A bill to be entitled

An act relating to postsecondary access and

An act relating to postsecondary access and affordability; amending s. 446.021, F.S.; revising definitions relating to state apprenticeship and jobtraining programs; amending s. 446.032, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 446.045, F.S.; revising criteria for certain appointments to the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council; amending s. 446.081, F.S.; limiting applicability of state apprenticeship and job-training program requirements with respect to certain provisions for veterans, minority persons, and women; amending s. 446.091,

F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 446.092,
F.S.; revising criteria for apprenticeship

occupations; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; specifying that the costs of instructional materials are not included in tuition for certain online degree programs; amending s. 1004.015, F.S.; revising the

membership of the Higher Education Coordinating Council; creating s. 1004.084, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors of the State University System and

the State Board of Education to submit annual reports to the Governor and Legislature relating to college affordability; amending s. 1004.085, F.S.; revising provisions relating to textbook affordability to

include instructional materials; defining the term

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"instructional materials"; requiring Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to identify wide variances in the costs of, and in the frequency of changes in the selection of, textbooks and instructional materials for certain courses; requiring the boards of trustees to send identified courses to the academic department chairs for review; providing for legislative review and repeal of specified provisions; requiring postsecondary institutions to consult with certain school districts to identify certain practices; requiring cost-benefit analyses relating to textbooks and instructional materials; providing reporting requirements; amending s. 1004.92, F.S.; revising the program standards for career, adult, and community education programs; providing for rulemaking; amending s. 1009.23, F.S.; requiring Florida College System institutions to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the assessment of a tuition differential by a state university board of trustees; revising requirements for the use of tuition differential revenues; deleting a requirement that a certain percentage of tuition differential revenues be used for the purpose of improvements in the quality of undergraduate education; requiring

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state universities to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; creating s. 1011.802, F.S.; creating the Florida Apprenticeship Grant Program within the Department of Education to provide grants to specific centers and institutions for the creation of new apprenticeship programs or the expansion of existing apprenticeship programs; providing requirements related to applications, program priority, use of grant funds, and guarterly reports; creating s. 1011.803, F.S.; creating the Rapid Response Grant Program; providing for the purpose, requirements, and administration of the program; requiring certain career centers to provide quarterly reports; requiring an annual analysis of the program; providing appropriations; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (2), (4), and (9) of section 446.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.021 Definitions of terms used in ss. 446.011-446.092.As used in ss. 446.011-446.092, the term:

(2) "Apprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through actual work experience under the supervision of a journeyworker

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journeymen craftsmen, which training should be combined with properly coordinated studies of related technical and supplementary subjects, and who has entered into a written agreement, which may be cited as an apprentice agreement, with a registered apprenticeship sponsor who may be either an employer, an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship committee.

- (4) "Journeyworker Journeyman" means a worker who has attained a level of skill and the abilities and competencies recognized within an industry as having mastered the skills and competencies required for the occupation. The term includes a mentor, technician, or specialist or other skilled worker who has documented sufficient skills and knowledge of an occupation, either through formal apprenticeship or through practical onthe-job experience and formal training person working in an apprenticeable occupation who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship program or who has worked the number of years required by established industry practices for the particular trade or occupation.
- (9) "Related instruction" means an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide the apprentice with knowledge of the theoretical and technical subjects related to a specific trade or occupation. Such instruction may be given in a classroom, through occupational or industrial courses or correspondence courses of equivalent value, through electronic media, or through other forms of self-

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study approved by the department.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 446.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship training.—The department shall:

- (1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies governing apprentice programs and agreements. The standards and policies shall govern the terms and conditions of the apprentice's employment and training, including the quality training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters as ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers journeymen, safety, related instruction, and on-the-job training; but these standards and policies may not include rules, standards, or guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job trainees on state, county, or municipal contracts. The department may adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and policies.
- Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 446.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 446.045 State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.-
- (2) (b) The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's designee shall serve ex officio as chair of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council, but may not vote. The state director of the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor shall serve ex officio as a nonvoting member of the council. The Governor shall appoint to the council four members representing employee organizations and four members

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representing employer organizations. Each of these eight members shall represent industries that have registered apprenticeship programs. The Governor shall also appoint two public members who are knowledgeable about registered apprenticeship and apprenticeable occupations and who are independent of any joint or nonjoint organization, one of whom shall be recommended by joint organizations, and one of whom shall be recommended by nonjoint organizations. Members shall be appointed for 4-year staggered terms. A vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term.

Section 4. Subsection (4) is added to section 446.081, Florida Statutes, to read:

446.081 Limitation.-

(4) Nothing in ss. 446.011-446.092 or in any rules adopted, or in any apprentice agreement approved, under those sections shall operate to invalidate any special provision for veterans, minority persons, or women in the standards, apprentice qualifications, or operation of the program, which is not otherwise prohibited by law, executive order, or authorized regulation.

Section 5. Section 446.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.091 On-the-job training program.—All provisions of ss. 446.011-446.092 relating to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship, including, but not limited to, programs, agreements, standards, administration, procedures, definitions,

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expenditures, local committees, powers and duties, limitations, grievances, and ratios of apprentices and job trainees to journeyworkers journeymen on state, county, and municipal contracts, shall be appropriately adapted and made applicable to a program of on-the-job training authorized under those provisions for persons other than apprentices.

Section 6. Section 446.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.092 Criteria for apprenticeship occupations.—An apprenticeable occupation is a skilled trade which possesses all of the following characteristics:

- (1) It is customarily learned in a practical way through a structured, systematic program of on-the-job, supervised training.
- (2) It is <u>clearly identified and</u> commonly recognized throughout <u>an</u> the industry or recognized with a positive view towards changing technology.
- (3) It involves manual, mechanical, or technical skills and knowledge which, in accordance with the industry standards for the occupation, would require a minimum of 2,000 hours of on-the-job work and training, which hours are excluded from the time spent at related instruction.
- (4) It requires related instruction to supplement on-thejob training. Such instruction may be given in a classroom, through occupational or industrial courses or through correspondence courses of equivalent value, through electronic

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media,	or	through	other	forms	of	self-study	approved	by	the
depart	ment	<u>-</u> .							

- (5) It involves the development of skill sufficiently broad to be applicable in like occupations throughout an industry, rather than of restricted application to the products or services of any one company.
 - (6) It does not fall into any of the following categories:
- (a) Selling, retailing, or similar occupations in the distributive field.
 - (b) Managerial occupations.
 - (c) Professional and scientific vocations for which entrance requirements customarily require an academic degree.
 - Section 7. Paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.-
 - (4) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR ONLINE LEARNING.—A state research university that, as of July 1, 2013, meets all 12 of the academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board of Governors, shall establish an institute for online learning. The institute shall establish a robust offering of high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs at an affordable cost in accordance with this subsection.
 - (k) The university shall establish a tuition structure for its online institute in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

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- 1. For students classified as residents for tuition purposes, tuition for an online baccalaureate degree program shall be set at no more than 75 percent of the tuition rate as specified in the General Appropriations Act pursuant to s. 1009.24(4) and 75 percent of the tuition differential pursuant to s. 1009.24(16). No distance learning fee, fee for campus facilities, or fee for on-campus services may be assessed, except that online students shall pay the university's technology fee, financial aid fee, and Capital Improvement Trust Fund fee. The revenues generated from the Capital Improvement Trust Fund fee shall be dedicated to the university's institute for online learning.
- 2. For students classified as nonresidents for tuition purposes, tuition may be set at market rates in accordance with the business plan.
- 3. Tuition for an online degree program shall include all costs associated with instruction, materials, and enrollment, excluding costs associated with the provision of textbooks <u>and instructional materials</u> pursuant to s. 1004.085 and physical laboratory supplies.
- 4. Subject to the limitations in subparagraph 1., tuition may be differentiated by degree program as appropriate to the instructional and other costs of the program in accordance with the business plan. Pricing must incorporate innovative approaches that incentivize persistence and completion, including, but not limited to, a fee for assessment, a bundled

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or all-inclusive rate, and sliding scale features.

- 5. The university must accept advance payment contracts and student financial aid.
- 6. Fifty percent of the net revenues generated from the online institute of the university shall be used to enhance and enrich the online institute offerings, and 50 percent of the net revenues generated from the online institute shall be used to enhance and enrich the university's campus state-of-the-art research programs and facilities.
- 7. The institute may charge additional local user fees pursuant to s. 1009.24(14) upon the approval of the Board of Governors.
- 8. The institute shall submit a proposal to the president of the university authorizing additional user fees for the provision of voluntary student participation in activities and additional student services.
- Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1004.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1004.015 Higher Education Coordinating Council.-
 - (2) Members of the council shall include:
- (a) One member of the Board of Governors, appointed by the chair of the Board of Governors.
 - (b) The Chancellor of the State University System.
 - (c) The Chancellor of the Florida College System.
 - (d) The Chancellor of Career and Adult Education.
 - (e) (d) One member of the State Board of Education,

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appointed by the chair of the State Board of Education.

- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ The Executive Director of the Florida Association of Postsecondary Schools and Colleges.
- $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ (f) The president of the Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida.
- 266 (h) (g) The president of Workforce Florida, Inc., or his or her designee.
 - (i) (h) The president of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or a designated member of the Stakeholders Council appointed by the president.
 - (j)(i) Three representatives of the business community, one appointed by the President of the Senate, one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one appointed by the Governor, who are committed to developing and enhancing world class workforce infrastructure necessary for Florida's citizens to compete and prosper in the ever-changing economy of the 21st century.
 - Section 9. Section 1004.084, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.084 College affordability.-

- (1) The Board of Governors and the State Board of Education shall annually identify strategies to promote college affordability for all Floridians by evaluating, at a minimum, the impact of:
 - (a) Tuition and fees at public colleges and universities.
 - (b) Federal, state, and institutional financial aid

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policies on the actual cost of attendance for students and their families.

- (c) The costs of textbooks and instructional materials.
- (2) By December 31 of each year, beginning in 2015, the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education shall submit a report on their respective college affordability initiatives to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 10. Section 1004.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.085 Textbook <u>and instructional materials</u> affordability.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term "instructional materials" means educational materials for use within a course which may be available in printed or digital format.
- (2)(1) An No employee of a Florida College System institution or state university may not demand or receive any payment, loan, subscription, advance, deposit of money, service, or anything of value, present or promised, in exchange for requiring students to purchase a specific textbook or instructional material for coursework or instruction.
 - (3) (2) An employee may receive:
- (a) Sample copies, instructor copies, or instructional materials. These materials may not be sold for any type of compensation if they are specifically marked as free samples not for resale.

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- (b) Royalties or other compensation from sales of textbooks or instructional materials that include the instructor's own writing or work.
- (c) Honoraria for academic peer review of course materials.
- (d) Fees associated with activities such as reviewing, critiquing, or preparing support materials for textbooks <u>or instructional materials</u> pursuant to guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education or the Board of Governors.
- (e) Training in the use of course materials and learning technologies.
- (4) Each Florida College System institution and state university board of trustees shall, each semester, examine the cost of textbooks and instructional materials by course and course section for all general education courses offered at the institution to identify any variance in the cost of textbooks and instructional materials among different sections of the same course and the percentage of textbooks and instructional materials that remain in use for more than one term. Courses that have a wide variance in costs among sections or that have frequent changes in textbook and instructional material selections shall be identified and sent to the appropriate academic department chair for review. This subsection is repealed July 1, 2017, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
 - (5) (3) Each Florida College System institution

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institutions and state university universities shall post prominently in the course registration system and on its website on their websites, as early as is feasible, but at least not less than 30 days before prior to the first day of class for each term, a hyperlink to lists list of each textbook required and recommended textbooks and instructional materials for each course offered at the institution during the upcoming term. The lists posted list must include the International Standard Book Number (ISBN) for each required and recommended textbook and instructional material or other identifying information, which must include, at a minimum, all of the following: the title, all authors listed, publishers, edition number, copyright date, published date, and other relevant information necessary to identify the specific textbook or textbooks or instructional materials required and recommended for each course. The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors shall include in the policies, procedures, and guidelines adopted under subsection (6) (4) certain limited exceptions to this notification requirement for classes added after the notification deadline.

(6) (4) The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors each shall adopt textbook and instructional material affordability policies, procedures, and guidelines for implementation by Florida College System institutions and state universities, respectively, that further efforts to minimize the cost of textbooks and instructional materials for students

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attending such institutions while maintaining the quality of education and academic freedom. The policies, procedures, and guidelines shall address provide for the following:

- instructional materials adoptions are made with sufficient lead time so that to bookstores may so as to confirm availability of the requested materials and, where possible, maximize ensure maximum availability of used textbooks or instructional materials books.
- department offering the course, before the textbook or instructional material adoption is finalized That, in the textbook adoption process, of the intent to use all items ordered, particularly each individual item sold as part of a bundled package, is confirmed by the course instructor or the academic department offering the course before the adoption is finalized.
- (c) <u>Determination by That</u> a course instructor or the academic department offering the course determines, before a textbook <u>or instructional material</u> is adopted, <u>of</u> the extent to which a new edition differs significantly and substantively from earlier versions and the value <u>to the student</u> of changing to a new edition or the extent to which an open-access textbook <u>or instructional material</u> is available <u>may exist and be used</u>.
- (d) That the establishment of policies shall address The availability of required and recommended textbooks and

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<u>instructional materials</u> to students otherwise unable to afford the cost, including consideration of the extent to which an open-access textbook <u>or instructional material</u> may be used.

- (e) Participation by That course instructors and academic departments are encouraged to participate in the development, adaptation, and review of open-access textbooks and instructional materials and, in particular, open-access textbooks and instructional materials for high-demand general education courses.
- (f) Consultation with school districts to identify practices that impact the cost of dual enrollment textbooks and instructional materials to school districts, including but not limited to, the length of time that textbooks or instructional materials remain in use.
- (g) Selection of textbooks and instructional materials through cost-benefit analyses that enable students to obtain the highest-quality product at the lowest available price, by considering:
 - 1. Purchasing digital textbooks in bulk.
- 2. Expanding the use of open-access textbooks and instructional materials.
- 3. Providing rental options for textbooks and instructional materials.
- 4. Increasing the availability and use of affordable digital textbooks and learning objects.
 - 5. Developing mechanisms to assist in buying, renting,

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selling, and sharing textbooks and instructional materials.

- 6. The length of time that textbooks and instructional materials remain in use.
- (7) The board of trustees of each Florida College System institution and state university shall report, by September 30 of each year, beginning in 2015, to the Chancellor of the Florida College System or the Chancellor of the State University System, as applicable, the textbook and instructional material selection process for general education courses with a wide cost variance identified pursuant to subsection (4) and highenrollment courses; specific initiatives of the institution designed to reduce the costs of textbooks and instructional materials; policies implemented in accordance with subsection (6); the number of courses and course sections that were not able to meet the textbook and instructional materials posting deadline for the previous academic year; and any additional information determined by the chancellors. By November 1 of each year, beginning in 2015, each chancellor shall provide a summary of the information provided by institutions to the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors, as applicable.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1004.92, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

1004.92 Purpose and responsibilities for career education.—

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- (b) Department of Education accountability for career education includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. The provision of timely, accurate technical assistance to school districts and Florida College System institutions.
- 2. The provision of timely, accurate information to the State Board of Education, the Legislature, and the public.
- 3. The development of policies, rules, and procedures that facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within the department.
- 4. The development of program standards and industry-driven benchmarks for career, adult, and community education programs, which must be updated every 3 years. The standards must reflect the quality components of a career and technical education program and include career, academic, and workplace skills; viability of distance learning for instruction; and work/learn cycles that are responsive to business and industry.
- 5. Overseeing school district and Florida College System institution compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
- 6. Ensuring that the educational outcomes for the technical component of career programs are uniform and designed to provide a graduate who is capable of entering the workforce on an equally competitive basis regardless of the institution of choice.
- (4) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

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Section 12. Subsection (20) is added to section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.-
- (20) Each Florida College System institution shall publicly notice and notify all enrolled students of any proposal to increase tuition or fees at least 28 days before its consideration at a board of trustees meeting. The notice must:
- (a) Include the date and time of the meeting at which the proposal will be considered.
- (b) Specifically outline the details of existing tuition and fees, the rationale for the proposed increase, and how the funds from the proposed increase will be used.
- (c) Be posted on the institution's website and issued in a press release.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsection (16) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (20) is added to that section, to read:

1009.24 State university student fees.-

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(b) The Board of Governors, or the board's designee, may establish tuition for graduate and professional programs, and out-of-state fees for all programs. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the sum of tuition and out-of-state fees assessed to nonresident students must be sufficient to offset the full instructional cost of serving such students. However, adjustments to out-of-state fees or tuition for graduate

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programs and professional programs may not exceed 15 percent in any year.

- establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses if such fee was approved by the Board of Governors before July 1, 2014 upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors.

 However, beginning July 1, 2014, the Board of Governors may only approve the establishment of or an increase in tuition differential for a state research university designated as a preeminent state research university pursuant to s.

 1001.7065(3). The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.
- (a) Thirty Seventy percent of the revenues from the tuition differential shall be expended for purposes of undergraduate education. Such expenditures may include, but are not limited to, increasing course offerings, improving graduation rates, increasing the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, decreasing student-faculty ratios, providing salary increases for faculty who have a history of excellent teaching in undergraduate courses, improving the efficiency of the delivery of undergraduate education through academic advisement and counseling, and reducing the percentage of students who graduate with excess hours. This expenditure for undergraduate education may not be

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used to pay the salaries of graduate teaching assistants. as otherwise provided in this subsection, the remaining 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential, or the equivalent amount of revenue from private sources, shall be expended to provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need, including students who are scholarship recipients under s. 1009.984, to meet the cost of university attendance. This expenditure for need-based financial aid shall not supplant the amount of need-based aid provided to undergraduate students in the preceding fiscal year from financial aid fee revenues, the direct appropriation for financial assistance provided to state universities in the General Appropriations Act, or from private sources. The total amount of tuition differential waived under subparagraph (b)7. (b)8. may be included in calculating the expenditures for needbased financial aid to undergraduate students required by this subsection. This expenditure for need-based financial aid is not required if the entire tuition and fee costs of resident students who have applied for and received Pell Grant funds have been met and the university has excess funds remaining from the 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential required to be used to assist students who exhibit financial need, the university may expend the excess portion in the same manner as required for the other 70 percent of the tuition differential revenues.

(b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following

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conditions:

- 1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state university.
- 2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses, by campus or center location, and by institution. Each university board of trustees shall strive to maintain and increase enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, high technology, and other state or regional high-need fields when establishing tuition differentials by course.
- 3. For each state university that is designated as a preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors, pursuant to s. 1001.7065, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition differential may be increased by no more than 6 percent of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the preceding fiscal year. The tuition differential may be increased if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets for that university established annually by the Board of Governors for the following performance standards, amounting to no more than a 2-percent increase in the tuition differential for each performance standard:
- a. An increase in the 6-year graduation rate for fulltime, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System.
 - b. An increase in the total annual research expenditures.c. An increase in the total patents awarded by the United

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States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years.

- 3.4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not exceed the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 4-year degree-granting public postsecondary educational institutions.
- $\underline{4.5.}$ The tuition differential shall not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538.
- 5.6. Beneficiaries having prepaid tuition contracts pursuant to s. 1009.98(2)(b) which were in effect on July 1, 2007, and which remain in effect, are exempt from the payment of the tuition differential.
- $\underline{6.7.}$ The tuition differential may not be charged to any student who was in attendance at the university before July 1, 2007, and who maintains continuous enrollment.
- $\frac{7.8.}{1009.50}$ The tuition differential may be waived by the university for students who meet the eligibility requirements for the Florida public student assistance grant established in s. 1009.50.
- 9. Subject to approval by the Board of Governors, the tuition differential authorized pursuant to this subsection may take effect with the 2009 fall term.
- (c) Each state university that is designated as a preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors pursuant to s. 1001.7065 may increase the tuition differential

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annually in accordance with this subsection. However, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition differential may be increased by no more than 6 percent of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the preceding fiscal year. The tuition differential may be increased only if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets for that university established annually by the Board of Governors for the following performance standards, amounting to no more than a 2-percent increase in the tuition differential for each performance standard:

- 1. An increase in the 6-year graduation rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System.
 - 2. An increase in total annual research expenditures.
- 3. An increase in total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years.
- (c) A university board of trustees may submit a proposal to the Board of Governors to implement a tuition differential for one or more undergraduate courses. At a minimum, the proposal shall:
- 1. Identify the course or courses for which the tuition differential will be assessed.
- 2. Indicate the amount that will be assessed for each tuition differential proposed.
 - 3. Indicate the purpose of the tuition differential.
 - 4. Indicate how the revenues from the tuition differential

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will be used.

5. Indicate how the university will monitor the success of the tuition differential in achieving the purpose for which the tuition differential is being assessed.

- (d) The Board of Governors shall review each proposal and advise the university board of trustees of approval of the proposal, the need for additional information or revision to the proposal, or denial of the proposal. The Board of Governors shall establish a process for any university to revise a proposal or appeal a decision of the board.
- (d) (e) The Board of Governors shall submit a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor describing the implementation of the provisions of this subsection no later than February 1 of each year. The report shall summarize proposals received by the board during the preceding fiscal year and actions taken by the board in response to such proposals. In addition, the report shall provide the following information for each university that assesses has been approved by the board to assess a tuition differential:
- 1. The course or courses for which the tuition differential was assessed and the amount assessed.
- 2. The total revenues generated by the tuition differential.
- 3. With respect to waivers authorized under subparagraph (b) 7. (b) 8., the number of students eligible for a waiver, the

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number of students receiving a waiver, and the value of waivers provided.

- 4. Detailed expenditures of the revenues generated by the tuition differential.
- 5. Changes in retention rates, graduation rates, the percentage of students graduating with more than 110 percent of the hours required for graduation, pass rates on licensure examinations, the number of undergraduate course offerings, the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, student-faculty ratios, and the average salaries of faculty who teach undergraduate courses.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ $\underline{\text{A}}$ No state university <u>is not shall be</u> required to lower <u>a</u> any tuition differential that was approved by the Board of Governors and in effect <u>before July 1, 2014</u> <u>prior to January 1, 2009</u>, in order to comply with <u>the provisions of this subsection</u>.
- (20) Each state university shall publicly notice and notify all enrolled students of any proposal to increase tuition or fees at least 28 days before its consideration at a board of trustees meeting. The notice must:
- (a) Include the date and time of the meeting at which the proposal will be considered.
- (b) Specifically outline the details of existing tuition and fees, the rationale for the proposed increase, and how the funds from the proposed increase will be used.
 - (c) Be posted on the university's website and issued in a

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677 press release.

Section 14. Section 1011.802, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1011.802 Florida Apprenticeship Grant (FLAG) Program.-

- (1) The Florida Apprenticeship Grant Program is created to provide grants to career centers, charter technical career centers, and Florida College System institutions on a competitive basis to establish new apprenticeship programs and expand existing apprenticeship programs. The Division of Career and Adult Education within the Department of Education shall administer the grant program.
- (2) Applications from career centers, charter technical career centers, and Florida College System institutions must contain projected enrollment and projected costs for the new or expanded apprenticeship program.
- (3) The department shall give priority to apprenticeship programs in the areas of information technology, health, and machining and manufacturing. Grant funds may be used for instructional equipment, supplies, personnel, student services, and other expenses associated with the creation or expansion of an apprenticeship program. Grant funds may not be used for recurring instructional costs or for a center's or an institution's indirect costs. Grant recipients must submit quarterly reports in a format prescribed by the department.

Section 15. Section 1011.803, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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1011.803	Rapid	Response	Grant.	Program
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- (1) The Rapid Response Grant Program is established to provide a competitive grant process for the expansion or implementation of high-demand postsecondary programs at career centers, as defined in ss. 1001.44 and 1002.34.
- (2) Each career center applying for a grant shall submit an application to the Department of Education in the format prescribed by the department. The application must include, but is not limited to, program expansion or development details, projected enrollment, and projected costs.
- (3) Each career center that is awarded a grant under this section shall submit quarterly reports to the department in the format prescribed by the department. Grant funds may not be used to supplant current funds and must be used to expand enrollment in existing postsecondary programs or develop new postsecondary programs.
- (4) The Department of Education shall administer the program and shall conduct an annual analysis and assessment of the effectiveness of the postsecondary programs funded under this section in meeting labor market demand.

Section 16. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year:

- (1) The sum of \$3 million in recurring funds is

 appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of

 Education to implement the Florida Apprenticeship Grant Program.
- (2) The sum of \$10 million in recurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of

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Education to implement the Rapid Response Grant Program.

Section 17. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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