

Ways and Means Committee

Wednesday, April 5, 2017 9:00 a.m. – 2:00 p.m. Morris Hall

AMENDMENTS

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee Representative Raburn offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (3) of section 163.356, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 163.356 Creation of community redevelopment agency.—

(3)(c) The governing body of the county or municipality shall designate a chair and vice chair from among the commissioners. An agency may employ an executive director, technical experts, and such other agents and employees, permanent and temporary, as it requires, and determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation. For such legal service as it requires, an agency may employ or retain its own counsel and legal staff.

(d) An agency authorized to transact business and exercise
powers under this part shall file with the governing body \underline{the}
report required pursuant to s. 163.371(1)., on or before March
31 of each year, a report of its activities for the preceding
fiscal year, which report shall include a complete financial
statement setting forth its assets, liabilities, income, and
operating expenses as of the end of such fiscal year. At the
time of filing the report, the agency shall publish in a
newspaper of general circulation in the community a notice to
the effect that such report has been filed with the county or
municipality and that the report is available for inspection
during business hours in the office of the clerk of the city or
county commission and in the office of the agency.

(e)(d) At any time after the creation of a community redevelopment agency, the governing body of the county or municipality may appropriate to the agency such amounts as the governing body deems necessary for the administrative expenses and overhead of the agency, including the development and implementation of community policing innovations.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 163.367, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.367 Public officials, commissioners, and employees subject to code of ethics.—

(1) (1) (a) The officers, commissioners, and employees of a community redevelopment agency created by, or designated

42	pursuant to, s. 163.356 or s. 163.357 are shall be subject to
43	the provisions and requirements of part III of chapter 112.
44	(b) Commissioners of a community redevelopment agency must
45	comply with the ethics training requirements in s. 112.3142.
46	Section 3. Subsection (5) is added to section 163.370,
47	Florida Statutes, to read:
48	163.370 Powers; counties and municipalities; community
49	redevelopment agencies.—
50	(5) A community redevelopment agency shall procure all
51	commodities and services under the same purchasing processes and
52	requirements that apply to the county or municipality that
53	created the agency.
54	Section 4. Section 163.371, Florida Statutes, is created
55	to read:
56	163.371 Reporting requirements.—
57	(1) Beginning March 31, 2018, and no later than March 31
58	of each year thereafter, a community redevelopment agency shall
59	file an annual report with the county or municipality that
60	created the agency and publish the information on the agency's
61	website. At the time the report is filed and the information is
62	published on the website, the agency shall also publish in a
63	newspaper of general circulation in the community a notice to
64	the effect that such report has been filed with the county or
65	municipality and that the report is available for inspection

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during business hours in the office of the clerk of the city or

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website	of	the	age	ency.	. Tì	ne r	eport	mι	ıst	inc	lude	the	e fo	0110	owing
informa	tion	n:													

- (a) A complete audit report of the redevelopment trust fund pursuant to s. 163.387(8).
- (b) The performance data for each plan authorized, administered, or overseen by the community redevelopment agency as of December 31 of the year being reported, including the:
- 1. Total number of projects started, completed, and the estimated project cost for each project.
 - 2. Total expenditures from the redevelopment trust fund.
- 3. Original assessed real property values within the community redevelopment agency's area of authority as of the day the agency was created.
- 4. Total assessed real property values of property within the boundaries of the community redevelopment agency as of January 1 of the year being reported.
- 5. The earliest available total of commercial property vacancy rates within the community redevelopment agency's area of authority as of the day the agency was created.
- 6. Total commercial property vacancy rates within the boundaries of the community redevelopment agency.
- 7. Assessed real property values for redeveloped properties within the boundaries of the community redevelopment agency as of January 1 of the year being reported.

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of th	ne	day	th	e agen	су	was	creat	ed.								

- 9. Total housing vacancy rates within the boundaries of the community redevelopment agency.
- 10. Total code enforcement violations within the boundaries of the community redevelopment agency.
- 11. Total amount expended for affordable housing for low and middle income residents if the community redevelopment agency has affordable housing as part of its community redevelopment plan.
- 12. For sponsorships and donations made to the community redevelopment agency, the name of the sponsor or donor and the total amount sponsored or donated.
- 13. Ratio of redevelopment funds to private funds expended within the boundaries of the community redevelopment agency.
- (2) By January 1, 2018, each community redevelopment agency shall publish on its website digital maps that depict the geographic boundaries and total acreage of the community redevelopment agency. If any change is made to the boundaries or total acreage, the agency shall post updated map files on its website within 60 days after the date such change takes effect.
- Section 5. Section 163.3755, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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116	163.3755 Termination of community redevelopment agencies;
117	prohibition on future creation.—
118	(1) Unless the governing body of the county or
119	municipality that created the community redevelopment agency
120	approves its continued existence by a super majority vote of the
121	governing body members, a community redevelopment agency in
122	existence on October 1, 2017, shall terminate on the expiration
123	date provided in the community redevelopment agency's charter on
124	October 1, 2017, or on September 30, 2037, whichever is earlier.
125	(2)(a) If the governing body of the county or municipality
126	that created the community redevelopment agency does not approve
127	its continued existence by a super majority vote of the
128	governing body members, a community redevelopment agency with
129	outstanding bonds as of October 1, 2017, and that do not mature
130	until after the earlier of the termination date of the agency or
131	September 30, 2037, remains in existence until the date the
132	bonds mature.
133	(b) A community redevelopment agency operating under this
134	subsection on or after September 30, 2037, may not extend the
135	maturity date of any outstanding bonds.

(c) The county or municipality that created the community redevelopment agency must issue a new finding of necessity limited to timely meeting the remaining bond obligations of the community redevelopment agency.

140	(5) A community redeveropment agency may not be created on
L41	or after October 1, 2017. A community redevelopment agency in
142	existence before October 1, 2017, may continue to operate as
143	provided in this part.
L44	Section 6. Section 163.3756, Florida Statutes, is created
145	to read:
146	163.3756 Inactive community redevelopment agencies
147	(1) The Legislature finds that a number of community
L48	redevelopment agencies continue to exist but report no revenues,
L49	no expenditures, and no outstanding debt in their annual report
150	to the Department of Financial Services pursuant to s. 218.32.
151	(2)(a) Beginning October 1, 2014, a community
152	redevelopment agency that has reported no revenues, no
153	expenditures, and no debt under s. 218.32 or s. 189.016(9), for
154	3 consecutive fiscal years shall be declared inactive by the
155	Department of Economic Opportunity. The department shall notify
L56	the agency of the declaration of inactive status under this
157	subsection. If the agency has no board members or no agent, the
158	notice of inactive status must be delivered to the governing
L59	board or commission of the county or municipality that created
160	the agency.
61	(b) The governing board of a community redevelopment
62	agency declared inactive under this subsection may seek to

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invalidate the declaration by initiating proceedings under s.

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165	notice	from	n the	depai	rtment	<u>t.</u>							

- (3) A community redevelopment agency declared inactive under this section is authorized only to expend funds from the redevelopment trust fund as necessary to service outstanding bond debt. The agency may not expend other funds without an ordinance of the governing body of the local government that created the agency consenting to the expenditure of funds.
- (4) The provisions of s. 189.062(2) and (4) do not apply to a community redevelopment agency that has been declared inactive under this section.
- (5) The provisions of this section are cumulative to the provisions of s. 189.062. To the extent the provisions of this section conflict with the provisions of s. 189.062, this section prevails.
- (6) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall maintain on its website a separate list of community redevelopment agencies declared inactive under this section.
- Section 7. Subsection (6), paragraph (d) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 163.387, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 163.387 Redevelopment trust fund.-
- 186 (6) <u>Beginning October 1, 2017,</u> moneys in the redevelopment 187 trust fund may be expended from time to time for undertakings of 188 a community redevelopment agency as described in the community

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and only	for	the £	ollowing	pur	poses	sta	ted ir	n this	subsect	cion	<u>.</u> ,
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- (a) Except as provided in this subsection, a community redevelopment agency shall comply with the requirements of s. 189.016.
- municipality shall submit its operating budget to the board of county commissioners for the county in which the community redevelopment agency is located within 10 days after the date of adoption of such budget and submit amendments to its operating budget to the board of county commissioners within 10 days after the date of adoption of the amended budget. Administrative and overhead expenses necessary or incidental to the implementation of a community redevelopment plan adopted by the agency.
- (c) The annual budget of a community redevelopment agency may provide for payment of the following expenses:
- 1. Administrative and overhead expenses directly or indirectly necessary to implement a community redevelopment plan adopted by the agency.
- 2.(b) Expenses of redevelopment planning, surveys, and financial analysis, including the reimbursement of the governing body or the community redevelopment agency for such expenses incurred before the redevelopment plan was approved and adopted.

<u>3.(c)</u>	The	acquisition	of	real	property	in	the
redevelopmer	nt ai	cea.					

- $\frac{4.(d)}{d}$ The clearance and preparation of any redevelopment area for redevelopment and relocation of site occupants within or outside the community redevelopment area as provided in s. 163.370.
- 5.(e) The repayment of principal and interest or any redemption premium for loans, advances, bonds, bond anticipation notes, and any other form of indebtedness.
- $\underline{6.(f)}$ All expenses incidental to or connected with the issuance, sale, redemption, retirement, or purchase of bonds, bond anticipation notes, or other form of indebtedness, including funding of any reserve, redemption, or other fund or account provided for in the ordinance or resolution authorizing such bonds, notes, or other form of indebtedness.
- $\frac{7.(g)}{}$ The development of affordable housing within the community redevelopment area.
 - $\underline{8.}_{(h)}$ The development of community policing innovations.
- (7) On the last day of the fiscal year of the community redevelopment agency, any money which remains in the trust fund after the payment of expenses pursuant to subsection (6) for such year shall be:
- (d) Appropriated to a specific redevelopment project pursuant to an approved community redevelopment plan which project will be completed within 3 years from the date of such

239	appropriation. The specific redevelopment project for which
240	funds are appropriated under this subsection may not be change
241	at a later date.

- (8) (a) Each community redevelopment agency shall provide for an audit of the trust fund each fiscal year and a report of such audit to be prepared by an independent certified public accountant or firm.
 - (b) The audit Such report shall:
- 1. Describe the amount and source of deposits into, and the amount and purpose of withdrawals from, the trust fund during such fiscal year and the amount of principal and interest paid during such year on any indebtedness to which increment revenues are pledged and the remaining amount of such indebtedness.
- 2. Include a complete financial statement identifying the assets, liabilities, income, and operating expenses of the community redevelopment agency as of the end of such fiscal year.
- 3. Include a finding by the auditor determining whether the community redevelopment agency complies with the requirements of subsection (7).
- (c) The audit report for the community redevelopment agency shall be included with the annual financial report submitted by the county or municipality that created the agency to the Department of Financial Services as provided in s.

264	218.32, regardless of whether the agency reports separately
265	<u>under s. 218.32.</u>
266	(d) The agency shall provide by registered mail a copy of
267	the audit report to each taxing authority.
268	Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 218.32, Florida
269	Statutes, is amended to read:
270	218.32 Annual financial reports; local governmental
271	entities
272	(3) (a) The department shall notify the President of the
273	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of any
274	municipality that has not reported any financial activity for
275	the last 4 fiscal years. Such notice must be sufficient to
276	initiate dissolution procedures as described in s.
277	165.051(1)(a). Any special law authorizing the incorporation or
278	creation of the municipality must be included within the
279	notification.
280	(b) Failure of a county or municipality to include in its
281	annual report to the department the full audit required by s.
282	163.387(8) for each community redevelopment agency created by
283	that county or municipality constitutes a failure to report
284	under this section.
285	(c) By November 1 of each year, the department must
286	provide the Special District Accountability Program of the
287	Department of Economic Opportunity with a list of each community
288	redevelopment agency reporting no revenues, no expenditures, and

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289	no	debt	for	the	community	redevelopment	agency's	previous	fiscal
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Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 2017.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to community redevelopment agencies; amending s. 163.356, F.S.; providing reporting requirements; deleting provisions requiring certain annual reports; amending s. 163.367, F.S.; requiring ethics training for community redevelopment agency commissioners; amending s. 163.370, F.S.; establishing procurement procedures; creating s. 163.371, F.S.; providing annual reporting requirements; requiring publication of notices of reports; requiring reports to be available for inspection in designated places; requiring a community redevelopment agency to publish annual reports and boundary maps on its website; creating s. 163.3755, F.S.; prohibiting the creation of new community redevelopment agencies after a date certain; providing a phase-out period for existing community redevelopment agencies unless the local government governing body that created the agency approves its continued existence by a super majority vote; providing a limited exception for community redevelopment agencies with certain outstanding bond

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/HB 13 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

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obligations; creating s. 163.3756, F.S.; providing legislative findings; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to declare inactive community redevelopment agencies that have reported no financial activity for a specified number of years; providing hearing procedures; authorizing certain financial activity by a community redevelopment agency that is declared inactive; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to maintain a website identifying all inactive community redevelopment agencies; amending s. 163.387, F.S.; revising requirements for the use of the redevelopment trust fund proceeds; limiting allowed expenditures; revising requirements for the annual budget of a community redevelopment agency; requiring municipal community redevelopment agencies to provide annual budget to county commission; revising requirements for use of moneys in the redevelopment trust fund for specific redevelopment projects; revising requirements for the annual audit; requiring the audit to be included with the financial report of the county or municipality that created the community redevelopment agency; amending s. 218.32, F.S.; requiring county and municipal governments to report community redevelopment agency annual audit reports as part of the county or municipal annual report; revising criteria for finding that a county or municipality failed to file report; requiring the Department of Financial Services to provide a report to the Department of Economic Opportunity concerning community redevelopment agencies

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□554507.∈ COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/HB 13 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

339 with no revenues, no expenditures, and no debts; providing an 340 effective date.

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	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee
2	Representative Ingoglia offered the following:
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4	Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Remove lines 454-457 and insert:
6	shall be held only:
7	(a) At a primary election, as defined in s. 97.021, and
8	requires approval of 60 percent of the voters voting on the
9	ballot question for passage, or
10	(b) At a general election, as defined in s. 97.021, and
11	requires the approval of a majority of the voters voting on the
12	ballot question for passage.
13	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.
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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 139 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

17	TITLE AMENDMENT
18	Remove line 6 and insert:
19	date of a primary election or on the date of a general
20	election; providing an effective

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee Representative Avila offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 84-444 and insert:

shall waive penalties and interest if the property appraiser

determines that the person qualified for the property assessment

limitation at the time the application was filed and, other than

the improperly received tax savings, the person did not receive

any additional financial benefit, such as rental payments or

other income. The property appraiser may not waive penalty or

interest if the person claimed an ad valorem tax exemption or a

tax credit on another property in this state or in another state

where permanent residency is required as a basis for granting

the ad valorem tax exemption or credit.

(b) If	the property	appraiser im	properly gr	ants the	
property ass	essment limit	ation as a r	esult of a	clerical	mistake
or an omissi	on, the perso	n or entity	improperly	receiving	g the
property ass	essment limit	ation may no	ot be assess	ed a pena	alty or
interest.					

- (c) Before a lien may be filed, the person or entity so notified must be given 30 days to pay the taxes and any applicable penalties and interest. If the property appraiser improperly grants the property assessment limitation as a result of a clerical mistake or an omission, the person or entity improperly receiving the property assessment limitation may not be assessed a penalty or interest.
- Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 193.703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 193.703 Reduction in assessment for living quarters of parents or grandparents.—
- (7) (a) If the property appraiser determines that for any year within the previous 10 years a property owner who was not entitled to a reduction in assessed value under this section was granted such reduction, the property appraiser shall serve on the owner a notice of intent to record in the public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any property owned by that person in the county, and that property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Any property that is owned by that person and is situated in this state is subject to the taxes exempted by the improper reduction, plus a penalty of 50 percent

of the unpaid taxes for each year and interest at a rate of 15 percent per annum. The property appraiser shall waive penalties and interest if the property appraiser determines that the person qualified for the reduction at the time the application was filed and, other than the improperly received tax savings, the person did not receive any additional financial benefit, such as rental payments or other income. The property appraiser may not waive penalty or interest if the person claimed an ad valorem tax exemption or a tax credit on another property in this state or in another state where permanent residency is required as a basis for granting the ad valorem tax exemption or credit.

- (b) However, if a reduction is improperly granted due to a clerical mistake or <u>an</u> omission by the property appraiser, the person who improperly received the reduction may not be assessed a penalty or interest.
- (c) Before such lien may be filed, the owner must be given 30 days within which to pay the taxes, penalties, and interest. Such lien is subject to s. 196.161(3).
- Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 194.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 194.011 Assessment notice; objections to assessments.-
- (3) A petition to the value adjustment board must be in substantially the form prescribed by the department.

 Notwithstanding s. 195.022, a county officer may not refuse to accept a form provided by the department for this purpose if the

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taxpayer chooses to use it. A petition to the value adjustment board must be signed by the taxpayer or be accompanied at the time of filing by the taxpayer's written authorization or power of attorney, unless the person filing the petition is listed in s. 194.034(1)(a). A person listed in s. 194.034(1)(a) may file a petition with a value adjustment board without the taxpayer's signature or written authorization by certifying under penalty of perjury that he or she has authorization to file the petition on behalf of the taxpayer. If a taxpayer notifies the value adjustment board that a petition has been filed for the taxpayer's property without his or her consent, the value adjustment board may require the person filing the petition to provide written authorization from the taxpayer authorizing the person to proceed with the appeal before a hearing is held. If the value adjustment board finds that a person listed in s. 194.034(1)(a) willfully and knowingly filed a petition that was not authorized by the taxpayer, the value adjustment board shall require such person to provide the taxpayer's written authorization for representation to the value adjustment board clerk before any petition filed by that person is heard, for 1 year after imposition of such requirement by the value adjustment board. A power of attorney or written authorization is valid for 1 assessment year, and a new power of attorney or written authorization by the taxpayer is required for each

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subsequent assessment year. A petition shall also describe the property by parcel number and shall be filed as follows:

The petition may be filed, as to valuation issues, at any time during the taxable year on or before the 25th day following the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser as provided in subsection (1). With respect to an issue involving the denial of an exemption, an agricultural or high-water recharge classification application, an application for classification as historic property used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes, or a deferral, the petition must be filed at any time during the taxable year on or before the 30th day following the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser under s. 193.461, s. 193.503, s. 193.625, s. 196.173, or s. 196.193 or notice by the tax collector under s. 197.2425. If the petitioner identifies extenuating circumstances demonstrating to the value adjustment board that the petitioner was unable to file a petition in a timely manner, the petitioner may file a petition within 60 days after the deadline. However, the value adjustment board is not required to delay proceedings for the 60-day timeframe and no late petition is authorized after the value adjustment board has concluded its review of petitions.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 194.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.032 Hearing purposes; timetable.-

(2) (a) $\underline{1}$. The clerk of the governing body of the county

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/HB 289 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

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shall prepare a schedule of appearances before the board based on petitions timely filed with him or her. The clerk shall notify each petitioner of the scheduled time of his or her appearance at least 25 calendar days before the day of the scheduled appearance. The notice must indicate whether the petition has been scheduled to be heard at a particular time or during a block of time. If the petition has been scheduled to be heard within a block of time, the beginning and ending of that block of time must be indicated on the notice; however, as provided in paragraph (b), a petitioner may not be required to wait for more than a reasonable time, not to exceed 2 hours, after the beginning of the block of time. The property appraiser must provide a copy of the property record card containing information relevant to the computation of the current assessment, with confidential information redacted, to the petitioner upon receipt of the petition from the clerk regardless of whether the petitioner initiates evidence exchange, unless the property record card is available online from the property appraiser, in which case the property appraiser must notify the petitioner that the property record card is available online. The petitioner and the property appraiser may each reschedule the hearing a single time for good cause. As used in this paragraph, the term "good cause" means circumstances beyond the control of the person seeking to reschedule the hearing which reasonably prevent the party from having adequate representation at the hearing. If the hearing is

rescheduled by the petitioner or the property appraiser, the clerk shall notify the petitioner of the rescheduled time of his or her appearance at least 15 calendar days before the day of the rescheduled appearance, unless this notice is waived by both parties.

- 2. For counties in which the number of petitions filed exceeds 5,000 per value adjustment board roll year:
- a. The term "good cause" does not include being scheduled for two separate hearings in different jurisdictions at the same time or date, unless the hearings involve the same petitioner or the property appraiser and the petitioner agree to reschedule the hearing.
- b. The clerk of the board, before the commencement of hearings for the value adjustment board roll year, may request that the property appraiser and the individual, agent, or legal entity that signed the petition identify up to 15 business days per roll year in which they are unavailable for hearing.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 194.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.035 Special magistrates; property evaluators.-

(1) In counties having a population of more than 75,000, the board shall appoint special magistrates for the purpose of taking testimony and making recommendations to the board, which recommendations the board may act upon without further hearing. These special magistrates may not be elected or appointed officials or employees of the county but shall be selected from

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a list of those qualified individuals who are willing to serve as special magistrates. Employees and elected or appointed officials of a taxing jurisdiction or of the state may not serve as special magistrates. The clerk of the board shall annually notify such individuals or their professional associations to make known to them that opportunities to serve as special magistrates exist. The Department of Revenue shall provide a list of qualified special magistrates to any county with a population of 75,000 or less. Subject to appropriation, the department shall reimburse counties with a population of 75,000 or less for payments made to special magistrates appointed for the purpose of taking testimony and making recommendations to the value adjustment board pursuant to this section. The department shall establish a reasonable range for payments per case to special magistrates based on such payments in other counties. Requests for reimbursement of payments outside this range shall be justified by the county. If the total of all requests for reimbursement in any year exceeds the amount available pursuant to this section, payments to all counties shall be prorated accordingly. If a county having a population less than 75,000 does not appoint a special magistrate to hear each petition, the person or persons designated to hear petitions before the value adjustment board or the attorney appointed to advise the value adjustment board shall attend the training provided pursuant to subsection (3), regardless of

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whether the person would otherwise be required to attend, but shall not be required to pay the tuition fee specified in subsection (3). A special magistrate appointed to hear issues of exemptions, classifications, and determinations that a change of ownership, a change of ownership or control, or a qualifying improvement has occurred shall be a member of The Florida Bar with no less than 5 years' experience in the area of ad valorem taxation. A special magistrate appointed to hear issues regarding the valuation of real estate shall be a state certified real estate appraiser with not less than 5 years' experience in real property valuation. A special magistrate appointed to hear issues regarding the valuation of tangible personal property shall be a designated member of a nationally recognized appraiser's organization with not less than 5 years' experience in tangible personal property valuation. A special magistrate need not be a resident of the county in which he or she serves. A special magistrate may not represent a person before the board in any tax year during which he or she has served that board as a special magistrate. An appraisal performed by a special magistrate may not be submitted as evidence to the value adjustment board in any roll year during which he or she has served that board as a special magistrate. Before appointing a special magistrate, a value adjustment board shall verify the special magistrate's qualifications. The value adjustment board shall ensure that the selection of special

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magistrates is based solely upon the experience and qualifications of the special magistrate and is not influenced by the property appraiser. The special magistrate shall accurately and completely preserve all testimony and, in making recommendations to the value adjustment board, shall include proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, and reasons for upholding or overturning the determination of the property appraiser. The expense of hearings before magistrates and any compensation of special magistrates shall be borne three-fifths by the board of county commissioners and two-fifths by the school board. When appointing special magistrates or when scheduling special magistrates for specific hearings, the board, the board attorney, and the board clerk may not consider the dollar amount or percentage of any assessment reductions recommended by any special magistrate in the current year or in any previous year.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 196.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.011 Annual application required for exemption.-

(9)(a) A county may, at the request of the property appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive the requirement that an annual application or statement be made for exemption of property within the county after an initial application is made and the exemption granted. The waiver under this subsection of the annual application or statement

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requirement applies to all exemptions under this chapter except the exemption under s. 196.1995. Notwithstanding such waiver, refiling of an application or statement shall be required when any property granted an exemption is sold or otherwise disposed of, when the ownership changes in any manner, when the applicant for homestead exemption ceases to use the property as his or her homestead, or when the status of the owner changes so as to change the exempt status of the property. In its deliberations on whether to waive the annual application or statement requirement, the governing body shall consider the possibility of fraudulent exemption claims which may occur due to the waiver of the annual application requirement. The owner of any property granted an exemption who is not required to file an annual application or statement shall notify the property appraiser promptly whenever the use of the property or the status or condition of the owner changes so as to change the exempt status of the property. If any property owner fails to so notify the property appraiser and the property appraiser determines that for any year within the prior 10 years the owner was not entitled to receive such exemption, the owner of the property is subject to the taxes exempted as a result of such failure plus 15 percent interest per annum and a penalty of 50 percent of the taxes exempted. Except for homestead exemptions controlled by s. 196.161, the property appraiser making such determination shall record in the public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any property owned by that person or entity in the

county, and such property must be identified in the notice of
tax lien. Such property is subject to the payment of all taxes
and penalties. Such lien when filed shall attach to any
property, identified in the notice of tax lien, owned by the
person who illegally or improperly received the exemption. If
such person no longer owns property in that county but owns
property in some other county or counties in the state, the
property appraiser shall record a notice of tax lien in such
other county or counties, identifying the property owned by such
person or entity in such county or counties, and it shall become
a lien against such property in such county or counties. $\underline{\text{The}}$
property appraiser shall waive penalties and interest if the
property appraiser determines that the person qualified for the
exemption at the time the application was filed and, other than
the improperly received tax savings, the person did not receive
any additional financial benefit, such as rental payments or
other income. The property appraiser may not waive penalty or
interest if the person claimed a similar ad valorem tax
exemption or tax credit on another property located in this
state or in another state where permanent residency is required
as a basis for granting the ad valorem tax exemption or credit. Section 8. Subsection (9) of section 196.075, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
196.075 Additional homestead exemption for persons 65 and
older

(9) $\underline{(a)}$ If the property appraiser determines that for any
year within the immediately previous 10 years a person who was
not entitled to the additional homestead exemption under this
section was granted such an exemption, the property appraiser
shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the
public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any
property owned by that person in the county, and that property
must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Any property that
is owned by the taxpayer and is situated in this state is
subject to the taxes exempted by the improper homestead
exemption, plus a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for
each year and interest at a rate of 15 percent per annum. $\underline{\text{The}}$
property appraiser shall waive penalties and interest if the
property appraiser determines that the person qualified for the
exemption at the time the application was filed and, other than
the improperly received tax savings, the person did not receive
any additional financial benefit, such as rental payments or
other income. The property appraiser may not waive penalty or
interest if the person claimed a similar ad valorem tax
exemption or a tax credit on another property located in this
state or in another state where permanent residency is required
as a basis for granting the ad valorem tax exemption or credit.
(b) However, if such an exemption is improperly granted as

a result of a clerical mistake or an omission by the property

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appraiser, the person who improperly received the exemption may not be assessed a penalty and interest.

(c) Before any such lien may be filed, the owner must be given 30 days within which to pay the taxes, penalties, and interest. Such a lien is subject to the procedures and provisions set forth in s. 196.161(3).

Section 9. Section 200.069, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

200.069 Notice of proposed property taxes and non-ad valorem assessments.—Pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(b), the property appraiser, in the name of the taxing authorities and local governing boards levying non-ad valorem assessments within his or her jurisdiction and at the expense of the county, shall prepare and deliver by first-class mail to each taxpayer to be listed on the current year's assessment roll a notice of proposed property taxes, which notice shall contain the elements and use the format provided in the following form. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 195.022, no county officer shall use a form other than that provided herein. The Department of Revenue may adjust the spacing and placement on the form of the elements listed in this section as it considers necessary based on changes in conditions necessitated by various taxing authorities. If the elements are in the order listed, the placement of the listed columns may be varied at the discretion and expense of the property appraiser, and the property

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/HB 289 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

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346	appraiser may use printing technology and devices to complete
347	the form, the spacing, and the placement of the information in
348	the columns. In addition, the property appraiser may only
349	include in the mailing of the notice of ad valorem taxes and
350	non-ad valorem assessments additional statements explaining any
351	item on the notice and any other relevant information for
352	property owners. A county officer may use a form other than
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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 21-27 and insert: evidence to a value adjustment board; amending s. 200.069, F.S.; 358

COMMITTEE/SU	UBCOMMITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDE	ED (Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJEC	CTION (Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee Representative Burton offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 50 and 51, insert:

6 7 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 561.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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561.20 Limitation upon number of licenses issued.-

10 11 (2)(a) The limitation of the number of licenses as provided in this section does not prohibit the issuance of a special license to:

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1. Any bona fide hotel, motel, or motor court of not fewer than 80 guest rooms in any county having a population of less than 50,000 residents, and of not fewer than 100 guest rooms in any county having a population of 50,000 residents or greater; or any bona fide hotel or motel located in a historic structure,

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as defined in s. 561.01(21), with fewer than 100 quest rooms which derives at least 51 percent of its gross revenue from the rental of hotel or motel rooms, which is licensed as a public lodging establishment by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants; provided, however, that a bona fide hotel or motel with no fewer than 10 and no more than 25 quest rooms which is a historic structure, as defined in s. 561.01(21), in a municipality that on the effective date of this act has a population, according to the University of Florida's Bureau of Economic and Business Research Estimates of Population for 1998, of no fewer than 25,000 and no more than 35,000 residents and that is within a constitutionally chartered county may be issued a special license. This special license shall allow the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages only on the licensed premises of the hotel or motel. In addition, the hotel or motel must derive at least 60 percent of its gross revenue from the rental of hotel or motel rooms and the sale of food and nonalcoholic beverages; provided that the provisions of this subparagraph shall supersede local laws requiring a greater number of hotel rooms;

2. Any condominium accommodation of which no fewer than 100 condominium units are wholly rentable to transients and which is licensed under the provisions of chapter 509, except that the license shall be issued only to the person or corporation which operates the hotel or motel operation and not

to the association of condominium owners;

- 3. Any condominium accommodation of which no fewer than 50 condominium units are wholly rentable to transients, which is licensed under the provisions of chapter 509, and which is located in any county having home rule under s. 10 or s. 11, Art. VIII of the State Constitution of 1885, as amended, and incorporated by reference in s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, except that the license shall be issued only to the person or corporation that which operates the hotel or motel operation and not to the association of condominium owners;
- 4. A food service establishment that has 2,500 square feet of service area, is equipped to serve meals to 150 persons at one time, and derives at least 51 percent of its gross food and beverage revenue from the sale of food and nonalcoholic beverages during the first 60-day operating period and each 12-month operating period thereafter. A food service establishment granted a special license on or after January 1, 1958, pursuant to general or special law may not operate as a package store and may not sell intoxicating beverages under such license after the hours of serving or consumption of food have elapsed. Failure by a licensee to meet the required percentage of food and nonalcoholic beverage gross revenues during the covered operating period shall result in revocation of the license or denial of the pending license application. A licensee whose license is revoked or an applicant whose pending application is

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denied, or any person required to qualify on the special license application, is ineligible to have any interest in a subsequent application for such a license for a period of 120 days after the date of the final denial or revocation;

5. Any caterer, deriving at least 51 percent of its gross food and beverage revenue from the sale of food and nonalcoholic beverages at each catered event, licensed by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants under chapter 509. This subparagraph does not apply to a culinary education program, as defined in s. 381.0072(2), which is licensed as a public food service establishment by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants and provides catering services. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a licensee under this subparagraph shall sell or serve alcoholic beverages only for consumption on the premises of a catered event at which the licensee is also providing prepared food, and shall prominently display its license at any catered event at which the caterer is selling or serving alcoholic beverages. A licensee under this subparagraph shall purchase all alcoholic beverages it sells or serves at a catered event from a vendor licensed under s. 563.02(1), s. 564.02(1), or licensed under s. 565.02(1) subject to the limitation imposed in subsection (1), as appropriate. A licensee under this subparagraph may not store any alcoholic beverages to be sold or served at a catered event. Any alcoholic beverages purchased by a licensee under this subparagraph for a catered

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event that are not used at that event must remain with the customer; provided that if the vendor accepts unopened alcoholic beverages, the licensee may return such alcoholic beverages to the vendor for a credit or reimbursement. Regardless of the county or counties in which the licensee operates, a licensee under this subparagraph shall pay the annual state license tax set forth in s. 565.02(1)(b). A licensee under this subparagraph must maintain for a period of 3 years all records and receipts for each catered event, including all contracts, customers' names, event locations, event dates, food purchases and sales, alcoholic beverage purchases and sales, nonalcoholic beverage purchases and sales, and any other records required by the department by rule to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this subparagraph, including licensed vendor receipts for the purchase of alcoholic beverages and records identifying each customer and the location and date of each catered event. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any vendor licensed under s. 565.02(1) subject to the limitation imposed in subsection (1), may, without any additional licensure under this subparagraph, serve or sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises of a catered event at which prepared food is provided by a caterer licensed under chapter 509. If a licensee under this subparagraph also possesses any other license under the Beverage Law, the license issued under this subparagraph shall not authorize the holder to

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conduct activities on the premises to which the other license or licenses apply that would otherwise be prohibited by the terms of that license or the Beverage Law. Nothing in this section shall permit the licensee to conduct activities that are otherwise prohibited by the Beverage Law or local law. The Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco is hereby authorized to adopt rules to administer the license created in this subparagraph, to include rules governing licensure, recordkeeping, and enforcement. The first \$300,000 in fees collected by the division each fiscal year pursuant to this subparagraph shall be deposited in the Department of Children and Families' Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund to be used only for alcohol and drug abuse education, treatment, and prevention programs. The remainder of the fees collected shall be deposited into the Hotel and Restaurant Trust Fund created pursuant to s. 509.072; or

- 6. A culinary education program as defined in s. 381.0072(2) which is licensed as a public food service establishment by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants.
- a. This special license shall allow the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages on the licensed premises of the culinary education program. The culinary education program shall specify designated areas in the facility where the alcoholic beverages may be consumed at the time of application. Alcoholic beverages sold for consumption on the premises may be

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consumed only in areas designated pursuant to s. 561.01(11) and may not be removed from the designated area. Such license shall be applicable only in and for designated areas used by the culinary education program.

- If the culinary education program provides catering services, this special license shall also allow the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages on the premises of a catered event at which the licensee is also providing prepared food. A culinary education program that provides catering services is not required to derive at least 51 percent of its gross revenue from the sale of food and nonalcoholic beverages. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a licensee that provides catering services under this subsubparagraph shall prominently display its beverage license at any catered event at which the caterer is selling or serving alcoholic beverages. Regardless of the county or counties in which the licensee operates, a licensee under this subsubparagraph shall pay the annual state license tax set forth in s. 565.02(1)(b). A licensee under this sub-subparagraph must maintain for a period of 3 years all records required by the department by rule to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this sub-subparagraph.
- c. If a licensee under this subparagraph also possesses any other license under the Beverage Law, the license issued under this subparagraph does not authorize the holder to conduct

activities on the premises to which the other license or
licenses apply that would otherwise be prohibited by the terms
of that license or the Beverage Law. Nothing in this
subparagraph shall permit the licensee to conduct activities
that are otherwise prohibited by the Beverage Law or local law.
Any culinary education program that holds a license to sell
alcoholic beverages shall comply with the age requirements set
forth in ss. 562.11(4), 562.111(2), and 562.13.

- d. The Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco may adopt rules to administer the license created in this subparagraph, to include rules governing licensure, recordkeeping, and enforcement.
- e. A license issued pursuant to this subparagraph does not permit the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages by the package for off-premises consumption.

However, any license heretofore issued to any such hotel, motel, motor court, or restaurant or hereafter issued to any such hotel, motel, or motor court, including a condominium accommodation, under the general law shall not be moved to a new location, such license being valid only on the premises of such hotel, motel, motor court, or restaurant. Licenses issued to hotels, motels, motor courts, or restaurants under the general law and held by such hotels, motor courts, or

restaurants on May 24, 1947, shall be counted in the quota

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/HB 689 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

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limitation contained in subsection (1). Any license issued for any hotel, motel, or motor court under the provisions of this law shall be issued only to the owner of the hotel, motel, or motor court or, in the event the hotel, motel, or motor court is leased, to the lessee of the hotel, motel, or motor court; and the license shall remain in the name of the owner or lessee so long as the license is in existence. Any special license now in existence heretofore issued under the provisions of this law cannot be renewed except in the name of the owner of the hotel, motel, motor court, or restaurant or, in the event the hotel, motel, motor court, or restaurant is leased, in the name of the lessee of the hotel, motel, motor court, or restaurant in which the license is located and must remain in the name of the owner or lessee so long as the license is in existence. Any license issued under this section shall be marked "Special," and nothing herein provided shall limit, restrict, or prevent the issuance of a special license for any restaurant or motel which shall hereafter meet the requirements of the law existing immediately prior to the effective date of this act, if construction of such restaurant has commenced prior to the effective date of this act and is completed within 30 days thereafter, or if an application is on file for such special license at the time this act takes effect; and any such licenses issued under this proviso may be annually renewed as now provided by law. Nothing herein prevents an application for transfer of a license to a bona fide

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/HB 689 (2017)

217	purchaser of any hotel, motel, motor court, or restaurant by the
218	purchaser of such facility or the transfer of such license
219	pursuant to law.
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222	TITLE AMENDMENT
223	Remove line 10 and insert:
224	business meets sanitary requirements; amending s. 561.20, F.S.;
225	revising provisions related to special licenses to sell
226	alcoholic beverages for licensed caterers; amending s.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
OTHER
Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee
Representative Drake offered the following:
Amendment
Remove line 183 and insert:
who applies for a transfer of title in his or her own name,
regardless of whether the surviving spouse is named on the
deceased motor vehicle owner's title, is

ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee Representative Drake offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 342 and 343, insert:

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.-

- (1) APPLICATION.—Each person seeking certification pursuant to this chapter shall submit a completed application containing the applicant's social security number to the Department of Education and remit the fee required pursuant to s. 1012.59 and rules of the State Board of Education.
- (a) Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and each year thereafter, the initial application fee and the fees for the following examinations for an initial professional certificate

- are eliminated: the General Knowledge Test, First-Time

 Registration; and the Professional Education Test, First-Time

 Registration. This paragraph is subject to funding appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.
- (b) Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and each year thereafter, one Subject Area Examination fee is waived for an initial applicant for a professional certificate. This paragraph is subject to funding appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and each year thereafter, the fee for renewing a professional certificate is eliminated for a certified teacher employed at a public school. This paragraph is subject to funding appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.
- (d) Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, each party is required to provide his or her social security number in accordance with this section. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement is limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program of the Social Security Act for child support enforcement. Pursuant to s. 120.60, the department shall issue within 90 calendar days after the stamped receipted date of the completed application:
- $\frac{1.(a)}{a}$ If the applicant meets the requirements, a professional certificate covering the classification, level, and

area for which the applicant is deemed qualified and a document explaining the requirements for renewal of the professional certificate;

- 2.(b) If the applicant meets the requirements and if requested by an employing school district or an employing private school with a professional education competence demonstration program pursuant to paragraphs (6)(f) and (8)(b), a temporary certificate covering the classification, level, and area for which the applicant is deemed qualified and an official statement of status of eligibility; or
- 3.(c) If an applicant does not meet the requirements for either certificate, an official statement of status of eligibility.

The statement of status of eligibility must advise the applicant of any qualifications that must be completed to qualify for certification. Each statement of status of eligibility is valid for 3 years after its date of issuance, except as provided in paragraph (2)(d).

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 1012.59, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.59 Certification fees.-

(1) The State Board of Education, by rule, shall establish separate fees for applications, examinations, certification, certification renewal, late renewal, recordmaking, and

recordkeeping, and may establish procedures for scheduling and administering an examination upon an applicant's request. Each fee shall be based on department estimates of the revenue required to implement the provisions of law with respect to certification of school personnel. The application fee shall be nonrefundable. Each examination fee shall be sufficient to cover the actual cost of developing and administering the examination.

- (a) Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and each year thereafter, the initial application fee and the fees for the following examinations for an initial professional certificate are eliminated: the General Knowledge Test, First-Time Registration; and the Professional Education Test, First-Time Registration. This paragraph is subject to funding appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.
- (b) Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and each year thereafter, one Subject Area Examination fee is waived for an initial applicant for a professional certificate. This paragraph is subject to funding appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and each year thereafter, the fee for renewing a professional certificate is eliminated for a certified teacher employed at a public school.

 This paragraph is subject to funding appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 1123 (2017)

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93	TITLE AMENDMENT
94	Between lines 24 and 25, insert:
95	amending ss. 1012.56 and 1012.59, F.S.; eliminating certain
96	application, examination, and renewal fees for a professional
97	teaching certificate, subject to appropriation;

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMM	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill:

Representative Rodrigues offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 76-200 and insert:

property. In the 2016 primary election, the voters of this state approved a constitutional amendment authorizing the Legislature, by general law, to prohibit consideration of the installation of a solar or renewable energy source device on any property in the determination of the assessed value of the underlying real property.

(4) (a) Subject to local government ordinance or resolution, a property owner may apply to the local government for funding to finance a qualifying improvement and enter into a financing agreement with the local government. Costs incurred by the local government for such purpose may be collected as a non-

ad valorem assessment. Any financing agreement entered into
between a local government and a property owner for the
financing of a qualifying improvement must comply with the
disclosure requirements in s. 520.23 that apply to distribute
energy generation systems.

- (b) A non-ad valorem assessment shall be collected pursuant to s. 197.3632 and, notwithstanding s. 197.3632(8)(a), shall not be subject to discount for early payment. However, the notice and adoption requirements of s. 197.3632(4) do not apply if this section is used and complied with, and the intent resolution, publication of notice, and mailed notices to the property appraiser, tax collector, and Department of Revenue required by s. 197.3632(3)(a) may be provided on or before August 15 in conjunction with any non-ad valorem assessment authorized by this section, if the property appraiser, tax collector, and local government agree.
- Section 3. Section 193.624, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 193.624 Assessment of <u>renewable energy source devices</u> residential property.
- (1) As used in this section, the term "renewable energy source device" means any of the following equipment that collects, transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal deposits:

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(a)	Solar	energy	collectors,	photovoltaic	modules,	and
inverters						

- (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding swimming pools used as storage tanks.
 - (c) Rockbeds.
 - (d) Thermostats and other control devices.
 - (e) Heat exchange devices.
 - (f) Pumps and fans.
 - (g) Roof ponds.
 - (h) Freestanding thermal containers.
- (i) Pipes, ducts, wiring, structural supports, refrigerant handling systems, and other components equipment used as integral parts of to interconnect such systems; however, such equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any type or any equipment or structure that would be required in the absence of the renewable energy source device.
 - (j) Windmills and wind turbines.
 - (k) Wind-driven generators.
- (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that <u>store or</u> use <u>solar energy</u>, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal deposits to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
- (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.

The term does not include any equipment that is on the
distribution or transmission side of the point of
interconnection where a renewable energy source device is
interconnected to an electric utility's distribution grid or
transmission lines.

- (2) As used in this section, the term "utility scale renewable energy project" means an electrical generating facility that incorporates one or more renewable energy devices and:
 - (a) Is certified pursuant to ss. 403.501 403.518, or
- (b) When the devices are used together, are designed to achieve a total AC electric generating capacity of greater than 20 megawatts.
- (3) For purposes of subsection (2) a "facility" includes, but is not limited to, renewable energy devices located on the same parcel, any contiguous parcels, and any parcels otherwise in close proximity to each other, regardless of the ownership of the parcels or the renewable energy devices located on the parcels. The combined AC electric generating capacity of all renewable energy devices on such parcels is used to determine the AC electric generating capacity of the facility.
- $\frac{(2)}{(4)}$ In determining the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes, an increase in the just value of the property attributable to the installation of a renewable energy source device may not be considered.

December 31, 2017.

$\frac{(3)}{(5)}$ This section applies to the installation of a
renewable energy source device installed on or after January 1,
2013, to new and existing residential real property. $\underline{\text{This}}$
section applies to a renewable energy source device installed on
or after January 1, 2018, to all other real property, except
when installed as part of a utility scale renewable energy
project planned for a location in a fiscally constrained county,
as defined in s. $218.67(1)$, and for which an application for
comprehensive plan amendment or planned unit development zoning
has been filed with the county on or before December 31, 2017.
Section 4. Section 196.182, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:
196.182 Exemption of renewable energy source devices
(1) A renewable energy source device, as defined in s.
193.624, which is considered tangible personal property, and
which is installed on real property on or after January 1, 2018
is exempt from ad valorem taxation.
(2) The exemption provided in this section does not apply
to any renewable energy source device which is installed as part
of a utility scale renewable energy project, as defined in s.
193.624(2), that is planned for a location in a fiscally
constrained county, as defined in s. 218.67(1), and for which an
application for comprehensive plan amendment or planned unit
development zoning has been filed with the county on or before

116	(3) This section expires December 31, 2037.
117	Section 5. Subsection (13) of section 501.604, Florida
118	Statutes, is amended to read:
119	501.604 Exemptions.—The provisions of this part, except
120	ss. 501.608 and 501.616(6) and (7), do not apply to:
121	(13) A commercial telephone seller licensed pursuant to
122	chapter 516 or <u>part III</u> part II of chapter 520. For purposes of
123	this exemption, the seller must solicit to sell a consumer good
124	or service within the scope of his or her license and the
125	completed transaction must be subject to the provisions of
126	chapter 516 or <u>part III</u> part II of chapter 520.
127	Section 6. Parts II, III, IV, and V of chapter 520,
128	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as Parts III, IV, V, and VI,
129	respectively, and a new Part II, consisting of sections 520.20,
130	520.21, 520.22, 520.23, and 520.24, is created to read:
131	PART II
132	DISTRIBUTED ENERGY GENERATION SYSTEM SALES
133	520.20 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
134	(1) "Agreement" means a contract executed between a buyer
135	or lessee and a seller that leases, finances, or sells a
136	distributed energy generation system. For purposes of this part,
137	the term includes retail installment contracts.
138	(2) "Buyer" means a person that enters into an agreement
139	to buy, lease, or finance a distributed energy generation system
140	from a seller.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/HB 1351 (2017)

141	(3) "Distributed energy generation system" means a
142	renewable energy source device, as defined in s. 193.624, that
143	has a capacity, alone or in connection with other similar
144	devices, of up to one kilowatt and that is primarily intended
145	for on-
146	
147	
148	TITLE AMENDMENT
149	Remove line 15 and insert:
150	property; creating s. 196.182, F.S.; exempting the

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION			
	ADOPTED $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (Y/N)		
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)		
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)		
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)		
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)		
	other		
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee		
2	Representative Rodrigues offered the following:		
3			
4	Amendment		
5	Remove lines 396-397 and insert:		
6	Section 8. The amendments made by this act to s.		
7	193.624(2), (3), (4) and (5), Florida Statutes, expire		

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	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION			
	ADOPTED (Y/N)			
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)			
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)			
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)			
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)			
	OTHER			
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee			
2	Representative Miller, M. offered the following:			
3				
4	Amendment (with title amendment)			
5	Between lines 1772 and 1773, insert:			
6	Section 27. Effective October 1, 2017, Section 382.0235,			
7	Florida Statutes, is created to read:			
8	382.0235 Records; custody proceedings involving minor			
9				
10	(1) The clerk of each circuit court shall create a			
11				
12				
13				
14				
15	(a) Whether the action involves dissolution of marriage or			
16	determination of parentage.			

40

17	(b) The number and age of each minor child.			
18	(c) Whether the parties agreed to a parenting plan or a			
19	parenting plan was established by the court, in which case:			
20	1. Whether the plan provides for shared or sole parental			
21	responsibility.			
22	2. Whether ultimate parental responsibility was awarded			
23	and, if so, to whom the responsibility was awarded and over			
24	which aspects of decisionmaking.			
25	3. Whether the court awarded equal time-sharing to each			
26	parent, or if not, which parent received greater time-sharing.			
27	4. The percentage of overnights per year, calculated from			
28	January 1 through December 31, awarded to the mother and the			
29	father, respectively.			
30	(d) Whether any domestic violence proceeding, including an			
31	injunction for protection against domestic violence, was filed			
32	by either party against the other party or on behalf of a minor			
33	child within 6 months before the custody action.			
34	(2) The clerk of each circuit court shall provide the			
35	information required in subsection (1) monthly to the Office of			
36	Vital Statistics on a form prescribed by the department by rule.			
37	(3) The office shall compile the information received from			
38	the clerks of circuit court and shall prepare a chart, on a form			

prescribed by the department by rule, with the following

information broken down by county:

41	(a) Total number of reported cases involving custody of a
42	minor child under chapters 61 and 742.
43	(b) Total number of children under 2 years of age and
44	total number of children between 2 years of age and 6 years of
45	age involved in custody proceedings.
46	(c) Total number of cases in which the court established a
47	parenting plan.
48	(d) Total number of cases that involved a domestic
49	violence proceeding.
50	(e) Total number of cases in which shared, sole, or
51	ultimate parental responsibility was awarded, respectively.
52	(f) In cases involving ultimate parental responsibility,
53	total number of cases in which ultimate parental responsibility
54	was awarded to the mother or the father, respectively.
55	(g) Total number of cases in which the court ordered equal
56	time-sharing.
57	(h) Total number of cases in which the court ordered a
58	time-sharing plan in which one parent was awarded greater time-
59	sharing than the other.
60	(i) Total number of cases in which the court ordered
61	greater time-sharing to the mother than to the father.
62	(j) Total number of cases in which the court ordered
63	greater time-sharing to the father than to the mother.
64	

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 7011 (2017)

Amendment No. 1

TITLE AMENDMENT
Remove line 137 and insert:
term "primary or attending physician"; creating s. 382.0235,
F.S.; requiring circuit courts to create, and presiding judges
to complete, statistical information sheets relating to custody
proceedings; requiring circuit courts to provide such
information sheets to the Office of Vital Statistics within the
Department of Health; requiring the office to compile specified
information relating to custody proceedings; amending s.

Bill No. PCB WMC 17-06 (2017)

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION				
	ADOPTED	(Y/N)		
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)		
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)		
	FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)		
	WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)		
	OTHER			
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee			
2				
3				
4	Amendment (with title amendment)			
5	Remove lines 1365-1370			
6				
7				
8				
9	тіт	LE AMENDMENT		
10	Remove lines 106-107 and insert:			
11	registration fees;			
	,			