By Senator Gelber

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to public school education; amending ss. 1002.33, 1003.03, 1003.413, and 1003.4156, F.S., relating to discontinuance of administration of the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT), to conform to changes made by the act; deleting requirement that district school boards establish policies for intensive reading and mathematics intervention courses in high school; providing for intervention services; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; requiring that students be advised of the availability of certain courses for purposes of high school graduation; providing new credit requirements for high school graduation with a standard diploma; providing for remediation and intervention services in certain circumstances; revising general requirements for high school graduation; conforming provisions relating to discontinuance of FCAT administration; amending s. 1003.429, F.S.; requiring that students be advised of the availability of certain courses for purposes of accelerated high school graduation options; revising general requirements for accelerated high school graduation; amending ss. 1003.433, 1003.493, and 1007.35, F.S., relating to discontinuance of FCAT administration and revised general requirements for high school graduation, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; revising the statewide student assessment program to discontinue use of the FCAT; requiring the assessment program to

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consist of subject area assessments for students in grades 3 through 5, subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations in core and noncore subjects for students in grades 6 through 12, and diagnostic assessments for students in grades 6, 8, and 10; requiring school districts to provide intervention services to certain students; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules that specify passing scores on end-of-course examinations; providing that results on end-of-course examinations are one component of requirements for high school graduation; providing for certain waivers; clarifying schedules for assessment and reporting; revising provisions relating to test-preparation activities; deleting provisions relating to use of concordant scores for the FCAT; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; requiring intervention services for certain students as part of the comprehensive program for student progression; conforming provisions relating to the revision of the statewide student assessment program; deleting mandatory retention for certain grade 3 students; authorizing promotion for good cause; providing for reporting; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; revising provisions relating to use of the common placement test to conform to discontinuance of FCAT administration; amending ss. 1008.34 and 1008.341, F.S.; deleting use of the FCAT as a basis for determining school grades and school improvement ratings; providing for student results on subject area

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assessments and end-of-course examinations to partially determine school grades and school improvement ratings; providing additional factors for such determination; conforming provisions relating to revision of the Florida School Recognition Program; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to revision of the Florida School Recognition Program; amending s. 1008.36, F.S.; changing the Florida School Recognition Program to the Every Child Matters Program; providing intent and purpose of the program; providing for financial assistance to schools providing remediation and intervention services to certain students; specifying the uses of program funds; providing Department of Education duties; amending s. 1009.531, F.S.; adding a cross-reference to high school graduation requirements; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to revision of the Florida School Recognition Program and discontinuance of FCAT administration; amending s. 1012.22, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to discontinuance of FCAT administration; providing for the appointment of a public school assessment and accountability alignment committee to develop standards for a revised statewide student assessment program, procedures for transitioning to the new program, and standards for determining school grades and school improvement ratings; providing for membership; providing duties of the alignment committee, the State Board of Education, and the

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Department of Education; providing a timetable for
implementation; providing for future expiration of the alignment committee; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (20) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1002.33 Charter schools.-
(20) SERVICES.-
(a) A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and educational services to charter schools. These services shall include contract management services; full-time equivalent and data reporting services; exceptional student education administration services; services related to eligibility and reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services under the federal lunch program, consistent with the needs of the charter school, are provided by the school district at the request of the charter school, that any funds due to the charter school under the federal lunch program be paid to the charter school as soon as the charter school begins serving food under the federal lunch program, and that the charter school is paid at the same time and in the same manner under the federal lunch program as other public schools serviced by the sponsor or the school district; test administration services, including payment of the costs of state-required or district-required student assessments; processing of teacher certificate data services; and information services, including equal access to student information systems that are used by public schools in the

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district in which the charter school is located. Student performance data for each student in a charter school, including, but not limited to, subject area assessment scores, end-of-course examination $F C A T$ scores, standardized test scores, previous public school student report cards, and student performance measures, shall be provided by the sponsor to a charter school in the same manner provided to other public schools in the district. A total administrative fee for the provision of such services shall be calculated based upon up to 5 percent of the available funds defined in paragraph (17)(b) for all students. However, a sponsor may only withhold up to a 5-percent administrative fee for enrollment for up to and including 500 students. For charter schools with a population of 501 or more students, the difference between the total administrative fee calculation and the amount of the administrative fee withheld may only be used for capital outlay purposes specified in s. 1013. 62(2). Each charter school shall receive 100 percent of the funds awarded to that school pursuant to s. 1012.225. Sponsors shall not charge charter schools any additional fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services in addition to the maximum 5-percent administrative fee withheld pursuant to this paragraph.

Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.03 Maximum class size.-
(3) IMPLEMENTATION OPTIONS.-District school boards must consider, but are not limited to, implementing the following items in order to meet the constitutional class size maximums described in subsection (1) and the two-student-per-year

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reduction required in subsection (2):
(c)1. Repeal district school board policies that require students to have more than 24 credits to graduate from high school.
2. Adopt policies to allow students to graduate from high school as soon as they meet the requirements pass the grade 10 FCAT and complete the courses required for high school graduation.

Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) and paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 1003.413, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.413 Florida Secondary School Redesign Act.-
(3) Based on these guiding principles, district school boards shall establish policies to implement the requirements of ss. 1003.4156, 1003.428, and 1003.493. The policies must address:
(d) Credit recovery courses and reading and mathematics intervention services eourses based on student performance on diagnostic assessments, subject area assessments, or end-of-course examinations the FCAT. These courses and intervention services should be competency based and offered through innovative delivery systems, including computer-assisted instruction. School districts should use learning gains as well as other appropriate data and provide incentives to identify and reward high-performing teachers who teach credit recovery courses and provide intensive intervention services eourses.
(4) In order to support the successful implementation of this section by district school boards, the Department of Education shall:

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(e) Use data to provide the Legislature with an annual longitudinal analysis of the success of this reform effort, including the progress of 6th grade students and 9th grade students not meeting grade-level expectations on end-of-course examinations or subject area assessments in scoring at Level 1 on FCAT reading or FCAT mathematics.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion.-
(1) Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 20062007 school year, Promotion from a school composed of middle grades 6, 7, and 8 requires that:
(a) The student must successfully complete academic courses as follows:

1. Three middle school or higher courses in English. These courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical text.
2. Three middle school or higher courses in mathematics. Each middle school must offer at least one high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit.
3. Three middle school or higher courses in social studies, one semester of which must include the study of state and federal government and civics education.
4. Three middle school or higher courses in science.
5. One course in career and education planning to be completed in 7 th or 8 th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff; must include career

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exploration using CHOICES for the 21st Century or a comparable cost-effective program; must include educational planning using the online student advising system known as Florida Academic Counseling and Tracking for Students at the Internet website FACTS.org; and shall result in the completion of a personalized academic and career plan.

Each school must hold a parent meeting either in the evening or on a weekend to inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete an electronic personal education plan that must be signed by the student; the student's instructor, guidance counselor, or academic advisor; and the student's parent. By January 1, 2007, the Department of Education shall develop course frameworks and professional development materials for the career exploration and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.
(b) For each year in which a student's performance on a diagnostic assessment or a subject area assessment in student scores at Level $l$ on FCAT reading does not meet grade-level expectations, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of students $\ddagger$ evel 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for

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diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9).
(c) For each year in which a student's performance on a diagnostic assessment, a subject area assessment, or an end-ofcourse examination in student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT mathematics does not meet grade-level expectations, the student must receive remediation the following year, which may be integrated into the student's required mathematics course.

Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.-
(1) Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to s. 1003.429, beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2007-2008 school year, graduation requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of the Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, career academy coursework that leads to national industry certification, and dual enrollment courses available, as well as the availability of course offerings through the Florida Virtual School. Students must also be advised of eligibility requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
(2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied,

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integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
2. Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level mathematics course. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, one of the four credits must be Algebra I or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be geometry or a series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be Algebra II or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of Education. School districts are encouraged to set specific goals to increase envollments in, and suecsful eompletion of, geometry and Algebra II.
3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, one of the three credits must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be chemistry or physics or a series of courses equivalent to chemistry or physics as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be a higher-level science course. At least two of the science courses must have a laboratory component.
4. Three credits in social studies as follows: one credit

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in American history; one credit in world history; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in American government.
5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or a practical arts course that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.
6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for two full seasons shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in physical education be taken during the 9 th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-half credit in physical education or one-half credit in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant component of which is drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education and the one-credit requirement in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive

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physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan.
(b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives:

1. Four credits in a major area of interest, such as sequential courses in a career and technical program, fine and performing arts, or academic content area, selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. Students may revise major areas of interest each year as part of annual course registration processes and should update their education plan to reflect such revisions. Annually by October 1, the district school board shall approve major areas of interest and submit the list of majors to the Commissioner of Education for approval. Each major area of interest shall be deemed approved unless specifically rejected by the commissioner within 60 days. Upon approval, each district's major areas of interest shall be available for use by all school districts and shall be posted on the department's website.
2. Four credits in elective courses selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. These credits may be combined to allow for a second major area of interest pursuant to subparagraph 1., a minor area of interest, elective courses, or reading or mathematics intervention courses as described in this subparagraph.
a. Minor areas of interest are composed of three credits selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156 and approved by the district school board.
b. Elective courses are selected by the student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in s. 1001.41(3) and to meet eligibility requirements for

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scholarships.
c. For each year in which a student's performance on a diagnostic assessment or subject area assessment in student scores at Level 1 on FCAT reading does not meet grade-level expectations, the student must receive remediation and intervention services as soon as feasible but no later than be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of students fevel 2 readers in either a $\quad$ in intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9).
d. For each year in which a student's performance on a diagnostic assessment, a subject area assessment, or an end-ofcourse examination in student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT mathematics does not meet grade-level expectations, the student must receive remediation and intervention services as soon as feasible but no later than the following year. Intervention the courses may be taught through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code Directory.
(4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
(a) Successful completion of the academic credit or curriculum requirements of subsections (1) and (2).
(b) Successful overall academic performance based on end-

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of-course examinations, grade point average, student portfolios, and, if determined by the State Board of Education, other measurable indicators of student progress. Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. $1008.22(3)$ (c), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(c) Completion of all other applicable requirements prescribed by the district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25.
(d) Achievement of a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by this section.

Each district school board shall adopt policies designed to assist students in meeting the requirements of this subsection. These policies may include, but are not limited to: forgiveness policies, summer school or before or after school attendance, special counseling, volunteers or peer tutors, school-sponsored help sessions, homework hotlines, and study skills classes. Forgiveness policies for required courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. Forgiveness policies for elective courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in another course. The only exception to these forgiveness policies shall be made for a student in the middle grades who takes any high school course for high school credit

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and earns a grade of "C," "D," or "F" or the equivalent of a grade of "C," "D," or "F." In such case, the district forgiveness policy must allow the replacement of the grade with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. In all cases of grade forgiveness, only the new grade shall be used in the calculation of the student's grade point average. Any course grade not replaced according to a district school board forgiveness policy shall be included in the calculation of the cumulative grade point average required for graduation.
(8)
(b) A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan (IEP) committee determines that an end-of-course examination the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the end-of-course examination results that are used as a partial basis for determining successful overall academic performance under FCAT requirement of paragraph (4)(b) waived for the purpose of receiving a standard high school diploma, if the student:

1. completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3).
$z$. Does not meet the requirements of paragraph (4) (b) aftex onc opportunity in 10th grade and onc opportunity in 11th grade.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (6), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 1003.429, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.429 Accelerated high school graduation options.-
(1) Students who enter grade 9 in the 2006-2007 school year

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and thereafter may select, upon receipt of each consent required by this section, one of the following three high school graduation options:
(a) Completion of the general requirements for high school graduation pursuant to s. 1003.428 or s. 1003.43;
(b) Completion of a 3-year standard college preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. At least 6 of the 18 credits required for completion of this program must be received in classes that are offered pursuant to the International Baccalaureate Program, the Advanced Placement Program, dual enrollment, or the Advanced International Certificate of Education Program $\boldsymbol{T}$ or specifically listed or identified by the Department of Education as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3). Students must be advised of the Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, career academy coursework that leads to national industry certification, and dual enrollment courses available, as well as the availability of course offerings through the Florida Virtual School. The 18 credits required for completion of this program shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
2. Three credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or higher from the list of courses that qualify for state university admission;
3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component;

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4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, onehalf credit in American government, and one-half credit in economics;
5. Two credits in the same second language unless the student is a native speaker of or can otherwise demonstrate competency in a language other than English. If the student demonstrates competency in another language, the student may replace the language requirement with two credits in other academic courses; and
6. Three credits in electives; or
(c) Completion of a 3-year career preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. The 18 credits shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
2. Three credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I;
3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component;
4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, onehalf credit in American government, and one-half credit in economics;
5. Three credits in a single vocational or career education program, three credits in career and technical certificate dual enrollment courses, or five credits in vocational or career education courses; and

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6. Two credits in electives unless five credits are earned pursuant to subparagraph 5.

Any student who selected an accelerated graduation program before July 1, 2004, may continue that program, and all statutory program requirements that were applicable when the student made the program choice shall remain applicable to the student as long as the student continues that program.
(6) Students pursuing accelerated 3-year high school graduation options pursuant to paragraph (1) (b) or paragraph (1) (c) are required to:
(a) Achieve successful overall academic performance based on end-of-course examinations, grade point average, student portfolios, and, if determined by the State Board of Education, other measurable indicators of student progress. Earn passing scores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22 (3) (c) or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing seores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(b) 1. Achieve a cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.5 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required for the college preparatory accelerated 3-year high school graduation option pursuant to paragraph (1)(b); or
2. Achieve a cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required for the career preparatory accelerated 3-year high school graduation option pursuant to paragraph (1) (c).
(c) Receive a weighted or unweighted grade that earns at least 3.0 points, or its equivalent, to earn course credit toward the 18 credits required for the college preparatory

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accelerated 3-year high school graduation option pursuant to paragraph (1) (b).
(d) Receive a weighted or unweighted grade that earns at least 2.0 points, or its equivalent, to earn course credit toward the 18 credits required for the career preparatory accelerated 3-year high school graduation option pursuant to paragraph (1)(c).

Weighted grades referred to in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) shall be applied to those courses specifically listed or identified by the department as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3) or weighted by the district school board for class ranking purposes.
(7) If, at the end of grade 10, a student is not on track to meet the credit, assessment, or grade-point-average requirements of the accelerated graduation option selected, the school shall notify the student and parent of the following:
(c) The right of the student to change to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$.
(8) A student who selected one of the accelerated 3-year graduation options shall automatically move to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.428 or s .1003 .43 if the student:
(a) Exercises his or her right to change to the 4 -year program;
(b) Fails to earn 5 credits by the end of grade 9 or fails to earn 11 credits by the end of grade 10;
(c) Does not achieve a passing score of 3 or highex on an end-of-course examination in language arts the grade 10 FCAT writing assessment; or

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(d) By the end of grade 11 does not meet the requirements of subsections (1) and (6).

Section 7. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 1003.433, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.433 Learning opportunities for out-of-state and out-of-country transfer students and students needing additional instruction to meet high school graduation requirements.-
(1) Students who enter a Florida public school at the eleventh or twelfth grade from out of state or from a foreign country shall not be required to spend additional time in a Florida public school in order to meet the high school course requirements if the student has met all requirements of the school district, state, or country from which he or she is transferring. Such students who are not proficient in English should receive immediate and intensive instruction in English language acquisition. However, to receive a standard high school diploma, a transfer student must achieve successful overall academic performance based on end-of-course examinations, earn a 2.0 or higher grade point average, student portfolios, and, if determined by the State Board of Education, other measurable indicators of student progress and pass the grade 10 FCAT required in $5.1008 .22(3)$ or an alternate assessment as described in s. $1008.22(10)$.
(2) Students who do not meet have all requirements for the standard high school diploma except for passage of the grade 10 FCAT or an alternate assessment by the end of grade 12 must be provided the following learning opportunities:
(a) Participation in an accelerated high school equivalency diploma preparation program during the summer.

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(b) Upon receipt of a certificate of completion, be allowed to take the College Placement Test and be admitted to remedial or credit courses at a state community college, as appropriate.
(c) Participation in an adult general education program as provided in s. 1004.93 for such time as the student requires to master English, reading, mathematics, or any other subject required for high school graduation. Students attending adult basic, adult secondary, or vocational-preparatory instruction are exempt from any requirement for the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, pursuant to s. 1009.25. A student attending an adult general education program shall have the opportunity to take the grade 10 FCAT an unlimited number of times in order to receive a standard high school diploma.
(3) Students who have been enrolled in an ESOL program for less than 2 school years and have not met all requirements for the standard high school diploma except for passage of the grade 10 ECAT or alternate may receive immersion English language instruction during the summer following their senior year. Students receiving such instruction are eligible to take the FCAT or alternate assessment and receive a standard high school diploma upon achievement of successful overall academic performance pursuant to subsection (1) 10 FCAT or the alternate assessment. This subsection shall be implemented to the extent funding is provided in the General Appropriations Act.

Section 8. Paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 1003.493, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.493 Career and professional academies.-
(4) Each career and professional academy must:

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(k) Include an evaluation plan developed jointly with the Department of Education and the local workforce board. The evaluation plan must include an assessment tool based on national industry standards, such as the Career Academy National Standards of Practice, and outcome measures, including, but not limited to, achievement of industry certifications, graduation rates, enrollment in postsecondary education, business and industry satisfaction, employment and earnings, awards of postsecondary credit and scholarships, and end-of-course examination $\operatorname{FCAT}$ achievement levels and learning gains. The Department of Education shall use Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., in identifying industry experts to participate in developing and implementing such assessments.

Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 1007.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement.-
(6) The partnership shall:
(c) Provide teacher training and materials that are aligned with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and are consistent with best theory and practice regarding multiple learning styles and research on learning, instructional strategies, instructional design, and classroom assessment. Curriculum materials must be based on current, accepted, and essential academic knowledge. Materials for prerequisite courses should, at a minimum, address the skills assessed on the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT).

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (c) and (g) of subsection (3), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection

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(4), paragraph (a) of subsection (7), and subsections (9) through (12) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-
(1) PURPOSE.-The primary purposes of the student assessment program are to provide information needed to improve the public schools by enhancing the learning gains of all students and to inform parents of the educational progress of their public school children. The program must be designed to:
(a) Assess the annual learning gains of each student toward achieving the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards appropriate for the student's grade level.
(3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
(c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program consisting of subject area assessments for students in

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grades 3 through 5, subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations for students in grades 6 through 12, and diagnostic assessments for students in grades 6, 8, and 10 known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program to measure a student's content knowledge and skills in language arts, reading, writing, science, and mathematics, and other core and noncore subject areas as determined by the State Board of Education. Subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 10. Comprehensive assessments of writing and science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. End-of-course assessments for a subject may be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required for that subject under this paragraph. An end-of-course assesment must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by comprehensive subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations assessments must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may select one or more nationally developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International Certificate of Education course or industry-approved examinations to earn national industry certifications as defined in s. 1003.492, for use as end-of-

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course examinations assesments under this paragraph, if the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade level expectations for the core curricular content established for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course examinations assesments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The testing program must be designed as follows:

1. The tests shall measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from education stakeholders and experts, state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.
2.a. The testing program shall be composed of criterionreferenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.
b. Diagnostic assessments shall be given to students in grades 6, 8, and 10 in language arts, mathematics, and science

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content knowledge and skills and shall be used to keep students on track to graduate from high school. The diagnostic assessments shall be designed to identify specific academic weaknesses in individual students and to provide specific diagnostic information to help focus instruction most effectively to meet the needs of individual students.
c. To ensure that students are progressing and meeting international benchmarks, the testing program may include use of international assessments, including the Program for International Student Assessment and the Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study, as diagnostic tools.
3. Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the commissioner shall discontinue administration of the selectedresponse test items on the comprehensive assessments of writing. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the comprehensive assessments of writing shall be composed of a combination of selected-response test items, short-response performance tasks, and extended-response performance tasks, which shall measure a student's content knowledge of writing, including, but not limited to, paragraph and sentence structure, sentence construction, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling, parts of speech, verb tense, irregular verbs, subjectverb agreement, and noun-pronoun agreement.
4. A score shall be designated for each subject area tested and end-of-course examination, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction and intervention services to students who score below these levels.
5. Except as provided in s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s.

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1003.43(11)(b), students must achieve successful overall academic performance based partially on end-of-course examinations earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (10) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for end-of-course examinations the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall apply only to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.
6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations

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of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations the FCAT. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on end-of-course examinations the FCAT may have end-of-course examination requirements the FCAT requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).
7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-tograde progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and mes. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required core curricular content is part of

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the district instructional programs.
9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized subject area assessment or end-ofcourse examination approved by the State Board of Education following enrollment in summer academies.
10. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.
11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
12. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's Internet website the testing and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall require that:
a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide subject area assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school districts of student test results which is feasible within available technology and specific appropriations;

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however, test results must be made available no later than the final day of the regular school year for students.
b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, a comprehensive statewide assessment of writing is not administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject is not administered earlier than the week of April 15.
c. A statewide standardized end-of-course examination zsessment is administered within the last 2 weeks of the course and test results are reported as soon as possible but no later than the final day of the semester or regular school year, as applicable.

The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.

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( 9 ) Conduct ongoing analysis of the study the cost and student achievement impact of secondary end-of-course examinations assesments, including web-based and performance formats, and report such information to the Legislature prior to implementation.
(4) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PREPARATION; PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.-Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, a district school board shall prohibit each public school from suspending a regular program of curricula for purposes of administering practice tests or engaging in other test-preparation activities for a statewide assessment. However, a district school board may authorize a public school to engage in the following testpreparation activities for a statewide assessment:
(b) Providing individualized instruction in test-taking strategies, without suspending the school's regular program of curricula, for a student who is identified through performance on a subject area assessment or an end-of-course examination as having a deficiency in test-taking skills scores at Level 1 or fevel 2 on a prior administration of the statewide assessment.
(c) Providing individualized instruction in the content knowledge and skills assessed, without suspending the school's regular program of curricula, for sut whe at weser 1 or Level 2 on a prior administration of the statewide assessment of a student who, through a subject area assessment, an end-of-course examination, or a diagnostic assessment administered by the school district, is identified as having a deficiency in the content knowledge and skills assessed.
(7) REQUIRED ANALYSES.-The commissioner shall provide, at a minimum, for the following analyses of data produced by the

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student achievement testing program:
(a) The statistical system for the annual assessments shall use measures of student learning, such as subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations the FCAT, to determine teacher, school, and school district statistical distributions, which shall be determined using available data from the assessments and examinations the FCAT, and other data collection as deemed appropriate by the Department of Education, to measure the differences in student prior year achievement compared to the current year achievement for the purposes of accountability and recognition.
(9) APPLICABILITY OF TESTING STANDARDS.-
(a) If the Commissioner of Education revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the assessment's proficiency levels ox modify the passing scores required for a standard high school diplo, until the state board adopts the modifications by rule, the commissioner shall use calculations for scoring the assessment which adjust student scores on the revised assessment for statistical equivalence to student scores on the former assessment.
(b) A student must attain the passing scores on the statewide assessment required for a standard high school diploma which are in effect at the time the student enters grade 9 if the student's enrollment is continuous.
(c) If the commissioner revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the passing seores required for a standard high school diploma, the eommissioner may, with approval of the state board, discontinue

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administration of the former assessment upon the graduation, based on normal student progression, of students participating in the final regular administration of the former assessment. The state board shall adopt by rule passing scores for the revised assessment which are statistically equivalent to passing scores on the discontinued assessment for a student required under paragraph (b) to attain passing scores on the discontinued assessment.
(10) CONCORDANT SCORES FOR THE FCAT.-
(a) The State Board of Education shall analyze the content and concordant data sets for widely used high school achievement tests, including, but not limited to, the PSAT, PIAN, SAT, ACT, and College Placement Test, to assess if concordant scores for FCAT scores can be detcrmined for high school graduation, eollege placement, and scholarship awards. In cases where content alignment and concordant scores can be determined, the Commissioner of Education shall adopt those seores as meeting the graduation requirement in licu of achieving the FCAT passing score and may adopt those scores as being sufficient to achicve additional purposes as determined by xule. Each time that test eontent or scoring procedures change for the FCAT or for a high school achievement test for which a concordant seore is determined, new concordant scores must be determined.
(b) In order to use a concordant subject area score pursuant to this subsection to satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. 1003.429(6)(a), s. 1003.43(5)(a), or s. 1003.428, a student must take each subject area of the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without carning a passing score. The requirements of this

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paragraph shall not apply to a now student who enters the Florida public school system in grade 12, who may cither achieve a passing score on the FCAT or use an approved subject area eoncordant score to fulfill the graduation requirement.
(c) The State Board of Education may define by rule the allowable uses, other than to satisfy the high school graduation requirement, for concordant scores as described in this subsection. Such uses may include, but need not be limited to, achicving appropriate standardized test scores required for the Zwarding of Florida Bright Futures Scholarships and college placement.
(10)(11) REPORTS.-The Department of Education shall
annually provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the following:
(a) Longitudinal performance of students in mathematics and reading.
(b) Longitudinal performance of students by grade level in mathematics and reading.
(c) Longitudinal performance regarding efforts to close the achievement gap.
(d) Other student performance data based on national normreferenced and criterion-referenced tests, when available, and numbers of students who after 8th grade enroll in adult education rather than other secondary education.
(11)(12) RULES.-The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 11. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection

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(2), subsections (3) and (4), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (6), paragraph (b) of subsection (7), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (8) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008. 25 Public school student progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.-
(1) INTENT.-It is the intent of the Legislature that each student's progression from one grade to another be determined, in part, upon proficiency in language arts feading, writing, science, and mathematics; that district school board policies facilitate such proficiency; and that each student and his or her parent be informed of that student's academic progress.
(2) COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM.-Each district school board shall establish a comprehensive program for student progression which must include:
(b) Specific levels of performance in language arts reading, writing, science, and mathematics for each grade level, including the levels of performance on statewide assessments as defined by the commissioner, below which a student must receive remediation or intervention services, or be retained within an intensive program that is different from the previous year's program and that takes into account the student's learning style.
(3) ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES.-District school boards shall allocate remedial and supplemental instruction and intervention resources to students in the following priority:
(a) Students who are deficient in reading by the end of grade 3.

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(b) Students who fail to meet performance levels required for promotion consistent with the district school board's plan for student progression required in paragraph (2) (b).
(4) ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION.-
(a) Each student must participate in the statewide assessment program tests required by s. 1008.22. Each student who does not meet specific levels of performance as determined by the district school board in language arts reading, writing, science, and mathematics for each grade level, or who scores below Level 3 in reading or math, must be provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty, the areas of academic need, and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction as described in paragraph (b).
(b) The school in which the student is enrolled must develop, in consultation with the student's parent, and must implement a progress monitoring plan. A progress monitoring plan is intended to provide the school district and the school flexibility in meeting the academic needs of the student and to reduce paperwork. A student who is not meeting the school district or state requirements for proficiency in reading and math shall be covered by one of the following plans to target instruction and identify ways to improve his or her academic achievement:

1. A federally required student plan such as an individual education plan;
2. A schoolwide system of progress monitoring for all students; or
3. An individualized progress monitoring plan.

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The plan chosen must be designed to assist the student or the school in meeting state and district expectations for proficiency. If the student has been identified as having a deficiency in reading, the $\mathrm{K}-12$ comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9) shall include instructional and support services to be provided to meet the desired levels of performance. District school boards may require low-performing students to attend remediation or intervention programs held before or after regular school hours or during the summer if transportation is provided.
(c) Upon subsequent evaluation, if the documented deficiency has not been remediated, the student may be retained. Each student who does not meet the minimum performance expectations defined by the Commissioner of Education for the statewide assessment tests in language arts reading, writing, science, and mathematics must continue to be provided with remedial or supplemental instruction or intervention services until the expectations are met or the student graduates from high school or is not subject to compulsory school attendance.
(5) READING DEFICIENCY AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION.-
(b) Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, If the student's reading deficiency, as identified in paragraph (a), is not remedied by the end of grade 3, as demonstrated by scoring at Level 2 or higher on the statewide subject area assessment test in reading for grade 3, the student may must be retained at the discretion of the principal after consultation with the student's teacher and parent.
(c) The parent of any student who exhibits a substantial

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1. That his or her child has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading.
2. A description of the current services that are provided to the child.
3. A description of the proposed supplemental instructional services and supports that will be provided to the child that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency.
4. That if the child's reading deficiency is not remediated by the end of grade 3, the child may must be retained unless he or she is exempt from mandatory retention for good cause.
5. Strategies for parents to use in helping their child succeed in reading proficiency.
6. That the statewide subject area assessment florida Comprehensive Assesment Test (rCAT) is not the sole determiner of promotion and that additional evaluations, portfolio reviews, and assessments are available to the child to assist parents and the school district in knowing when a child is reading at or above grade level and ready for grade promotion.
7. The district's specific criteria and policies for midyear promotion. Midyear promotion means promotion of a retained student at any time during the year of retention once the student has demonstrated ability to read at grade level.
(6) ELIMINATION OF SOCIAL PROMOTION.-
(b) The district school board may promote students enly exempt students from mandatory retention, as provided in paragraph (5) (b), for good cause. Students promoted for good

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cause may include, but are not limited to, exemptions shall be limited to the following:

1. Limited English proficient students who have had less than 2 years of instruction in an English for Speakers of Other Languages program.
2. Students with disabilities whose individual education plan indicates that participation in the statewide assessment program is not appropriate, consistent with the requirements of State Board of Education rule.
3. Students who demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education.
4. Students who demonstrate, through a student portfolio, that the student is reading on grade level as evidenced by demonstration of mastery of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards in reading equal to at least a Level 2 performance on the FCAT.
5. Students with disabilities who participate in the FCAT and who have an individual education plan or a Section 504 plan that reflects that the student has received intensive remediation or intervention services in reading for more than 2 years but still demonstrates a deficiency in reading and was previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3.
6. Students who have received intensive remediation or intervention services in reading for 2 or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency in reading and who were previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3 for a total of 2 years. Intensive reading instruction or intervention

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services for students so promoted must include an altered instructional day that includes specialized diagnostic information and specific reading strategies for each student. The district school board shall assist schools and teachers to implement reading strategies that research has shown to be successful in improving reading among low-performing readers.
(c) Promotions for good cause Requests for good cause exemptions for students from the mandatory retention requirement as described in subparagraphs (b) 3. and 4. shall be made consistent with the following:

1. Documentation shall be submitted from the student's teacher to the school principal that indicates that the promotion of the student is appropriate and is based upon the student's academic record. In order to minimize paperwork requirements, such documentation shall consist only of the existing progress monitoring plan, individual educational plan, if applicable, report card, or student portfolio.
2. The school principal shall review and discuss such recommendation with the teacher and make the determination as to whether the student should be promoted or retained. If the school principal determines that the student should be promoted, the school principal shall make such recommendation in writing to the district school superintendent. The district school superintendent shall accept or reject the school principal's recommendation in writing.
(7) SUCCESSFUL PROGRESSION FOR RETAINED READERS.-
(b) Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, Each school district shall:
3. Conduct a review of student progress monitoring plans

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for all students who did not score above Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT and did not meet the criteria for one of the good cause exemptions in paragraph (6) (b). The review shall address additional supports and services, as described in this subsection, needed to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency. The school district shall require a student portfolio to be completed for each such student.
2. Provide students who are retained under the provisions of paragraph (5) (b) with intensive instructional services and supports to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency, including a minimum of 90 minutes of daily, uninterrupted, scientifically research-based reading instruction and other strategies prescribed by the school district, which may include, but are not limited to:
a. Small group instruction.
b. Reduced teacher-student ratios.
c. More frequent progress monitoring.
d. Tutoring or mentoring.
e. Transition classes containing 3rd and 4th grade students.
f. Extended school day, week, or year.
g. Summer reading camps.
3. Provide written notification to the parent of any student who is retained under the provisions of paragraph (5) (b) that his or her child has not met the proficiency level required for promotion and the reasons the child is not eligible for a good cause promotion exemption as provided in paragraph (6) (b). The notification must comply with the provisions of $s$. 1002.20(15) and must include a description of proposed

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interventions and supports that will be provided to the child to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency.
4. Implement a policy for the midyear promotion of any student retained under the provisions of paragraph (5) (b) who can demonstrate that he or she is a successful and independent reader, reading at or above grade level, and ready to be promoted to grade 4. Tools that school districts may use in reevaluating any student retained may include subsequent assessments, alternative assessments, and portfolio reviews, in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. Students promoted during the school year after November 1 must demonstrate proficiency above that required to score at Level $z$ on the grade 3 FCAT, as determined by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall adopt standards that provide a reasonable expectation that the student's progress is sufficient to master appropriate 4th grade level reading skills.
5. Provide students who are retained under the provisions of paragraph (5) (b) with a high-performing teacher as determined by student performance data and above-satisfactory performance appraisals.
6. In addition to required reading enhancement and acceleration strategies, provide parents of students to be retained with at least one of the following instructional options:
a. Supplemental tutoring in scientifically research-based reading services in addition to the regular reading block, including tutoring before or
b. A "Read at Home" plan outlined in a parental contract,

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including participation in "Families Building Better Readers Workshops" and regular parent-guided home reading.
c. A mentor or tutor with specialized reading training.
7. Establish a Reading Enhancement and Acceleration Development (READ) Initiative. The focus of the READ Initiative shall be to prevent the retention of grade 3 students and to offer intensive accelerated reading instruction to grade 3 students who failed to meet standards for promotion to grade 4 and to each $K-3$ student who is assessed as exhibiting a reading deficiency. The READ Initiative shall:
a. Be provided to all $\mathrm{K}-3$ students at risk of retention as identified by the statewide assessment system used in Reading First schools. The assessment must measure phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.
b. Be provided during regular school hours in addition to the regular reading instruction.
c. Provide a state-identified reading curriculum that has been reviewed by the Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida State University and meets, at a minimum, the following specifications:
(I) Assists students assessed as exhibiting a reading deficiency in developing the ability to read at grade level.
(II) Provides skill development in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.
(III) Provides scientifically based and reliable assessment.
(IV) Provides initial and ongoing analysis of each student's reading progress.
(V) Is implemented during regular school hours.

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(VI) Provides a curriculum in core academic subjects to assist the student in maintaining or meeting proficiency levels for the appropriate grade in all academic subjects.
8. Establish at each school, where applicable, an Intensive Acceleration Class for retained grade 3 students whe subsequently score at Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT. The focus of the Intensive Acceleration Class shall be to increase a child's reading level at least two grade levels in 1 school year. The Intensive Acceleration Class shall:
a. Be provided to any student in grade 3 who does not meet the proficiency level in reading required for promotion scores at Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT and who was retained in grade 3 the prior year because of inadequate proficiency in reading scoring at Level 1 on the reading portion $\theta f$ the FCAT.
b. Have a reduced teacher-student ratio.
c. Provide uninterrupted reading instruction for the majority of student contact time each day and incorporate opportunities to master the grade 4 Next Generation Sunshine State Standards in other core subject areas.
d. Use a reading program that is scientifically researchbased and has proven results in accelerating student reading achievement within the same school year.
e. Provide intensive language and vocabulary instruction using a scientifically research-based program, including use of a speech-language therapist.
f. Include weekly progress monitoring measures to ensure progress is being made.
g. Report to the Department of Education, in the manner

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described by the department, the progress of students in the class at the end of the first semester.
9. Report to the State Board of Education, as requested, on the specific intensive reading interventions and supports implemented at the school district level. The Commissioner of Education shall annually prescribe the required components of requested reports.
10. Provide a student who has been retained in grade 3 and has received intensive instructional services but is still not ready for grade promotion, as determined by the school district, the option of being placed in a transitional instructional setting. Such setting shall specifically be designed to produce learning gains sufficient to meet grade 4 performance standards while continuing to remediate the areas of reading deficiency.
(8) ANNUAL REPORT.-
(a) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (5)(b), each district school board must annually report to the parent of each student the progress of the student toward achieving state and district expectations for proficiency in language arts reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The district school board must report to the parent the student's results on each statewide assessment test. The evaluation of each student's progress must be based upon the student's classroom work, observations, tests, district and state assessments, and other relevant information. Progress reporting must be provided to the parent in writing in a format adopted by the district school board.
(b) Each district school board must annually publish in the local newspaper, and report in writing to the State Board of

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Education by September 1 of each year, the following information on the prior school year:

1. The provisions of this section relating to public school student progression and the district school board's policies and procedures on student retention and promotion.
2. By grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades 3 through 1210 performing below proficiency levels for the grade on statewide subject area assessments and end-ofcourse examinations in language arts, mathematics, and science at Levels 1 and 2 on the reading portion of the FCAT.
3. By grade, the number and percentage of all students retained in grades 3 through 1210.
4. Information on the total number of students who were promoted for good cause, by each category of good cause as specified in paragraph (6) (b).
5. Any revisions to the district school board's policy on student retention and promotion from the prior year.

Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.-
(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that require high schools to evaluate before the beginning of grade 12 the college readiness of each student who indicates an interest in postsecondary education and scores at Level 2 or Ievel 3 on the reading portion of the grade 10 FCAT or Level 2 , Level 3, or Level 4 on the mathematics portion of the grade 10 FCAT. High schools shall perform this evaluation using results from the corresponding component of the common placement test

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35-01001-10 20101154 prescribed in this section, or an equivalent test identified by the State Board of Education. The Department of Education shall purchase or develop the assessments necessary to perform the evaluations required by this subsection and shall work with the school districts to administer the assessments. The State Board of Education shall establish by rule the minimum test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate readiness. Students who demonstrate readiness by achieving the minimum test scores established by the state board and enroll in a community college within 2 years of achieving such scores shall not be required to enroll in remediation courses as a condition of acceptance to any community college. The high school shall use the results of the test to advise the students of any identified deficiencies and to the maximum extent practicable provide 12 th grade students access to appropriate remedial instruction prior to high school graduation. The remedial instruction provided under this subsection shall be a collaborative effort between secondary and postsecondary educational institutions. To the extent courses are available, the Florida Virtual School may be used to provide the remedial instruction required by this subsection.

Section 13. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) and subsection (4) of section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district grade.-
(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.-
(b) 1. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year for schools comprised of any combination of grades 3 through 8, 25 percent

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of the school grade shall be based on subject area assessment scores or end-of-course examination scores in core and noncore subjects administered under s. 1008.22, as applicable, and the remaining 75 percent on the following factors:
a. Student achievement scores, including achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma;
b. Student learning gains as measured by annual subject area assessments in grades 3 through 5 or end-of-course examinations in grades 6 through 8 and learning gains for students seeking a special diploma as measured by alternate assessment tools, if necessary;
c. Improvement of the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the school on subject area assessments in grades 3 through 5 or end-of-course examinations in grades 6 through 8, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance;
d. The overall academic performance of the students in the school based on grade point average, student portfolios, readiness for grade promotion, and, if determined by the State Board of Education, other measurable indicators of student progress;
e. The growth or decline in the components listed in subsubparagraphs a.-d. from year to year; and
f. The school's use of technology and innovative practices. A school's grade shall be based on a combination of:
a. Student achievement scores, including achievement seores for students seeking a special diploma.
b. Student learning gains as measured by annual FCAT zssesments in grades 3 through 10; learning gains for students seeking a special diploma, as measured by an alternate

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assessment tool, shall be included not later than the 2009-2010 school year.
e. Improvement of the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the school in reading, mathematics, or writing on the FCAT, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
2. Beginning with the 2014-2015 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12:
a. Fifty, 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on a combination of the following factors:
(I) Student achievement scores, including achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma;
(II) Student learning gains as measured by end-of-course examinations and learning gains for students seeking a special diploma as measured by alternate assessment tools, if necessary; and
(III) Improvement of the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the school on end-of-course examinations, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance. listed in subsubparagraphs $1 . a .-c$. and
b. The remaining 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on the following factors:
(I) a. The high school graduation rate of the school;
(II)b. As valid data becomes available, the performance and participation of the school's students in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, dual enrollment courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and the students' achievement of industry certification, as determined by the Agency for Workforce

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Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
(III) $e$. Postsecondary readiness of the school's students as measured by the SAT, ACT, or the common placement test;
(IV)d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students who did not meet proficiency levels scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 end-of-course FCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations in language arts, mathematics, and science;
(V)e. As valid data becomes available, The performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course examinations assessments administered under s. 1008.22; and
(VI) $£$. The growth or decline in the components listed in sub-sub-subparagraphs (I)-(VI) sub-subparagraphs a.-c. from year to year.
(c) Student assessment data used in determining school grades shall include:

1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on subject area assessments or end-of-course examinations the FCAT.
2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on subject area assessments or end-of-course examinations the FCAT and who have scored at or in the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the school in reading, mathematics, or writing, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
3. Effective with the 2005-2006 school year, The subject area assessment chicvent scores, end-of-course examination scores, and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative schools that provide dropout prevention and academic

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intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include students attending an alternative school who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in the calculation of the home school's grade. As used in this section and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" means the school to which the student would be assigned if the student were not assigned to an alternative school. If an alternative school chooses to be graded under this section, student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade but shall be included only in the calculation of the alternative school's grade. A school district that fails to assign the FCAT scores of each of its students to his or her home school or to the alternative school that receives a grade shall forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for 1 fiscal ycar. School districts must require collaboration between the home school and the alternative school in order to promote student success. This collaboration must include an annual discussion between the principal of the alternative school and the principal of each student's home school concerning the most appropriate school assignment of the student.
4. Beginning with the 2014-2015 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or

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grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of Education determines such data are valid and available:
a. The high school graduation rate of the school as calculated by the Department of Education;
b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and courses or sequence of courses leading to industry certification, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses;
d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s. 1007.271;
e. Earning of an industry certification, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as measured by the SAT, the ACT, and the common placement test for postsecondary readiness;
g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students enrolled in the school who did not meet proficiency

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levels scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 end-of-course examinations in language arts, mathematics, and science fCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations;
h. The performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course examinations assessments administered under s. 1008.22; and
i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-h. from year to year.

The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight to student achievement in language arts ading. Schools designated with a grade of "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in the school who are in the lowest 25 th percentile on subject area assessments or end-of-course examinations in language arts writing on the FCAT, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance. Beginning with the 2014-2015 z009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for school grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph. Beginning in the 2014-2015 2009-2010 school year, in order for a high school to be designated as having a grade of "A," making excellent progress, the school must demonstrate that at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph, in the school are making adequate progress.
(4) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATINGS.-The annual report shall

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identify each school's performance as having improved, remained the same, or declined. This school improvement rating shall be based on a comparison of the current year's and previous year's student and school performance data. Schools that improve at least one grade level are eligible for school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.

Section 14. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 1008.341, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.341 School improvement rating for alternative schools.-
(2) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.-An alternative school that provides dropout prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53 shall receive a school improvement rating pursuant to this section. However, an alternative school shall not receive a school improvement rating if the number of its students for whom student performance data is available for the current year and previous year is less than the minimum sample size necessary, based on accepted professional practice, for statistical reliability and prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data under s. 1002.22 or 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g. The school improvement rating shall identify an alternative school as having one of the following ratings defined according to rules of the State Board of Education:
(a) "Improving" means the students attending the school are making more academic progress than when the students were served in their home schools.
(b) "Maintaining" means the students attending the school are making progress equivalent to the progress made when the students were served in their home schools.

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(c) "Declining" means the students attending the school are making less academic progress than when the students were served in their home schools.

The school improvement rating shall be based on a comparison of student performance data for the current year and previous year. Schools that improve at least one level or maintain an "improving" rating pursuant to this section are eligible for school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.
(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.-Student data used in determining an alternative school's school improvement rating shall include:
(a) The aggregate scores of all eligible students who were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count, who have been assessed on subject area assessments in grades 3 through 5 or end-of-course examinations in grades 6 through 12 the FCAT, and who have FCAT or comparable scores for the preceding school year.
(b) The aggregate scores of all eligible students who were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count, who have been assessed on subject area assessments in grades 3 through 5 or end-of-course examinations in grades 6 through 12, the FCAT and who have scored in the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the state en FCAT Reading.
(c) The overall academic performance of all eligible students in grades 3 through 12 based on grade point average, student portfolios, readiness for grade promotion, readiness for postsecondary education and careers, and, if determined by the State Board of Education, other measurable indicators of student

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progress.

The assessment scores of students who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice may not be included in an alternative school's school improvement rating.

Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.345 Implementation of state system of school improvement and education accountability.-
(7)
(b) Schools that have improved at least two grades and that mect the criteria of the Florida School Recognition Program pursunt tos. 1008.36 may be given deregulated status as specified in s. 1003.63(5), (7), (8), (9), and (10).

Section 16. Section 1008.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.36 Every Child Matters Program Florida School Recognition Program.-
(1) The Legislature finds that in order to provide every student enrolled in $K-12$ public schools with the opportunity to achieve a successful public education, academic problems must be identified early, with remediation and intervention services to follow there is a need for a performance incentive program for outstanding faculty and staff in highly productive schools. The Iegislature further finds that performance-based incentives are

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eommonplace in the private sector and should be infused into the public sector as a reward for productivity.
(2) The Every Child Matters Program Florida School Recognition Program is created to provide financial awards to public schools that:
(a) A curriculum-based, year-round measurement of academic performance for all public school students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12. Sustain high performance by receiving a school grade of "A," making excellent progress; of
(b) Remediation and intervention services to all public school students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12 who are not meeting grade-level performance expectations. Demonstrate exemplary improvement due to innovation and effort by improving at least one letter grade or by improving more than one letter grade and sustaining the improvement the following school year.
(3) All public schools, including charter schools, receive a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34 are eligible to participate in the program.
(4) All selected schools shall receive financial assistance wards depending on the availability of funds appropriated and the number and size of schools selected to receive an award. Funds must be distributed to the school's fiscal agent and placed in the school's account and must be used for purposes listed in subsection (5) as determined jointly by the school's staff and school advisory council. If school staff and the school advisory council cannot reach agreement by November 1, the awards must be equally distributed to all classroom teachers eurrently teaching in the school.

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(5) Every Child Matters Program funds School recognition qwards must be used for the following:
(a) Administration of a regular formative assessment approved by the State Board of Education Nonrecurring bonuses to the faculty and staff;
(b) Nonrecurring expenditures for remediation of lowperforming students, including remediation programs and intervention services adopted and administered by the Department of Education;
(c) (b) Nonrecurring expenditures for educational equipment or materials to assist in the remediation of low-performing students; maintaining and improving student performance; or
(d) (c) Temporary personnel for the school to assist in the remediation of low-performing students; maintaining and improving student performance.
(e) Contracts with private sector participants to provide remediation services if 90 percent of the personnel providing services reside in the state and the contracts include requirements to ensure that the private sector participants are accountable for performance; or
(f) Transportation of students pursuant to s. 1002.31(3).
(6) The Department of Education shall provide training and informational resources for educators to administer the formative assessment pursuant to paragraph (5) (a) and shall be responsible for developing and implementing provisions for the collection and analysis of the assessment data.
(7) The Department of Education shall establish policies and procedures for the development of individual education plans for low-performing students who receive remediation and

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intervention services pursuant to this section.

Notwithstanding statutory provisions to the contrary, incentive quards are not subject to collective bargaining.

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1009.531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for initial awards.-
(1) Effective January 1, 2008, in order to be eligible for an initial award from any of the three types of scholarships under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, a student must:
(b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its equivalent as described in s. 1003.428, s. 1003.429, s. 1003.43, or s. 1003.435 unless:

1. The student completes a home education program according to s. 1002.41; or
2. The student earns a high school diploma from a nonFlorida school while living with a parent or guardian who is on military or public service assignment away from Florida.

Section 18. Paragraph (d) of subsection (7) and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

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(7) DETERMINATION OF SPARSITY SUPPLEMENT.-
(d) Each district's allocation of sparsity supplement funds shall be adjusted in the following manner:

1. A maximum discretionary levy per FTE value for each district shall be calculated by dividing the value of each district's maximum discretionary levy by its FTE student count.
2. A state average discretionary levy value per FTE shall be calculated by dividing the total maximum discretionary levy value for all districts by the state total FTE student count.
3. A total potential funds per FTE for each district shall be calculated by dividing the total potential funds, not including Every Child Matters Program Florida School Recognition Program funds and the minimum guarantee, for each district by its FTE student count.
4. A state average total potential funds per FTE shall be calculated by dividing the total potential funds, not including Every Child Matters Program Florid Schol Reognition Drogram funds and the minimum guarantee, for all districts by the state total FTE student count.
5. For districts that have a levy value per FTE as calculated in subparagraph 1. higher than the state average calculated in subparagraph 2., a sparsity wealth adjustment shall be calculated as the product of the difference between the state average levy value per FTE calculated in subparagraph 2. and the district's levy value per FTE calculated in subparagraph 1. and the district's FTE student count and -1. However, no district shall have a sparsity wealth adjustment that, when applied to the total potential funds calculated in subparagraph 3., would cause the district's total potential funds per FTE to

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be less than the state average calculated in subparagraph 4.
6. Each district's sparsity supplement allocation shall be calculated by adding the amount calculated as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) and the wealth adjustment amount calculated in this paragraph.
(9) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION.-
(c) Funds allocated under this subsection must be used to provide a system of comprehensive reading instruction to students enrolled in the $K-12$ programs, which may include the following:

1. The provision of highly qualified reading coaches.
2. Professional development for school district teachers in scientifically based reading instruction, including strategies to teach reading in content areas and with an emphasis on technical and informational text.
3. The provision of summer reading camps for students who are reading below grade level at Level 1 on FCAT Reding.
4. The provision of supplemental instructional materials that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.
5. The provision of intensive interventions for middle and high school students reading below grade level.

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1012.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of the district school board.-The district school board shall:
(1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of this

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chapter:
(b) Time to act on nominations.-The district school board shall act not later than 3 weeks following the receipt of fCAT scores and data, including school grades, or June 30, whichever is later, on the district school superintendent's nominations of supervisors, principals, and members of the instructional staff.

Section 20. (1) Effective upon this act becoming a law, the Commissioner of Education shall appoint a public school assessment and accountability alignment committee to develop:
(a) Standards for a revised statewide student assessment program under s. 1008.22, Florida Statutes, consisting of subject area assessments for students in grades 3 through 5, subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations in core and noncore subject areas for students in grades 6 through 12, and diagnostic assessments for students in grades 6, 8, and 10 .
(b) Procedures for transitioning elementary schools from the use of the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test to the use of subject area assessments and procedures for transitioning middle schools and high schools from the use of the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test to the use of subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations.
(c) Standards for revised formulas for determining school grades and school improvement ratings under ss. 1008.34 and 1008.341, Florida Statutes.
(2) The committee shall align the components of the revised statewide student assessment program to best prepare students to progress from one grade to the next and to postsecondary education or careers after high school.
(3) To ensure that the alignment committee represents a

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cross-section of education stakeholders, it shall be composed of individuals from:
(a) The education community, including, but not limited to, teachers and administrators representing elementary, secondary, and higher education.
(b) Education associations, including, but not limited to, associations for teachers, school administrators, and district school boards.
(c) State government and local government.
(d) The business community.
(e) Independent education researchers or experts.
(4) Members of the alignment committee shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061, Florida Statutes.
(5) The alignment committee may conduct public hearings around the state to obtain public input for the development of a revised statewide student assessment program and formulas for determining school grades and school improvement ratings.
(6) (a) By August 1, 2010, the alignment committee shall begin work on the following:

1. Developing new subject area assessments for students in grades 3 through 5, subject area assessments and end-of-course examinations for students in grades 6 through 12, and diagnostic assessments for students in grades 6, 8, and 10.
2. Transitioning to a revised method for determining school grades and school improvement ratings based on factors that include subject area assessments, end-of-course examinations, overall student academic performance, and a school's use of technology and innovative practices.

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(b) By August 1, 2013:

1. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to implement the revised statewide student assessment program and school grading system as part of the state's public school assessment and accountability system beginning with the 2014-2015 school year.
2. The Department of Education and school districts shall begin training and professional development for teachers, school administrators, and other educational personnel in use of the new subject area assessments, end-of-course examinations, and diagnostic assessments.
(7) The alignment committee shall expire upon completion of its activities but no later than August 1, 2013.

Section 21. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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