1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public retirement plans; amending s. 121.021, F.S.; revising the definition of "vested" 3 4 or "vesting"; providing that a member initially 5 enrolled in the Florida Retirement System after a 6 certain date is vested in the pension plan after 10 7 years of creditable service; amending s. 121.051, 8 F.S.; providing for compulsory membership in the 9 Florida Retirement System Investment Plan for 10 employees in the Elected Officers' Class or the Senior 11 Management Service Class initially enrolled after a 12 specified date; amending s. 121.052, F.S.; prohibiting members of the Elected Officers' Class from joining 13 the Senior Management Service Class after a specified 14 15 date; amending s. 121.055, F.S.; prohibiting an elected official eligible for membership in the 16 17 Elected Officers' Class from enrolling in the Senior Management Service Class or in the Senior Management 18 19 Service Optional Annuity Program; closing the Senior Management Optional Annuity Program to new members 20 21 after a specified date; amending s. 121.091, F.S.; 22 increasing the service time required to qualify for 23 disability benefits to 10 years for members enrolled 24 in the pension plan on or after a specified date; 25 revising provisions to conform to changes made by the 26 act; amending s. 121.4501, F.S.; requiring certain

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employees initially enrolled in the Florida Retirement System on or after a specified date to be compulsory members of the investment plan; revising the definition of "member" or "employee"; enrolling certain employees in the pension plan from their date of hire until they are automatically enrolled in the investment plan or timely elect enrollment in the pension plan; providing certain members with a specified time to choose participation in the pension plan or the investment plan; providing for the transfer of certain contributions; revising a provision relating to acknowledgement of an employee's election to participate in the investment plan; revising the education component; conforming provisions and cross-references to changes made by the act; amending s. 121.591, F.S.; increasing the service time required to qualify for disability benefits to 10 years for members enrolled in the investment plan on or after a specified date; amending s. 175.021, F.S.; revising the legislative declaration to require that all firefighter pension plans meet the requirements of chapter 175, F.S., in order to receive insurance premium tax revenues; amending s. 175.032, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act and providing new definitions; amending s. 175.071, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending

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s. 175.091, F.S.; revising the method of creating and maintaining a firefighters' pension trust fund; amending s. 175.162, F.S.; deleting a provision basing the availability of additional benefits in a firefighter pension plan upon state funding; revising the calculation of monthly retirement income for a full-time firefighter; providing that certain firefighter pension plans must maintain a certain minimum percentage of average final compensation after a specified date; amending s. 175.351, F.S., relating to municipalities and special fire control districts that have their own pension plans and want to participate in the distribution of a tax fund; revising criteria governing the use of revenues from the premium tax; authorizing a pension plan to reduce excess benefits if the plan continues to meet certain minimum benefits and standards; providing that the use of premium tax revenues may deviate from the requirements of chapter 175, F.S., under certain circumstances; requiring plan sponsors to have a defined contribution plan in place by a certain date; authorizing a municipality to implement certain changes to a local law plan which are contrary to chapter 175, F.S., for a limited time; amending s. 185.01, F.S.; revising the legislative declaration to require that all police officer pension plans meet the

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requirements of chapter 185, F.S., in order to receive insurance premium tax revenues; amending s. 185.02, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act and adding new definitions; revising applicability of the limitation on the amount of overtime payments which may be used for retirement benefit calculations; amending s. 185.06, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 185.07, F.S.; revising the method of creating and maintaining a police officers' retirement trust fund; amending s. 185.16, F.S.; deleting a provision basing the availability of additional benefits in a police officer pension plan upon state funding; revising the calculation of monthly retirement income for a police officer; providing that certain police officer pension plans must maintain a certain minimum percentage of average final compensation after a specified date; amending s. 185.35, F.S., relating to municipalities that have their own pension plans for police officers and want to participate in the distribution of a tax fund; conforming a cross-reference; revising criteria governing the use of revenues from the premium tax; authorizing a plan to reduce excess benefits if the plan continues to meet certain minimum benefits and minimum standards; providing that the use of premium tax revenues may deviate from the requirements of

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chapter 185, F.S., under specified circumstances; requiring plan sponsors to have a defined contribution plan in place by a certain date; authorizing a municipality to implement certain changes to a local law plan which are contrary to chapter 185, F.S., for a limited time; amending ss. 238.072 and 413.051, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing that the act fulfills an important state interest; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (45) of section 121.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

121.021 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the respective meanings set forth unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

(45) "Vested" or "vesting" means the guarantee that a member is eligible to receive a future retirement benefit upon completion of the required years of creditable service for the employee's class of membership, even though the member may have terminated covered employment before reaching normal or early retirement date. Being vested does not entitle a member to a disability benefit. Provisions governing entitlement to disability benefits are set forth under s. 121.091(4).

(a) Effective July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, a 6-

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year vesting requirement shall be implemented for the Florida
Retirement System Pension Plan:

- 1. Any member employed in a regularly established position on July 1, 2001, who completes or has completed a total of 6 years of creditable service is considered vested.
- 2. Any member <u>initially enrolled in the Florida Retirement</u>

 System before July 1, 2001, but not employed in a regularly established position on July 1, 2001, shall be deemed vested upon completion of 6 years of creditable service if such member is employed in a covered position for at least 1 work year after July 1, 2001. However, a member is not required to complete more years of creditable service than would have been required for that member to vest under retirement laws in effect before July 1, 2001.
- 3. Any member initially enrolled in the Florida Retirement System on July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, shall be deemed vested upon completion of 6 years of creditable service.
- (b) Any member initially enrolled in the Florida

 Retirement System on or after July 1, 2011, through June 30,

 2015, shall be vested in the pension plan upon completion of 8 years of creditable service.
- (c) Any member initially enrolled in the Florida

 Retirement System on or after July 1, 2015, shall be vested in the pension plan upon completion of 10 years of creditable service.
- Section 2. Subsections (3) through (9) of section 121.051,

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157 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through 158 (10), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that 159 section, to read: 160 121.051 Participation in the system.-161 INVESTMENT PLAN MEMBERSHIP COMPULSORY.-162 Employees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, (a) 163 in positions covered by the Elected Officers' Class or the 164 Senior Management Service Class are compulsory members of the 165 investment plan, except those who withdraw from the system under s. 121.052(3)(d) or s. 121.055(1)(b)2., or those who participate 166 167 in an optional retirement program under paragraph (1)(a), paragraph (2)(c), or s. 121.35. Investment plan membership 168 169 continues if there is subsequent employment in a position 170 covered by another membership class. Membership in the pension 171 plan is not permitted except as provided in s. 121.591(2). 172 Employees initially enrolled in the Florida Retirement System 173 prior to July 1, 2015, may retain their membership in the 174 pension plan or investment plan and are eligible to use the 175 election opportunity specified in s. 121.4501(4)(f). Employees 176 initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, in positions 177 covered by the Elected Officers' Class or the Senior Management 178 Service Class are not eligible to use the election opportunity specified in s. 121.4501(4)(f). 179 180 (b) Employees eligible to withdraw from the system under 181 s. 121.052(3)(d) or s. 121.055(1)(b)2. may choose to withdraw

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from the system or to participate in the investment plan as

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provided in these sections. Employees eligible for optional retirement programs under paragraph (2)(c) or s. 121.35 may choose to participate in the optional retirement program or the investment plan as provided in this paragraph or this section. Eligible employees required to participate pursuant to (1)(a) in the optional retirement program as provided under s. 121.35 must participate in the investment plan when employed in a position not eligible for the optional retirement program.

Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 121.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

121.052 Membership class of elected officers.-

- (3) PARTICIPATION AND WITHDRAWAL, GENERALLY.—Effective July 1, 1990, participation in the Elected Officers' Class shall be compulsory for elected officers listed in paragraphs (2)(a)—(d) and (f) assuming office on or after said date, unless the elected officer elects membership in another class or withdraws from the Florida Retirement System as provided in paragraphs (3)(a)—(d):
- (c) <u>Before July 1, 2015</u>, any elected officer may, within 6 months after assuming office, or within 6 months after this act becomes a law for serving elected officers, elect membership in the Senior Management Service Class as provided in s. 121.055 in lieu of membership in the Elected Officers' Class. Any such election made by a county elected officer shall have no effect upon the statutory limit on the number of nonelective full-time positions that may be designated by a local agency employer for

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inclusion in the Senior Management Service Class under s. 121.055(1)(b)1.

Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 121.055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

121.055 Senior Management Service Class.—There is hereby established a separate class of membership within the Florida Retirement System to be known as the "Senior Management Service Class," which shall become effective February 1, 1987.

(1)

- (f) Effective July 1, 1997, through June 30, 2015:
- 1. Except as provided in <u>subparagraphs</u> <u>subparagraph</u> 3. <u>and</u> <u>4.</u>, an elected state officer eligible for membership in the Elected Officers' Class under s. 121.052(2)(a), (b), or (c) who elects membership in the Senior Management Service Class under s. 121.052(3)(c) may, within 6 months after assuming office or within 6 months after this act becomes a law for serving elected state officers, elect to participate in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program, as provided in subsection (6), in lieu of membership in the Senior Management Service Class.
- 2. Except as provided in <u>subparagraphs</u> subparagraph 3. <u>and</u> <u>4.</u>, an elected officer of a local agency employer eligible for membership in the Elected Officers' Class under s. 121.052(2)(d) who elects membership in the Senior Management Service Class under s. 121.052(3)(c) may, within 6 months after assuming office, or within 6 months after this act becomes a law for

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serving elected officers of a local agency employer, elect to withdraw from the Florida Retirement System, as provided in subparagraph (b)2., in lieu of membership in the Senior Management Service Class.

- 3. A retiree of a state-administered retirement system who is initially reemployed in a regularly established position on or after July 1, 2010, as an elected official eligible for the Elected Officers' Class may not be enrolled in renewed membership in the Senior Management Service Class or in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program as provided in subsection (6), and may not withdraw from the Florida Retirement System as a renewed member as provided in subparagraph (b)2., as applicable, in lieu of membership in the Senior Management Service Class.
- 4. On or after July 1, 2015, an elected official eligible for membership in the Elected Officers' Class may not enroll in the Senior Management Service Class or in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program as provided in subsection (6).

(6)

- (c) Participation.-
- 1. An eligible employee who is employed on or before February 1, 1987, may elect to participate in the optional annuity program in lieu of participating in the Senior Management Service Class. Such election must be made in writing and filed with the department and the personnel officer of the employer on or before May 1, 1987. An eligible employee who is

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employed on or before February 1, 1987, and who fails to make an election to participate in the optional annuity program by May 1, 1987, shall be deemed to have elected membership in the Senior Management Service Class.

- 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 6., an employee who becomes eligible to participate in the optional annuity program by reason of initial employment commencing after February 1, 1987, may, within 90 days after the date of commencing employment, elect to participate in the optional annuity program. Such election must be made in writing and filed with the personnel officer of the employer. An eligible employee who does not within 90 days after commencing employment elect to participate in the optional annuity program shall be deemed to have elected membership in the Senior Management Service Class.
- 3. A person who is appointed to a position in the Senior Management Service Class and who is a member of an existing retirement system or the Special Risk or Special Risk Administrative Support Classes of the Florida Retirement System may elect to remain in such system or class in lieu of participating in the Senior Management Service Class or optional annuity program. Such election must be made in writing and filed with the department and the personnel officer of the employer within 90 days after such appointment. An eligible employee who fails to make an election to participate in the existing system, the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement System, the

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Retirement System, or the optional annuity program shall be deemed to have elected membership in the Senior Management Service Class.

- 4. Except as provided in subparagraph 5., an employee's election to participate in the optional annuity program is irrevocable if the employee continues to be employed in an eligible position and continues to meet the eligibility requirements set forth in this paragraph.
- 5. Effective from July 1, 2002, through September 30, 2002, an active employee in a regularly established position who has elected to participate in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program has one opportunity to choose to move from the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan.
- a. The election must be made in writing and must be filed with the department and the personnel officer of the employer before October 1, 2002, or, in the case of an active employee who is on a leave of absence on July 1, 2002, within 90 days after the conclusion of the leave of absence. This election is irrevocable.
- b. The employee shall receive service credit under the pension plan equal to his or her years of service under the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program. The cost for such credit is the amount representing the present value of that employee's accumulated benefit obligation for the affected period of service.

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- c. The employee must transfer the total accumulated employer contributions and earnings on deposit in his or her Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program account. If the transferred amount is not sufficient to pay the amount due, the employee must pay a sum representing the remainder of the amount due. The employee may not retain any employer contributions or earnings from the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program account.
- 6. A retiree of a state-administered retirement system who is initially reemployed on or after July 1, 2010, may not renew membership in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program.
- 7. Effective July 1, 2015, the Senior Management Service
 Optional Annuity Program is closed to new members. Members
 enrolled in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity
 Program before July 1, 2015, may retain their membership in the annuity program.
- Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 121.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 121.091 Benefits payable under the system.—Benefits may not be paid under this section unless the member has terminated employment as provided in s. 121.021(39)(a) or begun participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program as provided in subsection (13), and a proper application has been filed in the manner prescribed by the department. The department may cancel an application for retirement benefits when the

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member or beneficiary fails to timely provide the information and documents required by this chapter and the department's rules. The department shall adopt rules establishing procedures for application for retirement benefits and for the cancellation of such application when the required information or documents are not received.

- (4) DISABILITY RETIREMENT BENEFIT.-
- (a) Disability retirement; entitlement and effective date.—
- 1.a. A member who becomes totally and permanently disabled, as defined in paragraph (b), after completing 5 years of creditable service, or a member who becomes totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty regardless of service, is entitled to a monthly disability benefit; except that any member with less than 5 years of creditable service on July 1, 1980, or any person who becomes a member of the Florida Retirement System on or after such date must have completed 10 years of creditable service before becoming totally and permanently disabled in order to receive disability retirement benefits for any disability which occurs other than in the line of duty. However, if a member employed on July 1, 1980, who has less than 5 years of creditable service as of that date becomes totally and permanently disabled after completing 5 years of creditable service and is found not to have attained fully insured status for benefits under the federal Social Security Act, such member is entitled to a monthly disability benefit.

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- b. Effective July 1, 2001, a member of the pension plan initially enrolled before July 1, 2015, who becomes totally and permanently disabled, as defined in paragraph (b), after completing 8 years of creditable service, or a member who becomes totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty regardless of service, is entitled to a monthly disability benefit.
- c. Effective July 1, 2015, a member of the pension plan initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, who becomes totally and permanently disabled, as defined in paragraph (b), after completing 10 years of creditable service, or a member who becomes totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty regardless of service, is entitled to a monthly disability benefit.
- 2. If the division has received from the employer the required documentation of the member's termination of employment, the effective retirement date for a member who applies and is approved for disability retirement shall be established by rule of the division.
- 3. For a member who is receiving Workers' Compensation payments, the effective disability retirement date may not precede the date the member reaches Maximum Medical Improvement (MMI), unless the member terminates employment before reaching MMI.
- Section 6. Subsection (1), paragraph (i) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), subsection (4), paragraph

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- (c) of subsection (5), subsection (8), and paragraphs (a), (b),(c), and (h) of subsection (10) of section 121.4501, FloridaStatutes, are amended to read:
 - 121.4501 Florida Retirement System Investment Plan.-
- The Trustees of the State Board of Administration shall establish a defined contribution program called the "Florida Retirement System Investment Plan" or "investment plan" for members of the Florida Retirement System under which retirement benefits will be provided for eligible employees who elect to participate in the program and for employees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, in positions covered by the Elected Officers' Class or the Senior Management Service Class and are compulsory members of the investment plan unless the member withdraws from the system under s. 121.052(3)(d) or s. 121.055(1)(b)2., or participates in an optional retirement program under s. 121.051(1)(a), s. 121.051(2)(c), or s. 121.35. Investment plan membership continues if there is subsequent employment in a position covered by another membership class. The retirement benefits shall be provided through memberdirected investments, in accordance with s. 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations. The employer and employee shall make contributions, as provided in this section and ss. 121.571 and 121.71, to the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan Trust Fund toward the funding of benefits.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part, the term:
 - (i) "Member" or "employee" means an eligible employee who

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enrolls in, or is defaulted into, the investment plan as provided in subsection (4), a terminated Deferred Retirement Option Program member as described in subsection (21), or a beneficiary or alternate payee of a member or employee.

- (3) RETIREMENT SERVICE CREDIT; TRANSFER OF BENEFITS.-
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), an eligible employee who elects to participate in, or is defaulted into, the investment plan and establishes one or more individual member accounts may elect to transfer to the investment plan a sum representing the present value of the employee's accumulated benefit obligation under the pension plan, except as provided in paragraph (4)(b). Upon transfer, all service credit earned under the pension plan is nullified for purposes of entitlement to a future benefit under the pension plan. A member may not transfer the accumulated benefit obligation balance from the pension plan after the time period for enrolling in the investment plan has expired.
- 1. For purposes of this subsection, the present value of the member's accumulated benefit obligation is based upon the member's estimated creditable service and estimated average final compensation under the pension plan, subject to recomputation under subparagraph 2. For state employees, initial estimates shall be based upon creditable service and average final compensation as of midnight on June 30, 2002; for district school board employees, initial estimates shall be based upon creditable service and average final compensation as of midnight

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on September 30, 2002; and for local government employees, initial estimates shall be based upon creditable service and average final compensation as of midnight on December 31, 2002. The dates specified are the "estimate date" for these employees. The actuarial present value of the employee's accumulated benefit obligation shall be based on the following:

- a. The discount rate and other relevant actuarial assumptions used to value the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund at the time the amount to be transferred is determined, consistent with the factors provided in sub-subparagraphs b. and c.
- b. A benefit commencement age, based on the member's estimated creditable service as of the estimate date.
- c. Except as provided under sub-subparagraph d., for a
 member initially enrolled:
- (I) Before July 1, 2011, the benefit commencement age is the younger of the following, but may not be younger than the member's age as of the estimate date:
 - (A) Age 62; or
- (B) The age the member would attain if the member completed 30 years of service with an employer, assuming the member worked continuously from the estimate date, and disregarding any vesting requirement that would otherwise apply under the pension plan.
- (II) On or after July 1, 2011, the benefit commencement age is the younger of the following, but may not be younger than

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the member's age as of the estimate date:

(A) Age 65; or

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- (B) The age the member would attain if the member completed 33 years of service with an employer, assuming the member worked continuously from the estimate date, and disregarding any vesting requirement that would otherwise apply under the pension plan.
- d. For members of the Special Risk Class and for members of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class entitled to retain the special risk normal retirement date:
- (I) Initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the benefit commencement age is the younger of the following, but may not be younger than the member's age as of the estimate date:
 - (A) Age 55; or
- (B) The age the member would attain if the member completed 25 years of service with an employer, assuming the member worked continuously from the estimate date, and disregarding any vesting requirement that would otherwise apply under the pension plan.
- (II) Initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the benefit commencement age is the younger of the following, but may not be younger than the member's age as of the estimate date:
 - (A) Age 60; or
- (B) The age the member would attain if the member completed 30 years of service with an employer, assuming the

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member worked continuously from the estimate date, and disregarding any vesting requirement that would otherwise apply under the pension plan.

- e. The calculation must disregard vesting requirements and early retirement reduction factors that would otherwise apply under the pension plan.
- 2. For each member who elects to transfer moneys from the pension plan to his or her account in the investment plan, the division shall recompute the amount transferred under subparagraph 1. within 60 days after the actual transfer of funds based upon the member's actual creditable service and actual final average compensation as of the initial date of participation in the investment plan. If the recomputed amount differs from the amount transferred by \$10 or more, the division shall:
- a. Transfer, or cause to be transferred, from the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund to the member's account the excess, if any, of the recomputed amount over the previously transferred amount together with interest from the initial date of transfer to the date of transfer under this subparagraph, based upon the effective annual interest equal to the assumed return on the actuarial investment which was used in the most recent actuarial valuation of the system, compounded annually.
- b. Transfer, or cause to be transferred, from the member's account to the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund the excess, if any, of the previously transferred amount over the recomputed

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amount, together with interest from the initial date of transfer to the date of transfer under this subparagraph, based upon 6 percent effective annual interest, compounded annually, pro rata based on the member's allocation plan.

- 3. If contribution adjustments are made as a result of employer errors or corrections, including plan corrections, following recomputation of the amount transferred under subparagraph 1., the member is entitled to the additional contributions or is responsible for returning any excess contributions resulting from the correction. However, any return of such erroneous excess pretax contribution by the plan must be made within the period allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. The present value of the member's accumulated benefit obligation shall not be recalculated.
- 4. As directed by the member, the state board shall transfer or cause to be transferred the appropriate amounts to the designated accounts within 30 days after the effective date of the member's participation in the investment plan unless the major financial markets for securities available for a transfer are seriously disrupted by an unforeseen event that causes the suspension of trading on any national securities exchange in the country where the securities were issued. In that event, the 30-day period may be extended by a resolution of the state board. Transfers are not commissionable or subject to other fees and may be in the form of securities or cash, as determined by the state board. Such securities are valued as of the date of

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receipt in the member's account.

- 5. If the state board or the division receives notification from the United States Internal Revenue Service that this paragraph or any portion of this paragraph will cause the retirement system, or a portion thereof, to be disqualified for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code, the portion that will cause the disqualification does not apply. Upon such notice, the state board and the division shall notify the presiding officers of the Legislature.
 - (4) PARTICIPATION; ENROLLMENT.-
- (a)1. Effective June 1, 2002, through February 28, 2003, a 90-day election period was provided to each eligible employee participating in the Florida Retirement System, preceded by a 90-day education period, permitting each eligible employee to elect membership in the investment plan, and an employee who failed to elect the investment plan during the election period remained in the pension plan. An eligible employee who was employed in a regularly established position during the election period was granted the option to make one subsequent election, as provided in paragraph (f). With respect to an eligible employee who did not participate in the initial election period or who is initially employee who is employed in a regularly established position after the close of the initial election period but before July 1, 2015, on June 1, 2002, by a state employer:
 - a. Any such employee may elect to participate in the

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investment plan in lieu of retaining his or her membership in the pension plan. The election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator by August 31, 2002, or, in the case of an active employee who is on a leave of absence on April 1, 2002, by the last business day of the 5th month following the month the leave of absence concludes. This election is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (g). Upon making such election, the employee shall be enrolled as a member of the investment plan, the employee's membership in the Florida Retirement System is governed by the provisions of this part, and the employee's membership in the pension plan terminates. The employee's enrollment in the investment plan is effective the first day of the month for which a full month's employer contribution is made to the investment plan.

b. Any such employee who fails to elect to participate in the investment plan within the prescribed time period is deemed to have elected to retain membership in the pension plan, and the employee's option to elect to participate in the investment plan is forfeited.

2. With respect to employees who become eligible to participate in the investment plan by reason of employment in a regularly established position with a state employer commencing after April 1, 2002:

a. Any such employee shall, by default, be enrolled in the pension plan at the commencement of employment, and may, by the

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last business day of the 5th month following the employee's month of hire, elect to participate in the investment plan. The employee's election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator. The election to participate in the investment plan is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph $\underline{(f)}$

<u>a.b.</u> If the employee files such election within the prescribed time period, enrollment in the investment plan is effective on the first day of employment. The retirement contributions paid through the month of the employee plan change shall be transferred to the investment program, and, effective the first day of the next month, the employer and employee must pay the applicable contributions based on the employee membership class in the program.

<u>b.e.</u> An employee who fails to elect to participate in the investment plan within the prescribed time period is deemed to have elected to retain membership in the pension plan, and the employee's option to elect to participate in the investment plan is forfeited.

2.3. With respect to employees who become eligible to participate in the investment plan pursuant to s. 121.051(2)(c)3. or s. 121.35(3)(i), the employee may elect to participate in the investment plan in lieu of retaining his or her membership in the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program or the State University System Optional Retirement Program. The election must be made in writing or by

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electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator. This election is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (f) (g). Upon making such election, the employee shall be enrolled as a member in the investment plan, the employee's membership in the Florida Retirement System is governed by the provisions of this part, and the employee's participation in the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program or the State University System Optional Retirement Program terminates. The employee's enrollment in the investment plan is effective on the first day of the month for which a full month's employer and employee contribution is made to the investment plan.

- (b)1. With respect to employees who become eligible to participate in the investment plan, except as provided in paragraph (g), by reason of employment in a regularly established position commencing on or after July 1, 2015, any such employee shall be enrolled in the pension plan at the commencement of employment and may, by the last business day of the 8th month following the employee's month of hire, elect to participate in the pension plan or the investment plan. Eligible employees may make a plan election only if they are earning service credit in an employer-employee relationship consistent with s. 121.021(17)(b), excluding leaves of absence without pay.
- 2. The employee's election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator. The election to participate in the pension plan

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or investment plan is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (f).

- 3. If the employee fails to make an election of the pension plan or investment plan within 8 months following the month of hire, the employee is deemed to have elected the investment plan and will be defaulted into the investment plan retroactively to the employee's date of employment. The employee's option to participate in the pension plan is forfeited, except as provided in paragraph (f).
- 4. The amount of the employee and employer contributions paid before the default to the investment plan shall be transferred to the investment plan and shall be placed in a default fund as designated by the State Board of Administration. The employee may move the contributions once an account is activated in the investment plan.
- 5. Effective the first day of the month after an eligible employee makes a plan election of the pension plan or investment plan, or after the month of default to the investment plan, the employee and employer shall pay the applicable contributions based on the employee membership class in the program.
- 4. For purposes of this paragraph, "state employer" means any agency, board, branch, commission, community college, department, institution, institution of higher education, or water management district of the state, which participates in the Florida Retirement System for the benefit of certain employees.

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(b) 1. With respect to an eligible employee who is employed in a regularly established position on September 1, 2002, by a district school board employer:

a. Any such employee may elect to participate in the investment plan in lieu of retaining his or her membership in the pension plan. The election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator by November 30, or, in the case of an active employee who is on a leave of absence on July 1, 2002, by the last business day of the 5th month following the month the leave of absence concludes. This election is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (g). Upon making such election, the employee shall be enrolled as a member of the investment plan, the employee's membership in the Florida Retirement System is governed by the provisions of this part, and the employee's membership in the pension plan terminates. The employee's enrollment in the investment plan is effective the first day of the month for which a full month's employer contribution is made to the investment program.

b. Any such employee who fails to elect to participate in the investment plan within the prescribed time period is deemed to have elected to retain membership in the pension plan, and the employee's option to elect to participate in the investment plan is forfeited.

2. With respect to employees who become eligible to participate in the investment plan by reason of employment in a

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regularly established position with a district school board employer commencing after July 1, 2002:

a. Any such employee shall, by default, be enrolled in the pension plan at the commencement of employment, and may, by the last business day of the 5th month following the employee's month of hire, elect to participate in the investment plan. The employee's election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator. The election to participate in the investment plan is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (g).

b. If the employee files such election within the prescribed time period, enrollment in the investment plan is effective on the first day of employment. The employer retirement contributions paid through the month of the employee plan change shall be transferred to the investment plan, and, effective the first day of the next month, the employer shall pay the applicable contributions based on the employee membership class in the investment plan.

c. Any such employee who fails to elect to participate in the investment plan within the prescribed time period is deemed to have elected to retain membership in the pension plan, and the employee's option to elect to participate in the investment plan is forfeited.

3. For purposes of this paragraph, "district school board employer" means any district school board that participates in the Florida Retirement System for the benefit of certain

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employees, or a charter school or charter technical career center that participates in the Florida Retirement System as provided in s. 121.051(2)(d).

(c)1. With respect to an eligible employee who is employed in a regularly established position on December 1, 2002, by a local employer:

Any such employee may elect to participate in the investment plan in lieu of retaining his or her membership in the pension plan. The election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator by February 28, 2003, or, in the case of an active employee who is on a leave of absence on October 1, 2002, by the last business day of the 5th month following the month the leave of absence concludes. This election is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (g). Upon making such election, the employee shall be enrolled as a participant of the investment plan, the employee's membership in the Florida Retirement System is governed by the provisions of this part, and the employee's membership in the pension plan terminates. The employee's enrollment in the investment plan is effective the first day of the month for which a full month's employer contribution is made to the investment plan.

b. Any such employee who fails to elect to participate in the investment plan within the prescribed time period is deemed to have elected to retain membership in the pension plan, and the employee's option to elect to participate in the investment

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plan is forfeited.

2. With respect to employees who become eligible to participate in the investment plan by reason of employment in a regularly established position with a local employer commencing after October 1, 2002:

a. Any such employee shall, by default, be enrolled in the pension plan at the commencement of employment, and may, by the last business day of the 5th month following the employee's month of hire, elect to participate in the investment plan. The employee's election must be made in writing or by electronic means and must be filed with the third-party administrator. The election to participate in the investment plan is irrevocable, except as provided in paragraph (g).

b. If the employee files such election within the prescribed time period, enrollment in the investment plan is effective on the first day of employment. The employer retirement contributions paid through the month of the employee plan change shall be transferred to the investment plan, and, effective the first day of the next month, the employer shall pay the applicable contributions based on the employee membership class in the investment plan.

c. Any such employee who fails to elect to participate in the investment plan within the prescribed time period is deemed to have elected to retain membership in the pension plan, and the employee's option to elect to participate in the investment plan is forfeited.

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3. For purposes of this paragraph, "local employer" means any employer not included in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b).

(c)(d) Contributions available for self-direction by a member who has not selected one or more specific investment products shall be allocated as prescribed by the state board. The third-party administrator shall notify the member at least quarterly that the member should take an affirmative action to make an asset allocation among the investment products.

(d) (e) On or after July 1, 2011, a member of the pension plan who obtains a refund of employee contributions retains his or her prior plan choice upon return to employment in a regularly established position with a participating employer.

(e) (f) A member of the investment plan who takes a distribution of any contributions from his or her investment plan account is considered a retiree. A retiree who is initially reemployed in a regularly established position on or after July 1, 2010, is not eligible to be enrolled in renewed membership.

(f)(g) After the period during which an eligible employee had the choice to elect the pension plan or the investment plan, or the month following the receipt of the eligible employee's plan election, if sooner, the employee shall have one opportunity, at the employee's discretion, to choose to move from the pension plan to the investment plan or from the investment plan to the pension plan. Eligible employees may elect to move between plans only if they are earning service credit in an employer-employee relationship consistent with s.

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121.021(17)(b), excluding leaves of absence without pay. Effective July 1, 2005, such elections are effective on the first day of the month following the receipt of the election by the third-party administrator and are not subject to the requirements regarding an employer-employee relationship or receipt of contributions for the eligible employee in the effective month, except when the election is received by the third-party administrator. This paragraph is contingent upon approval by the Internal Revenue Service. This paragraph does not apply to compulsory investment plan members under paragraph (g).

- 1. If the employee chooses to move to the investment plan, the provisions of subsection (3) govern the transfer.
- 2. If the employee chooses to move to the pension plan, the employee must transfer from his or her investment plan account, and from other employee moneys as necessary, a sum representing the present value of that employee's accumulated benefit obligation immediately following the time of such movement, determined assuming that attained service equals the sum of service in the pension plan and service in the investment plan. Benefit commencement occurs on the first date the employee is eligible for unreduced benefits, using the discount rate and other relevant actuarial assumptions that were used to value the pension plan liabilities in the most recent actuarial valuation. For any employee who, at the time of the second election, already maintains an accrued benefit amount in the pension plan,

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the then-present value of the accrued benefit is deemed part of the required transfer amount. The division must ensure that the transfer sum is prepared using a formula and methodology certified by an enrolled actuary. A refund of any employee contributions or additional member payments made which exceed the employee contributions that would have accrued had the member remained in the pension plan and not transferred to the investment plan is not permitted.

- 3. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., an employee who chooses to move to the pension plan and who became eligible to participate in the investment plan by reason of employment in a regularly established position with a state employer after June 1, 2002; a district school board employer after September 1, 2002; or a local employer after December 1, 2002, must transfer from his or her investment plan account, and from other employee moneys as necessary, a sum representing the employee's actuarial accrued liability. A refund of any employee contributions or additional member participant payments made which exceed the employee contributions that would have accrued had the member remained in the pension plan and not transferred to the investment plan is not permitted.
- 4. An employee's ability to transfer from the pension plan to the investment plan pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) (a) (d), and the ability of a current employee to have an option to later transfer back into the pension plan under subparagraph 2., shall be deemed a significant system amendment. Pursuant to s.

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121.031(4), any resulting unfunded liability arising from actual original transfers from the pension plan to the investment plan must be amortized within 30 plan years as a separate unfunded actuarial base independent of the reserve stabilization mechanism defined in s. 121.031(3)(f). For the first 25 years, a direct amortization payment may not be calculated for this base. During this 25-year period, the separate base shall be used to offset the impact of employees exercising their second program election under this paragraph. The actuarial funded status of the pension plan will not be affected by such second program elections in any significant manner, after due recognition of the separate unfunded actuarial base. Following the initial 25-year period, any remaining balance of the original separate base shall be amortized over the remaining 5 years of the required 30-year amortization period.

- 5. If the employee chooses to transfer from the investment plan to the pension plan and retains an excess account balance in the investment plan after satisfying the buy-in requirements under this paragraph, the excess may not be distributed until the member retires from the pension plan. The excess account balance may be rolled over to the pension plan and used to purchase service credit or upgrade creditable service in the pension plan.
- (g)1. All employees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, in positions covered by the Elected Officers' Class or the Senior Management Service Class are compulsory members of the

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885 investment plan, except those who withdraw from the system under 886 s. 121.052(3)(d) or s. 121.055(1)(b)2., or those who participate 887 in an optional retirement program under s. 121.051(1)(a), s. 888 121.051(2)(c), or s. 121.35. Employees eligible to withdraw from 889 the system under s. 121.052(3)(d) or s. 121.055(1)(b)2. may 890 choose to withdraw from the system or to participate in the 891 investment plan as provided in those sections. Employees 892 eligible for optional retirement programs under s. 121.051(2)(c) 893 or s. 121.35, except as provided in s. 121.051(1)(a), may choose 894 to participate in the optional retirement program or the 895 investment plan as provided in those sections. Investment plan 896 membership continues if there is subsequent employment in a 897 position covered by another membership class. Membership in the 898 pension plan is not permitted except as provided in s. 899 121.591(2). Employees initially enrolled in the Florida 900 Retirement System prior to July 1, 2015, may retain their 901 membership in the pension plan or investment plan and are 902 eligible to use the election opportunity specified in s. 903 121.4501(4)(f).

- 2. Employees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, in a position covered by the Elected Officers' Class or the Senior Management Service Class are not permitted to use the election opportunity specified in paragraph (f).
- 3. The amount of retirement contributions paid by the employee and employer, as required under s. 121.72, shall be placed in a default fund as designated by the state board, until

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an account is activated in the investment plan, at which time the member may move the contributions from the default fund to other funds provided in the investment plan.

(5) CONTRIBUTIONS.-

- (c) The state board, acting as plan fiduciary, must ensure that all plan assets are held in a trust, pursuant to s. 401 of the Internal Revenue Code. The fiduciary must ensure that such contributions are allocated as follows:
- 1. The employer and employee contribution portion earmarked for member accounts shall be used to purchase interests in the appropriate investment vehicles as specified by the member, or in accordance with paragraph $(4)(c) \cdot \frac{(4)(d)}{(d)}$.
- 2. The employer contribution portion earmarked for administrative and educational expenses shall be transferred to the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan Trust Fund.
- 3. The employer contribution portion earmarked for disability benefits shall be transferred to the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund.
- (8) INVESTMENT PLAN ADMINISTRATION.—The investment plan shall be administered by the state board and affected employers. The state board may require oaths, by affidavit or otherwise, and acknowledgments from persons in connection with the administration of its statutory duties and responsibilities for the investment plan. An oath, by affidavit or otherwise, may not be required of a member at the time of enrollment.

 Acknowledgment of an employee's election to participate in the

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program shall be no greater than necessary to confirm the employee's election except for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, as provided in paragraph (4)(g). The state board shall adopt rules to carry out its statutory duties with respect to administering the investment plan, including establishing the roles and responsibilities of affected state, local government, and education-related employers, the state board, the department, and third-party contractors. The department shall adopt rules necessary to administer the investment plan in coordination with the pension plan and the disability benefits available under the investment plan.

- (a)1. The state board shall select and contract with a third-party administrator to provide administrative services if those services cannot be competitively and contractually provided by the division. With the approval of the state board, the third-party administrator may subcontract to provide components of the administrative services. As a cost of administration, the state board may compensate any such contractor for its services, in accordance with the terms of the contract, as is deemed necessary or proper by the board. The third-party administrator may not be an approved provider or be affiliated with an approved provider.
- 2. These administrative services may include, but are not limited to, enrollment of eligible employees, collection of employer and employee contributions, disbursement of contributions to approved providers in accordance with the

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allocation directions of members; services relating to consolidated billing; individual and collective recordkeeping and accounting; asset purchase, control, and safekeeping; and direct disbursement of funds to and from the third-party administrator, the division, the state board, employers, members, approved providers, and beneficiaries. This section does not prevent or prohibit a bundled provider from providing any administrative or customer service, including accounting and administration of individual member benefits and contributions; individual member recordkeeping; asset purchase, control, and safekeeping; direct execution of the member's instructions as to asset and contribution allocation; calculation of daily net asset values; direct access to member account information; or periodic reporting to members, at least quarterly, on account balances and transactions, if these services are authorized by the state board as part of the contract.

- (b)1. The state board shall select and contract with one or more organizations to provide educational services. With approval of the state board, the organizations may subcontract to provide components of the educational services. As a cost of administration, the state board may compensate any such contractor for its services in accordance with the terms of the contract, as is deemed necessary or proper by the board. The education organization may not be an approved provider or be affiliated with an approved provider.
 - 2. Educational services shall be designed by the state

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board and department to assist employers, eligible employees, members, and beneficiaries in order to maintain compliance with United States Department of Labor regulations under s. 404(c) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and to assist employees in their choice of pension plan or investment plan retirement alternatives. Educational services include, but are not limited to, disseminating educational materials; providing retirement planning education; explaining the pension plan and the investment plan; and offering financial planning guidance on matters such as investment diversification, investment risks, investment costs, and asset allocation. An approved provider may also provide educational information, including retirement planning and investment allocation information concerning its products and services.

- (c)1. In evaluating and selecting a third-party administrator, the state board shall establish criteria for evaluating the relative capabilities and qualifications of each proposed administrator. In developing such criteria, the state board shall consider:
- a. The administrator's demonstrated experience in providing administrative services to public or private sector retirement systems.
- b. The administrator's demonstrated experience in providing daily valued recordkeeping to defined contribution programs.
 - c. The administrator's ability and willingness to $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =$

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coordinate its activities with employers, the state board, and the division, and to supply to such employers, the board, and the division the information and data they require, including, but not limited to, monthly management reports, quarterly member reports, and ad hoc reports requested by the department or state board.

- d. The cost-effectiveness and levels of the administrative services provided.
- e. The administrator's ability to interact with the members, the employers, the state board, the division, and the providers; the means by which members may access account information, direct investment of contributions, make changes to their accounts, transfer moneys between available investment vehicles, and transfer moneys between investment products; and any fees that apply to such activities.
 - f. Any other factor deemed necessary by the state board.
- 2. In evaluating and selecting an educational provider, the state board shall establish criteria under which it shall consider the relative capabilities and qualifications of each proposed educational provider. In developing such criteria, the state board shall consider:
- a. Demonstrated experience in providing educational services to public or private sector retirement systems.
- b. Ability and willingness to coordinate its activities with the employers, the state board, and the division, and to supply to such employers, the board, and the division the

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information and data they require, including, but not limited to, reports on educational contacts.

- c. The cost-effectiveness and levels of the educational services provided.
- d. Ability to provide educational services via different media, including, but not limited to, the Internet, personal contact, seminars, brochures, and newsletters.
 - e. Any other factor deemed necessary by the state board.
- 3. The establishment of the criteria shall be solely within the discretion of the state board.
- (d) The state board shall develop the form and content of any contracts to be offered under the investment plan. In developing the contracts, the board shall consider:
- 1. The nature and extent of the rights and benefits to be afforded in relation to the contributions required under the plan.
- 2. The suitability of the rights and benefits provided and the interests of employers in the recruitment and retention of eligible employees.
- (e)1. The state board may contract for professional services, including legal, consulting, accounting, and actuarial services, deemed necessary to implement and administer the investment plan. The state board may enter into a contract with one or more vendors to provide low-cost investment advice to members, supplemental to education provided by the third-party administrator. All fees under any such contract shall be paid by

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those members who choose to use the services of the vendor.

- 2. The department may contract for professional services, including legal, consulting, accounting, and actuarial services, deemed necessary to implement and administer the investment plan in coordination with the pension plan. The department, in coordination with the state board, may enter into a contract with the third-party administrator in order to coordinate services common to the various programs within the Florida Retirement System.
- (f) The third-party administrator may not receive direct or indirect compensation from an approved provider, except as specifically provided for in the contract with the state board.
- (g) The state board shall receive and resolve member complaints against the program, the third-party administrator, or any program vendor or provider; shall resolve any conflict between the third-party administrator and an approved provider if such conflict threatens the implementation or administration of the program or the quality of services to employees; and may resolve any other conflicts. The third-party administrator shall retain all member records for at least 5 years for use in resolving any member conflicts. The state board, the third-party administrator, or a provider is not required to produce documentation or an audio recording to justify action taken with regard to a member if the action occurred 5 or more years before the complaint is submitted to the state board. It is presumed that all action taken 5 or more years before the complaint is

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submitted was taken at the request of the member and with the member's full knowledge and consent. To overcome this presumption, the member must present documentary evidence or an audio recording demonstrating otherwise.

- (10) EDUCATION COMPONENT.-
- (a) The state board, in coordination with the department, shall provide for an education component for eligible employees system members in a manner consistent with the provisions of this subsection section. The education component must be available to eligible employees at least 90 days prior to the beginning date of the election period for the employees of the respective types of employers.
- with impartial and balanced information about plan choices except for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, as provided in paragraph (4)(g). The education component must involve multimedia formats. Program comparisons must, to the greatest extent possible, be based upon the retirement income that different retirement programs may provide to the member. The state board shall monitor the performance of the contract to ensure that the program is conducted in accordance with the contract, applicable law, and the rules of the state board.
- (c) The state board, in coordination with the department, shall provide for an initial and ongoing transfer education component to provide system members except for those members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2015, as provided in

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paragraph (4)(g), with information necessary to make informed plan choice decisions. The transfer education component must include, but is not limited to, information on:

- 1. The amount of money available to a member to transfer to the defined contribution program.
- 2. The features of and differences between the pension plan and the defined contribution program, both generally and specifically, as those differences may affect the member.
- 3. The expected benefit available if the member were to retire under each of the retirement programs, based on appropriate alternative sets of assumptions.
- 4. The rate of return from investments in the defined contribution program and the period of time over which such rate of return must be achieved to equal or exceed the expected monthly benefit payable to the member under the pension plan.
- 5. The historical rates of return for the investment alternatives available in the defined contribution programs.
- 6. The benefits and historical rates of return on investments available in a typical deferred compensation plan or a typical plan under s. 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for which the employee may be eligible.
- 7. The program choices available to employees of the State University System and the comparative benefits of each available program, if applicable.
- 1143 8. Payout options available in each of the retirement 1144 programs.

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(h) Pursuant to subsection (8), all Florida Retirement
System employers have an obligation to regularly communicate the
existence of the two Florida Retirement System plans and the
plan choice in the natural course of administering their
personnel functions, using the educational materials supplied by
the state board and the Department of Management Services.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 121.591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

121.591 Payment of benefits.—Benefits may not be paid under the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan unless the member has terminated employment as provided in s. 121.021(39)(a) or is deceased and a proper application has been filed as prescribed by the state board or the department. Benefits, including employee contributions, are not payable under the investment plan for employee hardships, unforeseeable emergencies, loans, medical expenses, educational expenses, purchase of a principal residence, payments necessary to prevent eviction or foreclosure on an employee's principal residence, or any other reason except a requested distribution for retirement, a mandatory de minimis distribution authorized by the administrator, or a required minimum distribution provided pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code. The state board or department, as appropriate, may cancel an application for retirement benefits if the member or beneficiary fails to timely provide the information and documents required by this chapter and the rules of the state board and department. In accordance

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with their respective responsibilities, the state board and the department shall adopt rules establishing procedures for application for retirement benefits and for the cancellation of such application if the required information or documents are not received. The state board and the department, as appropriate, are authorized to cash out a de minimis account of a member who has been terminated from Florida Retirement System covered employment for a minimum of 6 calendar months. A de minimis account is an account containing employer and employee contributions and accumulated earnings of not more than \$5,000 made under the provisions of this chapter. Such cash-out must be a complete lump-sum liquidation of the account balance, subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, or a lump-sum direct rollover distribution paid directly to the custodian of an eligible retirement plan, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code, on behalf of the member. Any nonvested accumulations and associated service credit, including amounts transferred to the suspense account of the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan Trust Fund authorized under s. 121.4501(6), shall be forfeited upon payment of any vested benefit to a member or beneficiary, except for de minimis distributions or minimum required distributions as provided under this section. If any financial instrument issued for the payment of retirement benefits under this section is not presented for payment within 180 days after the last day of the month in which it was originally issued, the third-party administrator or other duly

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authorized agent of the state board shall cancel the instrument and credit the amount of the instrument to the suspense account of the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan Trust Fund authorized under s. 121.4501(6). Any amounts transferred to the suspense account are payable upon a proper application, not to include earnings thereon, as provided in this section, within 10 years after the last day of the month in which the instrument was originally issued, after which time such amounts and any earnings attributable to employer contributions shall be forfeited. Any forfeited amounts are assets of the trust fund and are not subject to chapter 717.

- (2) DISABILITY RETIREMENT BENEFITS.—Benefits provided under this subsection are payable in lieu of the benefits that would otherwise be payable under the provisions of subsection (1). Such benefits must be funded from employer contributions made under s. 121.571, transferred employee contributions and funds accumulated pursuant to paragraph (a), and interest and earnings thereon.
 - (b) Disability retirement; entitlement.-
- 1.a. A member of the investment plan <u>initially enrolled</u> before July 1, 2015, who becomes totally and permanently disabled, as defined in paragraph (d), after completing 8 years of creditable service, or a member who becomes totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty regardless of length of service, is entitled to a monthly disability benefit.
 - b. A member of the investment plan initially enrolled on

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or after July 1, 2015, who becomes totally and permanently disabled, as defined in paragraph (d), after completing 10 years of creditable service, or a member who becomes totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty regardless of service, is entitled to a monthly disability benefit.

- 2. In order for service to apply toward the 8 years of creditable service required for regular disability benefits, or toward the creditable service used in calculating a service-based benefit as provided under paragraph (g), the service must be creditable service as described below:
- a. The member's period of service under the investment plan shall be considered creditable service, except as provided in subparagraph d.
- b. If the member has elected to retain credit for service under the pension plan as provided under s. 121.4501(3), all such service shall be considered creditable service.
- c. If the member elects to transfer to his or her member accounts a sum representing the present value of his or her retirement credit under the pension plan as provided under s. 121.4501(3), the period of service under the pension plan represented in the present value amounts transferred shall be considered creditable service, except as provided in subparagraph d.
- d. If a member has terminated employment and has taken distribution of his or her funds as provided in subsection (1), all creditable service represented by such distributed funds is

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forfeited for purposes of this subsection.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 175.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.021 Legislative declaration.-

special district pension plans existing now or hereafter under this chapter, including chapter plans and local law plans, minimum benefits and minimum standards for the operation and funding of such plans, hereinafter referred to as firefighters' pension trust funds, which must be met as a condition precedent to the plan or plan sponsor receiving a distribution of insurance premium tax revenues under s. 175.121. The minimum benefits and minimum standards for each plan as set forth in this chapter may not be diminished by local charter, ordinance, or resolution or by special act of the Legislature and may not nor may the minimum benefits or minimum standards be reduced or offset by any other local, state, or federal law that includes may include firefighters in its operation, except as provided under s. 112.65.

Section 9. Section 175.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.032 Definitions.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, the term following words and phrases have the following meanings:

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- (1) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues
 received by a municipality or special fire control district
 pursuant to s. 175.121 which exceed base premium tax revenues.
 - (2) (1) (a) "Average final compensation" for:
- (a) A full-time firefighter means one-twelfth of the average annual compensation of the 5 best years of the last 10 years of creditable service before prior to retirement, termination, or death, or the career average as a full-time firefighter since July 1, 1953, whichever is greater. A year is shall be 12 consecutive months or such other consecutive period of time as is used and consistently applied.
- (b) "Average final compensation" for A volunteer firefighter means the average salary of the 5 best years of the last 10 best contributing years before prior to change in status to a permanent full-time firefighter or retirement as a volunteer firefighter or the career average of a volunteer firefighter, since July 1, 1953, whichever is greater.
- (3) "Base premium tax revenues" means the revenues received by a municipality or special fire control district pursuant to s. 175.121 for the calendar year 1997.
- (4) (2) "Chapter plan" means a separate defined benefit pension plan for firefighters which incorporates by reference the provisions of this chapter and has been adopted by the governing body of a municipality or special district. Except as may be specifically authorized in this chapter, the provisions of a chapter plan may not differ from the plan provisions set

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forth in ss. 175.021-175.341 and $\underline{ss.}$ 175.361-175.401. Actuarial valuations of chapter plans shall be conducted by the division as provided by s. 175.261(1).

- (5) (3) "Compensation" or "salary" means, for noncollectively bargained service earned before July 1, 2011, or for service earned under collective bargaining agreements in place before July 1, 2011, the fixed monthly remuneration paid a firefighter. If remuneration is based on actual services rendered, as in the case of a volunteer firefighter, the term means the total cash remuneration received yearly for such services, prorated on a monthly basis. For noncollectively bargained service earned on or after July 1, 2011, or for service earned under collective bargaining agreements entered into on or after July 1, 2011, the term has the same meaning except that when calculating retirement benefits, up to 300 hours per year in overtime compensation may be included as specified in the plan or collective bargaining agreement, but payments for accrued unused sick or annual leave may not be included.
- (a) Any retirement trust fund or plan that meets the requirements of this chapter does not, solely by virtue of this subsection, reduce or diminish the monthly retirement income otherwise payable to each firefighter covered by the retirement trust fund or plan.
- (b) The member's compensation or salary contributed as employee-elective salary reductions or deferrals to any salary

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reduction, deferred compensation, or tax-sheltered annuity program authorized under the Internal Revenue Code shall be deemed to be the compensation or salary the member would receive if he or she were not participating in such program and shall be treated as compensation for retirement purposes under this chapter.

- For any person who first becomes a member in any plan (C) year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for that plan year may not include any amounts in excess of the Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17) limitation, as amended by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, which limitation of \$150,000 shall be adjusted as required by federal law for qualified government plans and shall be further adjusted for changes in the cost of living in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(B). For any person who first became a member before the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, the limitation on compensation may not be less than the maximum compensation amount that was allowed to be taken into account under the plan in effect on July 1, 1993, which limitation shall be adjusted for changes in the cost of living since 1989 in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(1991).
- $\underline{(6)}$ "Creditable service" or "credited service" means the aggregate number of years of service, and fractional parts of years of service, of any firefighter, omitting intervening years and fractional parts of years when such firefighter may

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not have been employed by the municipality or special fire control district, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) A No firefighter may not will receive credit for years or fractional parts of years of service if he or she has withdrawn his or her contributions to the fund for those years or fractional parts of years of service, unless the firefighter repays into the fund the amount he or she has withdrawn, plus interest determined by the board. The member shall have at least 90 days after his or her reemployment to make repayment.
- (b) A firefighter may voluntarily leave his or her contributions in the fund for a period of 5 years after leaving the employ of the fire department, pending the possibility of being rehired by the same department, without losing credit for the time he or she has participated actively as a firefighter. If the firefighter is not reemployed as a firefighter, with the same department, within 5 years, his or her contributions shall be returned without interest.
- (c) Credited service under this chapter shall be provided only for service as a firefighter, as defined in subsection (8), or for military service and does not include credit for any other type of service. A municipality may, by local ordinance, or a special fire control district may, by resolution, may provide for the purchase of credit for military service prior to employment as well as for prior service as a firefighter for some other employer as long as a firefighter is not entitled to receive a benefit for such prior service as a firefighter. For

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purposes of determining credit for prior service as a firefighter, in addition to service as a firefighter in this state, credit may be given for federal, other state, or county service if the prior service is recognized by the Division of State Fire Marshal as provided in under chapter 633, or the firefighter provides proof to the board of trustees that his or her service is equivalent to the service required to meet the definition of a firefighter under subsection (11) (8).

- (d) In determining the creditable service of any firefighter, credit for up to 5 years of the time spent in the military service of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be added to the years of actual service if:
- 1. The firefighter is in the active employ of an employer immediately prior to such service and leaves a position, other than a temporary position, for the purpose of voluntary or involuntary service in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- 2. The firefighter is entitled to reemployment under the provisions of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act.
- 3. The firefighter returns to his or her employment as a firefighter of the municipality or special fire control district within 1 year from the date of release from such active service.
- (7)(5) "Deferred Retirement Option Plan" or "DROP" means a local law plan retirement option in which a firefighter may elect to participate. A firefighter may retire for all purposes of the plan and defer receipt of retirement benefits into a DROP

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account while continuing employment with his or her employer. However, a firefighter who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate may shall not thereby be precluded from participation or continued participation participating, or continuing to participate, in a supplemental plan in existence on, or created after, March 12, 1999 the effective date of this act.

- (8) "Defined contribution plan" means the component of a local law plan, as provided in s. 175.351(1), to which deposits, if any, are made to provide benefits for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers if both are included. Such component is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with the defined benefit component that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter. The retirement benefits, if any, of the defined contribution plan shall be provided through individual member accounts in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and are limited to the contributions, if any, made into each member's account and the actual accumulated earnings, net of expenses, earned on the member's account.
- $\underline{(9)}$ "Division" means the Division of Retirement of the Department of Management Services.
- $\underline{(10)}$ "Enrolled actuary" means an actuary who is enrolled under Subtitle C of Title III of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and who is a member of

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the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries.

"Firefighter" means a person employed solely by a constituted fire department of any municipality or special fire control district who is certified as a firefighter as a condition of employment in accordance with s. 633.408 and whose duty it is to extinguish fires, to protect life, or to protect property. The term includes all certified, supervisory, and command personnel whose duties include, in whole or in part, the supervision, training, guidance, and management responsibilities of full-time firefighters, part-time firefighters, or auxiliary firefighters but does not include part-time firefighters or auxiliary firefighters. However, for purposes of this chapter only, the term also includes public safety officers who are responsible for performing both police and fire services, who are certified as police officers or firefighters, and who are certified by their employers to the Chief Financial Officer as participating in this chapter before October 1, 1979. Effective October 1, 1979, public safety officers who have not been certified as participating in this chapter are considered police officers for retirement purposes and are eligible to participate in chapter 185. Any plan may provide that the fire chief has an option to participate, or not, in that plan.

(b) "Volunteer firefighter" means any person whose name is carried on the active membership roll of a constituted volunteer fire department or a combination of a paid and volunteer fire department of any municipality or special fire control district

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and whose duty it is to extinguish fires, to protect life, and to protect property. Compensation for services rendered by a volunteer firefighter does shall not disqualify him or her as a volunteer. A person may shall not be disqualified as a volunteer firefighter solely because he or she has other gainful employment. Any person who volunteers assistance at a fire but is not an active member of a department described herein is not a volunteer firefighter within the meaning of this paragraph.

(12) (9) "Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund" means a trust fund, by whatever name known, as provided under s. 175.041, for the purpose of assisting municipalities and special fire control districts in establishing and maintaining a retirement plan for firefighters.

 $\underline{\text{(13)}}$ "Local law municipality" is any municipality in which there exists a local law plan exists.

(14) (11) "Local law plan" means a retirement defined benefit pension plan, which includes both a defined benefit plan component and a defined contribution plan component, for firefighters, or for firefighters and or police officers if both are where included, as described in s. 175.351, established by municipal ordinance, special district resolution, or special act of the Legislature, which enactment sets forth all plan provisions. Local law plan provisions may vary from the provisions of this chapter if the, provided that required minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter are met. However, any such variance must shall provide a greater benefit

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for firefighters. Actuarial valuations of local law plans shall be conducted by an enrolled actuary as provided in s. 175.261(2).

- $\underline{\text{(15)}}$ "Local law special fire control district" $\underline{\text{means}}$ is any special fire control district in which there exists a local law plan exists.
- (16) "Minimum benefits" means the benefits set forth in ss. 175.021-175.341 and ss. 175.361-175.401.
- (17) "Minimum standards" means the standards set forth in ss. 175.021-175.341 and ss. 175.361-175.401.
- (18) "Property insurance" means property insurance as defined in s. 624.604 and covers real and personal property within the corporate limits of <u>a any</u> municipality, or within the boundaries of <u>a any</u> special fire control district, within the state. <u>The term</u> "multiple peril" means a combination or package policy that includes both property and casualty coverage for a single premium.
- (19) (14) "Retiree" or "retired firefighter" means a firefighter who has entered retirement status. For the purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), a firefighter who enters the DROP is shall be considered a retiree for all purposes of the plan. However, a firefighter who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate may shall not thereby be precluded from participation or continued participation participating, or continuing to participate, in a supplemental plan in existence on, or created

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after, March 12, 1999 the effective date of this act.

(20) (15) "Retirement" means a firefighter's separation from municipal city or fire district employment as a firefighter with immediate eligibility for receipt of benefits under the plan. For purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), "retirement" means the date a firefighter enters the DROP.

- (21) "Special act plan" means a plan subject to the provisions of this chapter which was created by an act of the Legislature and continues to require an act of the Legislature to alter plan benefits.
- (22) "Special benefits" means benefits provided in a defined contribution plan for firefighters.

(23) (16) "Special fire control district" means a special district, as defined in s. 189.403(1), established for the purposes of extinguishing fires, protecting life, and protecting property within the incorporated or unincorporated portions of a any county or combination of counties, or within any combination of incorporated and unincorporated portions of a any county or combination of counties. The term does not include any dependent or independent special district, as those terms are defined in s. 189.403, whose s. 189.403(2) and (3), respectively, the employees of which are members of the Florida Retirement System pursuant to s. 121.051(1) or (2).

 $\underline{(24)}$ (17) "Supplemental plan" means a plan to which deposits are made to provide extra benefits for firefighters, or

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for firefighters and police officers <u>if both are where</u> included under this chapter. Such a plan is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with a defined benefit <u>component</u> plan that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter. Any supplemental plan in existence on March 1, 2014, shall be deemed to be a defined contribution plan in compliance with s. 175.351(6).

 $\underline{(25)}$ (18) "Supplemental plan municipality" means \underline{a} any local law municipality in which \underline{any} there existed \underline{a} supplemental plan $\underline{existed}$, of any type or nature, as of December 1, 2000.

Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 175.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.071 General powers and duties of board of trustees.—
For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter
plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control
district, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (7) To assist the board in meeting its responsibilities under this chapter, the board, if it so elects, may:
- (a) Employ independent legal counsel at the pension fund's expense.
- (b) Employ an independent <u>enrolled</u> actuary, as defined in s. $175.032\frac{(7)}{}$, at the pension fund's expense.
- (c) Employ such independent professional, technical, or other advisers as it deems necessary at the pension fund's expense.

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If the board chooses to use the municipality's or special district's legal counsel or actuary, or chooses to use any of the municipality's or special district's other professional, technical, or other advisers, it must do so only under terms and conditions acceptable to the board.

Section 11. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 175.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.091 Creation and maintenance of fund.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (1) The firefighters' pension trust fund in each municipality and in each special fire control district shall be created and maintained in the following manner:
- (d) By mandatory payment by the municipality or special fire control district of a sum equal to the normal cost of and the amount required to fund any actuarial deficiency shown by an actuarial valuation conducted under as provided in part VII of chapter 112 after taking into account the amounts described in paragraphs (b), (c), (e), (f), and (g) and the tax proceeds described in paragraph (a) which are used to fund defined benefit plan benefits.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to require adjustment of member contribution rates in effect on the date this act becomes a law, including rates that exceed 5 percent of salary,

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provided that such rates are at least one-half of 1 percent of salary.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 175.162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.162 Requirements for retirement.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, any firefighter who completes 10 or more years of creditable service as a firefighter and attains age 55, or completes 25 years of creditable service as a firefighter and attains age 52, and who for such minimum period has been a member of the firefighters' pension trust fund operating under a chapter plan or local law plan, is eligible for normal retirement benefits. Normal retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the municipality or special fire control district on or after the normal retirement date. In such event, payment of retirement income will be governed by the following provisions of this section:

(2) (a) $\underline{1}$. The amount of monthly retirement income payable to a full-time firefighter who retires on or after his or her normal retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of his or her years of credited service multiplied by $\underline{2.75}$ $\underline{2}$ percent of his or her average final compensation as a full-time firefighter. However, if current state contributions pursuant to this chapter are not adequate to fund the additional benefits to meet the minimum requirements in this chapter, only such

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incremental increases shall be required as state moneys are adequate to provide. Such increments shall be provided as state moneys become available.

- 2. Effective July 1, 2014, a plan that is in compliance with this chapter except that the plan provides a benefit that is less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter must maintain, at a minimum, the percentage amount in effect on July 1, 2014, and is not required to increase the benefit to 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter.
- 3. Effective July 1, 2014, a plan that is in compliance with this chapter except that the plan provides a benefit that is less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter and that changes its accrual rate to 2.75 percent, or greater, of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter may not thereafter decrease the accrual rate to less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter.

Section 13. Section 175.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.351 Municipalities and special fire control districts that have having their own pension plans for firefighters.—For any municipality, special fire control district, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, In order for a municipality or municipalities and special fire control district that has its

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districts with their own pension plan plans for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers if both are included, to participate in the distribution of the tax fund established under pursuant to s. 175.101, a local law plan plans must meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter.

- (1) If a municipality has a pension plan for firefighters, or a pension plan for firefighters and police officers if both are included, which in the opinion of the division meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter, the board of trustees of the pension plan must, as approved by a majority of firefighters of the municipality, may:
- (a) place the income from the premium tax in s. 175.101 in such pension plan for the sole and exclusive use of its firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers if both are included, where it shall become an integral part of that pension plan and shall be used to fund benefits as provided herein. Effective October 1, 2014, for noncollectively bargained service or upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement on or after July 1, 2014:
- (a) The base premium tax revenues must be used to fund minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the minimum benefits as determined by the municipality or special fire control district.
- (b) Of the additional premium tax revenues received which are in excess of the amount received for the 2013 calendar year,

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50 percent must be used to fund minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the minimum benefits as determined by the municipality or special fire control district, and 50 percent must be placed in a defined contribution plan to fund special benefits.

- (c) Additional premium tax revenues not described in paragraph (b) must be used to fund benefits that are not included in the minimum benefits. If the additional premium tax revenues subject to this paragraph exceed the full cost of benefits provided through the plan which are in excess of the minimum benefits, any amount in excess of the full cost must be used as provided in paragraph (b).
- (d) Any accumulations of additional premium tax revenues which have not been applied to fund benefits in excess of the minimum benefits may be allocated by mutual consent as provided in paragraph (g). If such accumulations are not allocated by mutual consent, 50 percent of the amount of the accumulations must be used to fund special benefits and 50 percent must be applied to fund any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan to pay extra benefits to the firefighters included in that pension plan; or
- (b) Place the income from the premium tax in s. 175.101 in a separate supplemental plan to pay extra benefits to firefighters, or to firefighters and police officers if included, participating in such separate supplemental plan.
 - (e) For a plan created after March 1, 2014, 50 percent of

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the insurance premium tax revenues must be used to fund defined benefit plan component benefits, with the remainder used to fund defined contribution plan component benefits.

- (f) If a plan offers benefits in excess of the minimum benefits, excluding supplemental plan benefits in effect as of September 30, 2013, such benefits may be reduced if the plan continues to meet the minimum benefits and the minimum standards set forth in this chapter. The amount of insurance premium tax revenues previously used to fund benefits in excess of minimum benefits, excluding supplemental plan benefits in effect as of September 30, 2013, before the reduction must be used as provided in paragraph (b). However, benefits in excess of the minimum benefits may not be reduced if a plan does not meet the minimum accrual rate of 2.75 percent, or greater, of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter.
- g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the use of premium tax revenues, including any accumulations of additional tax revenues which have not been applied to fund benefits in excess of the minimum benefits, may deviate from the provisions of this subsection by mutual consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if none, by majority consent of the firefighter members of the fund, and by consent of the municipality or special fire control district, provided that the plan continues to meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter; however, a plan operating pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph which

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does not meet a minimum benefit as of October 1, 2012, may continue to provide the benefit that does not meet the minimum benefit at the same level, but not less than that level, as was provided as of October 1, 2012, and all other benefit levels must continue to meet the minimum benefits. Such mutually agreed deviation shall continue until modified or revoked by subsequent mutual consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if none, by a majority of the firefighter members of the fund, and the municipality or special fire control district. A special act plan or a plan within a supplemental plan municipality shall be considered to have mutually consented to such deviation as of July 1, 2014, regarding the existing arrangement on the use of premium tax revenues.

cases be used in its entirety to provide retirement extra
benefits to firefighters, or to firefighters and police officers
if both are included. However, local law plans in effect on
October 1, 1998, must comply with the minimum benefit provisions
of this chapter only to the extent that additional premium tax
revenues become available to incrementally fund the cost of such
compliance as provided in s. 175.162(2)(a). If a plan is in
compliance with such minimum benefit provisions, as subsequent
additional premium tax revenues become available, they must be
used to provide extra benefits. Local law plans created by
special act before May 27, 1939, are deemed to comply with this

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chapter. For the purpose of this chapter, the term:

- (a) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality or special fire control district pursuant to s. 175.121 which exceed that amount received for calendar year 1997.
- (b) "Extra benefits" means benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to general employees of the municipality and in addition to those in existence for firefighters on March 12, 1999.
- A retirement plan or amendment to a retirement plan may not be proposed for adoption unless the proposed plan or amendment contains an actuarial estimate of the costs involved. Such proposed plan or proposed plan change may not be adopted without the approval of the municipality, special fire control district, or, where required permitted, the Legislature. Copies of the proposed plan or proposed plan change and the actuarial impact statement of the proposed plan or proposed plan change shall be furnished to the division before the last public hearing on the proposal is held thereon. Such statement must also indicate whether the proposed plan or proposed plan change is in compliance with s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution and those provisions of part VII of chapter 112 which are not expressly provided in this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision, only those local law plans created by special act of legislation before May 27, 1939, are deemed to meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards only in this chapter.

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- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision, with respect to any supplemental plan municipality:
- (a) A local law plan and a supplemental plan may continue to use their definition of compensation or salary in existence on March 12, 1999.
- (b) Section 175.061(1)(b) does not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan shall continue to be administered by a board or boards of trustees numbered, constituted, and selected as the board or boards were numbered, constituted, and selected on December 1, 2000.
- (c) The election set forth in paragraph (1) (b) is deemed to have been made.
- (5) The retirement plan setting forth the benefits and the trust agreement, if any, covering the duties and responsibilities of the trustees and the regulations of the investment of funds must be in writing, and copies made available to the participants and to the general public.
- (6) In addition to the defined benefit component of the local law plan, each plan sponsor must have a defined contribution plan component within the local law plan by October 1, 2014, for noncollectively bargained service, upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement on or after July 1, 2014, or upon the creation date of a new participating plan. Depending upon the application of subsection (1), a defined contribution component may or may not receive any funding.
 - (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a

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municipality or special fire control district that has implemented or proposed changes to a local law plan based on the municipality's or district's reliance on an interpretation of this chapter by the Department of Management Services on or after August 14, 2012, and before March 4, 2014, may continue the implemented changes or continue to implement proposed changes. Such reliance must be evidenced by a written collective bargaining proposal or agreement, or formal correspondence between the municipality or district and the Department of Management Services which describes the specific changes to the local law plan, with the initial proposal, agreement, or correspondence from the municipality or district dated before March 4, 2014. Changes to the local law plan which are otherwise contrary to the minimum benefits and minimum standards in this chapter may continue in effect until the earlier of October 1, 2017, or the effective date of a collective bargaining agreement that is contrary to the changes to the local law plan.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 185.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.01 Legislative declaration.-

(2) This chapter hereby establishes, for all municipal pension plans now or hereinafter provided for under this chapter, including chapter plans and local law plans, minimum benefits and minimum standards for the operation and funding of such plans, hereinafter referred to as municipal police officers' retirement trust funds, which must be met as

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distribution of insurance premium tax revenues under s. 185.10. The minimum benefits and minimum standards for each plan as set forth in this chapter may not be diminished by local ordinance or by special act of the Legislature and may not, nor may the minimum benefits or minimum standards be reduced or offset by any other local, state, or federal plan that includes may include police officers in its operation, except as provided under s. 112.65.

Section 15. Section 185.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.02 Definitions.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, the term following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- (1) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 which exceed base premium tax revenues.
- (2)(1) "Average final compensation" means one-twelfth of the average annual compensation of the 5 best years of the last 10 years of creditable service prior to retirement, termination, or death.
- (3) "Base premium tax revenues" means the revenues received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 for the calendar year 1997.

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(4)(2) "Casualty insurance" means automobile public liability and property damage insurance to be applied at the place of residence of the owner, or if the subject is a commercial vehicle, to be applied at the place of business of the owner; automobile collision insurance; fidelity bonds; burglary and theft insurance; and plate glass insurance. The term "multiple peril" means a combination or package policy that includes both property coverage and casualty coverage for a single premium.

(5)(3) "Chapter plan" means a separate defined benefit pension plan for police officers which incorporates by reference the provisions of this chapter and has been adopted by the governing body of a municipality as provided in s. 185.08.

Except as may be specifically authorized in this chapter, the provisions of a chapter plan may not differ from the plan provisions set forth in ss. 185.01-185.341 and ss. 185.37-185.39. Actuarial valuations of chapter plans shall be conducted by the division as provided by s. 185.221(1)(b).

(6)(4) "Compensation" or "salary" means, for noncollectively bargained service earned before July 1, 2011, or for service earned under collective bargaining agreements in place before July 1, 2011, the total cash remuneration including "overtime" paid by the primary employer to a police officer for services rendered, but not including any payments for extra duty or special detail work performed on behalf of a second party employer. Overtime may be limited prior to July 1, 2011, in a

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local law plan by the plan provisions. A local law plan may limit the amount of overtime payments which can be used for retirement benefit calculation purposes; however, such overtime limit may not be less than 300 hours per officer per calendar year. For noncollectively bargained service earned on or after July 1, 2011, or for service earned under collective bargaining agreements entered into on or after July 1, 2011, the term has the same meaning except that when calculating retirement benefits, up to 300 hours per year in overtime compensation may be included as specified in the plan or collective bargaining agreement, but payments for accrued unused sick or annual leave may not be included.

- (a) Any retirement trust fund or plan that meets the requirements of this chapter does not, solely by virtue of this subsection, reduce or diminish the monthly retirement income otherwise payable to each police officer covered by the retirement trust fund or plan.
- (b) The member's compensation or salary contributed as employee-elective salary reductions or deferrals to any salary reduction, deferred compensation, or tax-sheltered annuity program authorized under the Internal Revenue Code shall be deemed to be the compensation or salary the member would receive if he or she were not participating in such program and shall be treated as compensation for retirement purposes under this chapter.
 - (c) For any person who first becomes a member in any plan

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year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for that plan year may not include any amounts in excess of the Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17) limitation, as amended by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, which limitation of \$150,000 shall be adjusted as required by federal law for qualified government plans and shall be further adjusted for changes in the cost of living in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(B). For any person who first became a member before the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, the limitation on compensation may not be less than the maximum compensation amount that was allowed to be taken into account under the plan as in effect on July 1, 1993, which limitation shall be adjusted for changes in the cost of living since 1989 in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(1991).

- (7)(5) "Creditable service" or "credited service" means the aggregate number of years of service and fractional parts of years of service of any police officer, omitting intervening years and fractional parts of years when such police officer may not have been employed by the municipality subject to the following conditions:
- (a) \underline{A} No police officer \underline{may} not \underline{will} receive credit for years or fractional parts of years of service if he or she has withdrawn his or her contributions to the fund for those years or fractional parts of years of service, unless the police officer repays into the fund the amount he or she has withdrawn,

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plus interest as determined by the board. The member <u>has</u> shall have at least 90 days after his or her reemployment to make repayment.

- (b) A police officer may voluntarily leave his or her contributions in the fund for a period of 5 years after leaving the employ of the police department, pending the possibility of his or her being rehired by the same department, without losing credit for the time he or she has participated actively as a police officer. If he or she is not reemployed as a police officer with the same department within 5 years, his or her contributions shall be returned to him or her without interest.
- only for service as a police officer, as defined in subsection (11), or for military service and may not include credit for any other type of service. A municipality may, by local ordinance, may provide for the purchase of credit for military service occurring before employment as well as prior service as a police officer for some other employer as long as the police officer is not entitled to receive a benefit for such other prior service as a police officer. For purposes of determining credit for prior service, in addition to service as a police officer in this state, credit may be given for federal, other state, or county service as long as such service is recognized by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission within the Department of Law Enforcement as provided in under chapter 943 or the police officer provides proof to the board of trustees

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that such service is equivalent to the service required to meet the definition of a police officer under subsection (16) (11).

- (d) In determining the creditable service of \underline{a} any police officer, credit for up to 5 years of the time spent in the military service of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be added to the years of actual service, if:
- 1. The police officer is in the active employ of the municipality <u>before</u> prior to such service and leaves a position, other than a temporary position, for the purpose of voluntary or involuntary service in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- 2. The police officer is entitled to reemployment under the provisions of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act.
- 3. The police officer returns to his or her employment as a police officer of the municipality within 1 year after from the date of his or her release from such active service.
- (8) (6) "Deferred Retirement Option Plan" or "DROP" means a local law plan retirement option in which a police officer may elect to participate. A police officer may retire for all purposes of the plan and defer receipt of retirement benefits into a DROP account while continuing employment with his or her employer. However, a police officer who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate may shall not thereby be precluded from participation or continued participation participating, or continuing to participate, in a supplemental plan in existence on, or created after, March 12, 1999 the

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effective date of this act.

- (9) "Defined contribution plan" means the component of a local law plan, as provided in s. 185.35(1), to which deposits, if any, are made to provide benefits for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters if both are included. Such component is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with the defined benefit component that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter. The retirement benefits, if any, of the defined contribution plan shall be provided through individual member accounts in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and are limited to the contributions, if any, made into each member's account and the member's account.
- $\underline{(10)}$ "Division" means the Division of Retirement of the Department of Management Services.
- (11) (8) "Enrolled actuary" means an actuary who is enrolled under Subtitle C of Title III of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and who is a member of the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries.
- $\underline{\text{(12)}}$ "Local law municipality" $\underline{\text{means}}$ is any municipality in which there exists a local law plan $\underline{\text{exists}}$.
- (13) (10) "Local law plan" means a <u>retirement</u> defined benefit pension plan, which includes both a defined benefit plan component and a defined contribution plan component, for police

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officers, or for police officers and firefighters <u>if both are</u>, where included, as described in s. 185.35, established by municipal ordinance or special act of the Legislature, which enactment sets forth all plan provisions. Local law plan provisions may vary from the provisions of this chapter <u>if the</u>, provided that required minimum benefits and minimum standards <u>of this chapter</u> are met. <u>However</u>, any such variance <u>must shall</u> provide a greater benefit for police officers. Actuarial valuations of local law plans shall be conducted by an enrolled actuary as provided in s. 185.221(2)(b).

- (14) "Minimum benefits" means the benefits set forth in ss. 185.01-185.341 and ss. 185.37-185.50.
- (15) "Minimum standards" means the standards set forth in ss. 185.01-185.341 and ss. 185.37-185.50.
- (16)(11) "Police officer" means any person who is elected, appointed, or employed full time by a any municipality, who is certified or required to be certified as a law enforcement officer in compliance with s. 943.1395, who is vested with authority to bear arms and make arrests, and whose primary responsibility is the prevention and detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, criminal, traffic, or highway laws of the state. The term This definition includes all certified supervisory and command personnel whose duties include, in whole or in part, the supervision, training, guidance, and management responsibilities of full-time law enforcement officers, part-time law enforcement officers, or auxiliary law enforcement

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officers, but does not include part-time law enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers as those terms the same are defined in s. 943.10(6) and (8), respectively. For the purposes of this chapter only, the term also includes "police officer" also shall include a public safety officer who is responsible for performing both police and fire services. Any plan may provide that the police chief shall have an option to participate, or not, in that plan.

(17) (12) "Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund" means a trust fund, by whatever name known, as provided under s. 185.03 for the purpose of assisting municipalities in establishing and maintaining a retirement plan for police officers.

(18) (13) "Retiree" or "retired police officer" means a police officer who has entered retirement status. For the purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), a police officer who enters the DROP is shall be considered a retiree for all purposes of the plan. However, a police officer who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate may shall not thereby be precluded from participating, or continuing to participate, in a supplemental plan in existence on, or created after, March 12, 1999 the effective date of this act.

(19)(14) "Retirement" means a police officer's separation from municipal city employment as a police officer with immediate eligibility for receipt of benefits under the plan. For purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement

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Option Plan (DROP), "retirement" means the date a police officer enters the DROP.

- (20) "Special act plan" means a plan subject to the provisions of this chapter which was created by an act of the Legislature and continues to require an act of the Legislature to alter plan benefits.
- (21) "Special benefits" means benefits provided in a defined contribution plan for police officers.
- (22) (15) "Supplemental plan" means a plan to which deposits of the premium tax moneys as provided in s. 185.08 are made to provide extra benefits to police officers, or police officers and firefighters if both are where included, under this chapter. Such a plan is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with a defined benefit component plan that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter. Any supplemental plan in existence on March 1, 2014, shall be deemed to be a defined contribution plan in compliance with s. 185.35(6).
- $\underline{(23)}$ (16) "Supplemental plan municipality" means \underline{a} any local law municipality in which there existed a supplemental plan existed as of December 1, 2000.
- Section 16. Subsection (6) of section 185.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 185.06 General powers and duties of board of trustees.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:

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- (6) To assist the board in meeting its responsibilities under this chapter, the board, if it so elects, may:
- (a) Employ independent legal counsel at the pension fund's expense.
- (b) Employ an independent enrolled actuary, as defined in s. 185.02 + (8), at the pension fund's expense.
- (c) Employ such independent professional, technical, or other advisers as it deems necessary at the pension fund's expense.

If the board chooses to use the municipality's or special district's legal counsel or actuary, or chooses to use any of the municipality's other professional, technical, or other advisers, it must do so only under terms and conditions acceptable to the board.

Section 17. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 185.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 185.07 Creation and maintenance of fund.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:
- (1) The municipal police officers' retirement trust fund in each municipality described in s. 185.03 shall be created and maintained in the following manner:
- (d) By payment by the municipality or other sources of a sum equal to the normal cost and the amount required to fund any actuarial deficiency shown by an actuarial valuation conducted

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under as provided in part VII of chapter 112 after taking into account the amounts described in paragraphs (b), (c), (e), (f), and (g) and the tax proceeds described in paragraph (a) which are used to fund defined benefit plan benefits.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to require adjustment of member contribution rates in effect on the date this act becomes a law, including rates that exceed 5 percent of salary, provided that such rates are at least one-half of 1 percent of salary.

Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 185.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.16 Requirements for retirement.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, any police officer who completes 10 or more years of creditable service as a police officer and attains age 55, or completes 25 years of creditable service as a police officer and attains age 52, and for such period has been a member of the retirement fund is eligible for normal retirement benefits.

Normal retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the city on or after the normal retirement date. In such event, for chapter plans and local law plans, payment of retirement income will be governed by the following provisions of this section:

(2) (a) The amount of the monthly retirement income payable to a police officer who retires on or after his or her normal

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retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of the police officer's years of credited service multiplied by 2.75 2 percent of his or her average final compensation. However, if current state contributions pursuant to this chapter are not adequate to fund the additional benefits to meet the minimum requirements in this chapter, only increment increases shall be required as state moneys are adequate to provide. Such increments shall be provided as state moneys become available. (b) Effective July 1, 2014, a plan that is in compliance with this chapter except that the plan provides a benefit that is less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a police officer must maintain, at a minimum, the percentage amount in effect on July 1, 2014, and is not required to increase the benefit to 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a police officer. Effective July 1, 2014, a plan that is in compliance with this chapter except that the plan provides a benefit that is less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a police officer and that changes its accrual rate to 2.75 percent, or greater, of the average final compensation of a police officer may not thereafter decrease the accrual rate to less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a police officer. Section 19. Section 185.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.35 Municipalities <u>that have</u> having their own

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retirement pension plans for police officers.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, In order for a municipality that has its municipalities with their own retirement plan pension plans for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters if both are included, to participate in the distribution of the tax fund established under pursuant to s. 185.08, a local law plan plans must meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter:

- (1) If a municipality has a <u>retirement</u> pension plan for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters if <u>both</u> <u>are</u> included, which, in the opinion of the division, meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter, the board of trustees of the pension plan <u>must</u>, <u>as</u> approved by a majority of police officers of the municipality, may:
- (a) place the income from the premium tax in s. 185.08 in such pension plan for the sole and exclusive use of its police officers, or its police officers and firefighters if both are included, where it shall become an integral part of that pension plan and shall be used to fund benefits as provided herein.

 Effective October 1, 2014, for noncollectively bargained service or upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement on or after July 1, 2014:
- (a) The base premium tax revenues must be used to fund minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the

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minimum benefits as determined by the municipality.

- (b) Of the additional premium tax revenues received which are in excess of the amount received for the 2013 calendar year,

 50 percent must be used to fund minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the minimum benefits as determined by the municipality, and 50 percent must be placed in a defined contribution plan to fund special benefits.
- (c) Additional premium tax revenues not described in paragraph (b) must be used to fund benefits that are not included in the minimum benefits. If the additional premium tax revenues subject to this paragraph exceed the full cost of benefits provided through the plan which are in excess of the minimum benefits, any amount in excess of the full cost must be used as provided in paragraph (b).
- which have not been applied to fund benefits in excess of the minimum benefits may be allocated by mutual consent as provided in paragraph (g). If such accumulations are not allocated by mutual consent, 50 percent of the amount of the accumulations must be used to fund special benefits and 50 percent must be applied to fund any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan pay extra benefits to the police officers included in that pension plan; or
- (b) May place the income from the premium tax in s. 185.08 in a separate supplemental plan to pay extra benefits to the police officers, or police officers and firefighters if

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included, participating in such separate supplemental plan.

- (e) For a plan created after March 1, 2014, 50 percent of the insurance premium tax revenues shall be used to fund defined benefit plan component benefits, with the remainder used to fund defined contribution plan component benefits.
- (f) If a plan offers benefits in excess of the minimum benefits, excluding supplemental plan benefits in effect as of September 30, 2013, such benefits may be reduced if the plan continues to meet the minimum benefits and the minimum standards set forth in this chapter. The amount of insurance premium tax revenues previously used to fund benefits in excess of the minimum benefits, excluding supplemental plan benefits in effect as of September 30, 2013, before the reduction must be used as provided in paragraph (b). However, benefits in excess of the minimum benefits may not be reduced if a plan does not meet the minimum accrual rate of 2.75 percent, or greater, of the average final compensation of a police officer.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection, the use of premium tax revenues, including any accumulations of additional tax revenues which have not been applied to fund benefits in excess of the minimum benefits, may deviate from the provisions of this subsection by mutual consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if none, by majority consent of the police officer members of the fund, and by consent of the municipality, provided that the plan continues to meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards of

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this chapter; however, a plan operating pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph which does not meet a minimum benefit as of October 1, 2012, may continue to provide the benefit that does not meet the minimum benefit at the same level, but not less than that level, as was provided as of October 1, 2012, and all other benefits must continue to meet the minimum benefits. Such mutually agreed deviation shall continue until modified or revoked by subsequent mutual consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if none, by a majority of the police officer members of the fund, and the municipality. A special act plan or a plan within a supplemental plan municipality shall be considered to have mutually consented to such deviation as of July 1,2014, regarding the existing arrangement on the use of premium tax revenues.

cases be used in its entirety to provide retirement extra benefits to police officers, or to police officers and firefighters if both are included. However, local law plans in effect on October 1, 1998, must comply with the minimum benefit provisions of this chapter only to the extent that additional premium tax revenues become available to incrementally fund the cost of such compliance as provided in s. 185.16(2). If a plan is in compliance with such minimum benefit provisions, as subsequent additional tax revenues become available, they shall be used to provide extra benefits. Local law plans created by

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special act before May 27, 1939, shall be deemed to comply with this chapter. For the purpose of this chapter, the term:

- (a) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 which exceed the amount received for calendar year 1997.
- (b) "Extra benefits" means benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to general employees of the municipality and in addition to those in existence for police officers on March 12, 1999.
- A retirement plan or amendment to a retirement plan may not be proposed for adoption unless the proposed plan or amendment contains an actuarial estimate of the costs involved. Such proposed plan or proposed plan change may not be adopted without the approval of the municipality or, where required permitted, the Legislature. Copies of the proposed plan or proposed plan change and the actuarial impact statement of the proposed plan or proposed plan change shall be furnished to the division before the last public hearing on the proposal is held thereon. Such statement must also indicate whether the proposed plan or proposed plan change is in compliance with s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution and those provisions of part VII of chapter 112 which are not expressly provided in this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision, only those local law plans created by special act of legislation before May 27, 1939, are deemed to meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards only in this chapter.

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- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision, with respect to any supplemental plan municipality:
- (a) Section $\underline{185.02(6)(a)}$ $\underline{185.02(4)(a)}$ does not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan may continue to use their definition of compensation or salary in existence on March 12, 1999.
- (b) A local law plan and a supplemental plan must continue to be administered by a board or boards of trustees numbered, constituted, and selected as the board or boards were numbered, constituted, and selected on December 1, 2000.
- (c) The election set forth in paragraph (1) (b) is deemed to have been made.
- (5) The retirement plan setting forth the benefits and the trust agreement, if any, covering the duties and responsibilities of the trustees and the regulations of the investment of funds must be in writing and copies made available to the participants and to the general public.
- (6) In addition to the defined benefit component of the local law plan, each plan sponsor must have a defined contribution plan component within the local law plan by October 1, 2014, upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement on or after July 1, 2014, or upon the creation date of a new participating plan. Depending upon the application of subsection (1), a defined contribution component may or may not receive any funding.
 - (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a

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2315	municipality that has implemented or proposed changes to a local
2316	law plan based on the municipality's reliance on an
2317	interpretation of this chapter by the Department of Management
2318	Services on or after August 14, 2012, and before March 4, 2014,
2319	may continue the implemented changes or continue to implement
2320	proposed changes. Such reliance must be evidenced by a written
2321	collective bargaining proposal or agreement, or formal
2322	correspondence between the municipality and the Department of
2323	Management Services which describes the specific changes to the
2324	local law plan, with the initial proposal, agreement, or
2325	correspondence from the municipality dated before March 4, 2014.
2326	Changes to the local law plan which are otherwise contrary to
2327	the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter may
2328	continue in effect until the earlier of October 1, 2017, or the
2329	effective date of a collective bargaining agreement that is
2330	contrary to the changes to the local law plan.
2331	Section 20. Section 238.072, Florida Statutes, is amended
2332	to read:
2333	238.072 Special service provisions for extension
2334	personnel.—All state and county cooperative extension personnel
2335	holding appointments by the United States Department of
2336	Agriculture for extension work in agriculture and home economics
2337	in this state who are joint representatives of the University of
2338	Florida and the United States Department of Agriculture, as
2339	provided in s. $\underline{121.051(8)}$ $\underline{121.051(7)}$, who are members of the
2340	Teachers' Retirement System, chapter 238, and who are prohibited

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from transferring to and participating in the Florida Retirement System, chapter 121, may retire with full benefits upon completion of 30 years of creditable service and shall be considered to have attained normal retirement age under this chapter, any law to the contrary notwithstanding. In order to comply with the provisions of s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution, any liability accruing to the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund as a result of the provisions of this section shall be paid on an annual basis from the General Revenue Fund.

Section 21. Subsection (11) of section 413.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

413.051 Eligible blind persons; operation of vending stands.—

members of the Florida Retirement System pursuant to s. 121.051(7)(b)1. 121.051(6)(b)1. shall pay any unappropriated retirement costs from their net profits or from program income. Within 30 days after the effective date of this act, each blind licensee who is eligible to maintain membership in the Florida Retirement System under s. 121.051(6)(b)1., but who elects to withdraw from the system as provided in s. 121.051(6)(b)3., must, on or before July 31, 1996, notify the Division of Blind Services and the Department of Management Services in writing of his or her election to withdraw. Failure to timely notify the divisions shall be deemed a decision to remain a compulsory member of the Florida

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Retirement System. However, if, at any time after July 1, 1996, sufficient funds are not paid by a blind licensee to cover the required contribution to the Florida Retirement System, that blind licensee shall become ineligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System on the last day of the first month for which no contribution is made or the amount contributed is insufficient to cover the required contribution. For any blind licensee who becomes ineligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System as described in this subsection, no creditable service shall be earned under the Florida Retirement System for any period following the month that retirement contributions ceased to be reported. However, any such person may participate in the Florida Retirement System in the future if employed by a participating employer in a covered position.

Section 22. The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served when employees and retirees of the state and its political subdivisions, and the dependents, survivors, and beneficiaries of such employees and retirees, are extended the basic protections afforded by governmental retirement systems. These persons must be provided benefits that are fair and adequate and that are managed, administered, and funded in an actuarially sound manner, as required by s. 14, Article X of the State Constitution and part VII of chapter 112, Florida Statutes. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest.

Section 23. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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