1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.02, 3 F.S.; deleting a requirement that the State Board of Education establish the cost of certain tuition and 4 5 fees; amending s. 1001.03, F.S.; deleting a 6 requirement that the state board identify certain 7 metrics and develop a specified plan relating to the 8 Florida College System; amending s. 1002.3105, F.S.; 9 deleting a requirement that a performance contract be completed if a student participates in an Academically 10 11 Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning option; providing that a performance contract may be used at 12 13 the discretion of the principal; repealing s. 1002.311, F.S., relating to single-gender programs; 14 amending s. 1002.34, F.S.; deleting a requirement for 15 16 the Commissioner of Education to provide for an annual comparative evaluation of charter technical career 17 18 centers and public technical centers; amending s. 19 1002.45, F.S.; deleting a requirement that school districts provide certain virtual instruction options 20 21 to students; deleting a requirement that virtual instruction program providers be nonsectarian; 22 23 authorizing school districts to provide certain 24 students with the equipment and access necessary for 25 participation in virtual instruction programs;

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amending s. 1002.82, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to review school readiness program plans every 3 years, rather than every 2 years; amending s. 1002.85, F.S.; requiring early learning coalitions to submit school readiness program plans to the department every 3 years, rather than every 2 years; amending s. 1003.4935, F.S.; deleting a requirement that the department collect and report certain data relating to a middle school career and professional academy or a career-themed course; repealing s. 1003.4995, F.S., relating to the fine arts report prepared by the Commissioner of Education; repealing s. 1003.4996, F.S., relating to the Competency-Based Education Pilot Program; amending s. 1003.49965, F.S.; authorizing, rather than requiring, a school district to hold an Art in the Capitol Competition; amending s. 1003.51, F.S.; deleting a requirement regarding assessment procedures for Department of Juvenile Justice education programs; revising requirements for which assessment results must be included in a student's discharge packet; revising requirements for when a district school board must face sanctions for unsatisfactory performance in its Department of Juvenile Justice programs; amending s. 1003.621, F.S.; deleting a requirement for academically high-

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performing school districts to submit an annual report to the state board; repealing s. 1004.925, F.S., relating to automotive service technology education programs and certification; amending s. 1006.28, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "adequate instructional materials"; authorizing school districts to assess a processing fee for certain objections to materials; providing requirements for the assessment of such fee; providing for the return of such fee under certain circumstances; requiring certain information published and regularly updated by the Department of Education to be sorted by grade level; deleting a timeframe requirement for each district school superintendent to notify the department about instructional materials; deleting a requirement for such notification; authorizing, rather than requiring, a school principal to collect the purchase price of instructional materials lost, destroyed, or unnecessarily damaged by a student; amending s. 1006.283, F.S.; deleting a timeframe requirement for a district school superintendent to certify to the department that certain instructional materials meet applicable state standards; amending s. 1007.33, F.S.; deleting a provision authorizing the Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College to establish certain degree

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programs; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; revising requirements for the administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system; providing requirements for the administration of such system for students in the summer prekindergarten program; amending s. 1008.31, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001"; amending s. 1008.332, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the No Child Left Behind Act to relate to the Every Student Succeeds Act; deleting a requirement for certain committee members to annually report to specified entities; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; requiring that certain changes made by the state board to components in the school grades model or to the school grading scale go into effect in the following school year or later; conforming cross-references; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; deleting a requirement for the department to develop an annual feedback report; deleting a requirement for the Commissioner of Education to review specified feedback reports and submit findings to the state board; deleting certain requirements for a report the commissioner produces annually for the state board and Legislature; revising what information certain community assessment team recommendations are based on; amending s. 1008.45,

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101	F.S.; deleting a requirement that the state board
102	provide a specified annual evaluation; amending ss.
103	1000.05, 1002.31, 1002.321, 1002.33, 1002.455,
104	1008.22, 1008.37, and 1013.841, F.S.; conforming
105	provisions and cross-references to changes made by the
106	act; providing an effective date.
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108	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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110	Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 1001.02, Florida
111	Statutes, is amended to read:
112	1001.02 General powers of State Board of Education
113	(5) The State Board of Education is responsible for
114	reviewing and administering the state program of support for the
115	Florida College System institutions and, subject to existing
116	law, shall establish the tuition and out-of-state fees for
117	developmental education and for credit instruction that may be
118	counted toward an associate in arts degree, an associate in
119	applied science degree, or an associate in science degree.
120	Section 2. Subsection (17) of section 1001.03, Florida
121	Statutes, is amended to read:
122	1001.03 Specific powers of State Board of Education

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(17) PLAN SPECIFYING COALS AND OBJECTIVES. - By July 1,

2013, the State Board of Education shall identify performance

metrics for the Florida College System and develop a plan that

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specifies goals and objectives for each Florida College System institution. The plan must include:

- (a) Performance metrics and standards common for all institutions and metrics and standards unique to institutions depending on institutional core missions, including, but not limited to, remediation success, retention, graduation, employment, transfer rates, licensure passage, excess hours, student loan burden and default rates, job placement, faculty awards, and highly respected rankings for institution and program achievements.
- (b) Student enrollment and performance data delineated by method of instruction, including, but not limited to, traditional, online, and distance learning instruction.
- Section 3. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4) of section 1002.3105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1002.3105 Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) options.—
 - (4) ACCEL REQUIREMENTS.-
- (c) If a student participates in an ACCEL option pursuant to the parental request under subparagraph (b)1., a performance contract is not required but may be used at the discretion of the principal must be executed by the student, the parent, and the principal. At a minimum, the performance contract must require compliance with:
 - 1. Minimum student attendance requirements.

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- 2. Minimum student conduct requirements.
- 3. ACCEL option requirements established by the principal, which may include participation in extracurricular activities, educational outings, field trips, interscholastic competitions, and other activities related to the ACCEL option selected.
- (d) If a principal initiates a student's participation in an ACCEL option, the student's parent must be notified. A performance contract, pursuant to paragraph (c), is not required when a principal initiates participation but may be used at the discretion of the principal.
- Section 4. <u>Section 1002.311, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.
- Section 5. Subsection (19) of section 1002.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1002.34 Charter technical career centers.-
- (19) EVALUATION; REPORT.—The Commissioner of Education shall provide for an annual comparative evaluation of charter technical career centers and public technical centers. The evaluation may be conducted in cooperation with the sponsor, through private contracts, or by department staff. At a minimum, the comparative evaluation must address the demographic and socioeconomic characteristics of the students served, the types and costs of services provided, and the outcomes achieved. By December 30 of each year, the Commissioner of Education shall submit to the Covernor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker

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of the House of Representatives, and the Senate and House committees that have responsibility for secondary and postsecondary career and technical education a report of the comparative evaluation completed for the previous school year.

Section 6. Paragraphs (c) through (e) of subsection (1) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (b) through (d), respectively, and present paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of that subsection, subsection (2), paragraph (d) of subsection (3), subsection (5), and paragraph (a) of subsection (6) are amended to read:

1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.-

(1) PROGRAM.—

(b)1. Each school district shall provide at least one option for part-time and full-time virtual instruction for students residing within the school district. All school districts must provide parents with timely written notification of at least one open enrollment period for full-time students of 90 days or more which ends 30 days before the first day of the school year. A school district virtual instruction program shall consist of the following:

a. Full-time and part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12.

b. Full-time or part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in dropout prevention and academic intervention programs under s. 1003.53, Department of Juvenile Justice

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education programs under s. 1003.52, core-curricula courses to meet class size requirements under s. 1003.03, or Florida College System institutions under this section.

- 2. Each virtual instruction program established under paragraph (c) by a school district either directly or through a contract with an approved virtual instruction program provider shall operate under its own Master School Identification Number as prescribed by the department.
- (b)(c) To provide students residing within the school district the option of participating in virtual instruction programs as required by paragraph (b), a school district may:
- 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School or establish a franchise of the Florida Virtual School pursuant to s.

 1002.37(2) for the provision of a program under paragraph (b).
- 2. Contract with an approved virtual instruction program provider under subsection (2) for the provision of a full-time or part-time program under paragraph (b).
- 3. Enter into an agreement with other school districts to allow the participation of its students in an approved virtual instruction program provided by the other school district. The agreement must indicate a process for the transfer of funds required by paragraph (6)(b).
- 4. Establish school district operated part-time or full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs.
 - 5. Enter into an agreement with a virtual charter school

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authorized by the school district under s. 1002.33.

Contracts under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may include multidistrict contractual arrangements executed by a regional consortium service organization established pursuant to s. 1001.451 for its member districts. A multidistrict contractual arrangement or an agreement under subparagraph 3. is not subject to s. 1001.42(4)(d) and does not require the participating school districts to be contiguous. These arrangements may be used to fulfill the requirements of paragraph (b).

(d) (e) Each school district shall:

- 1. Provide to the department by each October 1_{7} a copy of each contract and the amount paid per unweighted full-time equivalent virtual student for services procured pursuant to subparagraphs (b) 1. and 2. $\frac{(c)}{1.}$ and $\frac{2}{1.}$
- 2. Expend any difference in the amount of funds per unweighted full-time equivalent virtual student allocated to the school district pursuant to subsection (6) and the amount paid per unweighted full-time equivalent virtual student by the school district for a contract executed pursuant to subparagraph (b)1. (c)1. or subparagraph (b)2. (e)2. on acquiring computer and device hardware and associated operating system software that comply with the requirements of s. 1001.20(4)(a)1.b.
- 3. Provide to the department by September 1 of each year an itemized list of items acquired in subparagraph 2.

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- 4. Limit the enrollment of full-time equivalent virtual students residing outside of the school district providing the virtual instruction pursuant to paragraph (b) (e) to no more than those that can be funded from state Florida Education Finance Program funds.
 - (2) PROVIDER QUALIFICATIONS.-
- (a) The department shall annually publish on its website a list of providers approved by the State Board of Education to offer virtual instruction programs. To be approved, a virtual instruction program provider must document that it:
- 1. Is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and operations;
- 2. Complies with the antidiscrimination provisions of s. 1000.05;
- 2.3. Locates an administrative office or offices in this state, requires its administrative staff to be state residents, requires all instructional staff to be Florida-certified teachers under chapter 1012 and conducts background screenings for all employees or contracted personnel, as required by s. 1012.32, using state and national criminal history records;
- 3.4. Electronically provides to parents and students specific information that includes, but is not limited to, the following teacher-parent and teacher-student contact information for each course:
 - a. How to contact the instructor via phone, e-mail, or

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276 online messaging tools.

- b. How to contact technical support via phone, e-mail, or online messaging tools.
- c. How to contact the administration office via phone, e-mail, or online messaging tools.
- d. Any requirement for regular contact with the instructor for the course and clear expectations for meeting the requirement.
- e. The requirement that the instructor in each course must, at a minimum, conduct one contact with the parent and the student each month;
- 4.5. Possesses prior, successful experience offering virtual instruction courses to elementary, middle, or high school students as demonstrated by quantified student learning gains in each subject area and grade level provided for consideration as an instructional program option. However, for a virtual instruction program provider without sufficient prior, successful experience offering online courses, the State Board of Education may conditionally approve the virtual instruction program provider to offer courses measured pursuant to subparagraph (7)(a)2. Conditional approval shall be valid for 1 school year only and, based on the virtual instruction program provider's experience in offering the courses, the State Board of Education may grant approval to offer a virtual instruction program;

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- 5.6. Is accredited by a regional accrediting association as defined by State Board of Education rule;
- $\underline{6.7.}$ Ensures instructional and curricular quality through a detailed curriculum and student performance accountability plan that addresses every subject and grade level it intends to provide through contract with the school district, including:
- a. Courses and programs that meet the standards of the International Association for K-12 Online Learning and the Southern Regional Education Board.
- b. Instructional content and services that align with, and measure student attainment of, student proficiency in the state academic standards.
- c. Mechanisms that determine and ensure that a student has satisfied requirements for grade level promotion and high school graduation with a standard diploma, as appropriate;
- 7.8. Publishes, in accordance with disclosure requirements adopted in rule by the State Board of Education, as part of its application as an approved virtual instruction program provider and in all contracts negotiated pursuant to this section:
- a. Information and data about the curriculum of each fulltime and part-time virtual instruction program.
 - b. School policies and procedures.
- c. Certification status and physical location of all administrative and instructional personnel.
 - d. Hours and times of availability of instructional

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326 personnel.

- e. Student-teacher ratios.
- f. Student completion and promotion rates.
- g. Student, educator, and school performance
 accountability outcomes;
 - 8.9. If the approved virtual instruction program provider is a Florida College System institution, employs instructors who meet the certification requirements for instructional staff under chapter 1012; and
 - 9.10. Performs an annual financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent auditor who is a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473. The independent auditor shall conduct the audit in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General and in compliance with generally accepted auditing standards, and include a report on financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The audit report shall be accompanied by a written statement from the approved virtual instruction program provider in response to any deficiencies identified within the audit report and shall be submitted by the approved virtual instruction program provider to the State Board of Education and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the preceding fiscal year.
 - (b) An approved virtual instruction program provider that maintains compliance with all requirements of this section shall

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retain its approved status for a period of 3 school years after the date of approval by the State Board of Education.

- (3) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—Each virtual instruction program under this section must:
- (d) Provide each full-time student enrolled in the virtual instruction program who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act, or who is on the direct certification list, and who does not have a computer or Internet access in his or her home with:
- 1. All equipment necessary for participants in the virtual instruction program, including, but not limited to, a computer, computer monitor, and printer, if a printer is necessary to participate in the virtual instruction program; and
- 2. Access to or reimbursement for all Internet services necessary for online delivery of instruction.

A school district may provide each full-time student enrolled in the virtual instruction program with the equipment and access necessary for participation in the program.

- (5) STUDENT PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS.—Each student enrolled in the school district's virtual instruction program authorized pursuant to paragraph (1)(b) (1)(c) must:
- (a) Comply with the compulsory attendance requirements of s. 1003.21. Student attendance must be verified by the school district.

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- (b) Take statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 and participate in the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system under s. 1008.25(9). Statewide assessments and progress monitoring may be administered within the school district in which such student resides, or as specified in the contract in accordance with s. 1008.24(3). If requested by the approved virtual instruction program provider or virtual charter school, the district of residence must provide the student with access to the district's testing facilities.
- (6) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AND VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDING.—
- (a) All virtual instruction programs established pursuant to paragraph (1)(b) (1)(c) are subject to the requirements of s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III), (IV), (VI), and (4), and the school district providing the virtual instruction program shall report the full-time equivalent students in a manner prescribed by the department. A school district may report a full-time equivalent student for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a virtual instruction course provided by the district which was completed after the end of the regular school year if the full-time equivalent student is reported no later than the deadline for amending the final full-time equivalent student membership report for that year.
- Section 7. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 1002.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.82 Department of Education; powers and duties.-

- (2) The department shall:
- (e) Review each early learning coalition's school readiness program plan every $\underline{3}$ 2 years and provide final approval of the plan and any amendments submitted.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1002.85, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.85 Early learning coalition plans.-

- school readiness program plan every 3 years to the department before the expenditure of funds. A coalition may not implement its school readiness program plan until it receives approval from the department. A coalition may not implement any revision to its school readiness program plan until the coalition submits the revised plan to and receives approval from the department. If the department rejects a plan or revision, the coalition must continue to operate under its previously approved plan. The plan must include, but is not limited to:
- (a) The coalition's operations, including its membership and business organization, and the coalition's articles of incorporation and bylaws if the coalition is organized as a corporation. If the coalition is not organized as a corporation or other business entity, the plan must include the contract with a fiscal agent.
 - (b) The coalition's procedures for implementing the

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426 requirements of this part, including:

- 1. Single point of entry.
- 2. Uniform waiting list.
- 3. Eligibility and enrollment processes and local eligibility priorities for children pursuant to s. 1002.87.
 - 4. Parent access and choice.
- 5. Sliding fee scale and policies on applying the waiver or reduction of fees in accordance with s. 1002.84(9).
- 6. Use of preassessments and postassessments, as applicable.
- 7. Use of contracted slots, as applicable, based on the results of the assessment required under paragraph (i).
- (c) A detailed description of the coalition's quality activities and services, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Resource and referral and school-age child care.
 - 2. Infant and toddler early learning.
 - 3. Inclusive early learning programs.
- 4. Quality improvement strategies that strengthen teaching practices and increase child outcomes.
- (d) A detailed budget that outlines estimated expenditures for state, federal, and local matching funds at the lowest level of detail available by other-cost-accumulator code number; all estimated sources of revenue with identifiable descriptions; a listing of full-time equivalent positions; contracted subcontractor costs with related annual compensation amount or

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hourly rate of compensation; and a capital improvements plan outlining existing fixed capital outlay projects and proposed capital outlay projects that will begin during the budget year.

- (e) A detailed accounting, in the format prescribed by the department, of all revenues and expenditures during the $\underline{2}$ previous state fiscal $\underline{\text{years}}$ $\underline{\text{year}}$. Revenue sources should be identifiable, and expenditures should be reported by two categories: state and federal funds and local matching funds.
- (f) Updated policies and procedures, including those governing procurement, maintenance of tangible personal property, maintenance of records, information technology security, and disbursement controls.
- (g) A description of the procedures for monitoring school readiness program providers, including in response to a parental complaint, to determine that the standards prescribed in ss. 1002.82 and 1002.88 are met using a standard monitoring tool adopted by the department. Providers determined to be high risk by the coalition as demonstrated by substantial findings of violations of law shall be monitored more frequently.
- (h) Documentation that the coalition has solicited and considered comments regarding the proposed school readiness program plan from the local community.
- (i) An assessment of local priorities within the county or multicounty region based on the needs of families and provider capacity using available community data.

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476	Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 1003.4935, Florida
477	Statutes, is amended to read:
478	1003.4935 Middle grades career and professional academy
479	courses and career-themed courses.—
480	(3) Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, if a school
481	district implements a middle school career and professional
482	academy or a career-themed course, the Department of Education
483	shall collect and report student achievement data pursuant to
484	performance factors identified under s. 1003.492(3) for students
485	enrolled in an academy or a career-themed course.
486	Section 10. Section 1003.4995, Florida Statutes, is
487	repealed.
488	Section 11. Section 1003.4996, Florida Statutes, is
489	repealed.
490	Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 1003.49965, Florida
491	Statutes, is amended to read:
492	1003.49965 Art in the Capitol Competition
493	(2) A Each school district may shall annually hold an Art
494	in the Capitol Competition for all public, private, and home
495	education students in grades 6 through 8. Submissions shall be
496	judged by a selection committee consisting of art teachers whose
497	students have not submitted artwork for consideration.

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Section 13. Paragraphs (g) and (r) of subsection (2) of

section 1003.51, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.51 Other public educational services.-

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- (2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules articulating expectations for effective education programs for students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, including, but not limited to, education programs in juvenile justice prevention, day treatment, residential, and detention programs. The rule shall establish policies and standards for education programs for students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs and shall include the following:
 - (g) Assessment procedures that, which:
- 1. For prevention, day treatment, and residential programs, include appropriate academic and career assessments administered at program entry and exit that are selected by the Department of Education in partnership with representatives from the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and education providers. Assessments must be completed within the first 10 school days after a student's entry into the program.
- 2. provide for determination of the areas of academic need and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction for each student in a detention facility within 5 school days after the student's entry into the program and for the administration of administer a research-based assessment that will assist the student in determining his or her educational and career options and goals within 22 school days after the student's entry into the program. The results of the these assessments required under this paragraph and s. 1003.52(3)(d), together with a portfolio

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depicting the student's academic and career accomplishments, <u>must shall</u> be included in the discharge packet assembled for each student.

(r) A series of graduated sanctions for district school boards whose educational programs in Department of Juvenile Justice programs are considered to be unsatisfactory and for instances in which district school boards fail to meet standards prescribed by law, rule, or State Board of Education policy. These sanctions <u>must shall</u> include the option of requiring a district school board to contract with a provider or another district school board if the educational program at the Department of Juvenile Justice program is performing below minimum standards and, after 6 months, is still performing below minimum standards.

Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 1003.621, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.621 Academically high-performing school districts.—It is the intent of the Legislature to recognize and reward school districts that demonstrate the ability to consistently maintain or improve their high-performing status. The purpose of this section is to provide high-performing school districts with flexibility in meeting the specific requirements in statute and rules of the State Board of Education.

(4) REPORTS.—The academically high-performing school district shall submit to the State Board of Education and the

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551	Legislature an annual report on December 1 which delineates the
552	performance of the school district relative to the academic
553	performance of students at each grade level in reading, writing,
554	mathematics, science, and any other subject that is included as
555	a part of the statewide assessment program in s. 1008.22. The
556	annual report shall be submitted in a format prescribed by the
557	Department of Education and shall include:
558	(a) Longitudinal performance of students on statewide,
559	standardized assessments taken under s. 1008.22;
560	(b) Longitudinal performance of students by grade level
561	and subgroup on statewide, standardized assessments taken under
562	s. 1008.22;
563	(c) Longitudinal performance regarding efforts to close
564	the achievement gap;
565	(d)1. Number and percentage of students who take an
566	Advanced Placement Examination; and
567	2. Longitudinal performance regarding students who take an
568	Advanced Placement Examination by demographic group,
569	specifically by age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, and by
570	participation in the National School Lunch Program;
571	(c) Evidence of compliance with subsection (1); and
572	(f) A description of each waiver and the status of each
573	waiver.
574	Section 15. <u>Section 1004.925</u> , Florida Statutes, is
575	repealed.

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Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 1006.28, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.28 Duties of district school board, district school superintendent; and school principal regarding K-12 instructional materials.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS. -
- (a) As used in this section, the term:
- 1. "Adequate instructional materials" means a sufficient number of student or site licenses or sets of materials that are available in bound, unbound, kit, or package form and may consist of hardbacked or softbacked textbooks, electronic content, consumables, learning laboratories, manipulatives, electronic media, and computer courseware or software that serve as the basis for instruction for each student in the core subject areas of mathematics, language arts, social studies, science, reading, and literature.
- 2. "Instructional materials" has the same meaning as in s. 1006.29(2).
- 3. "Library media center" means any collection of books, ebooks, periodicals, or videos maintained and accessible on the site of a school, including in classrooms.
- (2) DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD.—The district school board has the constitutional duty and responsibility to select and provide

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adequate instructional materials for all students in accordance with the requirements of this part. The district school board also has the following specific duties and responsibilities:

- (a) Courses of study; adoption.—Adopt courses of study, including instructional materials, for use in the schools of the district.
- 1. Each district school board is responsible for the content of all instructional materials and any other materials used in a classroom, made available in a school or classroom library, or included on a reading list, whether adopted and purchased from the state-adopted instructional materials list, adopted and purchased through a district instructional materials program under s. 1006.283, or otherwise purchased or made available.
- 2. Each district school board must adopt a policy regarding an objection by a parent or a resident of the county to the use of a specific material, which clearly describes a process to handle all objections and provides for resolution. The objection form, as prescribed by State Board of Education rule, and the district school board's process must be easy to read and understand and be easily accessible on the homepage of the school district's website. The objection form must also identify the school district point of contact and contact information for the submission of an objection. The process must provide the parent or resident the opportunity to proffer

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evidence to the district school board that:

- a. An instructional material does not meet the criteria of s. 1006.31(2) or s. 1006.40(3)(d) if it was selected for use in a course or otherwise made available to students in the school district but was not subject to the public notice, review, comment, and hearing procedures under s. 1006.283(2)(b)8., 9., and 11.
- b. Any material used in a classroom, made available in a school or classroom library, or included on a reading list contains content which:
 - (I) Is pornographic or prohibited under s. 847.012;
- (II) Depicts or describes sexual conduct as defined in s. 847.001(19), unless such material is for a course required by s. 1003.46, s. 1003.42(2)(n)1.g., or s. 1003.42(2)(n)3., or identified by State Board of Education rule;
- (III) Is not suited to student needs and their ability to comprehend the material presented; or
- (IV) Is inappropriate for the grade level and age group for which the material is used.

A school district may assess a \$100 processing fee for each objection submitted by a parent or resident who does not have a student enrolled in the school where the material is located if the parent or resident has objected to more than five materials during the calendar year. The school district must return to the

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parent or resident the processing fee for each objection that is upheld. Any material that is subject to an objection on the basis of sub-sub-subparagraph b.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II) must be removed within 5 school days after of receipt of the objection and remain unavailable to students of that school until the objection is resolved. Parents shall have the right to read passages from any material that is subject to an objection. If the school board denies a parent the right to read passages due to content that meets the requirements under sub-subsubparagraph b.(I), the school district shall discontinue the use of the material. If the district school board finds that any material meets the requirements under sub-subparagraph a. or that any other material contains prohibited content under subsub-subparagraph b.(I), the school district shall discontinue use of the material. If the district school board finds that any other material contains prohibited content under sub-subsubparagraphs b.(II)-(IV), the school district shall discontinue use of the material for any grade level or age group for which such use is inappropriate or unsuitable.

3. Each district school board must establish a process by which the parent of a public school student or a resident of the county may contest the district school board's adoption of a specific instructional material. The parent or resident must file a petition, on a form provided by the school board, within 30 calendar days after the adoption of the instructional

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material by the school board. The school board must make the form available to the public and publish the form on the school district's website. The form must be signed by the parent or resident, include the required contact information, and state the objection to the instructional material based on the criteria of s. 1006.31(2) or s. 1006.40(3)(d). Within 30 days after the 30-day period has expired, the school board must, for all petitions timely received, conduct at least one open public hearing before an unbiased and qualified hearing officer. The hearing officer may not be an employee or agent of the school district. The hearing is not subject to the provisions of chapter 120; however, the hearing must provide sufficient procedural protections to allow each petitioner an adequate and fair opportunity to be heard and present evidence to the hearing officer. The school board's decision after convening a hearing is final and not subject to further petition or review.

- 4. Meetings of committees convened for the purpose of ranking, eliminating, or selecting instructional materials for recommendation to the district school board must be noticed and open to the public in accordance with s. 286.011. Any committees convened for such purposes must include parents of students who will have access to such materials.
- 5. Meetings of committees convened for the purpose of resolving an objection by a parent or resident to specific materials must be noticed and open to the public in accordance

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- with s. 286.011. Any committees convened for such purposes must include parents of students who will have access to such materials.
 - 6. If a parent disagrees with the determination made by the district school board on the objection to the use of a specific material, a parent may request the Commissioner of Education to appoint a special magistrate who is a member of The Florida Bar in good standing and who has at least 5 years' experience in administrative law. The special magistrate shall determine facts relating to the school district's determination, consider information provided by the parent and the school district, and render a recommended decision for resolution to the State Board of Education within 30 days after receipt of the request by the parent. The State Board of Education must approve or reject the recommended decision at its next regularly scheduled meeting that is more than 7 calendar days and no more than 30 days after the date the recommended decision is transmitted. The costs of the special magistrate shall be borne by the school district. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, including forms, necessary to implement this subparagraph.
 - (e) Public participation.—Publish on its website, in a searchable format prescribed by the department, a list of all instructional materials, including those used to provide instruction required by s. 1003.42. Each district school board

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726 must:

- 1. Provide access to all materials, excluding teacher editions, in accordance with s. 1006.283(2)(b)8.a. before the district school board takes any official action on such materials. This process must include reasonable safeguards against the unauthorized use, reproduction, and distribution of instructional materials considered for adoption.
- 2. Select, approve, adopt, or purchase all materials as a separate line item on the agenda and provide a reasonable opportunity for public comment. The use of materials described in this paragraph may not be selected, approved, or adopted as part of a consent agenda.
- 3. Annually, beginning June 30, 2023, submit to the Commissioner of Education a report that identifies:
- a. Each material for which the school district received an objection pursuant to subparagraph (a)2., including the grade level and course the material was used in, for the school year and the specific objections thereto.
 - b. Each material that was removed or discontinued.
- c. Each material that was not removed or discontinued and the rationale for not removing or discontinuing the material.

The department shall publish and regularly update a list of materials that were removed or discontinued, sorted by grade level, as a result of an objection and disseminate the list to

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school districts for consideration in their selection procedures.

- (3) DISTRICT SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.-
- (b) Each district school superintendent shall <u>annually</u> notify the department by April 1 of each year the state-adopted instructional materials that will be requisitioned for use in his or her school district. The notification shall include a district school board plan for instructional materials use to assist in determining if adequate instructional materials have been requisitioned.
- (4) SCHOOL PRINCIPAL.—The school principal has the following duties for the management and care of materials at the school:
- (b) Money collected for lost or damaged instructional materials; enforcement.—The school principal may shall collect from each student or the student's parent the purchase price of any instructional material the student has lost, destroyed, or unnecessarily damaged and to report and transmit the money collected to the district school superintendent. A student who fails to pay such sum may be suspended the failure to collect such sum upon reasonable effort by the school principal may result in the suspension of the student from participation in extracurricular activities. A student may satisfy ex satisfaction of the debt by the student through community service activities at the school site as determined by the

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school principal, pursuant to policies adopted by district school board rule.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 1006.283, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.283 District school board instructional materials review process.—

(1) A district school board or consortium of school districts may implement an instructional materials program that includes the review, recommendation, adoption, and purchase of instructional materials. The district school superintendent shall annually certify to the department by March 31 of each year that all instructional materials for core courses used by the district are aligned with applicable state standards. A list of the core instructional materials that will be used or purchased for use by the school district shall be included in the certification.

Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 1007.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.33 Site-determined baccalaureate degree access.-

- (4) A Florida College System institution may:
- (a) Offer specified baccalaureate degree programs through formal agreements between the Florida College System institution and other regionally accredited postsecondary educational institutions pursuant to s. 1007.22.
 - (b) Offer baccalaureate degree programs that were

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authorized by law before prior to July 1, 2009.

(c) Establish a first or subsequent baccalaureate degree program for purposes of meeting district, regional, or statewide workforce needs if approved by the State Board of Education under this section.

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> The Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College is authorized to establish one or more bachelor of applied science degree programs based on an analysis of workforce needs in Pinellas, Pasco, and Hernando Counties and other counties approved by the Department of Education. For each program selected, St. Petersburg College must offer a related associate in science or associate in applied science degree program, and the baccalaureate degree level program must be designed to articulate fully with at least one associate in science degree program. The college is encouraged to develop articulation agreements for enrollment of graduates of related associate in applied science degree programs. The Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College is authorized to establish baccalaureate degree programs if it determines a program is warranted and feasible based on each of the factors in paragraph (5) (d). Prior to developing or proposing a new baccalaureate degree program, St. Petersburg College shall engage in need, demand, and impact discussions with the state university in its service district and other local and regional, accredited

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postsecondary providers in its region. Documentation, data, and other information from inter-institutional discussions regarding program need, demand, and impact shall be provided to the college's board of trustees to inform the program approval process. Employment at St. Petersburg College is governed by the same laws that govern Florida College System institutions, except that upper-division faculty are eligible for continuing contracts upon the completion of the fifth year of teaching. Employee records for all personnel shall be maintained as required by s. 1012.81.

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, is amended, to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; student support; coordinated screening and progress monitoring; reporting requirements.—

- (9) COORDINATED SCREENING AND PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM.-
- (b) Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, private Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers and public schools must participate in the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to this paragraph.
- 1. For students in the <u>school-year</u> Voluntary
 Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 2, the
 coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be
 administered at least three times within a program year or
 school year, as applicable, with the first administration

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occurring no later than the first 30 instructional days after a student's enrollment or the start of the program year or school year, the second administration occurring midyear, and the third administration occurring within the last 30 days of the program or school year pursuant to state board rule. The state board may adopt alternate timeframes to address nontraditional school year calendars or summer programs to ensure the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program is administered a minimum of three times within a year or program.

- 2. For students in the summer prekindergarten program, the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be administered two times, with the first administration occurring no later than the first 10 instructional days after a student's enrollment or the start of the summer prekindergarten program, and the second administration occurring within the last 10 days of the summer prekindergarten program pursuant to state board rule.
- 3.2. For grades 3 through 10 English Language Arts and grades 3 through 8 Mathematics, the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be administered at the beginning, middle, and end of the school year pursuant to state board rule. The end-of-year administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be a comprehensive progress monitoring assessment administered in accordance with the scheduling requirements under s. 1008.22(7)(c).

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Section 20. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1008.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.31 Florida's Early Learning-20 education performance accountability system; legislative intent; mission, goals, and systemwide measures; data quality improvements.—

- (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—It is the intent of the Legislature that:
- (c) The Early Learning-20 education performance accountability system comply with the requirements of the "Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015", Pub. L. No. 114-95, "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001," Pub. L. No. 107-110, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

Section 21. Section 1008.332, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Every Student Succeeds No Child Left Behind Act.—The Department of Education shall establish a committee of practitioners pursuant to federal requirements of the Every Student Succeeds No Child Left Behind Act of 2015 2001. The committee members shall be appointed by the Commissioner of Education and shall annually report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1. The committee shall meet regularly and is authorized to review potential rules and policies that will be considered by the State Board of Education.

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Section 22. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsection (5) of section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.34 School grading system; school report cards;
district grade.—

- (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.-
- (c)1. The calculation of a school grade shall be based on the percentage of points earned from the components listed in subparagraph (b)1. and, if applicable, subparagraph (b)2. The State Board of Education shall adopt in rule a school grading scale that sets the percentage of points needed to earn each of the school grades listed in subsection (2). There shall be at least five percentage points separating the percentage thresholds needed to earn each of the school grades. The state board shall annually review the percentage of school grades of "A" and "B" for the school year to determine whether to adjust the school grading scale upward for the following school year's school grades. The first adjustment would occur no earlier than the 2023-2024 school year. An adjustment must be made if the percentage of schools earning a grade of "A" or "B" in the current year represents 75 percent or more of all graded schools within a particular school type, which consists of elementary, middle, high, and combination. The adjustment must reset the minimum required percentage of points for each grade of "A," "B," "C," or "D" at the next highest percentage ending in the numeral 5 or 0, whichever is closest to the current percentage.

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Annual reviews of the percentage of schools earning a grade of "A" or "B" and adjustments to the required points must be suspended when the following grading scale for a specific school type is achieved:

- a. Ninety percent or more of the points for a grade of "A."
- b. Eighty to eighty-nine percent of the points for a grade of "B."
- c. Seventy to seventy-nine percent of the points for a grade of "C."
- d. Sixty to sixty-nine percent of the points for a grade of "D."

When the state board adjusts the grading scale upward, the state board must inform the public of the degree of the adjustment and its anticipated impact on school grades. Any changes made by the state board to components in the school grades model or to the school grading scale shall go into effect in the following school year, at the earliest.

- 2. The calculation of school grades may not include any provision that would raise or lower the school's grade beyond the percentage of points earned. Extra weight may not be added in the calculation of any components.
- (5) DISTRICT GRADE.—Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, a school district's grade shall include a district-level

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calculation of the components under paragraph (3)(b). This calculation methodology captures each eligible student in the district who may have transferred among schools within the district or is enrolled in a school that does not receive a grade. The department shall develop a district report card that includes the district grade; the information required under s. 1008.345(3) s. 1008.345(5); measures of the district's progress in closing the achievement gap between higher-performing student subgroups and lower-performing student subgroups; measures of the district's progress in demonstrating Learning Gains of its highest-performing students; measures of the district's success in improving student attendance; the district's grade-level promotion of students scoring achievement levels 1 and 2 on statewide, standardized English Language Arts and Mathematics assessments; and measures of the district's performance in preparing students for the transition from elementary to middle school, middle to high school, and high school to postsecondary institutions and careers.

Section 23. Subsections (5) through (7) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (5), respectively, and present subsections (3), (4), and (5) and paragraph (d) of present subsection (6) of that section are amended to read:

1008.345 Implementation of state system of school improvement and education accountability.—

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- (4) The commissioner shall review each district school board's feedback report and submit findings to the State Board of Education. If adequate progress is not being made toward implementing and maintaining a system of school improvement and education accountability, the State Board of Education shall direct the commissioner to prepare and implement a corrective action plan. The commissioner and State Board of Education shall monitor the development and implementation of the corrective action plan.
- (3)(5) The commissioner shall annually report to the State Board of Education and the Legislature and recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school improvement and education accountability. The report must shall include:
 - (a) for each school district:
- <u>(a)</u> 1. The percentage of students, by school and grade level, demonstrating learning growth in English Language Arts and mathematics.
- $\underline{\text{(b)}2}$. The percentage of students, by school and grade level, in both the highest and lowest quartiles demonstrating learning growth in English Language Arts and mathematics.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}_{3}}$. The information contained in the school district's annual report required pursuant to s. 1008.25(10).
 - (b) Intervention and support strategies used by school

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districts whose students in both the highest and lowest quartiles exceed the statewide average learning growth for students in those quartiles.

- (c) Intervention and support strategies used by school districts whose schools provide educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs that demonstrate learning growth in English Language Arts and mathematics that exceeds the statewide average learning growth for students in those subjects.
- (d) Based upon a review of each school district's reading instruction plan submitted pursuant to s. 1003.4201, intervention and support strategies used by school districts that were effective in improving the reading performance of students, as indicated by student performance data, who are identified as having a substantial reading deficiency pursuant to s. 1008.25(5)(a).

School reports $\underline{\text{must}}$ shall be distributed pursuant to this subsection and s. 1001.42(18)(c) and according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

(4) + (6)

(d) The commissioner shall assign a community assessment team to each school district or governing board with a school that earned a grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 to review the school performance data and determine causes for the

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low performance, including the role of school, area, and district administrative personnel. The community assessment team shall review a high school's graduation rate calculated without high school equivalency diploma recipients for the past 3 years, disaggregated by student ethnicity. The team shall make recommendations to the school board or the governing board and to the State Board of Education based on the interventions and support strategies identified pursuant to subsection (5) to address the causes of the school's low performance and to incorporate the strategies into the school improvement plan. The assessment team shall include, but not be limited to, a department representative, parents, business representatives, educators, representatives of local governments, and community activists, and shall represent the demographics of the community from which they are appointed.

Section 24. Subsection (3) of section 1008.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.45 Florida College System institution accountability process.—

(3) The State Board of Education shall address within the annual evaluation of the performance of the executive director, and the Florida College System institution boards of trustees shall address within the annual evaluation of the presidents, the achievement of the performance goals established by the accountability process.

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Section 25. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 1000.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1000.05 Discrimination against students and employees in the Florida K-20 public education system prohibited; equality of access required.—

(2)

(d) Students may be separated by sex for a single-gender program as provided under s. 1002.311, for any portion of a class that deals with human reproduction, or during participation in bodily contact sports. For the purpose of this section, bodily contact sports include wrestling, boxing, rugby, ice hockey, football, basketball, and other sports in which the purpose or major activity involves bodily contact.

Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1002.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.31 Controlled open enrollment; public school parental choice.—

(2)

(b) Each school district and charter school capacity determinations for its schools, by grade level, must be updated every 12 weeks and be identified on the school district and charter school's websites. In determining the capacity of each district school, the district school board shall incorporate the specifications, plans, elements, and commitments contained in the school district educational facilities plan and the long-

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term work programs required under s. 1013.35. Each charter school governing board shall determine capacity based upon its charter school contract. Each virtual charter school and each school district with a contract with an approved virtual instruction program provider shall determine capacity based upon the enrollment requirements established under $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)(e)4.}$

Section 27. Subsection (3) of section 1002.321, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.321 Digital learning.-

- (3) CUSTOMIZED AND ACCELERATED LEARNING.—A school district must establish multiple opportunities for student participation in part-time and full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction. Options include, but are not limited to:
- (a) School district operated part-time or full-time virtual instruction programs under $\underline{s.\ 1002.45}\ \underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)(b)}$ for kindergarten through grade 12 students enrolled in the school district. A full-time program shall operate under its own Master School Identification Number.
- (b) Florida Virtual School instructional services authorized under s. 1002.37.
- (c) Blended learning instruction provided by charter schools authorized under s. 1002.33.
- 1099 (d) Virtual charter school instruction authorized under s. 1100 1002.33.

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- (e) Courses delivered in the traditional school setting by personnel providing direct instruction through virtual instruction or through blended learning courses consisting of both traditional classroom and online instructional techniques pursuant to s. 1003.498.
- (f) Virtual courses offered in the course code directory to students within the school district or to students in other school districts throughout the state pursuant to s. 1003.498.
- Section 28. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

(1) AUTHORIZATION.—All charter schools in Florida are public schools and shall be part of the state's program of public education. A charter school may be formed by creating a new school or converting an existing public school to charter status. A charter school may operate a virtual charter school pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(c) s. 1002.45(1)(d) to provide online instruction to students, pursuant to s. 1002.455, in kindergarten through grade 12. The school district in which the student enrolls in the virtual charter school shall report the student for funding pursuant to s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(VI), and the home school district shall not report the student for funding. An existing charter school that is seeking to become a virtual charter school must amend its charter or submit a new

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application pursuant to subsection (6) to become a virtual charter school. A virtual charter school is subject to the requirements of this section; however, a virtual charter school is exempt from subparagraph (7)(a)13., subsections (18) and (19), paragraph (20)(c), and s. 1003.03. A public school may not use the term charter in its name unless it has been approved under this section.

- (6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.—Charter school applications are subject to the following requirements:
- (a) A person or entity seeking to open a charter school shall prepare and submit an application on the standard application form prepared by the Department of Education which:
- 1. Demonstrates how the school will use the guiding principles and meet the statutorily defined purpose of a charter school.
- 2. Provides a detailed curriculum plan that illustrates how students will be provided services to attain the state academic standards.
- 3. Contains goals and objectives for improving student learning and measuring that improvement. These goals and objectives must indicate how much academic improvement students are expected to show each year, how success will be evaluated, and the specific results to be attained through instruction.
- 4. Describes the reading curriculum and differentiated strategies that will be used for students reading at grade level

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or higher and a separate curriculum and strategies for students who are reading below grade level. Reading instructional strategies for foundational skills shall include phonics instruction for decoding and encoding as the primary instructional strategy for word reading. Instructional strategies may not employ the three-cueing system model of reading or visual memory as a basis for teaching word reading. Such strategies may include visual information and strategies that improve background and experiential knowledge, add context, and increase oral language and vocabulary to support comprehension, but may not be used to teach word reading. A sponsor shall deny an application if the school does not propose a reading curriculum that is consistent with effective teaching strategies that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.

- 5. Contains an annual financial plan for each year requested by the charter for operation of the school for up to 5 years. This plan must contain anticipated fund balances based on revenue projections, a spending plan based on projected revenues and expenses, and a description of controls that will safeguard finances and projected enrollment trends.
- 6. Discloses the name of each applicant, governing board member, and all proposed education services providers; the name and sponsor of any charter school operated by each applicant, each governing board member, and each proposed education

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services provider that has closed and the reasons for the closure; and the academic and financial history of such charter schools, which the sponsor shall consider in deciding whether to approve or deny the application.

- 7. Contains additional information a sponsor may require, which shall be attached as an addendum to the charter school application described in this paragraph.
- 8. For the establishment of a virtual charter school, documents that the applicant has contracted with a provider of virtual instruction services pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)(c)}$ $\underline{s.}$ $\underline{1002.45(1)(d)}$.
- 9. Describes the mathematics curriculum and differentiated strategies that will be used for students performing at grade level or higher and a separate mathematics curriculum and strategies for students who are performing below grade level.
 - (10) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.-
- (a)1. A charter school may be exempt from the requirements of s. 1002.31 if the school is open to any student covered in an interdistrict agreement and any student residing in the school district in which the charter school is located.
- 2. A virtual charter school when enrolling students shall comply with the applicable requirements of s. 1002.31 and with the enrollment requirements established under $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)(e)4.}$
 - 3. A charter lab school shall be open to any student

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eligible to attend the lab school as provided in s. 1002.32 or who resides in the school district in which the charter lab school is located.

- 4. Any eligible student shall be allowed interdistrict transfer to attend a charter school when based on good cause. Good cause shall include, but is not limited to, geographic proximity to a charter school in a neighboring school district.
- Section 29. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 1209 1002.455, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 1002.455 Student eligibility for K-12 virtual instruction.—All students, including home education and private school students, are eligible to participate in any of the following virtual instruction options:
 - (1) School district operated part-time or full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)\ (b)\ 4.}\ s.\ 1002.45(1)\ (c)\ 4.}$ to students within the school district.
 - (2) Part-time or full-time virtual charter school instruction authorized pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)\ (b)\ 5.}\ s.$ $\underline{1002.45(1)\ (c)\ 5.}\ to$ students within the school district or to students in other school districts throughout the state pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1002.31}$; however, the school district enrolling the full-time equivalent virtual student shall comply with the enrollment requirements established under $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)\ (d)\ 4.\ s.}\ 1002.45(1)\ (e)\ 4.$

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(5) Virtual instruction provided by a school district through a contract with an approved virtual instruction program provider pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)(b)2.}\ s.\ 1002.45(1)(c)2.$ to students within the school district or to students in other school districts throughout the state pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1002.31;}$ however the school district enrolling the full-time equivalent virtual student shall comply with the enrollment requirements established under $\underline{s.\ 1002.45(1)(d)4.}\ s.\ 1002.45(1)(e)4.$

Section 30. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-

(3) STATEWIDE, STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.—The Commissioner of Education shall design and implement a statewide, standardized assessment program aligned to the core curricular content established in the state academic standards. The commissioner also must develop or select and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice education programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content established in the state academic standards. Participation in the assessment program is mandatory for all school districts and all students attending public schools, including adult students seeking a standard high school diploma under s. 1003.4282 and students in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs, except as

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otherwise provided by law. If a student does not participate in the assessment program, the school district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. The statewide, standardized assessment program shall be designed and implemented as follows:

- (a) Statewide, standardized comprehensive assessments. -
- 1. The statewide, standardized English Language Arts (ELA) assessments shall be administered to students in grades 3 through 10. Retake opportunities for the grade 10 ELA assessment must be provided. Reading passages and writing prompts for ELA assessments shall incorporate grade-level core curricula content from social studies. The statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 8. The statewide, standardized Science assessment shall be administered annually at least once at the elementary and middle grades levels. In order to earn a standard high school diploma, a student who has not earned a passing score on the grade 10 ELA assessment must earn a passing score on the assessment retake or earn a concordant score as authorized under subsection (9).
- 2. Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, the end-of-year comprehensive progress monitoring assessment administered pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1008.25(9)(b)3.}\ \underline{s.\ 1008.25(9)(b)2.}$ is the statewide, standardized ELA assessment for students in grades 3 through 10 and the statewide, standardized Mathematics

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assessment for students in grades 3 through 8.

- (7) ASSESSMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTING OF RESULTS. -
- A school district may not schedule more than 5 percent of a student's total school hours in a school year to administer statewide, standardized assessments; the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system under s. 1008.25(9)(b)3. s. 1008.25(9)(b)2.; and district-required local assessments. The district must secure written consent from a student's parent before administering district-required local assessments that, after applicable statewide, standardized assessments and coordinated screening and progress monitoring are scheduled, exceed the 5 percent test administration limit for that student under this paragraph. The 5 percent test administration limit for a student under this paragraph may be exceeded as needed to provide test accommodations that are required by an IEP or are appropriate for an English language learner who is currently receiving services in a program operated in accordance with an approved English language learner district plan pursuant to s. 1003.56. Notwithstanding this paragraph, a student may choose within a school year to take an examination or assessment adopted by State Board of Education rule pursuant to this section and ss. 1007.27, 1008.30, and 1008.44. Section 31. Subsection (4) of section 1008.37, Florida

Section 31. Subsection (4) of section 1008.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.37 Postsecondary feedback of information to high

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1301 schools.

(4) As a part of the school improvement plan pursuant to s. 1008.345, the State Board of Education shall ensure that each school district and high school develops strategies to improve student readiness for the public postsecondary level based on annual analysis of the feedback report data.

Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1013.841, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.841 End of year balance of Florida College System institution funds.—

- (4) A Florida College System institution identified in paragraph (3)(b) must include in its carry forward spending plan the estimated cost per planned expenditure and a timeline for completion of the expenditure. Authorized expenditures in a carry forward spending plan may include:
- (a) Commitment of funds to a public education capital outlay project for which an appropriation was previously provided, which requires additional funds for completion, and which is included in the list required by $\underline{s. 1001.03(18)(d)}$ $\underline{s. 1001.03(19)(d)}$;

Section 33. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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