1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to pregnant women in the criminal 3 justice system; providing a short title; creating s. 4 907.033, F.S.; requiring that every female who is 5 arrested and detained in specified detention 6 facilities must be informed of her right to request a 7 pregnancy test in certain circumstances and must be 8 administered a pregnancy test upon request within a 9 specified timeframe; requiring a facility to timely notify the female of the results of a pregnancy test; 10 11 providing for the types of pregnancy tests that may be given; creating s. 925.13, F.S.; authorizing a 12 13 pregnant woman who is convicted of a felony to petition, at the time of sentencing, the court to 14 defer the incarcerative portion of her sentence for a 15 16 specified period of time; requiring a pregnant woman who petitions a court for a deferred sentence to 17 18 provide verification that she is pregnant; providing 19 factors a court must take into account when determining whether to grant a petition for a deferred 20 21 sentence; requiring a court which grants a petition 22 for deferral to place the pregnant woman on probation 23 until she is incarcerated; requiring a special 24 condition of probation; authorizing a court to revoke probation or impose sanctions if a pregnant woman is 25

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26 granted a deferred sentence and is arrested for 27 committing a new offense or violates conditions of 28 probation; amends s. 944.24, F.S.; requiring the Department of Corrections to collect specified 29 information relating to births during a woman's term 30 of imprisonment and the health of pregnant inmates; 31 32 requiring the Department of Corrections to annually 33 submit a report to the Governor, the President of the 34 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; requiring such information to exclude 35 36 personally identifying information and to comply with confidentiality laws; providing an effective date. 37 38 39 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 40 41 Section 1. This act may be cited as "Ava's Law." 42 Section 2. Section 907.033, Florida Statutes, is created 43 to read: 44 907.033 Pregnancy testing of female arrestees.-45 (1)(a) Every female who is arrested and detained in either a county or municipal detention facility as defined in s. 46 47 951.23(1) or a detention center or facility as defined in s. 48 985.03(19), must: 49 1. Upon her initial booking into the facility, be informed 50 of her right to request a pregnancy test if she is still in

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custody	72	hours	after	her	arrest;	and

- 2. If she is still in custody 72 hours after her arrest, upon request, be administered a pregnancy test within 24 hours of making such request.
- (b) A facility must timely inform the female of the results of the pregnancy test.
- (2) The pregnancy test may be conducted by a urine or blood test, ultrasound scan, or any other standard pregnancy testing protocols adopted by the facility.
- Section 3. Section 925.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 925.13 Sentence deferral for pregnant women.-
- (1) (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a pregnant woman who is convicted of a felony and sentenced to a term of incarceration in a state correctional institution as defined in s. 944.02, may, at the time of sentencing, petition the sentencing court to defer the incarcerative portion of her sentence for up to 12 weeks after the pregnant woman gives birth to a child or the pregnancy ends, whichever occurs sooner.
- (b) A pregnant woman who petitions to defer her sentence must provide verifiable proof of her pregnancy to the court along with the petition for sentence deferral. Verifiable proof may be demonstrated by providing records pursuant to a medical examination or other suitable means as determined by the court.
  - (c) In determining whether to grant a petition for

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sentence deferral, the sentencing court must consider the severity of the offense for which the pregnant woman was convicted, the pregnant woman's prior criminal history, whether deferring the incarcerative portion of the pregnant woman's sentence poses a danger to the community, the health of the pregnant woman, and any special circumstances related to the woman's pregnancy.

- (2) If the sentencing court grants a pregnant woman's petition to defer the incarcerative portion of her sentence, the court must place the pregnant woman on probation as defined in s. 948.001(8), until the pregnant woman is incarcerated. The sentencing court must require, in addition to the standard conditions of probation in s. 948.03, the pregnant woman to timely inform her probation officer if she gives birth or her pregnancy ends. The court may order electronic monitoring as a condition of probation when deemed necessary.
- (3) If a court grants a pregnant woman's petition to defer the incarcerative portion of her sentence and the pregnant woman is arrested for committing a criminal offense during the deferral period or violates any conditions of probation imposed by the court, the court may impose any sanction that may be imposed under s. 948.06, including revoking the pregnant woman's probation and requiring her term of incarceration to begin immediately.

Section 4. Subsection (7) is added to section 944.24,

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101 Florida Statutes, to read:

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- 944.24 Administration of correctional institutions for  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{women}}\,.-$
- (7) (a) The department must collect all of the following information, which the department must compile and submit annually in a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives:
- 1. The total number of pregnant inmates who give birth during their term of imprisonment, and whether the birth was a live birth or stillbirth.
- 2. The gestational age and birth weight of each infant born to a woman during her term of imprisonment.
- 3. The total number of pregnant inmates who experience complications during their term of imprisonment and the types of complications experienced.
- 4. The total number of pregnant inmates who experience miscarriages.
- (b) The information reported pursuant to paragraph (a) must exclude personally identifying information and must comply with state and federal confidentiality laws.
  - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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