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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to COVID-19 mandates and treatment
3	options; amending ss. 381.00316 and 381.00319, F.S.;
4	providing legislative findings and intent; providing
5	definitions; prohibiting business entities,
6	governmental entities, and educational institutions
7	from imposing COVID-19 testing, facial covering, and
8	vaccination mandates; prohibiting discrimination by
9	such entities based on knowledge or belief of a
10	person's COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection
11	recovery status or refusal to take a COVID-19 test;
12	providing an exception; authorizing the Department of
13	Legal Affairs and the Department of Health,
14	respectively, to impose specified fines for certain
15	violations; providing for remedies; providing
16	construction; creating s. 395.1057, F.S.; prohibiting
17	hospitals from interfering with a patient's right to
18	choose COVID-19 treatment alternatives; providing for
19	disciplinary action; creating s. 408.833, F.S.;
20	providing definitions; requiring the Agency for Health
21	Care Administration and the Department of Health to
22	jointly develop facial covering standards and publish
23	such standards on their respective websites by
24	specified dates; providing for emergency rulemaking;
25	requiring health care providers and health care
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26 practitioners to adopt facial covering policies and 27 procedures and publish or conspicuously display such 28 policies and procedures in a certain manner by a specified date; prohibiting such providers and 29 practitioners from requiring persons to wear facial 30 coverings beginning on a specified date; providing for 31 32 disciplinary action; creating s. 456.62, F.S.; 33 requiring health care practitioners treating patients 34 diagnosed with COVID-19 to obtain informed consent before prescribing any medications; providing 35 36 requirements for such consent; requiring health care practitioners to record certain compliance or 37 38 noncompliance in patients' medical records; providing 39 construction; amending s. 465.0266, F.S.; exempting 40 certain pharmacists from disciplinary action under 41 certain conditions; providing an effective date. 42 43 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 44 45 Section 1. Section 381.00316, Florida Statutes, is amended 46 to read: Discrimination based on COVID-19 vaccination or 47 381.00316 48 postinfection recovery status; refusal to wear a facial 49 covering; COVID-19 test vaccine documentation.-50 (1) (a) The Legislature finds that society is harmed by Page 2 of 15

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51	discrimination based on COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection
52	recovery status because healthy persons are deprived of
53	participating in society and accessing employment opportunities.
54	The Legislature further finds and declares that remedies to
55	prevent such discrimination are in the best interest of this
56	state.
57	(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that Floridians be
58	free from facial covering and COVID-19 vaccination mandates of
59	any kind and discrimination based on COVID-19 vaccination or
60	postinfection recovery status or refusal to take a COVID-19
61	test. It is further the intent of the Legislature that
62	Floridians receive adequate informed consent regarding treatment
63	alternatives for COVID-19.
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64	(2) As used in this section, the term:
	(2) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s.
64	
64 65	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s.
64 65 66	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as
64 65 66 67	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined
64 65 66 67 68	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined in s. 617.01401, a private club, or any other business operating
64 65 66 67 68 69	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined in s. 617.01401, a private club, or any other business operating in this state.
64 65 67 68 69 70	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined in s. 617.01401, a private club, or any other business operating in this state. (b) "Department" means the Department of Legal Affairs.
64 65 67 68 69 70 71	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined in s. 617.01401, a private club, or any other business operating in this state. (b) "Department" means the Department of Legal Affairs. (c) "Facial covering" has the same meaning as in s.
64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	<pre>(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined in s. 617.01401, a private club, or any other business operating in this state. (b) "Department" means the Department of Legal Affairs. (c) "Facial covering" has the same meaning as in s. 408.833(1).</pre>
64 65 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	(a) "Business entity" has the same meaning as in s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as defined in s. 496.404, a corporation not for profit as defined in s. 617.01401, a private club, or any other business operating in this state. (b) "Department" means the Department of Legal Affairs. (c) "Facial covering" has the same meaning as in s. 408.833(1). (d) "Governmental entity" means this state or any

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76 independent establishments of the state, counties, 77 municipalities, districts, authorities, boards, or commissions; 78 or any agencies subject to chapter 286. The term does not include an educational institution as defined in s. 79 80 381.00319(1). (3) (1) A business entity, as defined in s. 768.38 to 81 82 include any business operating in this state, may not require 83 any person patrons or customers to provide any documentation 84 certifying COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection recovery or 85 require any person to take a COVID-19 test to gain admission or access to, entry upon, or service from the business entity 86 operations in this state, or as a condition of contracting, 87 hiring, promotion, or continued employment with the business 88 89 entity. A business entity may not refuse to hire or discharge 90 any person, deprive or tend to deprive any person of employment 91 opportunities or adversely affect any person's status as an 92 employee or as an applicant for employment, or otherwise 93 discriminate against any person with respect to compensation, 94 terms, conditions, or privileges of employment based on 95 knowledge or belief of the person's COVID-19 vaccination or 96 postinfection recovery status or the person's failure to take a COVID-19 test. This subsection does not otherwise restrict 97 98 business entities businesses from instituting screening 99 protocols consistent with authoritative or controlling government-issued guidance to protect public health. 100

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101 (4) (2) A governmental entity as defined in s. 768.38 may 102 not require any person persons to provide any documentation 103 certifying COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection recovery or 104 require any person to take a COVID-19 test to gain admission or 105 access to, entry upon, or service from the governmental entity's 106 operations in this state, or as a condition of contracting, 107 hiring, promotion, or continued employment with the governmental 108 entity. A governmental entity may not refuse to hire or 109 discharge any person, deprive or tend to deprive any person of 110 employment opportunities or adversely affect any person's status as an employee, or otherwise discriminate against any person 111 with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges 112 113 of employment based on the knowledge or belief of the person's 114 COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection recovery status or the 115 person's failure to take a COVID-19 test. This subsection does 116 not otherwise restrict governmental entities from instituting 117 screening protocols consistent with authoritative or controlling 118 government-issued guidance to protect public health. 119 (5) (a) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), or any other law to

120 the contrary, a business entity or a governmental entity may not 121 require any person to wear a facial covering and may not deny 122 any person admission or access to, entry upon, or service from 123 the entity or otherwise discriminate against any person based on 124 the person's refusal to wear a facial covering. 125 (b) This subsection does not apply to a health care

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126 provider or a health care practitioner as those terms are 127 defined in s. 408.833(1), provided that such provider or 128 practitioner is in compliance with s. 408.833. 129 (3) An educational institution as defined in s. 768.38 may 130 not require students or residents to provide any documentation 131 certifying COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection recovery for 132 attendance or enrollment, or to gain access to, entry upon, or 133 service from such educational institution in this state. This subsection does not otherwise restrict educational institutions 134 135 from instituting screening protocols consistent with 136 authoritative or controlling government-issued guidance to 137 protect public health. 138 (6) (a) (4) The department may impose an administrative afine not to exceed \$5,000 per each individual and separate 139 140 violation of this section. 141 (b) Fines collected pursuant to this subsection must be 142 deposited into the General Revenue Fund. 143 (C) This subsection does not limit the right of any person 144 aggrieved by a violation of this section to recover damages or 145 other relief under any other applicable law. 146 (d) If a governmental entity fails to comply with 147 subsection (4) or subsection (5), an employee terminated based 148 on such noncompliance may be eligible for reemployment 149 assistance under chapter 443, in addition to any other remedy available to the employee for a violation of this section. 150

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151 For purposes of an investigation or proceeding (e) 152 conducted by the department, the department may administer 153 oaths, take depositions, make inspections when authorized by 154 law, issue subpoenas supported by affidavit, serve subpoenas and 155 other process, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence. 156 Challenges to and enforcement of subpoenas or orders shall be in 157 accordance with s. 120.569. 158 159 (5) This section does not apply to a health care provider 160 as defined in s. 768.38; a service provider licensed or certified under s. 393.17, part III of chapter 401, or part IV 161 162 of chapter 468; or a provider with an active health care clinic 163 exemption under s. 400.9935. 164 (7) (7) (6) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 165 120.536 and 120.54 to implement this section. 166 Section 2. Section 381.00319, Florida Statutes, is amended 167 to read: 381.00319 Prohibition on facial covering and COVID-19 168 169 vaccination and testing mandates for students.-170 For purposes of this section, the term: (1)"COVID-19" means the novel coronavirus identified as 171 (a) SARS-CoV-2; any disease caused by SARS-CoV-2, its viral 172 173 fragments, or a virus mutating therefrom; and all conditions 174 associated with the disease which are caused by SARS-CoV-2, its 175 viral fragments, or a virus mutating therefrom has the same Page 7 of 15

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176	meaning as in s. 381.00317(1).
177	(b) "Educational institution" means a public or private
178	school, including a preschool, elementary school, middle school,
179	junior high school, secondary school, career center, or
180	postsecondary school has the same meaning as in s. 112.0441(1).
181	(c) "Facial covering" has the same meaning as in s.
182	408.833(1).
183	(c) "Parent" has the same meaning as in s. 1000.21(5).
184	(2) <u>(a)</u> Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, An
185	educational institution or elected or appointed local official
186	may not impose a COVID-19 vaccination mandate <u>on</u> for any <u>person</u>
187	student.
188	(b) An educational institution may not require any person
189	to provide any documentation certifying COVID-19 vaccination or
190	postinfection recovery or require any person to take a COVID-19
191	test to gain admission or access to, entry upon, or service from
192	the educational institution in this state. An educational
193	institution may not otherwise discriminate against any person
194	based on the person's COVID-19 vaccination or postinfection
195	recovery status or the person's failure to take a COVID-19 test.
196	(3)(a) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), or any other law to
197	the contrary, an educational institution may not require any
198	person to wear a facial covering and may not deny any person
199	admission or access to, entry upon, or service from the
200	institution or otherwise discriminate against any person based

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201 on the person's refusal to wear a facial covering. 202 This subsection does not apply to an educational (b) 203 institution when a facial covering is used as required safety 204 equipment in a course of study consistent with occupational or 205 laboratory safety requirements. 206 (4) (a) The Department of Health may impose an 207 administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 per each individual and 208 separate violation of this section. 209 (b) Fines collected pursuant to this subsection must be 210 deposited into the General Revenue Fund. This subsection does not limit the right of any person 211 (C) 212 aggrieved by a violation of this section to recover damages or 213 other relief under any other applicable law. 214 (d) For purposes of an investigation or proceeding 215 conducted by the Department of Health, the department may 216 administer oaths, take depositions, make inspections when 217 authorized by law, issue subpoenas supported by affidavit, serve subpoenas and other process, and compel the attendance of 218 219 witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence, respectively. Challenges to and enforcement of 220 subpoenas or orders shall be in accordance with s. 120.569 221 222 (3) A parent of a student, a student who is an emancipated minor, or a student who is 18 years of age or older may bring an 223 224 action against the educational institution to obtain a 225 declaratory judgment that an act or practice violates this

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226	section and to seek injunctive relief. A prevailing parent or
227	student, as applicable, must be awarded reasonable attorney fees
228	and court costs.
229	(4) This section expires June 1, 2023.
230	Section 3. Section 395.1057, Florida Statutes, is created
231	to read:
232	395.1057 Patients' right to choose COVID-19 treatment
233	alternatives.—In accordance with s. 456.62, a hospital may not
234	interfere with a patient's right to choose COVID-19 treatment
235	alternatives as recommended by a health care practitioner with
236	privileges at the hospital. Any hospital that violates this
237	section by preventing a health care practitioner from exercising
238	his or her sound judgment is subject to agency disciplinary
239	action under s. 395.1065(2).
240	Section 4. Section 408.833, Florida Statutes, is created
241	to read:
242	408.833 Facial covering requirements in health care
243	facilities
244	(1) As used in this section, the term:
245	(a) "Department" means the Department of Health.
246	(b) "Facial covering" means a cloth or surgical face mask,
247	a face shield, or any other device that covers the mouth and
248	nose.

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249 "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as in (C) 250 s. 456.001. The term does not include a health care practitioner 251 who is employed by a health care provider. 252 "Health care provider" means a health care provider as (d) 253 defined in s. 408.07; a service provider licensed or certified 254 under s. 393.17, part III of chapter 401, or part IV of chapter 255 468; a provider with an active health care clinic exemption 256 under s. 400.9935; an optical establishment permitted under s. 257 484.007; a massage establishment licensed under s. 480.043; a 258 pharmacy as defined in s. 465.003; or an office registered under 259 s. 459.0138. 260 (2) (a) By July 1, 2023, the agency and the department 261 shall jointly develop standards for the appropriate use of 262 facial coverings for infection control in health care settings. 263 The agency and the department shall publish such (b) 264 standards on their respective websites and provide a link on 265 their respective websites to report violations of such 266 standards. 267 (c) The agency and the department shall adopt emergency rules to jointly develop such standards. Emergency rules adopted 268 269 under this subsection are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c) and shall 270 remain in effect until replaced by rules adopted under the 271 nonemergency rulemaking procedures of the Administrative 272 Procedure Act. 273 (3) By August 1, 2023, health care providers and health Page 11 of 15

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274 care practitioners must adopt facial covering policies and 275 procedures based on the standards developed under subsection (2) 276 and publish such policies and procedures on the homepages of 277 their respective websites or conspicuously display such policies 278 and procedures in the lobbies of their respective practice 279 settings. 280 (4) Effective August 1, 2023, health care providers and health care practitioners may not require any person to wear a 281 282 facial covering in any circumstance unless it is in accordance 283 with the policies and procedures adopted under subsection (3). (5) Effective August 1, 2023, a health care provider or a 284 285 health care practitioner that violates this section is subject 286 to disciplinary action by the agency or the department, as 287 applicable. 288 Section 5. Section 456.62, Florida Statutes, is created to 289 read: 290 456.62 Communication of COVID-19 treatment alternatives.-291 (1) A health care practitioner treating a patient 292 diagnosed with COVID-19 shall obtain the informed consent of the 293 patient or the patient's legal representative before prescribing 294 any medication for the treatment of COVID-19. 295 (2) Informed consent shall include an explanation of 296 alternative medications for the treatment of COVID-19 and the 297 relative advantages, disadvantages, and risks associated with 298 alternative medications to the extent necessary to allow the

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299	patient or the patient's legal representative to make a prudent
300	decision regarding treatment.
301	(3) In determining which alternative medications to
302	include in the informed consent, the health care practitioner
303	shall consider any medications currently authorized or approved
304	by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the
305	treatment of COVID-19 and use his or her best clinical judgment
306	to identify any alternative medications that could reasonably be
307	expected to benefit the patient.
308	(4) In providing such information, the health care
309	practitioner shall consider the physical state of the patient
310	and the patient's ability to understand the information.
311	(5) A health care practitioner shall record his or her
312	compliance or noncompliance with this section in the patient's
313	medical record.
314	(6) This section does not supersede any other provision of
315	law regarding informed consent.
316	Section 6. Section 465.0266, Florida Statutes, is amended
317	to read:
318	465.0266 Common databaseNothing contained in This
319	chapter <u>does not</u> shall be construed to prohibit the dispensing
320	by a pharmacist licensed in this state or another state of a
321	prescription contained in a common database, and such dispensing
322	<u>may</u> shall not constitute a transfer as defined in s. 465.026(1)-
323	(6), provided that the following conditions are met:
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324 (1) All pharmacies involved in the transactions pursuant
325 to which the prescription is dispensed are under common
326 ownership and utilize a common database.

327 (2) All pharmacies involved in the transactions pursuant
328 to which the prescription is dispensed and all pharmacists
329 engaging in dispensing functions are properly licensed,
330 permitted, or registered in this state or another state.

(3) The common database maintains a record of all
pharmacists involved in the process of dispensing a
prescription.

(4) The owner of the common database maintains a policy and procedures manual that governs its participating pharmacies, pharmacists, and pharmacy employees and that is available to the board or its agent upon request. The policy and procedures manual shall include the following information:

(a) A best practices model detailing how each pharmacy and
each pharmacist accessing the common database will comply with
applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations.

(b) The procedure for maintaining appropriate records for regulatory oversight for tracking a prescription during each stage of the filling and dispensing process, identifying the pharmacists involved in filling and dispensing the prescription and counseling the patient, and responding to any requests for information made by the board under s. 465.0156.

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(c) The policy and procedure for providing adequate

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349 security to protect the confidentiality and integrity of patient 350 information.

(d) A quality assurance program designed to objectively and systematically monitor, evaluate, and improve the quality and appropriateness of patient care through the use of the common database.

356 Any pharmacist dispensing a prescription has at all times the 357 right and obligation to exercise his or her independent 358 professional judgment. Any pharmacist properly dispensing an 359 alternative medication prescribed for the treatment of COVID-19 360 pursuant to s. 456.62 is not subject to disciplinary action by 361 the board or the department, as applicable. Notwithstanding 362 other provisions in this section, a no pharmacist licensed in 363 this state participating in the dispensing of a prescription 364 pursuant to this section is not shall be responsible for the 365 acts and omissions of another person participating in the 366 dispensing process provided such person is not under the direct 367 supervision and control of the pharmacist licensed in this 368 state.

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Section 7. This act shall take effect June 1, 2023.

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