of the combination of measures in 223 meeting identified targets. 224 (i) The economic implications for near-term periods of 225 short-term and long-term targets specified in the overall 226 policy. 227 (j) The overall costs and benefits of a cap-and-trade 228 system to the economy of the state. 229 (k) The impacts on low-income consumers that result from 230 energy price increases. 231 (1) The consistency of the program with other state and 232 possible federal efforts.

Page 8 of 34

233 234 should consider linking its trading system to the systems of 235 other states or other countries and how that might be affected 236 by the potential inclusion in the rule of a safety valve.

237 (n) The timing and changes in the external environment, 238 such as proposals by other states or implementation of a federal 239 program that would spur reevaluation of the Florida program.

(m) The evaluation of the conditions under which the state

240 (o) The conditions and options for eliminating the Florida program if a federal program were to supplant it. 241

242 (p) The need for a regular reevaluation of the progress of other emitting regions of the country and of the world, and 243 244 whether other regions are abating emissions in a commensurate 245 manner.

(q) The desirability of and possibilities of broadening the 246 247 scope of the state's cap-and-trade system at a later date to 248 include more emitting activities as well as sinks in Florida, 249 the conditions that would need to be met to do so, and how the 250 program would encourage these conditions to be met, including 251 developing monitoring and measuring techniques for land use 252 emissions and sinks, regulating sources upstream, and other 253 considerations.

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Section 2. 403.7032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 403.7032 Recycling.-

256 (1) The Legislature finds that the failure or inability to 257 economically recover material and energy resources from solid 258 waste results in the unnecessary waste and depletion of our 259 natural resources. As the state continues to grow, so will the 260 potential amount of discarded material that must be treated and disposed of, necessitating the improvement of solid waste 261

Page 9 of 34

262 collection and disposal. Therefore, the maximum recycling and 263 reuse of such resources are considered high-priority goals of 264 the state.

265 (2) By the year 2020, the long-term goal for the recycling 266 efforts of state and local governmental entities, private 267 companies and organizations, and the general public is to 268 recycle at least 75 percent of the municipal solid waste that would otherwise be reduce the amount of recyclable solid waste 269 270 disposed of in waste management facilities, landfills, or 271 incineration facilities by a statewide average of at least 75 272 percent. However, any solid waste used for the production of 273 renewable energy shall count toward the long-term recycling goal 274 as set forth in this part section.

(3) Each state agency, K-12 public school, public 275 276 institution of higher learning, community college, and state university, including all buildings that are occupied by 277 278 municipal, county, or state employees and entities occupying 279 buildings managed by the Department of Management Services, must, at a minimum, annually report all recycled materials to 280 281 the county using the department's designated reporting format. 282 Private businesses, other than certified recovered materials 283 dealers, that recycle paper, metals, glass, plastics, textiles, 284 rubber materials, and mulch, are encouraged to report the amount 285 of materials they recycle to the county annually beginning 286 January 1, 2011, using the department's designated reporting format. Using the information provided, the department shall 287 288 recognize those private businesses that demonstrate outstanding recycling efforts. Private businesses that do not report 289 290 recycling rates to the department shall be recorded as having a

Page 10 of 34

291 zero percent recycling rate. Notwithstanding any other provision 292 of state or county law, private businesses, other than certified 293 recovered materials dealers, shall not be required to report 294 recycling rates. Cities with less than a population of 2,500 and 295 per capita taxable value less than \$4,800 and cities with a per 296 capita taxable value less than \$30,000 are exempt from the 297 reporting requirement specified in this paragraph.

298 (4) (3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 299 develop a comprehensive recycling program that is designed to achieve the percentage under subsection (2) and submit the 300 301 program to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 302 House of Representatives by January 1, 2010. The program may not 303 be implemented until approved by the Legislature. The program 304 must be developed in coordination with input from state and 305 local entities, private businesses, and the public. Under the 306 program, recyclable materials shall include, but are not limited 307 to, metals, paper, glass, plastic, textile, rubber materials, 308 and mulch. Components of the program shall include, but are not 309 limited to:

(a) Programs to identify environmentally preferable
purchasing practices to encourage the purchase of recycled,
durable, and less toxic goods. <u>The Department of Management</u>
<u>Services shall modify its procurement system to report on green</u>
and recycled products purchased through the system by September
<u>30, 2011.</u>

(b) Programs to educate students in grades K-12 in thebenefits of, and proper techniques for, recycling.

318 (c) Programs for statewide recognition of successful 319 recycling efforts by schools, businesses, public groups, and

Page 11 of 34

320 private citizens. 321 (d) Programs for municipalities and counties to develop and 322 implement efficient recycling efforts to return valuable 323 materials to productive use, conserve energy, and protect 324 natural resources. 325 (e) Programs by which the department can provide technical 326 assistance to municipalities and counties in support of their 327 recycling efforts. 328 (f) Programs to educate and train the public in proper 329 recycling efforts. 330 (q) Evaluation of how financial assistance can best be 331 provided to municipalities and counties in support of their 332 recycling efforts. 333 (h) Evaluation of why existing waste management and 334 recycling programs in the state have not been better used. 335 (5) The department shall create the Recycling Business 336 Assistance Center by December 1, 2010. In carrying out its 337 duties under this subsection, the department shall consult with 338 state agency personnel appointed to serve as economic 339 development liaisons under s. 288.021 and seek technical 340 assistance from Enterprise Florida, Inc., to ensure the 341 Recycling Business Assistance Center is positioned to succeed. 342 The purpose of the center shall be to serve as the mechanism for 343 coordination among state agencies and the private sector in 344 order to coordinate policy and overall strategic planning for 345 developing new markets and expanding and enhancing existing 346 markets for recyclable materials in this state, other states, 347 and foreign countries. The duties of the center shall include, 348 at a minimum:

Page 12 of 34

349	(a) Identifying and developing new markets and expanding
350	and enhancing existing markets for recyclable materials;
351	(b) Pursuing expanded end uses for recycled materials;
352	(c) Targeting materials for concentrated market-development
353	efforts;
354	(d) Developing proposals for new incentives for market
355	development, particularly focusing on targeted materials;
356	(e) Providing guidance on issues such as permitting,
357	finance options for recycling market development, site location,
358	research and development, grant program criteria for recycled
359	materials markets, recycling markets education and information,
360	and minimum content;
361	(f) Coordinating the efforts of various governmental
362	entities having market-development responsibilities in order to
363	optimize supply and demand for recyclable materials;
364	(g) Evaluating source-reduced products as they relate to
365	state procurement policy. The evaluation shall include, but is
366	not limited to, the environmental and economic impact of source-
367	reduced product purchases to the state. For the purposes of this
368	paragraph, the term "source-reduced" means any method, process,
369	product, or technology that significantly or substantially
370	reduces the volume or weight of a product while providing, at a
371	minimum, equivalent or generally similar performance and service
372	to and for the users of such materials;
373	(h) Providing evaluation of solid waste management grants,
374	pursuant to s. 403.7095, to reduce the flow of solid waste to
375	disposal facilities and encourage the sustainable recovery of
376	materials from Florida's waste stream;
377	(i) Providing below-market financing for companies that

Page 13 of 34

378	manufacture products from recycled materials or convert
379	recyclable materials into raw materials for use in
380	manufacturing, pursuant to the Florida Recycling Loan Program as
381	administered by the Florida First Capital Finance Corporation;
382	(j) Maintaining a continuously updated online directory,
383	listing the public and private entities that collect, transport,
384	broker, process, or remanufacture recyclable materials in the
385	state;
386	(k) Providing information on the availability and benefits
387	of using recycled materials to private entities and industries
388	in the state;
389	(1) Distributing any materials prepared in implementing
390	this subsection to the public, private entities, industries,
391	governmental entities, or other organizations upon request; and
392	(m) Coordinating with the Agency for Workforce Innovation
393	and its partners to provide job placement and job training
394	services to job seekers through the state's workforce services
395	programs.
396	Section 3. Subsection (9) is added to section 288.9015,
397	Florida Statutes, to read:
398	288.9015 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; purpose; duties
399	(9) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall provide technical
400	assistance to the Department of Environmental Protection in the
401	creation of the Recycling Business Assistance Center pursuant to
402	s. 403.7032(5). As the state's primary organization devoted to
403	statewide economic development, Enterprise Florida, Inc., is
404	encouraged to cooperate with the Department of Environmental
405	Protection to ensure that the Recycling Business Assistance
406	Center is positioned to succeed in helping to enhance and expand

Page 14 of 34

407	existing markets for recyclable materials in Florida, other
408	states, and foreign countries.
409	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 403.7046, Florida
410	Statutes, is amended to read:
411	403.7046 Regulation of recovered materials
412	(1) Any person who handles, purchases, receives, recovers,
413	sells, or is an end user of recovered materials shall annually
414	certify to the department on forms provided by the department.
415	The department may by rule exempt from this requirement
416	generators of recovered materials; persons who handle or sell
417	recovered materials as an activity which is incidental to the
418	normal primary business activities of that person; or persons
419	who handle, purchase, receive, recover, sell, or are end users
420	of recovered materials in small quantities as defined by the
421	department. The department shall adopt rules for the
422	certification of and reporting by such persons and shall
423	establish criteria for revocation of such certification. Prior
424	to the adoption of such rules, the department shall appoint a
425	technical advisory committee of no more than nine persons,
426	including, at a minimum, representatives of the Florida
427	Association of Counties, the Florida League of Cities, the
428	Florida Recyclers Association, and the Florida Chapter of the
429	National Solid Waste Management Association, to aid in the
430	development of such rules. Such rules shall be designed to
431	elicit, at a minimum, the amount and types of recovered
432	materials handled by registrants, and the amount and disposal
433	site, or name of person with whom such disposal was arranged, of
434	any solid waste generated by such facility. <u>By February 1 of</u>
435	each year, registrants shall report all required information to

Page 15 of 34

436	the department and to all counties from which it received
437	materials. Such rules may provide for the department to conduct
438	periodic inspections. The department may charge a fee of up to
439	\$50 for each registration, which shall be deposited into the
440	Solid Waste Management Trust Fund for implementation of the
441	program.
442	Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection
443	(3) of section 403.705, Florida Statutes, are amended and a new
444	subsection (4) is created to read:
445	403.705 State solid waste management program
446	(2) The state solid waste management program shall include,
447	at a minimum:
448	(c) Planning guidelines and technical assistance to
449	counties and municipalities to aid in meeting the municipal
450	solid waste <u>recycling</u> reduction goals established in <u>s.</u>
451	<u>403.706(2)</u> s. 403.706(4) .
452	(3) The department shall periodically seek information from
453	counties to evaluate and report <u>to the Legislature biennially</u> on
454	the state's success in meeting the solid waste recycling
455	reduction goal as described in s. 403.706(2).
456	(4) The department shall adopt rules creating a voluntary
457	certification program for materials recovery facilities. The
458	certification criteria shall be based upon the amount and type
459	of materials recycled and the compliance record of the facility,
460	and may vary depending on the location in the state and the
461	available markets for the materials that are processed. Any
462	materials recovery facility seeking certification shall file an
463	application to modify its permit, or shall include a
464	certification application as part of its original permit

Page 16 of 34

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465	application, which application shall not require an additional
466	fee. The department shall adopt a form for certification
467	applications, and shall require at least annual reports to
468	verify the continued qualification for certification. After
469	January 1, 2012, a county or city may consider utilizing a
470	certified recycler when renewing or entering into a contract
471	with a materials recovery facility to accept or process solid
472	waste. In order to assist in the development of the
473	certification program the department shall appoint a technical
474	advisory committee.
475	Section 6. Subsections (2), (6), (4), (7), and (21) of
476	section 403.706, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
477	403.706 Local government solid waste responsibilities
478	(2)(a) Each county shall implement a recyclable materials
479	recycling program that shall have a goal of recycling solid
480	waste by 40 percent by December 31, 2012, 50 percent by December
481	31, 2014, 60 percent by December 31, 2016, 70 percent by
482	December 31, 2018, and 75 percent by December 31, 2020. Counties
483	and municipalities are encouraged to form cooperative
484	arrangements for implementing recycling programs.
485	(b) In order to assist in attaining the goals provided in
486	this paragraph (a), the Legislature finds that the recycling of
487	construction and demolition debris is in the state's interest.
488	Each county shall implement a program with the following goals
489	for recycling construction and demolition debris: 40 percent by
490	December 31, 2012; 50 percent by December 31, 2014; 60 percent
491	by December 31, 2016; 70 percent by December 31, 2018; and 75
492	percent by December 31, 2020.
493	(c) Newly developed property receiving a building permit or
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Page 17 of 34

494	its functional equivalent on or after March 1, 2011, which is
495	used for multifamily residential purposes or for commercial
496	purposes, must provide adequate space and an adequate receptacle
497	for recycling by the tenant or owner of the property. This
498	provision is limited to counties and cities that have an
499	established commercial recycling program which provides
500	recycling receptacles to multifamily residential properties and
501	commercial properties and also provides regular pick-up service
502	for those receptacles.
503	(d) If, by January 1 of 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, or 2021,
504	the county, as determined by the department in accordance with
505	applicable rules, has not reached the recycling goals provided
506	in paragraph (a), the department may direct the county to
507	develop a plan to expand recycling programs to existing
508	commercial and multifamily dwellings, including, but not limited
509	to, apartment complexes.
510	(e) If the state's recycling rate for the 2013 calendar
511	year is below 40 percent, or below 50 percent by January 1,
512	2015, or below 60 percent by January 1, 2017, or below 70
513	percent by January 1, 2019, or below 75 percent by January 1,
514	2021, the department shall provide a report to the Legislature.
515	The report shall identify those additional programs or statutory
516	changes needed to achieve the goals provided in this subsection.
517	The report shall be provided no later than 30 days prior to the
518	Regular Session of the Legislature. If the state reaches its
519	recycling goals as described in this paragraph, the department
520	shall not provide a report to the Legislature.
521	<u>(f)</u> Such programs shall be designed to recover a
522	significant portion of at least four of the following materials

Page 18 of 34

from the solid waste stream prior to final disposal at a solid waste disposal facility and to offer these materials for recycling: newspaper, aluminum cans, steel cans, glass, plastic bottles, cardboard, office paper, and yard trash. Local governments which operate permitted waste-to-energy facilities may retrieve ferrous and nonferrous metal as a byproduct of combustion.

530 <u>(g)(c)</u> Local governments are encouraged to separate all 531 plastics, metal, and all grades of paper for recycling prior to 532 final disposal and are further encouraged to recycle yard trash 533 and other mechanically treated solid waste into compost 534 available for agricultural and other acceptable uses.

535 (h) The department shall adopt rules establishing the 536 method and criteria to be used by a county in calculating the 537 recycling rates pursuant to this subsection.

538 (d) By July 1, 2010, each county shall develop and 539 implement a plan to achieve a goal to compost organic materials that would otherwise be disposed of in a landfill. The goal 540 541 shall provide that up to 10 percent and no less than 5 percent 542 of organic material would be composted within the county and the 543 municipalities within its boundaries. The department may reduce 544 or modify the compost goal if the county demonstrates to the 545 department that achievement of the goal would be impractical given the county's unique demographic, urban density, or 546 547 inability to separate normally compostable material from the 548 solid waste stream. The composting plan is encouraged to address 549 partnership with the private sector.

550 <u>(i)-(e)</u> Each county is encouraged to consider plans for 551 <u>composting or</u> mulching organic materials that would otherwise be

Page 19 of 34

552 disposed of in a landfill. The <u>composting or</u> mulching plans are 553 encouraged to address partnership with the private sector.

554 (4) (a) A county's solid waste management and recycling 555 programs shall be designed to provide for sufficient reduction 556 of the amount of solid waste generated within the county and the 557 municipalities within its boundaries in order to meet goals for 558 the reduction of municipal solid waste prior to the final 559 disposal or the incineration of such waste at a solid waste 560 disposal facility. The goals shall provide, at a minimum, that 561 the amount of municipal solid waste that would be disposed of 562 within the county and the municipalities within its boundaries 563 is reduced by at least 30 percent.

(a) (b) A county may receive credit for one-half of the 564 565 recycling goal in subsection (2) for waste reduction from the use of yard trash, or other clean wood waste or paper waste, in 566 567 innovative programs including, but not limited to, programs that produce alternative clean-burning fuels such as ethanol or that 568 569 provide for the conversion of yard trash or other clean wood 570 waste or paper waste to clean-burning fuel for the production of 571 energy for use at facilities other than a waste-to-energy 572 facility as defined in s. 403.7061. The provisions of this 573 paragraph apply only if a county can demonstrate that:

574 1. The county has implemented a yard trash mulching or 575 composting program, and

2. As part of the program, compost and mulch made from yard trash is available to the general public and in use at countyowned or maintained and municipally owned or maintained facilities in the county and state agencies operating in the county as required by this section.

Page 20 of 34

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581 (b) (c) A county with a population of 100,000 or less may 582 provide its residents with the opportunity to recycle in lieu of achieving the goal set forth in this section paragraph (a). For 583 584 the purposes of this section subsection, the "opportunity to 585 recycle" means that the county: 586 1.a. Provides a system for separating and collecting 587 recyclable materials prior to disposal that is located at a 588 solid waste management facility or solid waste disposal area; or 589 b. Provides a system of places within the county for 590 collection of source-separated recyclable materials. 591 2. Provides a public education and promotion program that 592 is conducted to inform its residents of the opportunity to 593 recycle, encourages source separation of recyclable materials, 594 and promotes the benefits of reducing, reusing, recycling, and 595 composting materials. 596 (6) The department may reduce or modify the municipal solid 597 waste recycling reduction goal that a county is required to 598 achieve pursuant to subsection (2) (4) if the county 599 demonstrates to the department that: 600 (a) The achievement of the goal set forth in subsection (2) 601 (4) would have an adverse effect on the financial obligations of 602 a county or a city that are directly related to a waste-to-603 energy facility owned or operated by or on behalf of the county 604 or the city; and 605 (b) The county or the city cannot remove normally 606

606 combustible materials from solid waste that is to be processed 607 at a waste-to-energy facility because of the need to maintain a 608 sufficient amount of solid waste to ensure the financial 609 viability of the facility.

Page 21 of 34

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611	The goal shall not be waived entirely and may only be reduced or
612	modified to the extent necessary to alleviate the adverse
613	effects of achieving the goal on the financial viability of a
614	county's waste-to-energy facility. Nothing in this subsection
615	shall exempt a county from developing and implementing a
616	recycling program pursuant to this act.
617	(7) In order to assess the progress in meeting the goal
618	established in subsection (2) (4), each county shall, by April 1
619	November each year, provide information to the department
620	regarding its annual solid waste management program and
621	recycling activities. The information by the county must, at a
622	<pre>minimum, include:</pre>
623	(a) The amount of municipal solid waste disposed of at
624	solid waste disposal facilities, by type of waste such as yard
625	trash, white goods, clean debris, tires, and unseparated solid
626	waste;
627	(b) The amount and type of materials from the municipal
628	solid waste stream that were recycled; and
629	(c) The percentage of the population participating in
630	various types of recycling activities instituted.
631	(d) Beginning with the data for the 2012 calendar year, the
632	department shall annually, by July 1, post on its website the
633	recycling rates of each county for the prior calendar year.
634	(21) Local governments are authorized to enact ordinances
635	that require and direct all residential properties, multifamily
636	dwellings, and apartment complexes and industrial, commercial,
637	and institutional establishments as defined by the local
638	government to establish programs for the separation of
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Page 22 of 34

639 recyclable materials designated by the local government, which 640 recyclable materials are specifically intended for purposes of recycling and for which a market exists, and to provide for 641 642 their collection. Such ordinances may include, but are not 643 limited to, provisions that prohibit any person from knowingly 644 disposing of recyclable materials designated by the local 645 government and that ensure the collection of recovered materials 646 as necessary to protect public health and safety. 647 Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 403.7061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 648 649 403.7061 Requirements for review of new waste-to-energy 650 facility capacity by the Department of Environmental 651 Protection.-652 (3) An applicant must provide reasonable assurance that the 653 construction of a new waste-to-energy facility or the expansion 654 of an existing waste-to-energy facility will comply with the 655 following criteria: 656 (c) The county in which the facility is located has 657 implemented and maintains a solid waste management and recycling program that is designed to achieve a the waste recycling 658 659 reduction goal of 30 percent set forth in s. 403.706(4). For the 660 purposes of this section, the provisions of s. 403.706(4)(c) for 661 counties having populations of 100,000 or fewer do not apply. 662 Section 8. Subsection (9) of section 403.707, Florida 663 Statutes, is amended to read: 664 403.707 Permits.-

(9) The department shall establish a separate category for
solid waste management facilities that accept only construction
and demolition debris for disposal or recycling. The department

Page 23 of 34

668 shall establish a reasonable schedule for existing facilities to 669 comply with this section to avoid undue hardship to such 670 facilities. However, a permitted solid waste disposal unit that 671 receives a significant amount of waste prior to the compliance 672 deadline established in this schedule shall not be required to 673 be retrofitted with liners or leachate control systems.

674 (a) The department shall establish reasonable construction, 675 operation, monitoring, recordkeeping, financial assurance, and 676 closure requirements for such facilities. The department shall 677 take into account the nature of the waste accepted at various 678 facilities when establishing these requirements, and may impose 679 less stringent requirements, including a system of general permits or registration requirements, for facilities that accept 680 681 only a segregated waste stream which is expected to pose a 682 minimal risk to the environment and public health, such as clean 683 debris. The Legislature recognizes that incidental amounts of 684 other types of solid waste are commonly generated at 685 construction or demolition projects. In any enforcement action 686 taken pursuant to this section, the department shall consider 687 the difficulty of removing these incidental amounts from the 688 waste stream.

689 (b) The department shall not require liners and leachate 690 collection systems at individual disposal units and lateral 691 expansions of existing disposal units that have not received a 692 department permit authorizing construction or operation prior to 693 July 1, 2010, facilities unless the owner or operator it 694 demonstrates, based upon the types of waste received, the 695 methods for controlling types of waste disposed of, the 696 proximity of groundwater and surface water, and the results of

Page 24 of 34

697 the hydrogeological and geotechnical investigations, that the 698 facility is <u>not</u> reasonably expected to result in violations of 699 groundwater standards and criteria <u>if built without a liner</u> 700 otherwise.

701 (c) The owner or operator shall provide financial assurance 702 for closing of the facility in accordance with the requirements 703 of s. 403.7125. The financial assurance shall cover the cost of 704 closing the facility and 5 years of long-term care after 705 closing, unless the department determines, based upon 706 hydrogeologic conditions, the types of wastes received, or the 707 groundwater monitoring results, that a different long-term care 708 period is appropriate. However, unless the owner or operator of 709 the facility is a local government, the escrow account described 710 in s. 403.7125(2) may not be used as a financial assurance 711 mechanism.

712 (d) The department shall establish training requirements 713 for operators of facilities, and shall work with the State 714 University System or other providers to assure that adequate 715 training courses are available. The department shall also assist 716 the Florida Home Builders Association in establishing a 717 component of its continuing education program to address proper 718 handling of construction and demolition debris, including best 719 management practices for reducing contamination of the 720 construction and demolition debris waste stream.

(e) The issuance of a permit under this subsection does not
obviate the need to comply with all applicable zoning and land
use regulations.

(f) A permit is not required under this section for thedisposal of construction and demolition debris on the property

Page 25 of 34

First Engrossed

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726 where it is generated, but such property must be covered, 727 graded, and vegetated as necessary when disposal is complete. 728 (g) By January 1, 2012, the amount of construction and 729 demolition debris processed and recycled prior to disposal at a 730 permitted materials recovery facility or at any other permitted 731 disposal facility shall be reported by the county of origin to 732 the department and to the county on an annual basis in 733 accordance with rules adopted by the department. The rules shall 734 establish criteria to ensure accurate and consistent reporting 735 for purposes of determining the recycling rate in s. 403.706. 736 The rule also shall provide that, to the extent economically 737 feasible, all construction and demolition debris must be processed prior to disposal, either at a permitted waste 738 739 processing facility or a permitted disposal facility. The rule 740 also shall provide for uniform criteria and methodologies that 741 are to be utilized, by the department, a city or a county, or an 742 owner or operator of a facility, when determining or evidencing 743 that the processing of construction and demolition debris is not 744 economically feasible. This requirement does not apply to any 745 recovered materials that have been source separated and offered 746 for recycling or to materials that have been previously 747 processed. As part of the rule development process, the 748 department shall appoint a technical advisory committee 749 including a representative from the Florida Association of 750 Counties, the Florida League of Cities, the construction and 751 demolition debris industry, the Florida Home Builders 752 Association, the Florida Sunshine Chapter of the Solid Wastes 753 Association of North America, the Florida Chapter of the 754 National Solid Wastes Management Association, and the Florida

Page 26 of 34

755 Recyclers Association to aid in the development of such rules. 756 It is the policy of the Legislature to encourage facilities to 757 recycle. The department shall establish criteria and guidelines 758 that encourage recycling where practical and provide for the use 759 of recycled materials in a manner that protects the public 760 health and the environment. Facilities are authorized to 761 recycle, provided such activities do not conflict with such 762 criteria and guidelines.

(h) The department shall ensure that the requirements of this section are applied and interpreted consistently throughout the state. In accordance with s. 20.255, the Division of Waste Management shall direct the district offices and bureaus on matters relating to the interpretation and applicability of this section.

(i) The department shall provide notice of receipt of a permit application for the initial construction of a construction and demolition debris disposal facility to the local governments having jurisdiction where the facility is to be located.

774 (j) The Legislature recognizes that recycling, waste 775 reduction, and resource recovery are important aspects of an 776 integrated solid waste management program and as such are 777 necessary to protect the public health and the environment. If 778 necessary to promote such an integrated program, the county may 779 determine, after providing notice and an opportunity for a 780 hearing prior to April 30, 2008, that some or all of the 781 material described in s. 403.703(6)(b) shall be excluded from 782 the definition of "construction and demolition debris" in s. 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county 783

Page 27 of 34

784 may make such a determination only if it finds that, prior to 785 June 1, 2007, the county has established an adequate method for the use or recycling of such wood material at an existing or 786 787 proposed solid waste management facility that is permitted or 788 authorized by the department on June 1, 2007. The county is not 789 required to hold a hearing if the county represents that it 790 previously has held a hearing for such purpose, or if the county 791 represents that it previously has held a public meeting or 792 hearing that authorized such method for the use or recycling of 793 trash or other nonputrescible waste materials and that such 794 materials include those materials described in s. 403.703(6)(b). 795 The county shall provide written notice of its determination to 796 the department by no later than April 30, 2008; thereafter, the 797 materials described in s. 403.703(6) shall be excluded from the 798 definition of "construction and demolition debris" in s. 799 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county 800 may withdraw or revoke its determination at any time by 801 providing written notice to the department.

(k) Brazilian pepper and other invasive exotic plant species as designated by the department resulting from eradication projects may be processed at permitted construction and demolition debris recycling facilities or disposed of at permitted construction and demolition debris disposal facilities or Class III facilities. The department may adopt rules to implement this paragraph.

809 Section 9. Section 403.7095, Florida Statutes, is amended 810 to read:

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403.7095 Solid waste management grant program.-(1) The department shall develop a competitive and

Page 28 of 34

813	innovative grant program for counties, municipalities, special
814	districts, and nonprofit organizations that have legal
815	responsibility for the provision of solid waste management
816	services. For purposes of this program, "innovative" means that
817	the process, technology, or activity for which funding is sought
818	has not previously been implemented within the jurisdiction of
819	the applicant. The applicant must:
820	(a) Demonstrate technologies or processes that represent a
821	novel application of an existing technology or process to
822	recycle or reduce waste, or that overcome obstacles to recycling
823	or waste reduction in new or innovative ways;
824	(b) Demonstrate innovative processes to collect and recycle
825	or reduce materials targeted by the department and the recycling
826	industry; or
827	(c) Demonstrate effective solutions to solving solid waste
828	problems resulting from waste tires, particularly in the areas
829	of enforcement and abatement of illegal tire dumping and
830	activities to promote market development of waste tire products.
831	
832	Because the Legislature recognizes that input from the recycling
833	industry is essential to the success of this grant program, the
834	department shall cooperate with private sector entities to
835	develop a process and define specific criteria for allowing
836	their participation with grant recipients.
837	(2) The department shall evaluate and prioritize the annual
838	grant proposals and present the annual prioritized list of
839	projects to be funded to the Governor and the Legislature as
840	part of its annual budget request submitted pursuant to chapter
841	216. Potential grant recipients are encouraged to demonstrate

Page 29 of 34

842 local support for grant proposals by the commitment of cash or 843 in-kind matching funds.

844 <u>(1)(3)</u> The department shall develop a consolidated grant 845 program for small counties having populations fewer than 846 100,000, with grants to be distributed equally among eligible 847 counties. Programs to be supported with the small-county 848 consolidated grants include general solid waste management, 849 litter prevention and control, and recycling and education 850 programs.

851 (2) (4) The department shall develop a waste tire grant 852 program making grants available to all counties. The department 853 shall ensure that at least 25 percent of the funding available 854 for waste tire grants is distributed equally to each county 855 having a population fewer than 100,000. Of the remaining funds distributed to counties having a population of 100,000 or 856 857 greater, the department shall distribute those funds on the 858 basis of population.

859 <u>(3) (5)</u> From the funds made available pursuant to s.
860 403.709(1)(e) for the grant program created by this section, the
861 following distributions shall be made:

862 (a) Up to 15 percent for the program described in 863 subsection (1);

864 (a) (b) Up to 50 35 percent for the program described in 865 subsection (1) (3); and

866 <u>(b)</u> (c) Up to 50 percent for the program described in 867 subsection <u>(2)</u> (4).

868 <u>(4) (6)</u> The department may adopt rules necessary to 869 administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules 870 governing timeframes for submitting grant applications, criteria

Page 30 of 34

871 for prioritizing, matching criteria, maximum grant amounts, and 872 allocation of appropriated funds based upon project and 873 applicant size.

(7) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, and for the 2009-2010 fiscal year only, the Department of Environmental Protection shall award the sum of \$2,600,000 in grants equally to counties having populations of fewer than 100,000 for waste tire and litter prevention, recycling education, and general solid waste programs. This subsection expires July 1, 2010.

881 (8) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 882 contrary, and for the 2008-2009 fiscal year only, the Department 883 of Environmental Protection shall award:

1. The sum of \$9,428,773 in grants equally to counties having populations of fewer than 100,000 for waste tire and litter prevention, recycling education, and general solid waste programs.

888 2. The sum of \$2,000,781 to be used for the Innovative 889 Grant Program.

890

(b) This subsection expires July 1, 2009.

891 Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 403.7145, Florida 892 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3) and (4) are added to 893 that section, to read:

894

403.7145 Recycling.-

(1) The Capitol and the House and Senate office buildings
constitute the Capitol recycling area. The Florida House of
Representatives, the Florida Senate, and the Office of the
Governor, the Secretary of State, and each Cabinet officer who
heads a department that occupies office space in the Capitol,

Page 31 of 34

900 shall institute a recycling program for their respective offices 901 in the House and Senate office buildings and the Capitol. 902 Provisions shall be made to collect and sell wastepaper and 903 empty aluminum beverage containers cans generated by employee activities in these offices. The collection and sale of such 904 905 materials shall be reported to Leon County using the 906 department's designated reporting format and coordinated with 907 Department of Management Services recycling activities to 908 maximize the efficiency and economy of this program. The 909 Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the 910 President of the Senate, the Secretary of State, and the Cabinet 911 officers may authorize the use of proceeds from recyclable 912 material sales for employee benefits and other purposes, in 913 order to provide incentives to their respective employees for 914 participation in the recycling program. Such proceeds may also 915 be used to offset any costs of the recycling program. As a 916 demonstration of leading by example, the Capitol Building's 917 recycling rates shall be posted on the website of the Department 918 of Management Services and shall include the details of the 919 recycling rates for each Department of Management Services pool 920 facility. The Department of Environmental Protection shall post 921 recycling rates of each state-owned facility reported to the 922 Department of Management Services.

923 (3) The department shall develop and contract for an
 924 innovative recycling pilot project for the Capitol recycling
 925 area. The project shall be designed to collect recyclable
 926 materials and create a more sustainable recycling system.
 927 Components of the project shall be designed to increase
 928 convenience, incentivize and measure participation, reduce

Page 32 of 34

929 material volume, and assist in achieving the recycling goals 930 enumerated in s. 403.706. 931 (4) Each public airport operating in this state shall, to 932 the greatest extent practicable, collect beverage containers and 933 recyclable plastic and glass from the airlines and other 934 entities doing business at the airport and offer such materials 935 for recycling and may retain the economic benefit of these 936 activities to offset the costs associated with such collection. 937 Airport administration offices, airport vendors, and airlines 938 are encouraged to coordinate the collection of recyclable waste 939 to the greatest extent practicable. The provisions of this 940 subsection are not intended to interfere with any established 941 recycling activity. 942 Section 11. Paragraph (m) is added to subsection (1) of section 553.77, Florida Statutes, to read: 943 944 553.77 Specific powers of the commission.-945 (1) The commission shall: (m) Develop recommendations that increase residential and 946 947 commercial recycling and composting, and strongly encourages the 948 use of recyclable materials and the recycling of construction 949 and demolition debris. 950 Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 403.7049, Florida 951 Statutes, is amended to read: 952 403.7049 Determination of full cost for solid waste 953 management; local solid waste management fees.-954 (5) In order to assist in achieving the municipal solid 955 waste recycling reduction goal and the recycling provisions of 956 s. 403.706(2) s. 403.706(4), a county or a municipality which 957 owns or operates a solid waste management facility is hereby

Page 33 of 34

First Engrossed

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958	authorized to charge solid waste disposal fees which may vary
959	based on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the
960	amount, characteristics, and form of recyclable materials
961	present in the solid waste that is brought to the county's or
962	the municipality's facility for processing or disposal.
963	Section 13. Section 288.1185, Florida Statutes, is
964	repealed.
965	Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.